

# ALEXANDER BROS

Ft. Thomas, A. T.

**General Merchandise**  
Forwarding and Commission

Hay, Grain, Lumber, Flour,  
Baling Twine and Freighters Supplies.

Patent Medicines

CORRAL AND RESTAURANT ATTACHED.

# WATCH

For the New

# PRICES

OF

# Jennings & Gray

# W. J. PARKS,

Justice of the Peace

Solomonville, Arizona.

Collections a Specialty. Conveyancing of Every Nature promptly attended to.

REAL ESTATE AGENT.

Those desirous of investing in Mines or Real Estate in Graham County will find it to their interest to call at my office on Main Street in Solomonville. Correspondence Solicited.

# LUMBER YARD

AT FRYE'S RANCH

Foot Hills Graham Mountains.

P. O. Thatcher, Arizona.

H. N. Chlarson & Sons, Proprietors.

Having purchased the SAW MILL in Frye's Canyon, we will keep a well supplied LUMBER YARD at this place. All kinds of Regular Cut Lumber, can be furnished at once

Special Orders for Lumber  
Not Exceeding 10,000 Feet,

Can be filled from the mill in ten days, except ceiling and flooring. OUR PRICES will be found as low as the lowest and we invite the public to give us a trial. We shall endeavor to give complete satisfaction to every customer. Special Prices For Cash.

H. N. Chlarson & Sons,  
Thatcher, Arizona.

# 60 Cts. Per 100

Wanted Immediately

500 Teams and Wagons

Apply to

**D. H. Ming,**

Thomas, Ariz.

To Haul Coke from  
**THOMAS TO GLOBE**

# AERMOTOR

Best Windmill on Earth.

Windmills 8 to 16 feet. Steel towers 30 to 60 feet. Mill is made of steel, galvanized after completion, and guaranteed. For raising water for stock or irrigating purposes this mill far surpasses any other make.

Prices: 8-foot, \$25.00; 12-foot, \$50.00; 16-foot, \$125.00

Acknowledged Everywhere the Best.

Send for Catalogue to **D. JOHNSON,**  
Territorial Agent.  
Willcox, Arizona.

# William Kirtland,

Blacksmithing,

WAGON AND CARRIAGE WORK.  
All Kinds of Blacksmithing Done at short Notice.

SAFFORD ARIZONA.

# Ft. Thomas, and Carlos and Globe STAGE LINE

LAYTON BROS., Proprietors.  
Runs Daily Stages between the above named places. CARRIES U. S. MAIL. All kinds of Express promptly forwarded. We are prepared to carry passengers at all times, and keep extra rigs for the accommodation of drummers and families.

Careful Drivers. Easy Stages.

# Rosario Brena,

General Merchandise.

Wholesale and Retail  
Special Attention Paid to Mail Orders. TUCSON, ARIZ

# Sam Watson's STAGE LINE

Direct Line From Solomonville to G. V. G. & N. Ry. Depot.

Meets all trains Daily. Every convenience offered Commercial travelers. Side trips, etc.

# NEW YORK Life Insurance Co.

The Accumulating Policies now issued by the New York Life Insurance Company are the most desirable policies issued by any company now in existence, that is why they are doing MORE business in Arizona than all other companies combined

# Adams & Dysart

AGENTS, SOLOMONVILLE, ARIZ.

# S. N. ENSTROM,

Reliable Boots & Shoes,  
PIMA, Arizona.

# JOS. C. ALLRED

DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF—  
Merchandise

# Thatcher, - Ariz.

No Better Stock of Goods in the Valley. Prices guaranteed to meet all competition. A complete line of MEN'S CLOTHING Just Received

# Country Produce

Taken in Exchange.

# MILLINERY

Mrs. Allred is prepared to suit the ladies of the Valley in this line. A beautiful display of Hats, Capes, Ribbons, Trimmings, etc. All can and will be pleased in style and prices. Come and see.

# CORONADO SALOON,

CLIFTON, ARIZ. Choice Liquors and Fine Cigars. Comfortable Club Room Attached. McGinty & Whitewings, Prop'r's

# Pima's Barber Shop

Cor. MAIN and First WEST ST. Shaving and Latest styles of hair cutting neatly executed. Finest in first-class condition. T. E. NORTON, Prop.

P. J. Jacobson. G. P. Jacobson.



Bills of Seasoned Lumber Filled From our Large Stock on Hand  
DOORS, WINDOWS, SHINGLES and BUILDERS' MATERIAL  
Nails, Paints, Locks and Hinges. PLOWS AND HARROWS,  
Hardware, Groceries, Dry Goods and all kinds of

# General Merchandise

Cheapest House in the Valley for Cash. Highest prices paid for wheat and barley. New Goods, Low Prices at our Large Building.

P. J. Jacobson & Sons,  
SAFFORD. Cor. R. R. Street.

# W. B. FONDA,

General Merchandise  
Safford, Ariz.

# The White Sewing Machine Co.

The White is King—The White is King

# The White is King

Highest Cash Prices paid for Hay, Grain and all kinds of Ranch Produce.

# No Cheap John Goods—

At Cut Prices.

# 1895 NEW CATALOGUE

QUEEN BEES  
In Season.  
Hives, Smokers, Sections, Honey Extractors, Comb Foundations AND ALL KINDS OF—  
APRIAN SUPPLIES

# W. D. Jefferson,

Safford, Arizona

# The Groesbeck

Always prepared to furnish Commercial men first-class Accommodation

Large and well ventilated rooms, are among its attractions.

Our Tables are supplied with the Best Food Attainable.

Monthly Boarders furnished special rates

MRS. E. A. GROESBECK, Proprietress.

# Restaurant

Belle and Bertha Neese, Prop'r's  
Board by the Day or Week  
Meals Served at all Hours

# G. B. McCARTY,

Contractor and Builder  
SAFFORD, ARIZ.

# Graham County

A Few Facts Concerning the Most Fertile Valley of the South-West.

# OUR MINERAL WEALTH

Is unsurpassed Both in Richness and Quantity. Through the art of Irrigation a Large Portion of our County has become a Perfect Garden.

Graham county lies in the southeastern portion of the Territory, having been formed from Pima and Apache counties by the Legislature of 1881. It has been but little known, owing to its isolated situation, up to 1894, when the Gila Valley, Globe & Northern railroad was built from the Southern Pacific road, at Bowie, into the county. At this writing it has its terminus at Thomas, but is pushing ahead, with the rich mining district of Globe, in Gila county, for its objective point. This road traverses the valley of the Gila, which comprises the largest and best tract of agricultural land in the eastern part of the Territory.

The area of the county approximates 7000 square miles. It is all at an elevation of more than 2,500 feet above sea level, which secures it from the burning heats experienced in the lower valleys to the west. Its surface is diversified by rolling hills, precipitous and rugged mountain ranges, elevated plateaus and valleys, all producing nutritious grasses fairly well in seasons of average rain fall, and affording good pasturage for a reasonable amount of stock.

The agricultural development is as yet confined to the rich alluvial soils of the river valleys, as water for irrigation is cheaply and abundantly diverted from the running streams. Here the proper system of water appropriation has been followed. The owners of the land co-operate and build and own the canals that supply their land with the necessary water, each farmer paying his pro rata of the expense attending the keeping up of the ditches and distribution of water.

Land and water here go together. When one buys a farm here he gets a certain amount of interest in a ditch that supplies his land.

The range of crops includes all kinds of small grain, corn and cotton, Irish and sweet potatoes, and all root crops, in fact everything grown in the most favored spots in the temperate zone. The capacity of our irrigated lands for fruits has not been tested except in a desultory way, each farmer having a small general orchard, but results point to a great future for horticulture. The prune, apple, pear and peach reach great size and perfection here. The seedlings produced seldom fail to equal in size and quality the grafted varieties. Some of the semitropical fruits do well, such as figs, pomegranates, and tender varieties of grapes. It is doubtful if citrus fruit can be largely cultivated.

We do not claim to produce fruits six weeks earlier than California or any other place. But we get them in proper season, of the finest quality and so abundantly that they can be put in the markets in as good condition and as cheaply and profitably perhaps as in any portion of the Union; when such business is intelligently pursued. What will perhaps most interest our readers outside of the county will be the opportunities here afforded for those desiring new homes, actuated by climatic or the many other reasons which cause a desire to change.

There is but little chance to take land under the Homestead or other acts, where water for irrigation is easily obtainable, but the price of the best improved lands with first class water rights can, as yet, be purchased at reasonable rates, as compared with many sections, not combining the advantages found here, very cheap rates.

Our highest mountain peaks touch the regions of almost perpetual snow, affording delightful retreats from the heat of summer, and perfectly accessible in a few hours drive.

We believe our county has made as good progress in all material development as any portion of the Territory, and it is based on that best of security, agriculture and great mineral deposits of well defined and permanent character, well managed and sure producers.

To the intending settler we can offer good schools, daily mails, good markets and good society. To those who first take advantage of the opportunities herein outlined will accrue the chance for best and most profitable investment.

We shall from time to time devote space to the further elaboration of facts concerning Graham county without exaggeration or misstatement.

# BE HONEST.

Gold Standard Organs of the West and South Not Pulling Well to the Same Traces with the North and East. The gold standard organs in the south and west are not pulling comfortably in the same traces with the single gold standard men of the north and east. In the south and west we hear a great deal of lovely talk about "international bimetalism." The suggestion is made that a half crop of cotton, with higher prices, means prosperity. But this is one of the most serious delusions of those who are trying to fool the people. A short crop at higher prices will bring no more money into the country than a large crop at lower prices; and money is what is needed to carry on business.

The cry of the gold-bugs in the south and west is for international bimetalism. This is folly, of course, and the people will come to understand it as such when the campaign comes on; but, meanwhile, the northern and eastern gold-bugs are going forward knocking international bimetalism in the head. They say that but one of the democratic state conventions (that of Mississippi) that have acted this year has declared for the free and unlimited coinage of silver, while Kentucky, Iowa, Maryland, Ohio, Pennsylvania, New York and New Jersey have declared against it—the ratio of strength being 18 to 270.

They purposely omit Nebraska, which nominated a full state ticket on a free coinage platform, and also omit the democratic state conventions of Illinois and Missouri, which declared for free coinage.

But what is the condition of affairs in New York, whose attitude may be taken as a fair sample of eastern sentiment? Senator Hill urged in the Syracuse convention that a steady effort be made in favor of an international agreement, and declaring against free coinage only "under present conditions." This was a part of the platform proposed in the draft prepared by the sub-committee on resolutions.

All reference to an international financial plank as passed, and a broad declaration against free coinage under any conditions was substituted. This shows that the free coinage movement, so far as the east is concerned, has no relation whatever with any attempt to inaugurate "international bimetalism." That is a mere cloak for the single gold standard, and of late the boldest of the eastern organs have thrown off this cloak as no longer necessary, and are now striving to convince their readers that an international agreement is as impracticable as free coinage.

The whole contest is now one between American bimetalism—the restoration of silver—and the gold standard. We do not blame the eastern people for advocating the single gold standard. It is to their temporary interests. Under its operations they have gained pretty nearly all that the rest of the country has lost, and they have great reason to advocate a "sound" currency at the expense of unsound prices. Cotton has advanced, but only because the farmers were compelled to cut down their crops, owing to the low prices under the single gold standard. But the higher prices they are getting now, with a short crop, will not by any means repay them for the losses they sustained under the low prices of last year.

While the eastern gold standard men have shown a disposition and a desire to throw off the thin disguise of international bimetalism, the southern and western gold standard men are making a tremendous attempt to draw it closer around their shoulders. We do not think that any honest voter can be deceived by any such bare-faced scheme, but we do think that if the single gold standardists of the south and west desire to appear before the rest of the country on an honest platform, they ought to discard and throw away the sham and disguise of "international bimetalism, which is essentially and entirely played out—Atlanta Constitution.

# ISSUING GOLD BONDS.

A Discrimination in Favor of Any One Metal Detrimental to Bimetalism. The Chicago Inter-Ocean calls attention to the following recent dispatch from the city of Mexico:

"For the present the banks here have more European exchange to offer than the market can absorb. This is due to the gratifying and constant demand for the new silver 5 per cent. bonds in the principal transatlantic money markets."

While our next door neighbor is snappy and prosperous with silver and unlimited coinage of silver and with an issue of silver bonds, what are we doing? The Inter-Ocean says: "The issuing of bonds calling specifically for gold is now familiar in this country. It is being done by states, counties, cities and all sorts and combinations of long-time borrowers. Even farm mortgages are made payable in many cases in gold. It is purely a matter of business, which concerns only the borrower and the lender. When, however, it was proposed to make the United States bonds payable in gold, instead of coin, a protest was entered, and very properly, too. The government of the United States alone has the power of making money, and a broad discrimination in favor of one particular money metal would greatly embarrass the maintenance of bimetalism, and, perhaps, render it impracticable without financial revolution. Congress was wiser herein than the president."

The Mexicans have not been so weak as to follow the example of a foreign power over the sea. They have escaped England's financial domination. At no time in the history of the country, has Mexico enjoyed such general prosperity. Home manufactures are increasing and wealth is accumulating. Within the past ten years the deposits of the banks of the City of Mexico have increased from \$7,000,000 to over \$35,000,000.

This object lesson, the Atlanta Constitution thinks, is plain enough for even the wayfaring man.

RANCH FOR SALE.  
Eighty acres of improved land two miles from Safford, patented thirty acres in alfalfa, twenty-five acres planted in corn, comfortable adobe dwelling, best well of water in the valley, irrigation facilities unsurpassed, water cannot fail until the Gila river goes dry. The ranch will pay the purchase money in two years from the alfalfa alone.  
Apply to  
F. L. R. GOOVIN, Solomonville