

"When I See a Mean Dog," Says Bill Dickinson Small, "I'm Pretty Sure I Can Find the Name of a Mean Man On the Collar."

PRESIDENT WILL BE RENOMINATED THIS EVENING

Wilson Will Be Named in Democratic Convention Tonight

GLYNN STARTS ENTHUSIASM

His Keystone Speech Endorsing Wilson's Conduct of Foreign Affairs Wins Applause.

St. Louis, June 15.—Judge Westcott of New Jersey stated at noon today that he would renominate President Wilson in the democratic national convention at 8 o'clock this evening.

The convention was called to order at 11:45 this morning. The committee on credentials made its report and Ollie James of Kentucky was made permanent chairman.

St. Louis, Mo., June 15.—The democratic national convention at its first session yesterday heard the keynote of Americanism and peace preparedness and prosperity sounded by former Gov. Glynn of New York, as temporary chairman, and registered by demonstration after demonstration its approval of President Wilson's peaceful conduct of foreign affairs.

The convention, which had gotten under way with such perfunctory demonstrations as mark every national gathering of the kind, soon stirred itself into roaring cheers as Chairman Glynn cited historic parallels to show that other presidents, including republicans, had adjusted threatening foreign situations without resort to war.

"The policy of the administration," he declared, "has been just as American as the American flag itself." As he went down the list of presidents, recounting their actions to avoid war, the delegates caught the spirit of his argument and as he referred to each particular president some delegate would call: "What did he do?"

"He settled the trouble by negotiation," was the reply which Glynn invariably returned and the convention would roar its approval.

William J. Bryan, as a newspaper correspondent in the press stand, wept with emotion as Glynn pictured the victories of peace, but he laughed with the crowd when a Texas delegate, interrupting Glynn, leaped to his chair and cried: "And don't forget the policy also is satisfactory to William Jennings Bryan."

Aside from a 16-minute demonstration which began when Chairman Glynn predicted President Wilson's reelection, Glynn's speech was sprinkled with demonstrations which he found difficult to stem so that he could go on. It was plain that the telling points on the delegates were the recital of President Wilson's efforts to keep the country at peace.

"This policy," he said, "may not satisfy the fire-eater and the swash-buckler. But it does satisfy the mothers of the land at whose hearts and freinds no jingoistic war has placed an empty chair. It does satisfy the daughters of this land from whom bluster and brag have sent no living mother to the resolution of the grave. It does satisfy the fathers of this land and the sons of the land who will fight for our flag and die for our flag when reason prizes the rifle; when honor draws the sword, and when justice breathes a blessing on the standard they uphold." The last of the words were drowned out in a roar of applause that swept the Coliseum. "Repeat it," cried the delegates. "Repeat it." "All right, be quiet and I'll repeat it," responded Glynn, and he did to applause and cheering.

No other president since Lincoln, Glynn told the delegates, had faced such crucial problems, none had displayed a grasp of statesmanship more profound. "Whether the course the country has pursued during this crucial period is to be continued and whether the principles that have been asserted as our national policy shall be inforsed or withdrawn," Glynn told the convention, was the paramount question for the voters to decide.

After hearing the keynote speech the convention adjourned until 11 o'clock this morning. Committees then went into session to prepare their work for the session.

Conferees among leaders which have followed the arrival of Secretary Baker with first-hand words from President Wilson on many features of the declaration of principles brought last night to a point where, aside from the all-important issue of foreign affairs, it stood substantially as follows: No specific mention would be made of Mexico and that subject would be covered by implication in general declarations outlining relations of the United States with other governments. This portion of the platform would declare unequivocally for the right of every nation to regulate its own internal affairs and would point out that this government would be satisfied with nothing less for itself.

Rights of American citizens would

be dealt with in a long plank declaring for their protection at home and abroad. In a defense of American neutrality as strict and honest as the provisions would make an attempt to secure a specific reference, although not a specific reference, and would point out that questions involving not life, but only property, can be settled by indemnity and reparation when the passions of war have subsided.

A permanent peace tribunal would be advocated in one of the platform planks as a court of arbitral justice to which all disputes between nations should be referred. How far the platform may reflect the president's recent declaration of willingness to have the United States join a world league to enforce peace by a common police force is not yet determined.

While the platform would deal with the peaceful settlement of disputes between nations, it would be outspoken in its declarations that the navy should be of proportions and efficiency to make effective the Monroe doctrine, and that the standing army should be of sufficient strength to secure the country against unexpected aggression. The platform, in the same connection, would declare for a sufficient reserve force to secure the nation against invasion and aggression at all times. Coupled with this declaration for a strong army and navy would be a straightforward pronouncement against all wars of aggression and against violations of territorial aggression. This would be intended as a declaration to the world that the United States, as the foremost spokesman for peace and judicial settlement of disputes, makes its military preparations not for aggression but for defense.

Touching internal questions, the platform would declare for an eight-hour day for working men, and also civil service pensions with a declaration that the government should care for those upon whom it depends to man its operating machinery. One plank would deal with child labor and another would advocate legislation in the interest of labor in all government institutions.

In several succeeding planks the legislative record of the administration would be set forth, with references to the federal reserve law, the trade commission bill, the shipping bill, the tariff bill, rural credits legislation and other measures passed by Congress or now being pressed by the administration. Then the platform would contain a definite pronouncement that when the program now under way is completed there will be no more legislation which the business world could regard as restraining, in short, business would be promised a rest from congressional interferences.

The draft as Secretary Baker carried it from the White House made no claim for general approval of the president's course for "peace prosperity," but President Wilson's friends in St. Louis are insistent that the platform would not be complete without a strong presentation on that point, and Senator Hastings of Wisconsin was assigned to prepare a plank, with the suggestion that it be drafted in terms sufficiently strong to make it one of the keystones of the campaign. The enthusiastic manner in which the convention yesterday received Temporary Chairman Glynn's speech of justification of the president's policies in keeping the country at peace has lent force to this plan.

A plank on woman suffrage which was suggested by the president himself probably will be redrafted. Some of the resolutions committee thought it might be regarded as not sufficiently definite. Indications last night were that the plank will be not unlike the republican plank, recognizing the right of suffrage for women but holding to the right of the states to regulate the ballot themselves. President Wilson has repeatedly stated his position in that way to suffrage leaders, and in the New Jersey elections last year voted for the suffrage amendment which was beaten.

BIG LEAGUE BASEBALL

American League
St. Louis 8, Boston 5.
Detroit 6, New York 2.
Chicago 4, Washington 1.
Only three games scheduled.

Table with columns: Team, Won, Lost, P. C.
Cleveland 31 19 .628
New York 25 22 .529
Washington 26 23 .531
Detroit 26 24 .520
Boston 25 24 .511
Chicago 23 24 .489
St. Louis 22 27 .449
Philadelphia 15 30 .333

National League
Boston 4, Cincinnati 3, (12 Innings).
Philadelphia 3, Pittsburg 2 (12 Innings).
Brooklyn 8, St. Louis 5.
Chicago 4, New York 0.

Table with columns: Team, Won, Lost, P. C.
Brooklyn 27 16 .628
Philadelphia 26 19 .578
New York 23 21 .523
Chicago 25 25 .500
Boston 21 22 .488
Cincinnati 22 26 .458
Pittsburg 20 26 .435
St. Louis 21 30 .412

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

WILSON CHARGES FOREIGN-BORN ARE DISLOYAL

Natives of European Countries Trying to Undermine Government

ENDEAVORS MUST BE CRUSHED

President Throws Down Gage to Hyphenated Americans Who Are Opposing His Re-election.

Washington, June 15.—A charge that some foreign-born citizens of the United States are trying to levy political blackmail and to undermine the influence of the national government was made by President Wilson in a flag-day speech yesterday. His assertion sounded the keynote of one of the foremost issues on which he will go before the country for re-election, and touched upon a platform declaration which will be submitted by the administration to the St. Louis convention.

The president spoke before a crowd of thousands gathered at the foot of the Washington monument, after he had reviewed for five hours a great preparedness parade, at the head of which he himself had marched down Pennsylvania avenue. He declared that not since the civil war had it been tested as it now is being tested whether the stars and stripes stood for any one united purpose.

"There is disloyalty active in the United States and it must be absolutely crushed," declared the president, speaking emphatically. "It proceeds from a minority, a very small minority, but a very active and subtle minority. It works underground, but it also shows its ugly head where we can see it, and there are those at this moment who are trying to lay a species of blackmail, saying, 'Do what we wish in the interest of foreign sentiment or we will wreck our vengeance at the polls.' That is the sort of thing against which the American nation will turn with a might and a triumph of sentiment which will teach these scoundrels once for all that loyalty to this flag is the first test of tolerance in the United States."

The president's words were taken as an open challenge to foreign-born Americans who, he had learned from various sources, are opposing him for re-election. Officials close to him said he was outlining his stand on what he had determined to make a predominant issue in this campaign.

PROGRESSIVES' POSITION

National Committeemen to Find Out Sentiment of the Party

Burlington, June 14.—Dr. H. Nelson Jackson, national committeeman of the Progressive party for the State of Vermont, arrived in this city from Chicago early yesterday morning. To a Free Press reporter, who inquired just what the Progressive party intended doing, Dr. Jackson stated that after the progressive convention a meeting of the national committee was called. The committee organized and practically appointed the same officers and the executive committee. It was decided that each committeeman should go back to his State and call the leaders of the Progressive party together, consult with them and find out just what their wishes are for future plans and, as per Colonel Roosevelt's message to the convention, they are to meet again in Chicago on June 26 to consult with him. This is the only official statement that Dr. Jackson would give out as he strongly feels that he is simply a servant of his party and must consult with them here before anything officially can be given for publication.

Dr. Jackson was then asked how he felt personally regarding the present conditions. He stated that he has always been a Roosevelt admirer from first to last and that Colonel Roosevelt's attitude now in the matter was just what he would expect from him; that the colonel would always take his country into consideration before he would his personal desires and ambitions.

The doctor was asked what he thought of Justice Hughes and he stated that his only hope now was that he would be able to control votes enough to beat Wilson, and that Wilson was going to be a mighty hard man to beat. "There was talk in Chicago," said Dr. Jackson, "that Henry Ford was going to back Bryan with his millions and that a new party would be formed with Bryan as president and Mr. Ford as vice-president and that their issue would be peace and temperance. Conditions in St. Louis this week ought to tell that story."

"Do you think Colonel Roosevelt will be forced to run by the progressives?" was then asked of the doctor, and he personally stated that under our present national conditions he did not think the colonel would do it. "How do you feel regarding the political situation and what are the results of your experience in Chicago?" Dr. Jackson was asked. The doctor's answer to this was that just now he felt like one of the old-time politicians, who stated to him in Chicago that the longer he was in American politics the more he became a hero worshipper and that his three heroes were G. J. Gould, because he stated, "The public be damned"; P. T. Barnum, "That the American people like to be fooled," and Bismarck, "That words were made to cover up one's feelings."

"What will be your next move?" was asked. He replied as follows: "I wish I was a little rock sitting on a hill doing nothing all day long and just a sitting still; I'd never smoke, I'd never drink, I'd never even wash, I'd sit and sit a thousand years and rest myself—by gosh!"

CZERNOWITZ CUT OFF AND DOOMED TO SURRENDER

Russians Have Completely Isolated Capital of Bukovina

LEMBERG ABOUT TO FALL

One Report Has It That Austrians Have Already Evacuated Environs City

London, June 14.—The Russians, continuing their advance along the whole southeastern front, from the Pripet marshes to the Rumanian frontier, have extended their great offensive to the northern front, against General von Hindenburg's army. Attack after attack was launched today against the German positions about seventy-five miles north of Pinsk, and, although they broke down under the furious fire of the German guns, it is evident that they succeeded in placing the Kaiser's forces in a position that will preclude any further offensive movements on their part for some time to come.

The movement intended to divert the Russians from the fighting in the south has only resulted in further exposing the bear's claws. The initial attempt of the Germans to clip them on only ugly scratches. The present objective of the Russians on the southern front are Kovel, Lemberg and Czernowitz. Tonight the Russian armies are just twenty-five miles from Kovel and forty-eight miles from Lemberg. They have completely enveloped Czernowitz, cut off its railway communications from the north and pressed twenty miles beyond it toward the heart of the Galician plains. The fortress-capital of Bukovina can hold out in its present isolated condition only a few hours.

Nothing but a complete reversal of conditions along the Galician front can save Lemberg. One report says that the city has already been evacuated by the Austrians.

108; BORN IN VERMONT
John Shequin of Balaton, Minn., Native of Franklin.

Balaton, Minn.—William has the measles. He's sixty and has been taking care of papa since the latter passed the hundred year mark, but now papa is taking care of William. William is the son of John Shequin, who soon will be 108 years old. Mr. Shequin, Sr., has been ailing a little lately, but under the care of his wife and William he is able to be up and about again. Father and Mother Shequin celebrated their diamond wedding anniversary three years ago. Mr. Shequin, Sr., was born in Franklin, Vt., and was seven years old when the war of 1812 ended. He couldn't enlist in the civil war because he was too old. His wife was Louise Rigford of Standbridge, Canada. She is nearly ninety-eight years old. The Shequins moved here from Freeborn county, Minn., in 1873. William, being only sixty, is expected to recover from the measles.

LOST—A flybook containing flies and hooks. Reward if left at Banner office. 102\*

WANTED—Help. Apply at The Orchard, Tel. 261-M. 191\*

P. V. PERROTT

Italian interpreter and General Work Contractor. Labor furnished for all kinds of construction. Colorless waterproofing for exterior walls, Dampproofing, Dust-proofing.

Economy Waterproofing Prod. Co. Cement Waterproofing. 489 Fifth Ave., New York City. Represented by: P. V. PERROTT, 136 Lincoln St., Bennington, Vt.

HUGHES INDORSED BY ROOSEVELT REPUBLICANS

Sub Committee Presents Statement to G.O.P. Standard Bearer

COLONEL'S SUPPORT EXPECTED

Friends Insist That Bull Moose Leader Will Soon Confer With Republican Candidate.

New York, June 15.—The Roosevelt Republican Committee, organized to bring about the nomination of the Colonel by the Republican convention, formally indorsed the candidacy of Charles Evans Hughes yesterday and called upon "every loyal Republican and every citizen who believes in Americanism and preparedness" to work for his election.

The indorsement came in the form of a statement presented to Mr. Hughes by a sub-committee of three of the Roosevelt Republican Committee. The three, Robert C. Morris, Courtland Nicol and John H. Iselin, called at the Hughes headquarters at the Hotel Astor and had a conference with the man they now had as leader. The statement, which was one of the most pleasing documents that Mr. Hughes has seen since his arrival here Monday morning, follows:

"The Roosevelt Republican Committee was organized to support Colonel Roosevelt in his advocacy of Americanism and preparedness, and to unite the Republican party upon him as its candidate because of his leadership in the presentation of these principles. The Republican National convention has strongly enunciated these principles in its platform, and the committee feels that the chief purpose of its existence has been accomplished. Charles Evans Hughes, the candidate of the Republican party, stands upon this platform, and the committee therefore urges upon every loyal Republican and every citizen who believes in Americanism and preparedness to support him."

"The committee has finished its work, but its individual members will give their earnest support to Mr. Hughes. The committee expresses its complete confidence that Mr. Hughes will be elected to the presidency in November."

"George V. L. Meyer, Chairman, Roosevelt Republican Committee."

None of Mr. Hughes' immediate friends and advisers are worrying over the failure of Colonel Roosevelt to indorse him. They all feel certain that the Colonel will do this and that it will not be long before the two meet. One old friend of the Colonel who called at Hughes headquarters yesterday said if Mr. Hughes would name a meeting place the Colonel would go there and talk things over.

Mutual friends of the two are working to bring this about. Rumor credits George W. Wickersham, former Attorney General; Everett Colby, of New Jersey; Oscar Straus and Theodore Douglas Robinson, nephew of the Colonel, with striving to effect a meeting between the Colonel and Mr. Hughes.

Tomorrow Governor Whitman, who placed Mr. Hughes in nomination, will confer with the candidate. At this conference with question of who is to be national chairman and who will manage the campaign will be discussed.

FARMERS OF 4 COUNTIES

Agricultural Field Meeting at Weston Thursday, June 22.

A four-county agricultural field meeting will be held at Weston next Thursday, June 22, for the four counties of Rutland, Bennington, Windsor and Windham. It will be a basket picnic gathering and an auto party will leave Manchester at 8:30 in the morning. The speakers will be Commissioner Brigham, Dean Hills of the State agricultural college, Editor Seavey of the New England Homestead, Mr. Lloyd from the agricultural department at Washington.

There will be a canning demonstration in the morning and also a stock-judging contest. The program will open at 10:30 in the forenoon, the addresses being delivered after dinner. Persons who are planning to attend and who wish to make arrangements for dinner should notify County Agent F. C. Shaw not later than Monday.

Many Women Need Help

Women are as much inclined to kidney trouble as are men, but too often make the mistake of thinking that a certain amount of pain and torture is their lot and cannot be avoided. You cannot feel young and energetic nor can you have good health when your kidneys are not in sound condition and eliminating the poisons from your system that cause backache, aching in sides, sore, swollen, stiff and aching joints and muscles. Foley Kidney Pills will help you. They give quick relief from kidney trouble and bladder ailments. Sold Everywhere.

FLAG DAY OBSERVED

Local D. A. R. Entertained at Home of Miss Nellie S. Hathaway.

The Bennington chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, was entertained on Flag Day, June 14, at the home of Miss Nellie S. Hathaway, with two assistant hostesses, Mrs. Walter R. Mattison and Miss Eunice Lyons. Thirty-five members were present, the regent, Miss Jennie A. Valentine, presiding and as this was the annual meeting the business session was of marked importance. It was opened with prayer led by the chaplain, Mrs. W. B. Sheldon, the Lord's Prayer in unison, and the salute to the flag.

The nominating committee reported the following nominees who were unanimously elected: Regent, Miss Jennie A. Valentine; vice regent, Mrs. Arthur J. Holden; secretary, Mrs. Helen H. Carter; treasurer, Miss Harriet J. Sibley; historian, Miss Katherine J. Hubbell; registrar, Miss Edith M. Dewey; chaplain, Mrs. W. B. Sheldon. The annual reports of the secretary and treasurer were read and accepted, the latter reporting \$108. In the treasury, two new members were voted into the chapter, Mrs. Theodore L. Thomas and Mrs. L. Ray White.

At the next meeting on Aug. 16, Miss Valentine and Mrs. J. M. Ayres will entertain at the home of the regent, and will invite the Cambridge chapter and other guests. They are planning to make this a red letter day in the record of Bennington chapter's hospitality and cordiality to strangers.

After the business meeting and a special Flag Day program, refreshments were served, and the usual hour of delightful sociability closed a season which has been most instructive and entertaining.

Flag Day Program

Proclamation of President Wilson, Read by Mrs. William Root.

Song "Star Spangled Banner" by the Chapter; "Origin of the Flag," Mrs. Henry Tirrell; "Etiquette of the Flag," Mrs. Henry T. Cushman; Origin of title "Old Glory," Miss Helena Norton; Quotation from Edward Everett Hale, Mrs. Harriet Bradford; Song, "Battle Hymn of the Republic," Mrs. Tirrell and chorus; Origin of Title "Uncle Sam," Miss Mary White; Of the "Eagle," Mrs. Robert Knight; Of the "Tassels," Mrs. G. S. Mills; Poem, "Unfurl the Flag," by Rev. A. T. Haines, read by Miss Jeanette Perkins; Song, "America," by the Chapter.

NO. BENNINGTON HIGH SCHOOL

Program for Graduating Exercises Tomorrow Afternoon.

Following is the program for the graduating exercises of the North Bennington high school to be held at the Congregational church in that village tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock.

- Invocation Music
Salutatory Address and Essay: "The Open-Air School" Annie B. Matteson
Heirlooms Tura E. Dennison Orchestra
Qualities Necessary for Success Herbert A. Hulet
National Characteristics and Mannerisms Georgia A. Robinson
Class History Marion A. Eddy Orchestra
Oration "The Yellow Peril" Joan of Arc
\*Excused from speaking Elizabeth M. Kinney

THE WONDERS OF THE HIGH HEAVENS Lillian M. Sutherland Orchestra

THE PERSONALITY OF PRESIDENT WILSON Joseph F. Keefe Class Prophecy Forrest H. Bottum

THE DRAMATIC IN LIFE Doris M. Lewis Orchestra

ORATION WITH VALEDICTORY ADDRESS Pan-Americanism Jesse E. Squires Awarding of Diplomas Song—Goodbye! Dear School Class of '16

Class Motto: Esse Quam Videri Class Roll English Course

FORREST HUNTINGTON BOTTUM, Marion Agnes Eddy, Herbert Alvin Hulet, Elizabeth Mary Kinney, Webb Reuben Phillips, Georgia Anastacia Robinson, Lillian Marguerite Sutherland.

Latin Course Tura Elizabeth Dennison, Joseph Francis Keefe, Doris Marcena Lewis, Annie Belle Matteson, Jesse Elijah Squires.

First Honor Jesse E. Squires Second Honor Annie B. Matteson Third Honor Marion A. Eddy Fourth Honor Doris M. Lewis

MRS. ARTHUR ELLIOT

DRAMATIC COACH Readings—development of the speaking voice; Articulation, enunciation, etc. Private pupils. THE BUNGALOW, South St., Bennington, Vt. Tel. 437—W

STEAMER ASHORE PASSENGERS AND CREW RESCUED

Bear Goes Aground 150 Miles South of Eureka, Cal.

STRUCK EARLY THIS MORNING

Passengers Who Numbered 195 and Crew of 22 Reached in Ships Lifeboats.

San Francisco, June 15.—A wireless message from Eureka states that all of the lifeboats from the steamer Bear which went ashore 150 miles south of Eureka at 1:25 this morning had reached the beach.

There were 185 passengers and 22 members of the crew on board when the steamer left Portland for San Francisco.

CATTLE DEPARTMENT EXPENSES

Commissioner Davis Uses \$92,000 During Biennial Term.

Burlington, June 13.—Twelve thousand dollars, received from the sale of cattle condemned because of bovine tuberculosis, has been expended by Cattle Commissioner Fred L. Davis, in addition to the biennial appropriation of \$50,000 for this department, in the past two years for stamping out tuberculosis and combating the ravages of the foot and mouth disease.

Commissioner Davis is paying the 20 or more veterinarians which he has employed the past three months and his expenditures will practically use up the \$92,000 which has been available. The appropriation for the next fiscal year became available June 1.

But 5 or 6 per cent of the cattle tested during the biennial period were found infected. The condemned cattle were sold for the most part to the Burlington Rendering company.

A large item in the expenditures of the commissioner's department was the payment to owners for cattle killed. As foot and mouth disease embargo has been lifted throughout the country Commissioner Davis' labors will be somewhat lessened the coming year.

How To Get Rid Of A Cold

Summer colds are serious. Read how C. E. Summers, Holdrege, Neb., got rid of his. I contracted a severe cough and cold and could hardly sleep. I got a bottle of Foley's Honey and Tar and the very first dose relieved me. I took a second dose before going to bed and can truthfully say I did not cough all night. By using as directed the next two days my cough was entirely cured and I give Foley's Honey and Tar full credit for my speedy recovery. Foley's always soothes and heals. Children love it. Sold Everywhere.

WEATHER FORECAST

For eastern New York and western Vermont probably showers tonight and Friday.

ESTATE OF M. JANE ALDRICH

STATE OF VERMONT. In the Honorable District Court of Bennington, ss. I the Probate Court for the District do hereby certify that to the heirs and all persons interested in the estate of M. Jane Aldrich, late of Woodford in said District, deceased, GREETING: WHEREAS, application has been made to this court in writing by Administrators of the estate of said deceased, to sell all of real and personal estate of said deceased, for the payment of debts and charges of administration, setting forth therein the amount of debts from said deceased, the charges of administration, and the amount of personal estate and the distribution of the real estate.

WHEREUPON, the said Court appointed and assigned the first day of June, 1916, at the Probate Office in Bennington, in said District, to hear and decide upon said application and petition, and to order the sale of said estate to be given to all persons interested therein, by publishing said order, together with the time and place of holding said hearing, successively in the Bennington Evening Banner, a newspaper which circulates in the neighborhood of those persons interested in said estate, and in such publications as are by previous to the day assigned for hearing.

THREE COPIES of the foregoing notice to appear before said Court, at the time and place assigned, then and there in said court to make your oath as to the granting of such license if you see cause.

Given under my hand at Bennington in said District, this 9th day of May, 1916.

AMY H. BARBOFF, Register.

ESTATE OF FRANK BOVEY

STATE OF VERMONT. In the Honorable District Court of Bennington, ss. I the Probate Court for the District do hereby certify that to all persons interested in the estate of FRANK BOVEY, late of Shaftsbury in said District, deceased, GREETING: At a Probate Court, holden at Bennington, within and for said District, on the 28th day of May, 1916, an instrument purporting to be the last Will and Testament of FRANK BOVEY late of Shaftsbury in said District deceased was presented to the Court and said Testator.

And it is ordered by said Court that the said day of June, 1916, at the Probate Office in said Bennington, be assigned for proving said instrument; and that notice thereof be given to all persons concerned, by publishing this order three weeks successively in the Bennington Evening Banner, a newspaper circulating in that vicinity, in said District, previous to the time appointed.

THEREFORE, you are hereby notified to appear before said Court, at the time and place assigned, and contest the probate of said will if you have cause.