

JAPS IN RETREAT.

Two Battles Gained by the Chinese.

GENERAL YEH THE VICTOR.

Men of the Mikado Could Not Stand Before Him.

RUSSIA HAS SHOWN HER HAND.

Pressure in the Pamirs, to Which China Would Not Yield a Single Inch.

SHANGHAI, Aug. 29.—The native press has received confirmation of the reported battle between the Chinese and Japanese troops August 13. According to these reports 5,000 Chinese troops of all arms attacked the Japanese forces detailed to guard the Ping Nam passes in Northwest Korea and eventually succeeded in driving the Japanese from their positions. It is added that a large number of Koreans flocked to the Chinese standard begging for arms and asking permission to form the advance guard of the Chinese forces moving against the Japanese.

On August 14, still according to reports received by the native press, the Chinese were reinforced by 40,000 troops from Yi Chow, and the day following they attacked the Japanese lines at Chung Ho and the Japanese retreated.

August 16, the Chinese army was, the report says, further re-enforced by 13,000 troops, and on August 17 attacked the



KOREAN TROOPS ON THE MARCH.

Japanese, who are said to have lost 4,000 men and heavy baggage. The Chinese on August 18, advanced to Huang-Chow, and passing to near the Taupz River, thirteen Japanese warships opened fire upon them, inflicting the loss of several hundred men. At ebb-tide, on the same day, three Japanese warships found themselves grounded and were afterward severely damaged by the fire of Chinese artillery handled from ambush. The bulk of the Japanese forces, it is further asserted, retreated southward, pursued by the Chinese cavalry until night stopped the latter's advance.

General Yeh, the Chinese commander, made a detour and attacked the Japanese in the rear, completely routing them and capturing Huang-Chow.

The general news received here does not confirm these reports of the native press.

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BEAT THE DUTCH.

Routed by the Rajah of Lombok.

LED THEM INTO A TRAP.

Where They Were Attacked in Front and Rear.

SAVAGES WHO COULD FIGHT.

Drove Back the Hollanders to the Capital of the Island With Heavy Loss.

THE HAGUE, Aug. 29.—The Official Journal to-day publishes a dispatch showing that the disaster to the Dutch forces operating against the Rajah of the island of Lombok, near Java, were much more serious than at first supposed. The dispatch says that General Vetter, the commander of the expedition, was surprised at 11 o'clock at night near the Tjakara Negara. The firing was continuous until morning, and the Dutch in this engagement lost fourteen killed and fifty-five wounded. As the water supply of the column failed and foraging was impossible, the Dutch troops were compelled to retreat toward Mataram, the capital of the island. During the retreat the Dutch lost heavily, being continually harassed by the natives, and at one portion of the route they found that barriers had been raised. The obstructions were so stoutly defended by the native warriors that the troops were unable to force a passage, and were consequently compelled to make a long detour in order to avoid the blockaded route, and in so doing they lost more men. The Dutch succeeded in reaching Ampanan on August 27, with a total of casualties far in excess of the number first reported. The killed numbered four officers and fifty-three men; there were twelve officers and 154 men wounded, and six officers and 148 men missing.

It is assumed that all have had a profitable season.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 29.—Letters were received to-day at the Treasury Department from Assistant Secretary Hamlin and Captain Hooper of the Rush. The letters, which are dated at St. Paul Island, August 8, stated that the Assistant Secretary, who has been on a tour of inspection to the Pribiloff Islands, expected to reach Port Townsend on the 5th of September and Washington about ten days later.

Captain Hooper, in his letter, says the North American Commercial Company has already taken about 16,000 seals, and it is the expectation that 1000 additional will be taken before the season closes. This would indicate that authority has been given to the company to take the maximum (20,000) number of skins conditionally granted by the Secretary before the season opened. Hooper also says there are many poachers in Bering Sea all armed with spears, and it is assumed that they have had a profitable season, as the weather has been favorable.

Reports from the Yukon River show that a great mining boom is in progress in that region. The sum of \$150,000 in gold nuggets is now at Unalaska awaiting shipment to San Francisco. Miners in large numbers are going into the country from Sitka and Southern Alaska.

It appears that two other columns of Dutch troops operating upon the same island have sustained heavy losses and endured much suffering. These are the columns commanded by Colonels Van Pabst and Byvolet.

Later advices from Lombok say the attacks upon the different columns of Dutch troops were the result of a preconcerted plan on the part of the leading native chiefs in Balinez. Colonel Van Pabst's column, after seeing the promises of the chiefs executed, was returning to the Tjakara when it was attacked while fording the river Babak by the Balinez, whose hostility was unexpected. The column only succeeded in regaining the road to Tjakara after sharp fighting and heavy loss. After a harassing retreat the Van Pabst column was approaching Tjakara without seeing any further signs of the enemy, when suddenly from the walls of the place a shower of bullets and every point of vantage, a hailstorm of bullets were poured into the column of Dutch troops. The latter was completely taken by surprise and began to falter.

To make matters worse the Balinez had no sooner opened fire upon the head of the column than its rear was also exposed to a terrible rifle fire. The exhausted soldiers, many of them badly wounded, succeeded in reaching Ampanan. The Balinez captured a quantity of arms, ammunition and provisions in these engagements, and also captured the guns and effects of General Van Pabst's force, they having been abandoned in order to save the wounded.

News of the loss sustained by the Dutch forces has caused great excitement throughout Holland, and it is believed when the losses of Van Pabst and Byvolet's columns are added to those sustained by the Vetter columns the loss in killed, wounded and missing will be over 500.

It is admitted, even in military circles, that the almost simultaneous defeat of the three columns of troops is the most severe reverse which the Dutch army has sustained at the hands of savage troops in all its wars ever fought. The people are clamoring for the latest news from Lombok, and the Government is urged to promptly dispatch the strongest reinforcements possible to the island.

The Governor-General of the Dutch Indies has summoned a council of the naval and military commanders, who are determining upon the decisive measures to be taken in order to wipe out the defeats of the Dutch troops.

Five steamers carrying troops and field guns leave Batavia for Lombok tomorrow, and every effort will be made to retrieve the disaster to the Dutch army.

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 29.—The Dutch loss in the engagement near Mataram, capital of the island of Lombok, it now appears included nine officers instead of thirty, as announced in the dispatch to the Nieuwe Courant of Rotterdam. The officers who lost their lives included General Van Ham. The number of privates and non-commissioned officers killed or missing is estimated at 175 to 200.

COMPLETELY WIPED OUT.

The Lumber Town of Vesper Will Not Be Rebuilt.

MARSHFIELD, Wis., Aug. 29.—The Port Edwards train arrived here to-day bringing additional news of the burning of Vesper. The town is practically wiped out, entailing a loss of about \$150,000, as follows: About 9,000,000 feet of lumber and the large saw and planing mill belonging to the Sperry-Cameron Lumber Company, 17 dwellings, two box cars and the depot of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul road and three box cars of the Port Edwards, Centralia and Northern road.

The stock, lumber and mills of the Sperry-Cameron Company is reported fully insured. The fire has been burning in that vicinity for two weeks, but at no time did it appear threatening. The high wind drove it beyond control, and like a whirlwind it broke over the little town with a fury which rendered all attempts to save property useless. Seventeen families em-

ORDERED TO BLUEFIELDS.

Two Ships From the British North American Squadron.

MONTREAL, Aug. 29.—A Quebec special says the British warships Magdalen and Canada, of the British North American squadron, now in the river St. Lawrence, have been ordered to Bluefields, Nicaragua. They steamed out of Quebec harbor to-day.

NEW YORK, Aug. 29.—A special to the World from Colon dated August 29 says: A strange schooner has been seen off Bocas del Toro and several prominent Nicaraguan refugees have simultaneously disappeared, giving rise to the report that another movement against Zelaya will begin at Mosquito.

A special from Bluefields says the Nicaraguans have stopped the flight of refugees from the Mosquito reservation, and clearances are refused to foreign craft engaged in the coast trade with the Indians.

LOOKS MOST SERIOUS.

In Effect the President of Peru is Now a Dictator.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 29.—Official reports received at the State Department indicate quite a serious situation in Peru. It has been found necessary to suspend several articles of the constitution, including the writ of habeas corpus, and the President of the republic is practically clothed with dictatorial power. That provision which allowed all persons to meet peacefully in public as in private is suspended, also that provision which prevented sending a person from the republic. The Peruvian Government has also increased the duty on all imports from 25 to 30 per cent.

LONDON, Aug. 29.—A dispatch to the Times from Lima says: The Government has received a telegram stating that a detachment of insurgents in Southern Peru have been defeated near Mirave. It is also stated that the insurgent leader Pizarro intends to leave Chile on September 12 with arms and ammunition for the Peruvian rebels.

NEW YORK, Aug. 30.—A special from Locumbu, Peru, says: Yesterday the forces of Cospedos were beaten and dispersed at Mirave by Colonel Guerra, after several charges, which they received fleeing through the pass of Tiampama. They are being pursued.

CHEERED HIS DEATH.

Abbe Bruneau Executed for His Crimes.

He Prayed at the Last for the Pardon of God and Man.

LAVALL, France, Aug. 30.—Abbe Bruneau was executed at 5 o'clock this morning. He was formerly vicar of the Church of Entrammes and was convicted at the Mayenne Assizes Court here on July 13 last of murder, robbery and arson.

Bruneau was awake when the officers entered his cell to tell him it was time to prepare for the execution. When he was dressed the condemned man heard mass and received communion. He prayed for the pardon of God and man for any faults he might have committed, and also asked that the clergy might pardon him for breaking his vows of chastity. He then informed the attendants that he was ready. He showed great coolness until he arrived at the foot of the scaffold, when his fortitude seemed to leave him.

An enormous crowd was present, and the people cheered when the criminal's head fell into the basket.

Bruneau left a two-page letter in which he protested his innocence of the crimes with which he was charged. The order for the execution was not received until last evening, and when it became known to the people it caused general rejoicing. A crowd began to gather at the scene of the execution as night fell, and 2000 persons had assembled by midnight. Maitre Dominique, the prisoner's counsel, arrived at Lavall late last evening. He left the train at the station next to Lavall, as he feared he would be attacked by the populace, who had been greatly incensed because of his efforts to obtain Bruneau's pardon. As the night advanced the mob grew noisy, and the police cleared the Place de Palais de Justice and the troops cordoned the streets in the vicinity. At 1 o'clock 3000 people were waiting in the neighborhood, and passing the time in talking and shouting. They became so disorderly that the soldiers were obliged to drive them further away. All the windows overlooking the scene of the execution were lighted and crammed with spectators, who beguiled the time in drinking and laughing. The executioner and his assistants began to erect the guillotine at 2:15 o'clock. The scene at that hour was one of riotous and brutal rejoicing, which continued until the knife had fallen, when the mob numbered 8000.

SAME OLD STORY.

The Troubles of the Vanderbilts Now Known to Everybody.

NEW YORK, Aug. 29.—The statement in a morning paper that Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt is about to bring separation proceedings has not, it is alleged, created surprise in circles where the relations of the pair have been known. That they have not lived harmoniously for the last two years has been the gossip of fashionable circles for some time.

The crisis in their affairs, according to Commercial Advertiser of to-day, was reached immediately after the running of the Grand Prix de Paris, June 17, of this year. "Mr. Vanderbilt," says this authority, "won 40,000 francs on the race, and almost immediately after receiving his winnings was introduced to a woman well known for her beauty and numerous following among the lights of swiftness. This person was Nettie Neustadter. She fascinated the millionaire and as an evidence of his appreciation of her company he paid her the 40,000 francs so openly that several friends saw the unusual occurrence and remonstrated with him. The story of how he fitted up a magnificent establishment for her in Paris, and subsequently gave her a residence at Deauville, with servants and every luxury she desired, is true. It shocked and surprised the American residents of Paris, but Mr. Vanderbilt was so open in his attention as to puzzle everybody. One of the most startling things he did was to allow the servants of Nettie Neustadter to wear the same livery that was worn by Mrs. Vanderbilt's servants. This was commented upon by those who saw her and her equipage in Paris and Deauville. The Vanderbilts have lived apart since early last spring. Mrs. Vanderbilt has spent the summer in England at an estate on the Thames near London, which had been rented for her, while Mr. Vanderbilt has spent his time in Paris. It is alleged that when, some time ago, a tentative agreement of separation was reached Mr. Vanderbilt agreed to settle upon his wife \$100,000.

"When the news of the gift of 40,000 francs to Nettie Neustadter reached Mrs. Vanderbilt she immediately communicated with her friends in America and set about to procure a divorce. Cornelius Vanderbilt went over to Paris hastily to patch up matters, and the story is that he met William K. his brother, with whom he has great influence, and, hearing his

DR. O'MALLEY'S PAST.

He Was a Victim of the Morphine and Cocaine Habits.

NEW YORK, Aug. 29.—Dr. Andrew O'Malley, who killed his child by shooting it while it was in its crib at his residence at San Antonio, Tex., yesterday, practiced his profession in the eastern district of Brooklyn for some years after he graduated in one of the colleges in this city. He had a good practice and was quite successful until he contracted the habit of using opium, morphine and cocaine. Two years ago Dr. O'Malley disappeared with his wife's sister. Mrs. O'Malley and her two little children were left destitute. Relatives and friends raised means to send Mrs. O'Malley and her children to Texas, where Mrs. O'Malley said her sister had gone with her husband to care for him, as he was ill.

TRIALS OF THE OREGON.

Excellent Reports Have Been Sent to the Navy Department.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 29.—Advices have been received at the Navy Department concerning the preliminary trial trip of the Oregon, which indicates that she will earn her builders a good premium. On four trips she made continuous runs of six hours each, and the engines were not stopped. It is expected the vessel will make sixteen knots an hour. The contract requires a speed of fifteen knots, and that the final trials will develop not only good speed, but a very easily managed ship.

TEXAS REPUBLICANS.

Likely There Will Be Fusion With the Populists.

DALLAS, Tex., Aug. 29.—The Republican convention has been unable to do anything owing to the deadlock in all the committees. Two adjournments were taken because of this. Curry's forces claim they will control the convention after permanent organization, and that H. H. Haysman will be permanent chairman and John Grant chairman of the State committee. The chances of fusion with the Populists, as against the Democratic State ticket, seem to be slightly in favor of it.

The convention nominated the following State ticket: W. K. McKee, Governor; R. B. Bonifant, Lieutenant-Governor; J. M. Hurley, Attorney-General, and C. A. Tomlinson, Controller.

IN THE TOILS.

Vanderbilt and His Millions.

CAUGHT BY A SIREN.

His Wife Leaves Him in Anger.

ENDURED A GREAT DEAL.

But Nothing She Had Was Held Sacred.

EVEN HER LIVERIES TAKEN.

To Please the Vanity of the Woman Who Had Fascinated Her Husband.

A great many men have fallen before William K. Vanderbilt came down with a moral crash, and a great many men will fall after he is gone. There is nothing so very remarkable in the going astray of one

story, secured from him a promise not to make the details of his differences with his wife public.

Cornelius Vanderbilt also saw Mrs. William K. Vanderbilt and heard her story. He made every effort to bring about a reconciliation, but failed in everything except the stopping of divorce proceedings. It was at this time that Mrs. William K. Vanderbilt began to suffer from nervous prostration. During this illness, it is understood generally, that she changed her mind about the courts, and was willing to do anything to avoid the publicity that must follow a suit for divorce.

Cornelius and Mrs. William Jay, both friends of Mr. and Mrs. William K. Vanderbilt, then went over, and they are even now trying to effect a reconciliation and save the publicity of a scandal, but are not meeting with exceptional success. I have found that Mrs. Vanderbilt has made propositions to her husband to provide her and her children with an income and the use of their town house at Fifth avenue and Fifty-second street and the Islip house. The marble mansion at Newport is hers and in her name; that William K. Vanderbilt gave her outright.

It is the general impression on this side of the water that Mrs. Vanderbilt will not seek a divorce, and I have heard Cornelius Vanderbilt has a promise from William K. that he will not attempt proceedings of that nature in his own behalf.

Nettie Neustadter is one of the most notorious women of the upper class of her kind in Paris. She is acknowledged to be one of the handsomest women in Paris, and has been for some time one of the gayest of the gay set. Who introduced her to Mr. Vanderbilt I do not know exactly. I have heard, but that does not matter.

"There has for several years been more

known in this city.

Nettie Neustadter is a California Girl of Dubious Memory.

Nettie Neustadter, or, to spell her name correctly, Nettie Neustadter, who is now figuring as the woman who has won the heart of W. K. Vanderbilt and thereby stirred all society from dregs to surface, is well known here.

She is a native of Eureka, Nev., was educated at Mills Seminary, Alameda County, resided for a number of years in this city, and has frequently figured in escapades that have won her notoriety both in the Old and New worlds.

The most part of her career apart from that in which she is now figuring is that pertaining to her residence in San Francisco, and the rapid set who have on many a glad occasion made merry in her company are now marveling at the wondrous good fortune that has overtaken her.

For, according to the dispatches from the East, Nettie is in the swim as fully as any one can be. She has won the affections of a man whose wealth is estimated at about \$130,000,000, and he is not only lavishing his money on her, but is infatuated enough to wreck his home, blast the family name and make himself the talking-stock of all the world.

The dispatches so far received on the subject say that Vanderbilt met Nettie at the race for the Grand Prix de Paris, and

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was evidently smitten from the start, for on the same day he made her a present of the 40,000 francs he won on the race. After this he set up a magnificent establishment for her in Paris and likewise gave her a country residence, equipping her servants in the livery of his own household.

That Nettie will be able to grace such a career all who know her will concede, and a little sketch of her record will be convincing that she is what is vulgarly known as a "thoroughbred."

She was born 29 or 30 years ago at

nettie neustadter

(From a photograph.)

nettie neustadter

(From a photograph.)