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TEN CENTS A WEEK

LITTLE CHANGE IN FEVER SITUATION

Number of New Cases Reported to Health Officers.

THE ITALIANS ARE IN DISTRESS

On Account of the Cessation of the Fruit Trade to that Port Many of Them Are Out of Employment. Mississippi Towns Panic Stricken.

New Orleans, August 1.—Little change was apparent in the fever situation here today. A number of new cases were unofficially reported to the board of health. The campaign in the interest of elster screening continues and hundreds of gallons of oil are being placed in gutters and water receptacles. The large majority of new cases and deaths continue to be in the old infected area below Canal street, only four of yesterday's 27 new cases being above Canal street.

The health authorities while freely admitting the situation to be still serious, still believe that the disease can be controlled, the opportunities for new infection growing fewer as the area of screened cisterns increases. Advice came from the board of health today that Rapides parish is disinclined to admit into her midst persons from New Orleans, even if they have spent the required time in the detention camps.

Similar reports come from other points. President Souchon of the state board of health will take up this matter today with the parish authorities and with the representatives of the marine hospital corps.

Much distress is beginning to appear among the Italian population growing out of the practical expulsion of the fruit business from Louisiana and relief work is one of the tasks which the Italian societies and citizens' committees will now have to address themselves to. While the six day detention order of the board of health lasts, it is expected that all the lines which have been operating fruit steamers into New Orleans will divert their ships to Mobile, and this will have the effect of throwing a couple of thousand laborers, many of whom are Italians, out of employment.

The average Italian here has half a dozen in his family and sometimes the children number ten or more and with that many mouths to feed the head of a family cannot long remain in idleness without having to appeal to public charity.

Under the circumstances these Italians who are not in the fever district are asking that they be given employment by the health authorities in the sanitary and other work now going on in order that they may not become public charges.

The health authorities are very much encouraged by the excellent work being done at the emergency hospital and they believe that when the results of treatment given there become known families will readily consent to have their patients sent there. V. Randazzo, one of the convalescents from an attack of yellow fever, has related his experience in a public card for the benefit of his countrymen. He says when he discovered he was suffering from the disease he followed a doctor's advice and went immediately to the hospital. In a few days he was discharged as practically well. Half a dozen others have already been discharged from the hospital and sent to the department yards of the charity hospital to spend a few days in recuperation. It is generally agreed among scientists familiar with yellow fever that on the character of treatment depends largely the death rate and with the treatment provided in the hospital it is thought that there can be a great reduction made in the death rate among the Italians.

While the feeling here is constantly growing more hopeful, there is apparently no abatement of the excitement and panicky feeling in the country districts of Louisiana and Mississippi. Local business houses are beginning

to feel the effects of the scare. They are receiving letters from their traveling men telling of the cancellation of orders in Mississippi and elsewhere because of the reluctance of country people to patronize stores which receive goods from infected districts. In this connection there is some criticism of Governor Vardaman because of a telegram sent by him in which he commended the prudence of Mississippi merchants in refusing to take freight from this city.

Quarantine Officer at Anniston.

Anniston, Ala., August 1.—Headquarters for J. H. Achor, state quarantine officer, have been established at Anniston to work Southern, Seaboard and Louisville and Nashville trains between this city and Atlanta, and between Wellington and Atlanta. The quarantine is against persons who have been in New Orleans or points along the gulf coast in Louisiana or Mississippi. Every person coming into the state are ordered to sign a list of questions the same as inquiry made on the western side of the state. Officer Achor has enough men here to have one on every train coming in the state and is keeping up a strict quarantine. The municipal authorities here declined to establish quarantine on account of the attitude of the city.

No Yellow Jack on Ship.

New York, August 1.—The steamer Proteus, direct from New Orleans, was declared at quarantine today to be absolutely free from any symptoms of yellow fever. Few vessels, even from southern ports, where there is practically no fever, have such a fine record as the Proteus with 91 passengers and a crew of 72 men made under searching thermometer tests today. This excellent condition is largely due to the care taken by the officers of the boat at New Orleans, where no members of the crew were allowed on shore, four cabin passengers were rejected.

The Louisiana board of health conducted this examination.

Mississippi Towns Panic Stricken.

Mobile, Ala., August 1.—The cities of Laurel and Hattiesburg, Miss., are now suffering with a well defined case of panic as evidenced by the latest instructions from officials of those towns to the Mobile, Jackson and Kansas City. The road is notified that its trains must go through Laurel at the rate of 30 miles an hour, while Hattiesburg advises that no tickets must be sold to that point. The Gulf and Ship Island road has received similar advice.

One Death at Panama.

Washington, August 1.—The Panamanian commission today received a cablegram from Governor Magoon reporting the death from yellow fever of Stella Cortelyou, a typewriter from Muscotah, Kans., who was employed in the auditing office at Panama. There was no additional cases and D. C. Lively, an American non-employee at Panama, has recovered.

Officers Kill Man and Woman.

Muskogee, T. Aug 1.—Two deputy United States marshals, J. H. Noble and E. S. Edwards, killed J. E. Coleman and his wife and arrested their son, aged 15 years, after a fight on Deep Fork river, 25 miles west of Checotah. The Colemans had stolen horses, mules and cattle in the Choctaw nation. They passed through Checotah and sold some of the stock. The officers were put on their trail and overtook them on the Deep Fork. The thieves were surprised, but fought hard. The woman, as well as the men, began to shoot when the officers approached. Coleman and his wife were shot dead. The son was not injured. The officers who did the killing went to Eufaula, where they made a report to the United States commissioner.

Cholera in British India.

Madras, British India, August 1.—A serious epidemic of cholera prevails among the refugees from the famine stricken districts who have been crowding into the city for weeks past. Numbers of victims have been found dead or dying on the streets. The death rate is 23.7 per thousand.

CONFERENCES HELD AT SAGAMORE HILL

Peace Meeting and Cotton Re- port Scandal Discussed.

SEC. WILSON WILL NOT RESIGN

President Roosevelt is Very Busy Re- ceiving Peace Envoys of Japan and Russia and Probing the Charges of Fraud in Agricultural Department.

Oyster Bay, L. I., August 1.—Conferences took place today at Sagamore Hill regarding the pending Russo-Japanese peace negotiations and the scandals recently developed in the department of agriculture at Washington.

President Roosevelt entertained at luncheon Baron Rosen who succeeded Count Cassini as Russian ambassador to the United States and who is associated with M. Witte as envoy of the emperor of Russia to the peace conference. His visit to the president today was for the purpose principally for making arrangements for the formal call on the president of M. Witte, who will arrive in a day or two from Europe. It is understood M. Witte's visit to the president will take place on Thursday, two days in advance of the formal reception of the Russian and Japanese envoys and their suite by the president on the yacht Mayflower. M. Witte will be accompanied to Oyster Bay on that occasion by Ambassador Rosen. Secretary Wilson, of the department of agriculture was at luncheon as a guest of the president, having come to Oyster Bay by invitation of the president to discuss the recent developments of the cotton report leak scandal and of the exploitation of nitro-culture which induced the resignation of Dr. George T. Moore. Both of these cases are under investigation by the department of justice. By direction of the president the inquiries will be made very thorough, and if the facts disclosed should warrant it, prosecutions against the offenders will be instituted by Attorney General Moody.

Meantime a rigid inquiry will be made into all other bureaus of the department of agriculture it being the intention of both the president and Secretary Wilson to purge the report of any taint of corruption. With this general inquiry the president is not interfering in any way. Secretary Wilson is directing it and the president's confidence in him is such that he is assured the investigation will develop all the facts. Secretary Wilson has no present idea of resigning and even if his resignation were tendered, it is probable that the president would decline to accept it.

Another visitor to the president was John W. Riddle, of the District of Columbia, who, on March 8, last was appointed United States minister to Roumania and Servia.

Shot Man Through Heart.

Mobile, Ala., August 1.—News has reached here of a cold-blooded murder at Yellow Pine, Ala., last night, a number town on the Mobile and Ohio railroad, 60 miles north of Mobile. Hammond Taylor was standing near the hotel when James Walton approached and without warning pulled a pistol and shot Taylor through the heart. No attempt was made to stop Walton, and he passed out of the town with the weapon in his hands. No reason can be assigned for the tragedy. Both men are well known in the community.

Depew Attends Committee Meeting.

New York, August 1.—United States Senator Chauncey M. Depew attended today's meeting of the executive committee of the Equitable Life Assurance society. The committee was in session almost an hour, when at its conclusion Senator Depew said that he had not resigned as a director and had no intention of doing so. Chairman Morton stated that nothing had occurred at the meeting to change Senator Depew's relations with the Equitable society.

GENERAL APPROPRIATION BILL.

Georgia Legislators Are Busily En- gaged on Important Measures.

Atlanta, August 1.—When the house of representatives opened Monday the members found themselves in the meshes of the general appropriations bill, upon which a debate of several days will be had, unless the present house proves itself a quicker working body than those which have preceded. The appropriations bill has been fixed as the continuing special order, which means that it will not be laid aside until it is disposed of, and it is the determination of Chairman Davis, of the appropriations committee, to see that the bill is sent over to the senate by the end of the present week, at least.

In the bill there are a number of items which will bring on a lot of talk on the floor of the house. Last year there was a two days' discussion over the proposition to increase the appropriation for common schools to \$1,000,000. Prior to that time it had been \$300,000 from direct taxation, while the schools received as much more from other sources. So far no disposition has been manifested to disturb the school fund one way or another, though there are some members who think it ought to be put back at the old figure. It is anticipated, however, that the million dollar appropriation will be given again this year without very much of a fight.

Bell's Child Labor Bill.

The child labor bill, by Mr. Bell, of Fulton, prohibiting the employment in factories or mills of any children at all under the age of 12 years, and making restrictions as to others, is set as the special order for Wednesday, Aug. 2. Whether it can be taken up or not depends the progress made on the general appropriations bill. If it is possible to get the appropriations bill practically out of the way, Wednesday's session will be given to the discussion on each side of the child labor bill, and this time will be divided out among a number of the best known orators on the floor. There is no doubt about the fact that the debate will prove an interesting one, as there is a great deal of feeling on both sides of this question.

In the Senate.

The senate had cleared up everything on its calendar when it adjourned on Friday, and will have little to command its attention today beyond the fifty-odd house bills which have been passed and sent over for action by the higher house. These are all local measures.

The only general measure of any consequence which the house has passed and sent to the senate, is that providing for the establishment of a state reformatory for youthful criminals. This bill will be read the first time in the senate on Monday and was referred to a committee. At the very earliest it cannot be taken up for action by the senate before Wednesday, as it will have to be read on three separate days, but there is nothing to prevent the senate from disposing of it during the present week.

Stockholders Ride Free.

Chicago, August 1.—The Illinois Central railroad company today issued a notice to stockholders that the regular annual meeting of the company will be held in Chicago, Oct. 18, and that to permit personal attendance of each adult holder of one or more shares of stock a ticket will be issued enabling him or her to travel free over the company's lines to Chicago and return. The tickets are good to Chicago during the four days immediately preceding and the day of the meeting and for the return journey, the tickets are good the four days immediately following.

Five Persons Injured in Wreck.

Joliet, Ill., August 1.—Five persons were injured in an accident to an east bound train on the Rock Island railroad today about a mile west of Joliet. It is thought none of the injured will die. The train was a second section due in Chicago at 7:25 a. m. The accident occurred at a switch which had just been opened for a work train at a gravel pit. The passenger train ran on the side track, striking the work train. A section of a Pullman sleeper was torn out.

WOMAN SUDDENLY LEAVES HER HOME

Disappearance of Mrs. Sanford Causes Sensation.

BOARDED TRAIN IN DISGUISE

Wife of the Man Who Is in Rome Ga., Jail on Murder Charge Leaves the State Between Two Sons—Ex- citement Is Intense.

Rome, Ga., August 1.—Mrs. Elizabeth Sanford, the chief figure in the case which is to be called Tuesday morning, fled from Rome last night. Mrs. Sanford left the city in disguise. She left on a Southern train for Chattanooga, due to leave at 7 o'clock, but because of an Atlanta connection, did not leave Rome until 9 o'clock. That Mrs. Sanford was on this train in disguise when she left the city cannot be questioned, though it is not known whether she was in the Pullman or in the combination smoking car in the front of the train.

While all connected in any way with the case are reticent, it is positively known that Mrs. Sanford has crossed the state line and is now beyond the jurisdiction of Georgia courts and the sheriff of Floyd county. Her flight has caused the wildest sensation in the city, and crowds are on the street corners discussing it this morning. Mrs. Sanford did not purchase a ticket from Rome. This is positively known. She did not ride on a ticket or any kind of transportation, but was paid on the train.

Files Her Divorce Papers.

Mrs. Elizabeth Sanford's attorneys have made public the petition for divorce from her husband, Vincent Sanford, who will be tried next Tuesday for killing George Wright, the Southern railroad ticket agent, with whom Mr. Sanford claims that Mrs. Sanford was unduly intimate.

Mrs. Sanford claims that the petition for divorce would have been filed earlier but for the reason that she did not get her papers prepared in time for the July term of court. The petition teems with sensational charges against Sanford. Mrs. Sanford alleges repeated acts of adultery on her husband's part, charges that his conduct has been such as to reduce the family to want, and also alleges that on one occasion her husband struck her.

DRIVERS CONTINUE STRIKE.

They Voted Unanimously to Keep Up the Struggle.

Chicago, August 1.—With the negotiation of striking teamsters nearly complete, and the release of Clark from the oppression of the long war practically assured for the day, a handful of coal teamsters who wrecked the well developed peace

The coal drivers, 350 strong, unanimously to continue the strike. As a result the employers' association is said, may close the doors to thousands of their former employees who were to have been re-employed. The strike with its possible wrecked wagons, also will continue indefinitely.

All manner of protests from teamsters' locals failed to induce coal drivers in their determination.

Five Killed by Lightning.

New York, August 1.—During a thunderstorm of terrific intensity which passed over New York Saturday afternoon, five persons were killed by lightning and instantly killed were seriously injured at the public baths, Coney Island. At the same time one man was killed and another prostrated at Gravesend Beach.

Big Shipments of Coal.

Pittsburg, August 1.—The coal trade in this vicinity Saturday afternoon has caused a rise in the price of coal for shipping. More than a million bushels of coal have been shipped south today and another big shipment will be made tonight.