

## FIGHT WITH INSURGENTS

### A Fierce Battle in the Vicinity of Taguig.

## THE REBELS SEVERELY PUNISHED

### In the Darkness Two Americans Are Killed and Twenty Wounded—Lieutenant Frank Jones Among Fallen—Property of Insurgents Valued at \$500,000 Is Destroyed and Over Two Hundred Natives Killed.

MANILA, March 20.—Some of the rebels recently expelled from Cavite and small towns in the vicinity of Pasig combined forces and last night—as already cabled—attacked a company of the Washington volunteers, a detached post at Taguig, about a mile and a half southeast of Pasig. General Wheaton immediately reinforced the Americans with two companies each of the Washington and Oregon regiments. The post had held the enemy in check and the fire of the reinforcing companies repulsed them, driving them across to an island formed by the estuary. They were thus in control of the Twenty-second regiment.

On discovering that they were entrapped the rebels fought desperately, aided materially by the jungle and the darkness, but they were completely routed with heavy loss after two hours' fighting.

The Americans lost two killed and twenty wounded, among the latter being Lieutenant Frank Jones.

General Wheaton determined to punish the natives, and at daybreak today his brigade started in the following order: The Sixth artillery, holding the extreme right; the Oregon volunteers, heading the center; the Washington regiment keeping to the edge of the lake and the Twenty-second regulars occupying the right of the line which swept the whole country along the lake, in a southeasterly direction, toward General Owenshino's position.

The line thus extended over two miles of country, which was rough and covered with thick jungle, advanced eleven miles. The enemy fled, the last of them being seen about 4:30 o'clock this afternoon. At scarcely any time did the Americans get within 1,200 yards of them.

The troops are returning to Pasig tonight, exhausted by the hard work under a hot sun.

The Oregon regiment had one man killed and four wounded and the Twenty-second regulars one wounded.

According to the official reports no fewer than 200 Filipinos were killed.

General Otis says the American army and garrisons now command the lake. He estimates that property of the insurgents valued at \$500,000 has been destroyed, while quantities of rice and sugar and 400 tons of coal, which is very valuable here, have been captured.

Many prisoners represent that the Filipino soldiers are weakening. The generous treatment that the Americans administer to the native prisoners and wounded seems to influence the insurgent army powerfully.

In the opinion of the Americans, however, the Filipino leaders will continue to provoke fighting just as long as they can retain their hold upon their followers, because they have everything to gain and nothing to lose.

The enemy have twice as many men on their firing lines as they have arms, and the fact that so few arms are captured by the Americans is because the guns of the wounded Filipinos are split up among them.

The armed forces of Sangana de Bay and Oeste have returned to San Pedro Macati and reported the result of their tour of the lake. On Friday morning last they shelled the town of Moring, the rebels fleeing without making any response to the fire. The Americans landed a party, which destroyed a quantity of stores and all the stone buildings except the church.

The expedition then proceeded to Majajay, where a sugar mill and saw mill were destroyed.

On arriving at Santa Cruz, a town of 1,200 inhabitants, it was learned that the enemy was strongly entrenched and prepared to defend the position, assisted by two gunboats and several launches. Moreover, the mouth of the river was blocked with rocks and bamboo.

A few shells caused an exodus of the citizens, but not of the enemy's troops. The Americans did not attempt a landing.

Captain Grant, who is in charge of the expedition, asks for reinforcements and will probably take Santa Cruz tomorrow.

### Many Are Unidentified.

WASHINGTON, March 20.—The quartermaster's department has received a report from Santiago saying that out of more than 300 disintegrated remains of soldiers to be brought to this country 26 per cent are unknown dead.

It is expected the percentage of unknown will be much less than this when the list is complete.

### Will Not Appoint a Senator.

SALT LAKE CITY, March 20.—Governor Wells has decided for the present, at least, not to appoint a United States senator to succeed Senator Cannon, whose successor failed of election in the joint assembly which closed its session in a deadlock on March 9.

### McKinley's Quiet Sunday.

THOMASVILLE, Ga., March 20.—President McKinley attended church today at the Methodist church of Thomasville. The president's carriage drove up in front of the church just before services began and Mr. McKinley, Vice President Hobart and Mrs. Hobart, who were the only ones to attend, were shown to a pew well to the front of the body of the church. Mrs. McKinley did not attend, the weather today having turned raw and cold, making it prudent to remain indoors. Presiding Elder J. O. Branch conducted the services.

## RIOTING IN HAVANA.

### Police Attempt to Maintain Order and Are Fired Upon.

HAVANA, March 20.—A serious conflict between the police and the people of Havana last night resulted in much shooting and clubbing. From thirty to fifty people were wounded, some seriously. Among the injured is Police Captain Estampes, formerly a colonel in the Cuban army.

Ever since the police interference about a week ago with the demonstration in honor of General Gomez, the police have been unpopular with the populace, who fear at them and declare them inefficient. Certain newspapers let no opportunity escape to criticize the force, denouncing the arrests as unfair and charging the police with "trampling upon the rights of free people."

The police are virtually in the position of men who have to make the people fear them in order to secure obedience as they have no record to fall back upon for example.

Last night's trouble occurred at a public mulatto ball in San Jose street, an unsavory quarter of Havana. Many Cuban officers, colonels and captains among them, attended the affair. A policeman on duty in that street, following orders to prevent a crowd collecting in front of the building where the ball was in progress, asked a group of men to go in or disperse. His request was unheeded and after repeating it he was attacked by the group, whereupon many men issued from the building, set upon him, took away his club and revolver and handled him roughly.

The policeman immediately notified headquarters, who ordered twenty reserves to the scene of the trouble. The crowd had prepared for their arrival. It is said they opened with a revolver fire upon the police, which the latter returned, the shooting being kept up until the ammunition was exhausted. The opponents of the police acted with determination in the affray.

Many who were in the building mounted to the roof, which is comparatively low, and fired from that point. They were apparently well armed and this fact, together with the resolution with which they fought, seems to confirm the belief that the attacking party was mostly composed of Cuban officers, as ordinary civilians would have fled from the revolvers of the police.

Many women were wounded. A report is in circulation this evening that two of the injured civilians have succumbed to their wounds, but this is not confirmed. Among those seriously hurt are Policeman Donato Aroza, Enrique Munoz and Benique Vasquez and Civilians Jose Dominguez, Etoao and Gallato, Alberto Aleja and Irene Rouque.

Public opinion respecting the police is conflicting. Some sustain them and other charge them with interfering with the rights of the people. As the facts become known, however, opinion is increasing in favor of the force.

It is reported on good authority that many were wounded who withdrew hastily because unwilling to have it known they were present.

American troops were called to the scene when the trouble was over and numerous arrests followed. Police Captain Estampes, who is well known in Cuban military circles, is so badly injured that fears are entertained that he will not recover.

Police Inspector Raoul Arango, who came into notice on the day of the Gomez demonstration, because of his attempts to break up the procession, and who subsequently challenged General Alejandro Rodriguez, chief of staff of General Gomez, for having accused him of clubbing a woman, is credited with coolness and bravery in his efforts to restore order.

Numerous permits have been issued for similar balls this evening including one for an affair at the same house and it is feared that there may be further trouble. Those who ought to know say that they are really against the law and that the permits should be revoked.

Major General Ludlow, military governor of the Department of Havana, desires to be relieved of his duties, and to go to the Philippines. It is understood that he has applied to the War department for a transfer and has strenuously urged that it be made. He is weary of the details of city administration.

### Accepts the Kindly Offer.

KEARNEY, Neb., March 20.—Mrs. Greene sent to Congressman Stark the following letter written to the one she received from the Nebraska delegation offering their service:

Hon. W. L. Stark, Aurora, Neb.—Dear Sir and Friend: Your very kind favor, signed also by the other members of the Nebraska delegation in congress, is at hand. I cannot express in words how grateful I am for the interest you have shown in this, my hour of sorrow. I feel very much concerned as to the affairs of my late husband's constituents, and it seems to me that the arrangement made by the members of the delegation will insure prompt and satisfactory attention to any and all public matters that may arise, to which I shall be unable to attend. In this way the people of the Sixth district may correspond with the member of congress who has charge of that particular territory, thereby avoiding delay, which would otherwise necessarily follow. It is certainly very kind of you to offer to assume this burden, and I thank you sincerely for your kindness and for the deep sympathy extended myself and family. With highest personal esteem, I am, sincerely yours,

MRS. W. L. GREENE.

### Mr. Bryan's First Gun.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., March 20.—William J. Bryan arrive here at midnight from Knoxville in company with Governor McMillin. Mr. Bryan comes here to attend a banquet in his honor tonight by the Bryan Birthday association of this city. This association gives each year on March 19, Mr. Bryan's birthday, a dinner to which the leading democrats of the state are invited.

This event promises to be the most successful ever given, and is the first the distinguished Nebraskan has ever attended.

## The News Briefly Told.

### Saturday.

The Midland Railway company, of England, has ordered ten more locomotives from the Baldwin locomotive works at Philadelphia.

Judge William Margrave, who has been a justice of the peace in Fort Scott, Kan., for forty-five years, has been legislated out of office by the state legislature.

The body of the late Princess Bismarck will be transferred from Vauzin to Friedrichsruhe, where on April 1 it will be buried with the body of the prince in the Bismarck mausoleum.

John S. Cooke, president of the Cooke Brewing company, Chicago, and well known among liquor dealers throughout the west, died of heart failure after a short illness, aged 61 years.

P. H. Sprague of Chicago who has made his large fortune in poultry, figures that 3,850,000 chickens and 13,000,000,000 eggs, valued together at \$290,000,000, were produced in the United States during 1898.

The total amount received by the Red Cross society as the result of the endless letter chain started during last summer by Miss Natalie Schenk of Babylon, L. I., is \$20,000. She still receives an occasional letter.

John Kelly and J. Burns were arrested at Wausau, Wis., suspected of being implicated in the Amherst robbery. When searched over \$1,800 was found in their possession. Several others were rounded up after an exchange of shots and \$400 more recovered.

The will of Herbert Stewart, a wealthy New York engineer and contractor, bequeaths \$50,000 to establish the Herbert Stewart scientific fund at Yale university. Its purpose is to assist deserving young men who need aid to secure a higher scientific education.

At the meeting of the board of directors of the St. Paul Globe company George F. Gifford was chosen editor of the Globe, vice George F. Spinney, who has been in charge of the paper the last thirteen months. Mr. Spinney resigned because of a disagreement with the directors.

The Paris Eclair confirms the report that the government inquiry regarding the explosion of the naval powder magazine at La Gonran has shown that it was not of accidental origin, and much credence is now given to the rumor that it was an anarchistic outrage.

### Monday.

The navy department is informed by Admiral Dewey that the supply ship Nanshan has left Manila with supplies for the new naval station at Guam.

The position of the Spanish prisoners in the Philippine islands, it is announced, is a question which must remain in abeyance, as the ransom demanded by Aguinaldo is so enormous that the government cannot come to a decision.

A movement is on foot at Santiago to persuade the United States government to purchase San Juan hill, to be used as a public park. The idea is that a certain portion could be set apart to be used as an American cemetery and the site of a mortuary church.

The Shanghai correspondent of the London Daily Mail says: The Chinese here report that Great Britain has seized the Miao-Tao islands, opposite Port Arthur in the strait of Pochi-Li, and north of Teng-Chau-Fu in the northwest portion of the Shantung peninsula.

Promotions in the marine corps in accordance with the naval personnel law were announced at the navy department as follows: Colonel Charles Heywood, to be brigadier general and commandant; Captain Charles Lauchheimer to be assistant adjutant; Lieutenants F. J. Moses and S. S. Radford, to be captains.

The navy department has agreed to loan the fine steamship Dixie, formerly the Morgan line to the war department for use as a troop transport. The vessel is now at Philadelphia and will be immediately sent to New York to be supplied with sleeping arrangements. It is said it will carry no less than 1,200 troops. It is to ply between Cuban and Porto Rican ports and the United States. The navy will provide a complement of officers to work the ship.

### Tuesday.

The United States transport McPherson arrived from San Juan and Santarzo, having on board ex-Congressman E. K. Valentine of Nebraska.

Admiral Boepler, commander-in-chief of the Baltic fleet, the probable successor of Admiral von Knorr as commander in chief of the German navy, has been appointed inspector general of the navy.

Captain John M. Neill, Fourth cavalry, who left the Presidio, San Francisco, as a defaulter, will return and give himself up. Friends have made up his shortage and his punishment is expected to be light.

The presence of 300 soldiers repatriated from Cuba at a Te Deum, celebrated in honor of Carlists who were killed in colonial wars, exemplifies the intrigues of the Carlists to gain the support of the repatriated troops. It is found that the Carlists paid 5 pzetes to each soldier attending.

All the men appointed second lieutenants in the army yesterday will have to pass examinations before they are commissioned. They will take rank according to the examinations which they pass, the men from the regular army taking precedence over those appointed from civil life.

An order has been issued by the war department increasing the age limit of enlistment from 21 to 35. The youngest age at which a man can be enlisted is 18 years. The results so far of the enlistment of troops are very encouraging.

Arrangements are now being perfected at the treasury department to restore the patrol of the Bearing sea by four ships of the revenue cutter service, the vessels to be assigned to this duty being the Rush the Corwin, the Perry and the Grant, all of which are now on the Pacific coast. The fleet will sail north about May 1, and remain on duty until September 15.

### Wednesday.

St. Louis expects \$500,000 from street railways and \$500,000 from breweries in furtherance of the World's fair in 1903.

The process of organizing the nut and bolt factories into a trust is rapid, arrangements now approaching completion.

Several witnesses were examined by the Pennsylvania legislative committee investigating bribery charges, but no startling testimony developed yesterday.

The Chicago-Missouri river lines have decided to meet the \$25 one-way colonist rate made by the Great Northern and Northern Pacific roads from St. Paul to North Pacific coast points via the Missouri river gateways.

The British ship Bridston Hill has been chartered by the government to carry merchandise for the troops at Manila. She is to be paid the lump sum of \$20,500. The Bridston Hill can carry a cargo of about 3,500 tons, and should make the run in about forty-five days.

The executive council of the American Bankers' association met in New York, twenty-six members attending, including the president of the association, George H. Russell, president of the Michigan Savings bank of Detroit. Cleveland was selected as the next meeting place of the association.

The forty-ninth ballot for United States senator in the Pennsylvania legislature resulted: Quay, 94; Jenke, 73; Dalzell, 17; Huff, 5; Irwin, 4; Stewart, 7; Stone, 4; Widener, 3; Rice, 2; Ritter, 2; Grow, 1; Smith, 2; Tubbs, 2. Total, 221. Necessary to a choice, 111; paired or not voting, 32. No election.

The Texas legislature passed a bill making an appropriation of \$2,000 to be used by the state health officials in suppressing the prevalence of smallpox at Laredo. It is reported that there are now 500 people sick in Laredo as victims of the smallpox. The state health officers will take charge at once and institute drastic measures to relieve Laredo of the disease.

Postmaster Gordon and Mr. Alexander H. Revell of Chicago and Comptroller of the Currency Dawes, constituting the committee on invitation for the Chicago day celebration at Chicago October 9, formally invited Secretary of the Navy Long, Postmaster general Charles Emory Smith and Adjutant General Corbin to attend. All accepted and Secretary Long agreed to speak at the banquet.

### Thursday.

G. A. Birt, wanted in London, Eng., for embezzlement of over \$1,000,000, has been arrested there.

The American Ship Building company, capital \$50,000,000, has become incorporated in New Jersey.

James Nettles, colored, has been sentenced at St. Louis to hang on April 25 for murdering Samuel W. Mann.

At Philadelphia a company is being formed to be known as the Bethlehem Steel company, to acquire the business and property of the famous Bethlehem Iron company.

Ex-Governor Thomas C. Fletcher, Missouri's war governor, who was paralyzed at his home in Washington about three weeks ago, is gradually sinking and the end is expected at any hour.

James DePugh, a gambler at Cincinnati, shot and killed James Patterson, a well known politician, while Patterson was standing in his doorway with his wife. Mrs. Patterson was hit in the wrist.

Judge Clark in the United States circuit court at Chattanooga has filed a decision dismissing a bill of Secretary of War H. A. Alger against the heirs of John P. Anderson, General Alger sued for the return of \$150,000, which he had paid the Anderson heirs for a tract of land in Franklin county.

The Copenhagen correspondent of the Daily Mail says: It is asserted here that M. Helde, director of the Danish East African Steamship company's interest, is about to go to China in the company's interests. It is also said he has a government mission to seek some convenient harbor in China, as Denmark intends to follow in the footsteps of the other powers.

### Friday.

The United States survey steamer Pathfinder made fourteen knots and passed the trial test.

Claims against the United States during the Spanish imbroglio are estimated at \$3,900,000.

Two receivers have been appointed for a Georgia bank, one by Comptroller Dawes and another by a circuit judge.

Assistant Secretary Melkiohn issued an order for a military expedition in the Copper river region of Alaska.

Company G, Ninth infantry, left Ft. Ontario for Manila via San Francisco. A public demonstration was given on their departure. The post here may be abandoned.

The body of Lieutenant William M. Shipp, Tenth United States cavalry, was buried at Lincoln, N. C., with military honors. Many prominent men of the state and about 3,000 people from the surrounding country were present. Lieutenant Shipp was killed in Cuba July 1, at the battle of San Juan. Last week his body, which had been buried on the battlefield, was brought here for final interment.

The annual report of the Burlington, Cedar Rapids & Northern for the year ending December 31, 1898, shows: Gross earnings, \$4,545,643; increase, \$253,483; net earnings, \$1,430,821; increase, \$187,491; surplus, \$384,464; increase, \$141,747. President Ivins in his report said that business for the year was the best on record and the directors, therefore, made a special dividend of 2 per cent, which will appear in 1899 contracts.

The Capital City guards of Atlanta, who were sent to Palmetto, Ga., by Governor Chandler to aid in preserving order, left for home. John Higby, one of the negroes wounded by the party of lynchers, is still alive. The other wounded men will recover. No action looking to an investigation of the affair has been taken by the county authorities.

When F. D. Underwood left Minneapolis to come to Baltimore to take the position of general manager of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad he brought a straw hat and linen duster expecting to bask in the balmy southern breezes that blow up Chesapeake Bay sometimes. Within ten days after he took charge two hundred miles of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad were blocked with snow and Baltimore had a worse blizzard than any one in the northwest ever experienced. It cost the road about sixty thousand dollars a day for four days to get the tracks in condition to resume traffic, but the officials are very proud of the fact that they beat all competitors in getting trains through from Pittsburgh and other western points to Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York. All of the through trains that were delayed by the storm were fortunately tied up at large towns, so that none of the passengers suffered from hunger or cold.

The proposition to erect a monument to General Beauregard in New Orleans is again being agitated. Some time ago an effort was made to collect funds for the purpose, and \$4,000 was secured and safely invested. This was not deemed sufficient to erect a monument worthy of the soldier, and since then nothing has been done in the matter. An effort will now be made to secure additional funds. General Beauregard was a native and for a large part of his life a resident of Louisiana.

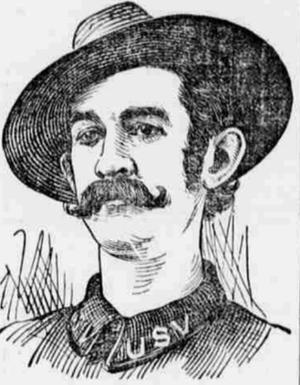
Rev. James Duane, a vicar bishop in the African Methodist Episcopal church, South, is on the way to Cape Town, Africa, where he expects to start a school and church for the instruction and redemption of the Kafirs. He is himself a native of Kafir, and for the first fourteen years of his life lived as a savage among his people. The proposed school will be modeled after the Indian school at Carlisle, Pa., and the Wilberforce university, in Ohio.

## A FAMOUS ROUGH RIDER.

### Buck Taylor Says "Pe-ru-na is the Best Catarrh Cure on Earth—Cured Me."

Sergeant Buck Taylor, one of the famous Rough Riders, is a personal friend of Governor Roosevelt of New York. He accompanied Governor Roosevelt on his great stumping tour through upper New York state. He was promoted through gallantry in the field during the late war.

The Sergeant has the following to say of Pe-ru-na: "I think there is no better medicine on earth than Pe-ru-na, for catarrh. It has cured me. It



Sergeant Buck Taylor.

would take a volume to tell you all the good it has done me. Pe-ru-na is the best catarrh cure on earth, and I know, for I have tried nearly all of them. Respectfully, Buck F. Taylor."

Winter weather causes catarrh. Everybody knows this. But everybody does not stop to think that winter weather delays the cure of catarrh. It takes longer to cure a case of catarrh in the winter generally, than in the warm season. Spring is here. Now is the time favorable to the treatment of old and especially stubborn cases of catarrh.

Send for book entitled "Facts and Figures." Sent free by the Pe-ru-na Drug Mfg Co., Columbus, O.

Some men's charitable contributions are confined to suggestions.

### Iowa Patent Office Report.

The total number of U. S. Patents issued last week is 349. Of this number 43 are for Designs, 28 for trademarks, 7 for labels, 2 for prints and 1 reissue; all the others for compositions, methods and mechanical devices.

A patent has been allowed to P. Woodring, of Oelwein, Ia., for a simple and ingenious improvement in a well known art and described in his claim as follows:

In a buck saw frame the combination of two mating wooden stays that are unimpaird at their central portions by removal of wood, a flexible U-shaped metal clam having coinciding bolts in its ends and a screw bolt and nut, and for the purposes set forth.

A simple improvement in any known art may be of such importance as to control sales. When a dealer can point to a late patented improvement in a wagon, or farm implement, it often decides the selection of the farmer in making a purchase.

Consultations and advice about inventions and printed matter giving valuable information about securing and selling patents, free to all inquirers. THOMAS G. ORWIG & CO., Solicitors of Patents.

Des Moines, March 4, 1899.

It pays better to be a dentist than an oculist. A man has thirty-two teeth and only two eyes.

FITS Permanently Cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE \$2.00 trial bottle and treatise. DR. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Wise is the fool who knows enough to keep his mouth closed.

## "Spring Unlocks The Flowers"

To Paint the Laughing Soil.  
And not even Nature would allow the flowers to grow and blossom to perfection without good soil. Now Nature and people are much alike; the former must have sunshine, latter must have pure blood in order to have perfect health.

Hood's Sarsaparilla cures blood troubles of all sorts. It is to the human system what sunshine is to Nature—the destroyer of disease germs. It never disappoints.

**Poor Blood.**—The doctor said there were not seven drops of good blood in my body. Hood's Sarsaparilla built me up and made me strong and well." SUSIE E. BROWN, 10 Astor Hill, Lynn, Mass.

**Dyspepsia, etc.**—A complication of troubles, dyspepsia, chronic catarrh and inflammation of the stomach, rheumatism, etc. made me miserable. Had no appetite until I took Hood's Sarsaparilla, which acted like magic. I am thoroughly cured." N. B. SNEY, 1874 W. 14th Av., Denver, Col.

**Rheumatism.**—My husband was obliged to give up work on account of rheumatism. No remedy helped until he used Hood's Sarsaparilla, which permanently cured him. It cured my daughter of catarrh. I give it to the children with good results." MRS. J. S. McMATR, Stamford, Ct.

## Hood's Sarsaparilla Never Disappoints

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, the non-irritating and the only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

There are fewer things in heaven and earth than are dreamed of in a nightmare.

### TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. The genuine has L. B. Q. on each tablet.

A man never cares anything about meeting his wife's relations—unless they are rich and distinguished.

## \$100 Reward, \$100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of Testimonials.

Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by druggists 75c. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

The newspaper of the future will be issued tomorrow.

## CRESCENT HOTEL.

### EUREKA SPRINGS, ARKANSAS.

Opens February 28rd. In the Ozark Mountains. Delightful climate. Beautiful scenery. Unequaled medicinal waters. Cheap excursion rates. Through sleepers via Frisco Line. Address J. O. Plank, Manager, Room H, Arcade, Century Building, or Frisco Ticket Office, No. 102 N. Broadway, St. Louis.

A Kansas man recently paid a Missouri woman \$4,000 to marry him. The question of "What is the matter with Kansas?" is now up to the women to answer.

Go to your grocer to-day and get a 15c. package of

## Grain=O

It takes the place of coffee at 1/4 the cost. Made from pure grains it is nourishing and healthful.

Inset that your grocer gives you GRAIN-O. Accept no imitation.

## 8000 BICYCLES

Overlook the best of the best. STANDARD 750 BODIES, guaranteed, \$6.75 to \$10. Showroom & second-hand wheels, good as new, \$3 to \$10. Great factory clearing sale. We ship to anyone on approved terms. Write at once for a circular. EARN A BICYCLE. We give one Rider Agent in each town. FREE USE OF SAMPLE BIKES IN REPAIR SHOPS. Write at once for circular. E. B. REAR CYCLE COMPANY, Chicago, Ill.

### Spalding's Trade Mark Means "Standard of Quality" on Athletic Goods Insist upon Spalding's

Handsome Catalogue Free. A. G. SPALDING & BROS. New York. Chicago. Denver.

It pays better to be a dentist than an oculist. A man has thirty-two teeth and only two eyes.

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Wise is the fool who knows enough to keep his mouth closed.

### HOW TO DO IT. CURE Pains and Aches WITH ST. JACOB'S OIL THEN IT IS DONE, WELL DONE. SAVES MONEY, TIME, AND SUFFERING.