

DEWEY ALONE APPROVES!

Hero of Manila Awards All Honor to Santiago Hero; Others Condemn.

FINDINGS OF SCHLEY INQUIRY COURT SENSATIONAL SURPRISE

Majority Report Causes a Tremendous Surprise and Indicates That Benham and Ramsey Viewed Evidence in Prejudiced Way, Thus Placing Themselves on the Side of Schley's Detractors.

A Washington special says: The most prolonged, interesting and important naval tribunal ever held in this country came to a close (after having in open and secret session lasted three months, short of one week) when Secretary Long at 5 p. m. Friday received the findings of the court of inquiry which inquired into the conduct of Rear Admiral Schley during the Santiago campaign.

The result was a complete surprise, and it is probable that no prophesy has approached the truth. Instead of one report there are two. Both are signed by George Dewey the president of the court, and by Sam C. Lemly, the judge advocate. This is a form said to be recognized in all courts of inquiry, the signatures of the other members not being necessary. But it is explained that Admiral Dewey signed the second report, a minority report, to express his qualification of or dissent from the views expressed by the court comprising beside himself Admirals Benham and Ramsay, in the first report.

It is said at the navy department that there will be no further proceedings in the case on the department's initiative. Secretary Long and Judge Advocate Lemly positively decline to discuss the findings in any phase. The secretary probably will simply append his signature with the word "approved" to the whole record. The court itself recommends no further proceedings owing to the lack of time.

A representative of the Association Pres conveyed the first information of the findings of the court to Admiral Schley. He was seated in the public reception room of a hotel, chatting with friends and several newspaper men, and showed no signs of nervousness over the outcome.

When the conclusions of Admiral Dewey were read to him, Admiral Schley showed his pleasure, and it was evident from his manner that he regarded the statement from Admiral Dewey as a vindication of his cause. He declined to make any statement concerning the court's findings, and, excusing himself from the little company which had gathered about him, he went to his apartments, where Mrs. Schley had been anxiously awaiting to hear the court's decision.

Admiral Dewey declined to make any statement concerning the court's findings. He said the court was not dissolved and that he was still bound by his oath of secrecy.

Admirals Benham and Ramsay, in their report, condemn Admiral Schley on eleven points. The majority opinion finds in brief that Admiral Schley should have proceeded with the utmost dispatch to Cienfuegos and maintained a close blockade; that he should have endeavored to have obtained information of the Spanish squadron there; that he should have proceeded to Santiago with dispatch; that he should not have made the retrograde movement; that he should have obeyed the department's orders; that he should have endeavored to capture the Spanish vessels in Santiago; that he did not do his utmost to destroy the Colon; that he caused the squadron to lose distance in the loop of the Brooklyn; that he thereby caused the Texas to back; that he did injustice to Hodgson; that his conduct in the campaign was characterized by vacillation, dilatoriness

MRS. BONINE ACQUITTED.

Washington Woman Declared Not Guilty of the Murder of Ayres.

A Washington dispatch says: The jury in the trial of Mrs. Lola Ida Bonine accused of the murder of James Seymour Ayres Jr., the young census office clerk, killed in the Kenmore hotel last spring, returned a verdict Friday night of not guilty, after being out about four hours.

Such a conclusion of the trial was generally expected, the popular impression being that from the evidence submitted the prosecution failed to prove its case against Mrs. Bonine.

and lack of enterprise; that his official reports on the coal supply were misleading and inaccurate; that his conduct during the battle was self-possessed and that he encouraged in his own person his subordinate officers and men.

Admiral Dewey, president of the court of inquiry, in his report sustains Admiral Schley at all points and completely vindicates him from the aspersions of his foes. Admiral Dewey finds that the passage to Cienfuegos was made with all dispatch; that in view of his coal supply, the blockade of Cienfuegos was effective; that he allowed the Adula to enter Cienfuegos to get information; that his passage to Santiago was with as much dispatch as possible, keeping the squadron together; that the blockade of Santiago was effective, and, finally, that he was the senior officer at Santiago, in absolute command and entitled to the credit due for the glorious victory which resulted in the total destruction of the Spanish ships.

GEORGIA LEGISLATURE ENDS.

Electric Clock Proves an Enigma in Observance of Old-Time Custom, Songs Were in Order.

The general assembly of Georgia of 1900-1901 finally ceased to do business at the state capitol in Atlanta Friday night at 11:30 o'clock.

The usual closing scenes were enacted, and, when both branches of the legislature adjourned sine die, men who had opposed each other upon the floor in spirited debates during the past two years clasped hands, at the same time expressing regret that the hour of parting had arrived.

In many respects the general assembly which thus passed into history was somewhat a remarkable body of men. During the past session some of the most important measures ever considered by any legislature were acted upon.

While the clock ticked off the minutes of the closing hours of the session a general love feast was held. The president of the senate, speaker of the house and other prominent members of both houses were remembered by their appreciative colleagues in a manner well calculated to "warm the cockles of their hearts." Handsome gifts were presented and words of highest praise were bestowed upon those who had worked hard during the past two years as representatives of the people in the legislative halls.

The time-honored custom of turning back the hands of the clocks was outlawed this year because of the fact that electric timepieces were installed in both branches of the legislature and there was no way of throttling them. True, the faces of these clocks were covered with papers, just for safety's sake, but the precaution came to naught, as adjournment was taken fully half an hour before midnight.

After adjournment had been declared in the house many of the members appeared reluctant to leave. Some of the representatives who were known to possess good voices were called upon for songs, and for half an hour the hall rang with the melody of "God Be With You Till We Meet Again," "My Old Kentucky Home," "Home, Sweet Home," and other tuneful airs. Mr. Park, of Troup, who possessed a splendid tenor voice, was prevailed upon to lead the singing, while all the others joined in the choruses with a vim.

AIMED AT FUGITIVE TAYLOR.

Two Bills Regarding Extradition Are Introduced in Congress.

Representative Robinson, of Indiana, Friday introduced two measures to secure the extradition of ex-Governor Taylor, of Kentucky, from Indiana.

One of the measures is for an investigation as to whether the governor of any state is justified in refusing to recognize extradition papers from the governor of another state. The other provides that in case the governor refuses to recognize extradition papers that they may be executed by a United States marshal.

"MENTAL HEALER" TO ANSWER.

Grand Jury of United States Court at Jacksonville, Fla., Find True Bill Against Helen Wilmans.

The grand jury in the United States court at Jacksonville, Fla., has returned a true bill against Helen Post, alias Helen Wilmans, of Sea Breeze. The indictment charges that the defendant violated section 5480 of the revised statutes by devising schemes and artifices to defraud persons under false and fraudulent pretenses on her part, by representing that she possessed the power of mental science or mind cure to cure all forms of disease and weakness, for which she received money that was converted to her own use. The case promises to become celebrated, as the mental scientists at their recent national convention at Seabreeze voted to participate in the defense of the accused woman and her associates.

Mrs. Post was arrested in August last and has been under \$5,000 bail. Her husband, Colonel C. C. Post, and her son in law, S. F. Burgman, were indicted in Macon, Ga., last month.

Mrs. Post's operations have been extensive and she is alleged to have made large sums of money by the practice of "mental science."

Her instructions to patients are very interesting. They read in part as follows:

"I wish you to go alone fifteen minutes each day and hold yourself receptive to my thought, as if you were quietly expecting something pleasant to come to you.

"Do not make any great effort to fix your thoughts on me, but trust me to draw your thoughts to me; I can do it for you better than you can do it for yourself. If your mind wanders do not try to force it back; leave it free. If you become drowsy, give way to the feeling; do not antagonize it. I will take care of your condition, whatever it is.

"The first requirement during the time you sit for treatment is that you relax yourself; take the nerve tension off your muscles and your mind, and let yourself down into an attitude of perfect ease and carelessness, as if you did not care how things went; did not even care whether you are sick or not. This attitude releases your thoughts from your disease, and gives my thoughts a chance to come in and cure you."

GEORGIA BOY WINS RACE.

First to Cross Tape in Six-Day Bicycle Race at Madison Square Garden.

A new York dispatch says: Bobby Walthour, of Atlanta, Ga., of the bicycle team of McEachern and Walthour, won the six-day race at the Madison Square Garden Saturday night. He crossed the tape two yards ahead of his nearest competitor.

The prizes the men contended for were seven in number, as follows: First prize, \$1,500; second, \$1,000; third, \$750; fourth, \$500; fifth, \$350; sixth, \$250, and seventh prize, \$150. In addition the management agreed to pay the training expenses of the men remaining in the race during the six days.

"ENDLESS CHAIN A FRAUD."

So Declares U. S. Grand Jury in Indicting Cherry Tree Company.

The United States district court at Charlotte, N. C., finally adjourned Saturday night after a five days' session. Among other indictments returned by the grand jury was one against the Amos Owen Cherry Tree Company, doing business at Henrietta, Rutherford county.

Under the indictment the defendants, when brought into court, will be tried for fraud and for improper use of the United States mail.

The grand jury discovered the fact that the cherry tree company has been operating very extensively and that many persons have been caught by the tempting offers held out by this scheme.

Schley Willing to Contest.

A Baltimore dispatch says: Rear Admiral W. S. Schley has notified Attorney General Raynor that he is ready to take any action with reference to his case that Mr. Raynor may advise.

GALVESTON IN BAD PLIGHT.

Storm Wrecked City Fails to Meet Important Financial Obligations.

A conference will be held in New York on December 17 of Galveston's bondholders to discuss what steps are necessary to meet that city's financial difficulties. Galveston has failed to pay interest on some of its bonds and the default was made on December 1 when the city was unable to meet the interest on the forty-year bonds of 1881. A committee representing the city of Galveston will be present at the conference.

REPORT IS ADOPTED

See Gives Endorsement to Morgan's Canal Plan.

OF WATERWAY ROUTED

Senator Hurl's Scathing Remarks Those Who Have Here and Are Now Opposing Canal.

The senate committee on isthmian canals today authorized a favorable report on Senator Morgan's bill providing the acquisition from Nicaragua and Costa Rica of the right of way via Nicaragua route. Senator Morgan presented this report to the senate accompanying the return of the bill, a voluminous report upon the canal subject of a canal across the isthmus. Action upon the bill providing for the construction of the canal was deferred.

Senator Morgan's report covers more than 500 pages of printed matter, and deals with any of the questions connected with the construction of the canal, including a thorough inquiry into the attitude of Great Britain upon the subject of the different canal routes. He also discusses the relationship of the Panama Canal Company to the construction by the United States of a waterway across the isthmus, and while he makes reference to a letter written by President Roosevelt to the Panama company, he does not give the text of the communication, which was written to Secretary of State Hay.

Referring to the Panama Canal Company, Mr. Morgan said:

"The desperate financial straits of the new Panama Canal Company compelled them to make entreaties to the United States to undo their enterprise on the United States, and their agents became accordingly aggressive in this effort."

Contending for the importance of the enterprise, Mr. Morgan urges that no nation nor any combination of private interests can have any right to prevent its construction.

He attributes the failure to construct the canal in the past to the attitude of other nations, saying:

"For the past fifty years the power and influence of the British government, aided by combinations in the United States and France, as defeated all efforts to open an American isthmian canal."

Continuing on this line, he says:

"That antagonism which an imperial policy of Great Britain in the beginning has become a plan for gathering wealth by levying tolls upon the commerce of America, and its strength of purpose will increase and some more powerful and just inditement will lead Great Britain to relax its grasp and permit us to take care of our country. The combinations at home and in France that have assisted in suppressing the demands of our industrial classes for a canal to connect the great oceans are chiefly the transcontinental railways in Canada and in Panama and those in the United States—eight great corporations that now control almost the entire transportation service between the oceans that wash the coasts of the western hemisphere."

He declares that if diplomatic effort to rid the world of the baneful domination of the Clayton-Bulwer treaty fails, congress should abrogate it. The major portion of the report was made before the new Hay-Pauncefote treaty had been promulgated but in an appendix the following reference is made to that treaty:

"If two-thirds of the senate shall concur with the government of Great Britain in establishing an effective basis on which a canal for ships through the American isthmus shall be operated, for the security and benefit of all nations, such agreement will be considered as an advanced step in a true civilization honorable to both governments and rich in blessings to mankind."

REPORT OF MR. ROCKHILL.

As to His Work in China is at Last Submitted to Congress.

The long-expected report of Special Commissioner Rockhill to the secretary of state on the results of his work in connection with the Chinese negotiations in Peking has been submitted to congress, along with the full text of the protocol, which has been already published, and a mass of detailed statements. It was upon this report that President Roosevelt based his commendatory reference to Mr. Rockhill's work in his recent published message to congress.

How She Translated His...
"Tell them no, that I won't... a blamed copper," roared a... wife from a back room, and... him by writing the following... husband regrets very much... to hard times, he is unable... your worthy cause along. He... to accept his sincere good wishes... he will be pleased to donate... ly another year."

Caloric Considerations.
Patient—What would you... a warmer climate for me, doctor?
Doctor—Good heavens, sir, the... just what I am trying to save... from!—London Punch.

Would Be Much Too Racy.
Mr. Goodman—There's too much... careful talk in this world. I think... one man has anything to say... another he should confine himself... the truth.
Mr. Saarp—But suppose there... ladies present.—Philadelphia Press.

Long Hair

"About a year ago my hair was coming out very fast, so I bought a bottle of Ayer's Hair Vigor. It stopped the falling and made my hair grow very rapidly, until now it is 45 inches in length."—Mrs. A. Boydston, Atchison, Kans.

There's another hunger than that of the stomach. Hair hunger, for instance. Hungry hair needs food, needs hair vigor—Ayer's. This is why we say that Ayer's Hair Vigor always restores color, and makes the hair grow long and heavy. \$1.00 a bottle. All druggists.

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