TORN PAGE

Cheers for Lee's Granddaughter.

Veterans assembled in convention hall cheered for Miss Anne Carter Lee. Miss Lee, attired in black, appeared on the platform as the sponsor of the south, accompanied by Miss Sarah Morris Leech and Miss Olive Gertrude McLaurin, maids of honor.

The granddaughter of the leader of the fighting Confederate hosts was presented to the convention by acting Commander in Chief George P. Harrison, of Alabama. As she bowed to the survivors of the south's defenders there was a deafening outburst of applause, the incident kindling enthusiasm for the old Confederacy which culminated in repeated "Rebel Yells," when General Lee was pronounced by General Julian S. Carr, of North Carolina as "the world's greatest hero."

Lee Day at the Convention.

It was Lee day at the convention. General Carr, following reports by several committees, brought the veterans repeatedly to their feet with an eulogy of the Confederacy.

"Not so long ago," said General Carr, "there were many at the north to deem us traitors, and 'southern treason' was the campaign cry of those who marched under the folds of the 'bloody shirt.' We are yet neutralized 'rebels' by some of our loyal compatriots. To the latter epithet the south has no particular objection. During the Christian era the three grandest names in political history are Alfred the Great, William the Silent and George Washington.

"Technically the first of this important trio was a rebel. Actually and legally the last two were rebels, and the last named, greatest and grandest of the lot, was a southerner and a slave holder.

"The Confederate soldier is perfectly willing to accept association with these demigods, and cordially adopts the classification, and we do it with more pride and alacrity when we reinforce them and incalculably augment their glory by adding to their number the Miltiades of the 19th century—the world's greatest hero—Robert E. Lee, to whom the south to remotest generations will ever esteem the noblest personality mentioned in all profane history."

General Law, of Florida, Is Cheered.

Wearers of the gray were again brought, to their feet in tumultuous tribute to General E. M. Law, of Bar-

Pensacola, June 4.—The 100th anniversary of the cession of Florida by Spain to the United States will be celebrated in Pensacola with an exposition, according to a resolution which has been adopted by the Florida state senate. This authorizes the governor to appoint a commission to confer with the people of Pensacola and prepare for an exposition in this city in the year 1917.

The resolution recites that the city of Pensacola and its vicinity was the scene of greatest events which led to the cession of Florida by Spain to the United States, that the first American government in Florida was established at Pensacola through the heroism of Andrew Jackson, and that the first legislative council for the territory of Florida and the first statutory laws of Florida were enacted at Pensacola in 1822, therefore Pensacola is the logical place for such a celebration in commemoration of the 100th anniversary.

AUTO LICENSE BILL PASSED BOTH HOUSES.

Hereafter Automobiles Will be Taxed by Seating Capacity.

Tallahassee, June 4—Senator Igou's automobile license bill, completely changing the system now in vogue of registering as a state proposition, automobile, was passed by both houses, and now becomes law with reception of the governor's signature.

The bill was amended in the house to require a license of $2 on motorcycles, otherwise it went through as the senate had passed the measure, and this is acceptable to the senate.

The measure provides for one license tag, to be paid in the county where the license is issued for a machine in that county, and abolishes the state registration fee of $2.

The county license is graduated on the seating capacity of the automobile, instead of the horse power, as heretofore.

LAKELAND PHOSPHATE PLANT TO OPEN SOON.

Lakeland, June 4.—The Lakeland phosphate plant, completed last fall, will commence operations at once, having contracts for a large amount of rock, which it is now able to move.

This new enterprise will mean much to this vicinity, as it is located within a couple of miles of the city limits. Since completion the plant has

London, March 31.—Russia is interfering with attacks on the Black Sea fleet on Russian forts. A thick fog is covering the gunnery, and movement is suspended. Mine in the Dardanelles continue intermittent fire from the forts. It is reported over Turkey, the easter... to the easter... by the Russ...

...erican ... Germany ... United ... government ... generally supposed, that ... ents of arms, ammunitions ... supplies to the allies would cease. On the contrary, these shipments would go forward in larger amounts than ever. In the meantime the factories producing war materials would increase their capacity and turn out all supplies required by the United States. The largest powder manufacturing company in the United States is now engaged in filling a huge order for the United States, while furnishing large quantities to foreign nations.

The first steps of the war would be an arrangement of the American naval forces so as to keep the Atlantic ocean open to commerce. The Atlantic lane to England would be patrolled and American merchant vessels would be convoyed by warships. American torpedo boat destroyers would go in search of German submarines.

Since the war began the United States, through its banking houses, has bought $224,000,000 worth of foreign government securities. Most of the money thus raised has been spent for war material supplies by this country. The financial resources of this country are sufficient to meet any demands of this nature, besides financing the war expenses of the United States. But special legislation would be needed to make these resources available for the government. There is a deficit of about $100,000,000 in the treasury, which will have to be met. The manner of meeting this and providing additional revenue would immediately call for the attention of congress, which would be in session, since the war could not be begun without the consent of congress.

It is supposed that the present war tax would be amplified in some directions. A tax on all incomes above $1,000 a year would be advocated. The duty on sugar, which will be removed on May 1, next, acording to present law, would be retained ,and an increase of tariff rates on many articles would be demanded by a large section of congress. Undoubtedly, however, the chief source of revenue would be the sale of government bonds. There are $225,000,000 of Panama canal

All vessels owned by Germany and Germans in American ports would be seized. It is estimated that the tonnage of these vessels reaches 550,000, valued at $3[illegible],000,000. The converted cruisers Prinz Eitel Friedrich and Kron Prinz Wilhelm, now at Norfolk, would become the property of the United States.

Upon the outbreak of war all commercial relations with Germany would cease, and private persons would be prohibited from carrying on business with persons in Germany. Private contracts would be void, partnerships would be dissolved and outstanding debts could not be collected. No arms or goods of any kind would be permitted to reach Germany directly or indirectly from the United States or any of its citizens. Neutral vessel carrying contraband of war destine blockade of Germany by the British and French fleets would be added to the American fleet.