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The Morning Call

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VOLUME LXXVI.—NO. 168. SAN FRANCISCO, THURSDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 15, 1894. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

SHOT LIKE A DOG.

Tragedy Growing Out of Money Trouble.

POLITICS IS IN IT ALSO.

Greatly Shocks the City of Nashville.

KILLED BY HIS OWN CLERK.

A Judge Who Would Not Settle an Old Claim Standing Against Him.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Nov. 14.—Of all the many tragedies Nashville has experienced, the most appalling was perpetrated today. Chancellor Court Clerk George K. Whitworth shot and instantly killed Chancellor Andrew S. Allison in the upper hallway of the courthouse in this city at about 12:45 P. M. He fired both barrels of a shotgun loaded with buckshot, and about twenty-two of the shot took effect in the breast and side of the Chancellor, who fell near the stairway, gasped once or twice and died.

Only one man, Joseph H. Acklen, saw the tragedy. The chancellor had just adjourned his court and left the room, entered the hall and was about to descend the stairs. Whitworth, who was there, said, "Oh, Judge, and as he turned fired at him. Acklen rushed toward the chancellor, and as he did so heard two shots from behind. Turning he saw that Whitworth had shot himself with a pistol.

After the first firing Deputy Clerk West ran from his room into the hall and saw Whitworth shoot himself the first time. He called to him, and Whitworth told him to stand off and backed away from him, preparing to shoot himself again. West grappled with him, but too late, and the second shot was fired, both taking effect in the left side.

Whitworth was perfectly cool during and after the affair and expressed no regret, but desired to see Samuel J. Keith, a banker, representing Whitworth and T. M. Steiger, a leading lawyer, acting for Allison. For some days they have been trying to bring about a satisfactory settlement, and today Whitworth was informed that they could accomplish nothing.

The shooting followed. Last Sunday it was announced that Whitworth would not succeed himself, and it was feared trouble would result immediately by some, but as the days passed and nothing happened, the entire city was dumfounded when the news spread abroad that the chancellor had been killed by his clerk.

Chancellor Allison was about 52 years of age and had just begun his second term of eight years, having been re-elected in August last. George K. Whitworth was about 42 years of age and was an active Democratic politician.

NOT IN POLITICS.

Archbishop Corrigan Refutes a Senseless Canard.

NEW YORK, Nov. 14.—Archbishop Corrigan to-day dictated the following message in regard to the charges made by Mr. Vrooman, published in a Baltimore morning paper: "I beg to say the statements of Walter Vrooman as far as they relate to me, are unmitigated falsehoods. First—I knew absolutely nothing of the advice given to voters by the junior clergy of the diocese of the Sacred Heart in this city until I read it in the newspapers. Next, by word, letter nor in any other way directly or indirectly do I 'exhort' much less 'force' priests of this or of any other diocese to offer any advice to their parishioners regarding the election.

SOUTHERN FOREST FIRES.

A Number of Negroes Have Been Burned to Death.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Nov. 14.—The forest fires which are now raging in Arkansas and in parts of Shelby county caused the burning of three negro shanties near Millington, Tenn., last week, and probably the death of a negro, named Fanny Woods. It is thought she will die.

ROSEBURY ON THE LORDS.

It is Believed That He Will Appeal to the Country.

LONDON, Nov. 15.—Speaking at Glasgow last night Lord Rosebery stated that the Liberal programme would include Scotch and Welsh disestablishment. He declared that he did not despair of solving the problem which America, France, Austria and Hungary had solved. This reference to the House of Lords is variously interpreted. The Times, in a leader, says it thinks it

NICARAGUA CANAL.

Members of Congress Pledged to Aid the Enterprise.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 14.—The Manufacturers' Record of this week will publish special letters from a large number of United States Senators and Congressmen, giving their views on whether the Government should give financial aid to secure the early construction of the Nicaragua canal. The letters are probably equally divided between the Democrats and Republicans. Senator Sherman of Ohio writes that he is thoroughly committed to the construction of the Nicaragua canal, and emphasizes the report made to the Senate in favor of Government aid.

BALKED THE BANDITS.

Bill Cook's Men Found the Express-Car Guarded.

KANSAS CITY, Nov. 14.—The Missouri, Kansas and Texas train No. 12, held up at Muskogee, Ind. T. last night, has arrived here. The two Wagner cars look as if they had been through a battle. The bandits initiated the passengers by firing through the windows. The robbers secured over \$500 and about forty watches and other articles of jewelry. The Wagner conductor and train conductor were each relieved of a little over \$40 each. The express-car was being protected by four armed guards when it was stopped, and they opened fire at once, driving the bandits back. The robbers waited a few moments and withdrew to the rear of the train. The trainmen thought they were well rid of the robbers when firing began on the Wagner cars.

THE PRESIDENT HAS A FLING AT THE NEWSPEPERS.

Washington, Nov. 14.—The attention of the President was called today to the statement contained in certain newspapers to the effect that there had been a disagreement between him and Mr. Carlisle in regard to the issue of bonds and other matters and intimating that such disagreements might result in the Secretary's resignation from the cabinet. The President emphatically denied the entire batch of statements and said:

"Never since our association together have there been the slightest unpleasantness or differences concerning the affairs of the Treasury Department or any other matter. I have every reason to believe a attachment to me as simple and great as mine is for him. He should be much afflicted if anything should cause him to entertain the thought of giving up his position, where he is doing so much for his country. We have agreed exactly as to the issue of bonds, and there has been no backwardness on his part on that subject. I see it is said I am formulating a financial scheme. If such a scheme is presented it will be the work of the Secretary of the Treasury, and I shall endorse and support it. The trouble seems to be that those charged with the executive duties of the Government do not appear willing at all times to take counsel of newspapers, and make public all they intend to do."

HAMLIN WILL ACT.

Merely a Scheme to Relieve Secretary Carlisle.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 14.—There is nothing sensational in the statement that Assistant Secretary Hamlin has been designated by the President to act for the Treasury in the absence of Secretary Carlisle from the department. The designation of Mr. Hamlin to act as Secretary is in continuation of a custom which has prevailed in the Treasury Department ever since Mr. Carlisle has been Secretary. Each of the three assistants serve in their capacity for half a year in rotation, and as the acting Secretary they sign all papers of a routine character, thus relieving the Secretary from his onerous duty. This official designation is quite necessary under the law, which requires certain specified papers shall be signed by the Secretary or an acting Secretary. The Secretary does not contemplate leaving Washington, but much of his time for the next two weeks will be devoted to the preparation of his annual report.

ACCIDENTAL EXPLOSION.

Two Men Receive Serious Injuries in a Quarry.

MARSHFIELD, Or., Nov. 14.—James C. West and Terry Dolan were badly burned today by the explosion of thirty-seven kegs of black powder at the Government rock quarry. They were preparing to shoot 300 kegs of powder when the thirty-seven were accidentally ignited. Dolan was brought to town this evening, and is now in the Receiving Hospital. West's injuries are slight, but Dolan is in a precarious condition. This is the third

GOLD FOR BONDS.

Bankers Ready to Put Up Freely.

EVEN EUROPE IS ANXIOUS.

So Good is the Credit of Uncle Sam.

PROTECTING THE GOVERNMENT.

Secretary Carlisle's Circular Will Probably Insure the Unlocking of Many Secret Hoards.

NEW YORK, Nov. 14.—It is believed that the largest subscribers to the new Government loan will be Drexel, Morgan & Co., the United States Trust Company, J. and W. Seligman, Brown Bros., Knabe, Loeb & Co., the Union Trust Company and Speyer & Co., some of whom will act as agents of English and German financial institutions. John A. Stewart, president of the United States Trust Company, said today: "The circular asking for bids issued by Secretary Carlisle protects the Government. The Government will not have to pay one cent more than 3 per cent for the money. In my opinion no subscription will be received the maker of which cannot pay for the bonds in gold not previously withdrawn from the treasury."

WANTS MORE MONEY.

Cleveland to Try and Reform the Currency.

Still There is No Hint That He Will Recommend the Use of Silver.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 14.—It is reported that Cleveland's forthcoming message will deal almost altogether if not exclusively with the money question. During his first term the President privately expressed himself in favor of a proposition to repeal the act of State Banks and revive the State Bank currency. He now has a scheme for an inflation of the currency through the National Banks, confining the right of issue to banks under Federal supervision. The general opinion is supposed that he will favor a National Bank currency based on other accepted securities besides Government bonds. The President is said to be convinced that the existing currency system is in need of some radical change. The Secretary of the Treasury has been informed that the present currency of \$500,000,000 is to be demonetized October 25, 1894. The demonetized gold will be redeemed at the rate of 90 cents of the new currency for each dollar of the demonetized currency. Gold dollars will hereafter be the standard coin of the country. Hitherto the currency has been the dollar of the United States and South America. The effect of this action, therefore, is the demonetization of silver.

LEXOW STANDS FIRM.

Will Not Make Any Compromise With Tammany.

NEW YORK, Nov. 14.—Senator Lexow denied today that an agreement had been made between Tammany office-holders and T. C. Platt that if the holders would agree to resign January 1 all further investigation would be discontinued. It is said he will favor many of the suggestions made by the bankers' national convention at Baltimore in September.

FOUGHT A DRAW.

Two Bruisers Pounded Each Other Without Results.

LOS ANGELES, Nov. 14.—A very spirited glove contest took place at the Los Angeles Athletic Club to-night between Billy Gallagher of San Francisco and Joe Cotton, colored. It was announced that the contest would be a fifteen-round "go" for points, but the referee was unable to decide upon the merits of the men in that number of rounds; additional rounds were ordered to the number of thirty-five without a decision in either man's favor, the contest being declared a draw. Gallagher had much the best of the fight until the twenty-fifth round, when he broke a right hand, making him unfit for active fighting thereafter.

ARKANSAS AMENITIES.

The Parties to the Feud Are All Respectable Farmers.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 14.—A special to the Republic from Van Buren, Ark., says: One of the most bloody battles fought here since the war occurred this morning between the La Rues and Johns, and as a result John Jones is dead and Ben La Rue has Winchester ball through his head and cannot recover. The Johns are armed to the teeth and are pursuing the La Rues, who are trying to get here to surrender. Deputy Sheriff Boyd, who arrested Bob La Rue, was bushwhacked while trying to bring him in, and has to retreat and broke his right hand after a hard day's circuitous route. It is said all farmers in good circumstances, and the killing was the result of an old feud.

GOOD AND EVIL.

Mixed Power of Sunday Newspapers.

DIVINES DO NOT AGREE.

Questions of the Expediency of Such Publications.

DANA THINKS ALL ARE BAD.

While Robert Holland Says the Sunday Newspaper is the Best of Newspapers.

BOSTON, Nov. 14.—"The Sunday Newspapers" was the topic which engaged the attention of a large attendance at the session of the Episcopal Church congress at Music Hall this evening. Bishop Lawrence presided. The first speaker introduced was Rev. Robert A. Holland, D.D., of St. Louis. He said in substance that Sunday newspapers were as diverse as their number and no word that characterized one would exactly describe another. In a masterly manner he showed how the newspaper of the present day was a searchlight thrown into every hiding-place. "His condemnation turns crowns to death caps. Many a rich scamp fears it who does not fear the civil laws. He knows not the day nor the hour when upon some lison, some orgie, some swindling, the newspaper will come as a 'thief in the night' and strip off his false reputation and wring him in shame that will burn the very flesh from his bones. Virtue does feats, and whenever its deeds are fealty the newspaper notes them as worthy of the world's eye.

GOOD CHOCTAW BEER.

At the Root of Trouble in the Indian Country.

Worse Even Than That, However, Is the Land Greed of White Squawmen.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 14.—The annual report of Indian Agent Wisdom, at Muskogee, T. T., throws a most interesting and valuable light upon the condition of the Territory which have resulted in troubles of considerable moment in the Indian country, such as the reign of terror caused by bands of robbers and marauders, and the enslavement of the Choctaw Indians. He points out in the first place the necessity of the enlargement of the courts in the Indian Territory, saying: "Since the act of March 1, 1889, establishing a Federal court in the Indian Territory, there has been no special legislation by Congress extending its jurisdiction or increasing the number of judges."

IRISHMEN FREE.

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DUBLIN, Nov. 14.—At a meeting of the Central Branch of the National Federation this afternoon Justin McCarthy said it was not true that the Irish Parliamentary party had ever pledged itself to any English government. They were free as air to declare their own terms and to break from any government refusing to recognize the full claims of the Irish people, whoever went out or came into office. They would put in the present government again after dissolution if it did what the Irish wanted. Although it was scarcely possible that the Tory government would be returned, yet, if it were, the Irish members would refuse to do a minute if it did not listen to the Irish demands. They were the balance of power on either side.

SHOEMAKER AND BROWN DOING WELL ON THEIR RECORD ATTEMPT.

RIVERSIDE, Nov. 14.—Carson Shoemaker and W. E. Scott started at 3:30 P. M. today in an attempt to beat the world's twenty-

LOST IN THE LAKE.

The Schooner John Shaw Will Give Union Men No More Trouble.

CHICAGO, Nov. 14.—The schooner John Shaw, Captain Gustafson, bound from Buffalo to Chicago with coal, was abandoned off Au Sable, Lake Huron, last evening. Owing to the gale the crew was saved with great difficulty. The schooner was well known owing to the fight of the seaman's union against her, and she was exempt when heavily armed, her non-union crew having been frequently assaulted by union sailors.

EUROPE MADE HIM A CATSPAW.

It Would Seem That President Cleveland's Secretary Could Do No Worse Than This.

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