

[From the Lawrence Republican Extra.]  
Great Mass and Delegate Convention  
at Grasshopper Falls.

## THE PEOPLE VOTE IN OCTOBER.

FOR CONGRESS—M. J. PARROTT.  
The Topeka Constitution once more  
Ratified.

Wednesday, Aug. 26.

10. A. M.—Convention called to  
order by Dr. Root. Judge G. W.  
Smith elected president.

Upon taking the chair, he expressed  
his appreciation of the high honor  
conferred upon him. He knew we  
now have a majority in the Terri-  
tory, and hoped we should secure  
the Territorial officers. All previous  
conventions had been harmonious,  
and he hoped this would be.

Dr. James Davis and Rev. Mr.  
Foster elected Vice-Presidents. E.  
G. Ross, of Topeka, R. G. Elliot,  
Josiah Miller, Dr. Kob, elected Sec-  
retaries.

A Business Committee of fifteen  
was appointed; also a committee of  
fifteen to prepare an address to the  
people of the country, which latter  
consisted of the following persons:  
J. H. Lane, S. C. Pomeroy, H. J.  
Adams, Josiah Miller, Dr. Root, B.  
G. Elliott, Dr. Chas. Kob, J. F.  
Bliss, W. B. Parsons, Dr. Crane, P.  
C. Schuyler, Mr. Hunting, Man-  
hattan, E. S. Nash, W. F. M. Army,  
Capt. S. Walker.

Judge Conway moved, that when  
this Convention adjourns, it do ad-  
journ to meet at half-past one, P. M.  
A lively discussion arose between  
Gov. Robinson, Judge Conway, W.  
B. Parsons, W. F. M. Army, and  
others, upon the powers of the Dele-  
gate Convention. The motion pre-  
vailed, and the Convention ad-  
journed.

The Delegate Convention was im-  
mediately called to order by Dr. Root.  
H. J. Adams was appointed tempo-  
rary chairman, and A. D. Richard-  
son and Dr. Chas. Kob temporary  
secretaries.

On motion of Mr. Army, a com-  
mittee of five on credentials was ap-  
pointed, consisting of W. F. M. Army,  
G. W. Robertson, J. M. Walden, R.  
Morrow, and A. A. Jenson.

A committee on Permanent Organi-  
zation was appointed, consisting of  
H. Miles Moore, G. W. Hutchinson,  
E. G. Ross, W. H. Bayless, and  
Wm. B. Parsons.

Adjourned to 4, P. M.

1 1/2 P. M.—Mass Convention again  
assembled.

R. B. Foster, of Nebraska, made  
a short address. He said there was  
a fourfold stronger pro-slavery senti-  
ment in Nebraska than in Kansas.—  
Out of the four candidates for Dele-  
gate to Congress there, only one ever  
resided in the Territory.

James Redpath was called out, and  
opposed the idea of voting at the  
October election. He claimed that  
it was a back-down in principle so to  
do, and would result in disaster.

Judge Smith followed. He was in  
favor of voting. We cannot believe  
much that Gov. Walker says, but we  
will take him at his word. It could  
result in no injury to the Free State  
party if we were defeated.

The Business Committee reported  
the following resolutions:

Whereas, it is of the most vital  
importance to the people of Kansas  
that the Territorial Government  
should be controlled by bona fide citi-  
zens thereof, and whereas Gov.  
Walker has repeatedly pledged him-  
self that the people of Kansas shall  
have a full and fair vote before im-  
partial judges, at the election to be  
held the 1st Monday in October for  
Delegate to Congress, members of the  
Territorial Legislature, and all other  
officers,

Resolved, That we, the people  
of Kansas, in mass convention  
assembled, agree to participate in  
said election.

Resolved, That in thus acting we  
rely upon the faithful fulfillment of  
the pledges of Gov. Walker, and  
that we as hitherto protest against  
the enactments forced upon us by the  
votes of the people of Missouri.

Resolved, That this mass meeting  
proceed to the appointment of a com-  
mittee to wait upon the Territorial  
authorities and urgently insist upon  
a revision and correction of the wick-  
ed apportionment endeavored to be  
enforced upon the people of Kansas,  
to govern the election of members of  
the Territorial Legislature.

Resolved, That Gen. J. H. Lane be  
authorized and empowered to tender  
to Gov. Walker the forces organized  
by him under the resolution passed by  
the convention held at Topeka on the  
15th of July ultimo, to be used for  
the protection of the ballot box.

Report accepted.

Judge Conway opposed the two  
first resolutions in a speech of con-  
siderable length. He urged that we  
afflicted ourselves by going into the  
election. The Judge spoke with a  
good deal of animation, and although  
it was evident that his views were  
not at all popular, he firmly declared  
his honest sentiments, and recorded  
himself against the election. If the  
people went into the election at all,  
he wished them to do it with manly

in their hands, and maintain their  
rights at the polls at all hazards.

Gen. Lane was vociferously called  
for. He commenced by comparing  
our condition to that of a prisoner  
who escaped from his dungeon by the  
drain which carried off the filth of the  
prison. It was a dreadful alterna-  
tive, but he chose it. So with us.  
He abhorred the idea of having any-  
thing to do with the bogus concern,  
but we must do it. This was not a  
Free-State convention. True there  
was a working majority here, but it  
is the People's Convention, irrespec-  
tive of party. With that fervid, in-  
describable eloquence which character-  
izes his speeches, he alluded to the  
commencement of the revolution.—  
Only a small party came forward and  
engaged for life in the struggle.—  
Many hesitated before venturing to  
risk all upon the issue, while many  
went over to the enemy. He did not  
charge that there were Tories in Kan-  
sas, but there were prudent men who  
wished to exhaust every peaceful  
method of settling affairs before go-  
ing into battle for their rights. He  
desired to go into the election, but  
there must be no backing down. In  
October we have the General and  
Territorial Governments and Mis-  
souri to meet and overcome. But we  
can and must do it. He here alluded  
to the recent disturbance at Atchison,  
and said a resolution had been pas-  
sed there, declaring it caused by a  
personal matter between himself and  
some citizens there. He called upon  
Gen. Pomeroy to explain.

Pomeroy said it was true. They  
did so consider it. A man at Atchison  
said that Lane killed his brother  
at Hickory Point, and he with friends  
wished for vengeance. Pomeroy said  
they were engaged in a gradual  
movement at Atchison, and wished to  
be left by outsiders, to solve the prob-  
lem themselves. If Lane had been  
a candidate, they would have defend-  
ed him, but under the circumstances  
did not feel at liberty to embroil the  
town in trouble to sustain Gen.  
Lane.

Lane said his appointments to  
speak were made out by the District  
Committee. He asked if Hickory  
Point battle was a personal affair?—  
Was Bull Creek a personal affair?—  
He said Pro-Slavery men in Atchison  
had said that "Neither Jim Lane nor  
any other damned abolitionist should  
speak there." (Several voices, "I  
heard that," "I heard it many times.")

Lane considered it a party affair,  
and an effort to suppress free speech.  
He disliked to bring this personal  
matter before the Convention, but it  
was a duty to himself. He urged  
the absolute necessity of carrying the  
election. No man would go farther  
for peace, but if invaded again, we  
should meet the invaders at the thresh-  
old, and drive them back or die. Let  
every man join some company. With  
organization we can carry the elec-  
tion. He declared his undying affec-  
tion for the Topeka Constitution, and  
all that we do in this election is to  
sustain that.

After considerable confusion, Wm.  
A. Phillips succeeded in obtaining  
the floor. We were very sorry to see  
an attempt upon the part of some to  
prevent Mr. Phillips from speaking.  
We are glad to believe, however, that  
it arose principally from a desire to  
do up the business without delay. He  
asked, "Are you ready to assert your  
rights at the ballot box by force?"  
"Yes, yes!" was the reply. But it  
has been urged, he said, that we must  
go into the election to settle the mat-  
ter peacefully. This did not seem  
like a very peaceful policy. If the peo-  
ple are determined to go into the  
election, it was not his province to  
oppose them; but he said that the  
way was beset with difficulties, and  
believed that it would result disas-  
trously to the Free State party.

He then introduced the following  
resolution:

Resolved, That should any power,  
legitimate or otherwise, be obtained  
by any force of Free State voters at  
the proceeding called an election, in  
October next, that this Convention  
resolves that such powers shall only  
be used for the destruction of usurpa-  
tion, and that a Territorial Govern-  
ment shall not be perpetuated, but  
that the Government under the Topeka  
Constitution is the only legitimate  
Government.

This resolution was referred to the  
Business Committee, and in its place  
they brought in the following:

Resolved, That this mass meeting  
express their unalterable determina-  
tion to adhere to the Topeka Consti-  
tution and Government, and that all  
our action shall be pointed towards  
settling that Government in motion  
in a legitimate manner at an early day.

Gov. Robinson was called out, and  
made one of the best of those com-  
mon-sense speeches which are charac-  
teristic of this gentleman. He com-  
menced with the proposition that men  
who are too conscientious and too  
honorable to change their tactics with  
a change of circumstances; are too  
conscientious for politicians. He  
was not in favor of going into the last  
election, because we could have no  
show; but now there was a chance to  
peacefully settle the difficulty, and  
we should try it. If we were defeated  
by fraud, we have only to prove the  
fraud and we are stronger than now.  
We should then have a perfect unity

in Kansas, and have the support of  
the entire North. He believed that  
if we obtain possession of the Terri-  
torial Government, it will be used to  
sustain the Topeka Government.—  
But he would not have this Con-  
vention decide what should be done in  
this respect. "Sufficient unto the  
day is the evil thereof." We cannot  
now decide what course it will be best  
to take.

The resolutions were then unani-  
mously adopted.

Gen. Lane introduced the follow-  
ing resolution, which was adopted:  
Resolved, That a Territorial Com-  
mittee of twenty persons shall be ap-  
pointed, any five of whom shall con-  
stitute a quorum, who shall keep an  
office at some central point, and con-  
tinue in session till after the election.

The following persons constitute  
that committee: J. H. Lane, Chair-  
man, C. K. Holliday, Dr. James Dav-  
is, O. C. Leonard, Anderson John-  
son, W. F. M. Army, G. W. Hutchin-  
son, J. R. Porter, H. Miles Moore,  
Alexander Jamison, G. W. Brown,  
Robert Riddle, W. R. Frost, G. W.  
Smith, J. K. Goodin, Dr. Gilpatrick,  
P. C. Schuyler, Dr. Robertson, Ed-  
ward Lines, C. W. Babcock.

Committee to wait on Gov. Walk-  
er in accordance with the 3d resolu-  
tion, is composed of the following  
persons: W. Y. Roberts, H. J. Adams,  
S. C. Pomeroy, C. K. Holliday,  
J. K. Goodin.

C. Storrs, Jr., introduced the fol-  
lowing resolution, which was adopted.

Resolved, That we recommend the  
appointment of a committee of three  
or more reliable Free State men, in  
every voting precinct, who shall re-  
cord the votes of all persons during  
the day.

The Mass Convention then ad-  
journed.

Delegate Convention was immedi-  
ately called to order by H. J. Adams,  
temporary Chairman. Committee  
on Organization reported as follows:  
For President, W. Y. Roberts; Vice  
Presidents, H. J. Adams and G. W.  
Smith; Secretaries, A. D. Richard-  
son and E. G. Ross. Report accepted.

Gen. Lane said: "If there is a man  
here who wishes to present any other  
name than that of Marcus J. Parrott  
as Delegate to Congress, let him  
speak." No reply. "I move, then,  
that we dispense with all formalities,  
and nominate Marcus J. Parrott to  
that office by acclamation." This  
was responded to by three hearty  
cheers, and the candidate appeared  
upon the stand. We cannot give a  
full report of his speech, and we will  
not mar its beautiful proportions by  
attempting to condense it. Those  
long, polished periods, rich in classi-  
cal allusions and striking metaphors,  
and at the same time replete with argu-  
ment, are such as fall from the lips  
of few men. Mr. Parrott is, in the  
fullest sense of the word, an orator;  
and those who did not before appre-  
ciate the fact, could see that his des-  
tiny is in his own hands.

At the close of his speech the con-  
vention adjourned sine die.

At 7 P. M., the mass convention  
again assembled and listened to  
speeches from H. Miles Moore, Mr.  
Adams of Leavenworth, M. J. Parrott  
Gen. Lane, G. W. Hutchinson and  
others. Adjourned sine die.

Awful News from Washington!

BUCHANAN CALLS ON GOD  
TO HELP HIM ENFORCE  
THE BOGUS TERRITORIAL  
"LAWS"!!!

St. Louis, August 20.

A dispatch from Washington says  
the President, a short time since,  
received a letter from Professor Silli-  
man and others, including several  
Doctors of Divinity of New Haven,  
objecting to the employment by him  
of the United States forces to execute  
the so-called laws of Kansas; and  
assuring him they will cease not to  
pray that he may have the proper  
course of duty pointed out to him, or  
something to that effect.

To this letter the President has  
just replied—pointedly denying their  
prayers, questioning their knowledge  
of those laws; and, after acknowl-  
edging their validity, assures them  
that, BY THE HELP OF GOD, HE  
WILL ENFORCE THEM, in ac-  
cordance with his oath of office.

**MARRIAGES**  
At Cole Creek, Aug. 24, by Rev. Mr. Ely,  
Mr. GEORGE PHILLIPS, to Miss MARIA SWARTZ.

**DEATHS**  
At Prairie City, Aug. 31st, of Typhoid  
Fever, Mr. DANIEL TOWNSEND, aged about  
thirty five years. He was formerly from  
Wapello, Iowa.

At Lawrence, on the 3d inst., Mr. Geo.  
NIXON, aged 28 years.

**S. S. PROUTY**  
REGISTER OF DEEDS,  
Prairie City, Kansas.  
Office in Freeman's Chamber, Block

## PRAIRIE CITY MARKET.

PRAIRIE CITY, Sept. 3, 1857.  
FLOUR—Superfine, \$5 50 per hundred.  
WHEAT—1 50 per bushel.  
CORN—None in market.  
CORN MEAL—\$2 00.  
WHITE BEANS—None in market.  
POTATOS— " " "  
GREEN APPLES— " " "  
DRIED " " "  
CRACKERS—20c. per lb.  
FRESH BUTTER—25c. " lb.  
CHEESE—30c. " lb.  
SALMON—15c. per lb.  
BROWN SUGAR—18c. " "  
WHITE " " 18c. per lb.  
RICE—10 to 12c. " "  
TEAS—75c. @ \$1 00 " "  
COFFEE—16c. @ 20c. " "  
BEANS—5c. " "  
BAKON—12 @ 14c. " "  
CONFINE—10 @ 12c. " "  
MACKEREL—15c. " "  
TOBACCO—50 @ 60c. " "  
MANILLA ROPE—25c. " "  
SOAP—10c. " "  
CANDLES—Star, 30 @ 35c. " "  
TALLOW—12c. " "  
COTTON BATTING—20c. " "  
IRON—7 @ 10c. " "  
NAILS—8c. " "  
LOG CHAIRS—10 @ 12c. " "  
SAD IRON—10 @ 12c. " "  
HIDES—Green, 5c.; dry, 10c. " lb.  
SALT—3c. sack of 200 lbs., \$5 00.  
AXES—\$1 25 @ \$1 50.  
OX BOWS—3c. piece, 50c.  
SHOES—3c. pair, 50c.  
Boots—Stogies, 3c. pair, \$3 50 @ \$4 00  
" " " " \$5 00 @ \$6 00  
SHEETINGS—Brown, 1/2 yard, 12c. @ 15c.  
" " " " 12c. @ 20c.  
PRINTS—1/2 yard, 8 @ 15c.  
DELAINE— " " 20 @ 35c.  
OIL—Lard, 1/2 gal., \$1 50.  
MOLASSES— " " \$1 10.  
SYRUP— " " \$1 25.  
WOOD—Hard, 3c. cord, \$2 50.  
COAL—Stone, 3c. bushel, 25 @ 35c.  
GLASS—8 by 10, per light, 7c.  
" 10 by 12 " 8c.  
" 10 by 14 " 8 1/2c.  
LUMBER—Per thousand, \$25 @ 35.  
SHINGLES—per thousand \$5 50 @ \$6 50  
WORK OXEN—\$50 @ \$100  
COWS—\$15 @ \$35.  
HORSES AND MULES—\$75 @ \$150.  
LUMBER WAGONS—\$80 @ \$110.

## PRAIRIE CITY & LAWRENCE Daily Express!

STAGES will leave Prairie City every  
morning at 8 o'clock A. M., and Law-  
rence every evening at 4 o'clock P. M.  
Fare, each way, \$1 00  
" to Lawrence and back same day 1 50  
Special attention will be given to the  
transmission of goods and packages, and  
the collection of notes, drafts, and accounts  
at and between  
PRAIRIE CITY,  
BROOKLYN,  
WAKARUSA  
and LAWRENCE.

If This Express will connect at Law-  
rence with Richardson's Missouri River  
Express. 10 JAS. W. BEGGES.

## AUCTION! AUCTION!

H. A. COOK,  
AUCTIONEER & SALESMAN,  
Prairie City, Kansas.  
Offices in "Freeman's Chamber" Block  
and at his residence, 3 miles west of  
Prairie City. 9 ly

WM. MEWHINNEY,  
AUCTIONEER & SALESMAN,  
Prairie City, Kansas.  
Will promptly attend to buying and selling  
on commission. Office at the store  
of Shore & Mewhinney. 9 1/2

## Sowers ain't Dead!

IF HE HASN'T DONE MUCH LATELY:  
The Saw-Mills are now running, and  
Lumber is plenty.

HO! ye who are in want of Houses, listen  
unto me while I tale unfold:  
I have it to say that I have lately en-  
gaged in my employ some of the best Car-  
penters the country affords; and as building  
material is now plenty, I am prepared to  
do all kinds of work in my line of business  
in the best style of workmanship and with  
the utmost dispatch. Gentlemen, please  
examine my work, and see for yourselves.  
I say that for durability and neatness, my  
work will compare favorably with that of  
anybody else's, and as for CHEAPNESS, I defy  
any one to underbid me.  
My terms are strictly cash.  
WM. SOWERS.  
Prairie City, July 20th, 1857.

A. L. ROSS, JR. B. F. SEE

## ROSS & SEE, General Land Agents,

LAWRENCE, KANSAS.  
LANDS entered on time in any of the  
Western States or Territories. Town  
Lots, Farms, Stocks, Claims and property  
of every description bought and sold on  
commission. Letters of inquiry promptly  
answered. 7d

WILLIAM GRAHAM, M. D.,  
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.  
Prairie City, Kansas.

Respectfully returns his thanks to the citi-  
zens of Prairie City for the liberal patronage  
heretofore bestowed upon him, and  
hopes to merit a continuation of the same.  
He will devote his entire attention to the  
profession, and will pay particular atten-  
tion to operations in surgery.  
Office on Main street. 1 y

LANE & ELIAS,  
LAND AGENTS,  
Prairie City, Kansas Territory.

Will promptly attend to buying and sel-  
ling claims; investing in to a property,  
loaning money, paying taxes, &c.  
F. H. LANE, Huntington, Pa.  
GIBSON ELIAS, Prairie City, K. T. 1 y

J. W. PENoyer & CO.,  
FORWARDING AND  
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,  
No. 4, Delaware City, Kansas.

O. WILMARTH  
BOOK SELLER & STATIONER,  
30 Mass. street, Lawrence, K. T.  
LADY'S Under Slaves for sale at  
W. & W.

## WAR! WAR!!

Against High Prices!

## PRAIRIE CITY AHEAD!

No use of going to Lawrence or Leaven-  
worth to do your trading, when you  
can get as good bargains at  
home.

## New Firm—New Goods!

at the  
GREAT WESTERN SQUATTER STORE

SAMUEL T. SHORE

WOULD most respectfully inform the  
good people of Prairie City and vi-  
cinity, that the firm heretofore existing  
under the name and style of Shore & Mc-  
Manus, has been dissolved by mutual con-  
sent, and that a new firm has been estab-  
lished under the name and style of  
SHORE & MEWHINNEY.

Who are making preparations to drive bu-  
siness on a more extensive scale than has  
ever yet been done in this region of country.  
They receive their goods  
DIRECT FROM ST. LOUIS,

And are therefore enabled to sell them as  
low as the merchants of Leavenworth or  
Lawrence, and they invite the people to bear  
witness that they will sell them as low.

They are constantly receiving new sup-  
plies of  
GROCERIES, HARDWARE, DRY  
GOODS, FANCY GOODS, &c.

And soon will be able to supply the entire  
wants of the people in the mercantile line.

PROVISIONS.

Everything in the line of provisions kept  
constantly on hand.

OUR TERMS ARE CASH!

N. B. Will our customers, who have ac-  
counts standing with us, please call imme-  
diately and settle the same, so as to enable  
us to purchase more supplies of new goods?

SAMUEL T. SHORE,  
WM. MEWHINNEY.

Prairie City, July 18, 1857.—41f

## HARPER'S NEW MONTHLY MAGAZINE.

Each number of the Magazine will con-  
tain 144 octavo pages, in double columns,  
each year thus comprising nearly 2,000  
pages of the choicest miscellany of the day!  
Every number will contain numerous Pic-  
torial Illustrations, accurate Plates of Fash-  
ions, a copious Chronicle of Current Events,  
and impartial Notices of the important  
Books of the month. The Volumes com-  
mence with the Numbers of June and De-  
cember; but subscriptions may commence  
with any number.

Terms.—The Magazine may be obtained  
of booksellers, periodical agents, or from  
the publishers, at Three Dollars a year, or  
twenty-five cents each. Thirteen volumes  
are now ready, bound in cloth at 2 1/2 dol.  
each, and also in half calf, at 2 1/2 dol. each.

The publishers will supply specimen  
numbers gratuitously to Agents and Post-  
masters, and will make liberal arrange-  
ments with them for circulating the Maga-  
zine. They will also supply a club of two  
persons, at five dollars a year, or five per-  
sons for ten dollars. Clergymen and teach-  
ers supplied at two dollars a year. Num-  
bers from the commencement can be sup-  
plied. Also the bound volumes.—  
The Magazine weighs over seven and  
not over eight ounces. The postage upon  
each number, which must be paid quarterly  
in advance, at the office where the Maga-  
zine is received, is 3 cents.

## BEWARE OF THE POPE!

The old seven-headed monster is now as  
busily at work with his infernal machina-  
tions to undermine our American institu-  
tions, as ever. With his insidious smiles  
and sallow interest which he manifests for  
our people, he is rapidly gaining ground in  
our country; but in PRAIRIE CITY, so long as  
JOHN GRAHAM, with his army of na-  
tions are at work, the "old rip" can never  
obtain a foothold.

Mr. Graham is now prepared to do all  
kinds of work which is done with stone,  
brick, lime and sand. He has in his em-  
ploy some of the best workmen the country  
affords, and consequently can do all work  
entrusted him in the most workmanlike  
manner. Buildings constructed by the job  
or the day, according to the fancy of the  
people. He may always be found at Prairie  
City.  
JOHN GRAHAM.  
Prairie City, June 25th 1857.—1-1f

## Take Notice.

GEORGE WOLFE would announce to the  
Citizens of Prairie City and vicinity that  
he has a number of excellent workmen un-  
der his employ, and is prepared to execute  
all orders in the carpentering line with de-  
patch. He is an experienced carpenter,  
and the people would do well to employ  
him. He is a bona fide citizen, and will  
attend promptly to his business, thus ren-  
dering entire satisfaction to his employers.  
6-1f

## Masons Wanted!

WANTED immediately, at Prairie City  
several good stone masons, to whom  
steady employment and good wages will be  
given. Inquire of  
JOHN GRAHAM.

## Hauling & Hauling!

WE have two teams, which we hold in  
readiness to do hauling. Our terms  
are moderate. [44f] S. & W.

## DR. JAYNES' family Medicines, for sale

at 31 & 33 W. & W.

## For Sale or Rent.

JOHN GRAHAM is now erecting a new  
stone building, which he offers for sale  
as it now stands, or for rent when completed.  
It is suitable for a dwelling house and will  
easily accommodate two families.

A bargain can be struck on moderate  
terms. Inquire of the advertiser.  
Prairie City, July 20th, 1857. 41f

## GIDEON ELIAS, PRACTICAL SURVEYOR

Prairie City, Kansas.  
Has permanently located at Prairie City,  
and is prepared to make town plats, survey  
towns, and do everything in the line of his  
profession.

## TRUSTEES NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that Stockhol-  
ders of the Prairie City Association  
failing to comply with the requirements of  
the Association in regard to making certain  
improvements before the 1st of October,  
their interests shall be declared void. "A  
word to the wise," &c. Per order of  
the TRUSTEES.  
6-1f

## READY-made Clothing, for sale at

W. & W.

## ST. LOUIS ADVERTISEMENTS.

From the Newspaper Advertising Agency of  
J. E. DUDDERIDGE,  
Corner of Main and Olive sts., St. Louis.

## DOWDALL, MARKHAM & CO., WASHINGTON FOUNDRY,

Engine and Machine Shop,  
CORNER OF SECOND AND MORGAN  
STREETS, ST. LOUIS MO.

Manufacturers of Steam Engines, Saw  
and Grist Mill Machinery, single and double  
Circular Saw Mills, Tobacco Screws and  
Presses, Lard Keelers, Lard Screws and  
Cylinders, Wool Carding Machines, Build-  
ing Castings, Young's Improved Patent  
Saw Mills, &c.  
Agents for the sale of James Smith &  
Co.'s Superior Machine Cards. 6 ly

## New Goods! New Goods!

## WINTON & WILLETT'S CHEAP CASH STORE.

We are not quite in the new store, but  
nevertheless we can offer as good  
an assortment of goods, and  
probably better than is  
kept in any trading  
house in this  
part of  
the Territory.

Our stock con-  
sists of  
Dry Goods,  
Groceries, Hard-  
ware, Queensware, Tin-  
ware, Woodware, Hats, Boots  
and Shoes—and in fact we can  
pleasethemost fastidious, having on hand  
FINE DRY GOODS,  
such as

Challis Delains,  
Berege Delains,  
Deleges,  
Lawns,  
Merinos,  
Alapacas,  
Ginghams,  
Prints,  
Tweeds,  
Gloves,  
Cassimeres,  
Mohair Cloths,  
Summer Cottonades,  
Linen and Silk Handkerchiefs, &c.

Also Sash, Glass, Putty, Linseed  
Oil and Turpentine.

Call before purchasing elsewhere.  
You will always find John R. and  
O. P. obliging and willing to sell, at  
prices that will retain their old cus-  
tomers, and get a great many new  
ones.

Prairie City, June 20th, 1857.

## A FIRST CLASS FAMILY NEWSPAPER.

## HARPER'S WEEKLY.