

It Helps the Progressive Return To The Republican Party To Know That They Can Control It as They Had a Margin of 730,000 In 1912

REQUEST APOLOGY FOR ATTACK ON PETROLITE

Indemnity Sought for Damage to Tank Steamer

VIENNA STATEMENT REFUTED

Report of Submarine Commander Discredited in Note Sent to Ambassador Penfield.

Washington, June 29.—The American rejoinder to Austria regarding the Austrian submarine attack on the American steamer Petrolite, made public yesterday by the state department, describes the act as "a deliberate insult to the flag of the United States and an invasion of the rights of American citizens," and requests a prompt apology, punishment of the submarine commander and payment of indemnity.

In vigorous language the communication, sent Wednesday, the 21st, makes it clear that the United States government believes the facts of the case entirely different from what the Austrian submarine commander reported them to be, and that immediate amends are expected.

The Austrian claim that the Petrolite's captain voluntarily gave up supplies taken from the steamer by the submarine commander is flatly contradicted, as are the claims that warning shots were fired across the Petrolite's bow before she was shelled and that her appearance was such as to justify the submarine commander in mistaking her for a cruiser.

The attack on the Petrolite, a Standard oil tanker, occurred in the Mediterranean December 5. A protest sent soon afterward on preliminary reports from the tanker's captain and crew brought the Austrian communication to which the new American note replies. The rejoinder is in the form of a memorandum from Secretary Lansing to Ambassador Penfield at Vienna.

INVESTIGATE PROF. APPELMANN

Resolution Adopted at Meeting of U. V. M. Alumni.

Burlington, June 27.—The chief feature of Alumni Day in connection with the 125th commencement of the University of Vermont was a resolution adopted by the Alumni association of the University to investigate the alleged anti-American activities of Prof. Anton H. Applemann, professor of German on the university faculty. The resolution was introduced by Charles E. Lamb, 1893, of New York, a member of the National Security league. The action of the alumni has caused considerable talk, but the resolution went through without an opposing vote.

SENSATION IN CASEMENT TRIAL

Counsel for Prisoner Collapses While Summing Up.

London, June 28.—A day filled with sensational incidents at the trial of Sir Roger Casement for treason was brought to a sudden and dramatic close late this afternoon when Alexander Sullivan, Sir Roger's leading attorney, collapsed in the midst of an impassioned summation.

It was during one of his most heated outbursts that the speaker suddenly paused, swayed heavily against the bench and then collapsed into a seat.

GEN BEN. HILL KILLED

Refugees at El Paso Say Officer Was Shot in Quarrel.

El Paso, Tex., June 28.—Gen Benjamin Hill, commander of the Federal district of Mexico and ex-commander of Carranza troops in Sonora, was killed by a French merchant in Mexico city when he refused to pay for a hat he had bought, according to the stories told by Spanish refugees arriving today.

MEXICANS CONFISCATE PLANT

Japanese Put in Charge and Are Now Making Munitions.

San Antonio, Tex., June 28.—Americans arriving at Laredo today from Monterey report that the plant of the Monterey Steel Works was confiscated on Monday by the Mexican Government. A force of Japanese was put in charge and they are now manufacturing arms and other supplies for the army there.

WEATHER FORECAST

For eastern New York and western Vermont, fair tonight and Friday.

FOR SALE—Small Buick Touring car in good running order. Apply to T. A. Davenport, 2346

WANTED—One second hand refrigerator in good condition. Apply George R. Grant, Winslow's store. 2342

CASEMENT FOUND GUILTY OF HIGH TREASON

Trial of Irish Rebellion Leader Came to an End Today

JURY OUT FIFTY MINUTES

Death Sentence Pronounced Immediately After Verdict Was Returned.

London, June 29.—Sir Roger Casement, who has been on trial on the charge of high treason in connection with the Irish rebellion, was today convicted as charged.

The case was given to the jury at 2:45 and after deliberating 50 minutes the verdict of guilty was returned. The death sentence was passed immediately.

BEES IN WOMAN'S CLUB ROOM

Man Turned 10,000 Loose to Show How Harmless They Were.

Cleveland, Ohio, June 27.—Ten thousand bees loose in a ballroom was the sight seen by the Woman's Club when Ernest R. Root of Medina, bee and honey expert, shook out a swarm of bees into the white and gold room of the club on Euclid avenue, to show how easily the little honey-makers may be handled if one knows how.

There were swift glances toward the door when Mr. Root proposed to open the little case that held the bees. "Don't be in the least afraid, they will not sting you even if they should happen to light on you," promised Mr. Root.

He scooped up a handful of the bees out of the thick, moving brown mass, put them in his hat, clapped his hat on his head and went on with his talk.

BIG LEAGUE BASEBALL

American League Washington 6, Boston 2. New York 9, Philadelphia 7. Chicago 5, Cleveland 1. St. Louis 5, Detroit 3.

Standing of the Clubs

Table with columns: Team, Won, Lost, P.C. (American League)

National League

Brooklyn 3, Boston 2. New York 4, Philadelphia 3. Pittsburgh 3, Chicago 2 (first game). St. Louis 2, Cincinnati 2 (second game, 18 innings). St. Louis 9, Cincinnati 6.

Standing of the Clubs

Table with columns: Team, Won, Lost, P.C. (National League)

SWISS SEEK U. S. MACHINERY

Refuse to Pay High Prices Demanded in Germany.

Berne, via Paris, June 27.—As a result of the growing increase in the price of tools and machinery manufactured in Germany, the Swiss industries are combining to purchase their apparatus in the United States instead of Germany. Negotiations for the purchase of the American tools and machinery have already been opened through American consuls in Switzerland.

Another grievance of the Swiss manufacturers against the German machinery firms was the demand that the purchase money be paid in French francs rather than in the German marks, which are at a low exchange rate.

I. T. LINCOLN IS INDICTED

Self-Styled "International Spy" Accused of Forgery.

London, June 27.—Ignatius T. Lincoln, self-styled "International spy" and former Member of Parliament, was indicted today for forgery after his preliminary hearing at Old Bailey. Lincoln was brought back from the United States on an extradition warrant charging forgery, although he declared the British authorities wanted him on a charge of espionage.

FRANCE DRAFTS REPLY TO U. S.

Note on Censorship of Mails to Be Submitted to England.

London, June 27.—France is preparing a reply to the American note concerning the censorship of mails. The draft will be submitted to the British Foreign Office.

BRITISH SCREENED BY BIG GUNS RAID TEUTON TRENCHES

Activity of Artillery Indicates Pronounced Offensive Move

FIND DEFENSES SHATTERED

Steady Stream of Shells Poured Into German Positions on the Somme and Vimy Ridge.

London, June 28.—The series of raids by British patrol detachments continues against the German front in Flanders and northern France. At one point, near Angres, north of Souchez, the British headquarters reports that the patrol found the German trenches badly battered by the fire of the British artillery. It is presumed that one of the chief objects of these raids is to determine the effect of the bombardment, which, according to despatches from the correspondents on this front, is still going on.

In one of the raids described in the British official statement, made by the Highland Light Infantry near the road between Vermelles and La Bassée, the British detachment took forty-six prisoners, captured two machine guns and destroyed two German mine shafts with a total loss of two men wounded. The German War Office announces that these raiding operations undertaken by the British extended from La Bassée Canal to the district south of the Somme and were made in conjunction with an intense artillery fire and mine explosions and under cover of smoke and gas clouds. According to the Germans report, all the attacks were repulsed easily.

Correspondents at the front say that the British bombardment is continuing over a broad front, the guns pouring a steady stream of shells into the German positions. The region of the Somme and the Vimy Ridge were two points at which the bombardment attained unusual violence. The weather was found to be unfavorably for gas attacks last night, the correspondents say, and the British discontinued this form of attack after releasing gas at several points.

COUNTY COURT TAKES RECESS

Twenty-One Divorce Cases Granted During Present Term

The June term of county court which resumed its session Monday at Manchester on Wednesday took a recess until 11. During the three days that the court was in session it granted five divorce cases making 21 for the present term. The list follows:

Mattie Wade vs. Clarence Wade; Anna MacLellan vs. Henry W. MacLellan; Arthur Trombley vs. Louisa Trombley; Florence W. LaFlamme vs. Israel LaFlamme; Daisy M. Finch vs. William J. Finch; Harry J. Reynolds vs. Saddle Reynolds; Thersia Frost vs. Robert Frost; Mary M. Beers vs. Albert J. Beers; Louise T. Wright vs. J. Dudley Wright; Mary H. Lake vs. William H. Lake; Anna Babcock vs. Ellis Babcock; John F. Dix vs. Ida J. Dix; E. Heath vs. Oland W. Heath; Sally A. Poole vs. Benjamin F. Poole; Lucy Beebe vs. Edgar Beebe; Mary Sonnenstrahl vs. Abraham Sonnenstrahl; Lena B. Marsh vs. Frank Marsh; Gladys I. Field vs. Walter H. Field; Eva H. Potter vs. Frank L. Potter; Catherine McGurn Stolliker vs. Edward R. Stolliker; Nathaniel Towaloy vs. Fannie L. Towaloy.

HOLDS UP YALE BATTALION

Major Danford Says It Would Be Criminal to Send Them.

New Haven, Conn., June 27.—Declaring that the Yale men who compose the four batteries of the Yale battalion were in no condition for service, being without equipment and training, Major Danford, in command of the Yale soldiers, said tonight that it would be criminal to call them into service. Instead of hurrying them to the front he said he would do all in his power to keep them out of action for the present.

"I feel it is my duty," he said, "to the fathers and mothers who have sons under my command and thus in my care to state publicly that if I am able to prevent it the Yale batteries will make no movement until they are properly and fully equipped and thus effectively armed against the suffering and diseases of camp. I know that the military men in authority over me accord in my views."

SHACKLETON SEEKS NEW SHIP

Buenos Ayres, June 27.—Lieut. Sir Ernest Shackleton telegraphed to the Argentine Government asking that the Argentine sloop of war, Uruguay, which rescued the Swedish expedition in 1903, be sent to Elephant Island to rescue the members of his party left there. The Argentine Admiralty has replied, saying that this is impossible, as the Uruguay is now unseaworthy.

SLAV AND TEUTON AT STANDSTILL IN VOLHYNIA

Austrians Check Russians in Mountains of Bukovina

RUSSIAN POSITIONS STORMED

Berlin Reports Capture of Liniewka Village Southwest of Sokul

Berlin, June 28, (via London).—Announcement was made by the War Office today that the Germans in Volhynia had captured the village of Liniewka, west of Sokul, and Russian positions south of that point. The bulletin reads:

"The village of Liniewka, west of Sokul, and Russian positions to the south thereof were taken by storm. Otherwise nothing of importance occurred on the eastern front."

For several days it had seemed that the fighting on the Russian front had come virtually to a standstill, the Russians having reached the mountainous region of Bukovina, which the Austrians had selected for a strong stand, and that neither side apparently was able to make substantial progress in Volhynia.

Today's laconic announcement in the General Staff bulletin of the capture of Liniewka Village reflects an important German success, but it gives no indication of the terrible fighting there. The correspondent of the Lokalanzeiger, writing June 23, said the fighting at Liniewka had been of the hardest previously seen along the entire front.

WRIGHT-ROBINSON

Bennington Young Woman Bride of Glens Falls Young Man.

The wedding ceremony was beautifully solemnized at the home of Mr. and Mrs. William C. Robinson Wednesday evening when their daughter, Jessie Mae became the bride of Ernest Bradley Wright of Glens Falls, N. Y. The house was beautifully trimmed with daisies and ferns, the ceremony being performed under an arch of ferns and cut flowers.

The bride was beautifully gowned in white net with a veil of the same and carried pink carnations. She was groomed in pale blue crepe de chine and carried pink carnations. The groom was attended by Conant Robinson brother of the bride.

The bride was given in marriage by her father, a special service arranged by Rev. Isaac Jennings being used. Prof. Duane Basset of Bennington, cousin of the bride, played the wedding march.

Following the ceremony a buffet lunch was served after which the bridal party left by automobile for Troy.

After a honeymoon spent in New York Mr. and Mrs. Wright will make their home in Glens Falls. Mrs. Wright is a graduate of the training school in connection with the Troy Orphan Asylum and is one of Bennington's most popular young ladies. Mr. Wright is a resident of Glens Falls being employed by the Wilmarth & Son Furniture company, and is highly esteemed by all who know him.

The popularity of both bride and groom is evident by the beautiful gifts of gold, silver, cut glass and linen.

The bride's gift to her bridesmaid was a white gold brooch set with an amethyst. The groom's gift to his best man was a lover's knot stick pin.

Brave Man.

"Do I understand you to say," said the lawyer, looking hard at the principal witness, "that upon hearing a noise in the hall you rose quickly, lit a candle and went to the head of the stairs—that a burglar was at the foot of the stairs and you did not see him? Are you blind?"

"Must I tell the truth?" stammered the witness, blushing to the roots of his hair.

"The whole truth," was the stern reply.

"Then," replied the witness, brushing aside his damp, clinging locks and wiping the perspiration from his clammy brow, "my wife was in front of me."—London Tit-Bits.

Improved.

"I sometimes wish my first wife could see me now."

"What's the matter? Aren't you happy with your second wife?"

"Oh, yes, but every now and then I can't help thinking how much good it would do Jennie if she could only see how well I am today."—Detroit Free Press.

A Far Distant Sun.

The star Canopus surpasses the sun in brightness by more than 10,000 times.

Trees and Water.

Trees having a large leaf surface exposed to evaporation require a correspondingly large root formation to supply the necessary moisture. It has been estimated that a full grown shade tree, such as the oak, maple or elm, bearing some 700,000 leaves transpires about 180 gallons of water daily. The loss of such a large amount of water requires that an equal amount be taken from the soil by the tree's roots. If this supply is not furnished the tree will die of thirst.—Tree Talk.

NO JAPANESE FLEET ON COAST

Admiral Winslow Makes Search and Then Denies Reports.

WILSON POLICY IN MEXICO HOGWASH SAYS CANNON

Former Speaker Says it is Time for Congress to Act

COUNTRY IS ALREADY AT WAR

Does Not Want Mexico But United States Should Establish Government in that Country.

Washington, June 28.—Cheered by his Republican colleagues, Uncle Joe Cannon made a speech in the House today in which he urged the Government "to go into Mexico, clean it up and establish a government there by military force." And the sooner it is done the better, he added. The veteran from Illinois declared that the Administration having failed to do so, the time had come "for Congress to act."

"We are already at war in Mexico," shouted Uncle Joe. "Let us stop calling it an 'emergency' or a 'crisis.'"

Mr. Cannon made his speech in the course of the debate on the urgent deficiency bill authorizing an appropriation of \$27,000,000 to mobilize and move the army to the border. He denounced the Administration's Mexican policy in scornful terms, declaring that he was ready to vote for legislation to meet the Mexican situation.

"Do you mean you approve of what has been done?" asked Representative Garner, a Texas Democrat.

"If you mean to ask if I approve of Woodrow Wilson's policy in Mexico, I answer 'God forbid,'" returned Mr. Cannon. "The Administration's course has been dilatory, wishy-washy hogwash. But I am not making a political speech. If I were making a partisan speech I could say a whole lot of things. But it does not seem to avail greatly to talk about who is responsible for conditions on the border. It will be legitimate to call attention to that later on if it becomes material when the great American citizenry will be called upon to approve the acts of the Administration with a view to the elections that are to be held."

"I hope to God that before Congress adjourns we will take positive, manly action that will tend to wipe out the present conditions in Mexico," Mr. Cannon went on. "We cannot feed handouts on soothing syrup. It is patent that things have been going from bad to worse in Mexico since Huerta retired from the country. I would go in there for the benefit of civilization, for the benefit of the United States, for the benefit of the stricken and terrorized people of Mexico. God knows I do not want Mexico and we don't need it, but we ought to go in there."

"What would you do if you had the power?" asked Representative Garner.

"If I had supreme power I would go into Mexico, not on an excuse, but I would have the manhood to say that nobody can have peace or protection in Mexico until a government is set up there and I would establish a military government, a government of force to start with, and let it be administered until a Mexican is found strong enough to maintain order."

"Do you realize that that would mean war with Mexico?" interrupted Mr. Garner.

"Well, we have got war with Mexico. My God, do you not know that, coming from Texas?" replied Mr. Cannon. "I would have a permanent condition of peace and order."

The bill appropriating \$27,000,000 for troops was passed after a brief discussion.

"Trees and Water."

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Hard to Deny.

As Miss Hyattia Squares reached the culminating point of her lecture on "Woman's Rights and How to Weld Them" she threw back her head and stood before her audience in an attitude of defiance.

"Talk of man!" she cried. "What has man ever done for woman?"

"He's furnished the model she's trying her best to imitate!" boomed a manly voice from the rear of the hall. And then a palpitating silence reigned for nearly a minute.

Sudden Deaths.

Mr. Dow met Mr. Duff with a bit of startling news.

"Rather sudden that about Jones, wasn't it?" he said. "Died at 6 o'clock this morning."

Mr. Duff nearly collapsed.

"Good gracious, you don't say so!" he said. "Why, I met him in the subway station last night, and—and—he was alive then!"—New York Times.

Same Thing.

"Can you play the lyre?"

"I can tell a good fish story."—Baltimore American.

ROOSEVELT WILL TAKE THE STUMP FOR HUGHES

Candidate and Former President in "Complete Accord"

DINED TOGETHER LAST NIGHT

Republican Nominee Stated that Meeting Was Arranged to Discuss Issues of Campaign

New York, June 29.—Charles E. Hughes, republican presidential nominee announced last night at the end of an interview with Theodore Roosevelt, which lasted for more than 2 1/2 hours, that he and the former president were in "complete accord." Mr. Hughes issued the following statement:

"I was very much pleased with Col. Roosevelt's letter of endorsement, and he has expressed himself in a very kindly way with respect to my telegram to the progressive committee. I wanted to talk with Col. Roosevelt fully with respect to the issues of the campaign, and asked him to dine with me so that we might have that opportunity. He dined with me tonight, and we had a very delightful interview. We talked very fully over all matters, and are in complete accord. The evening has been a very pleasant one."

Mr. Hughes accompanied Mr. Roosevelt from the eighth floor down to the first floor corridor and even followed his guest, bare headed, to the automobile waiting in Forty-fifth street. Just before entering his car the Colonel grasped the candidate's hand and exclaimed:

"Good bye and all possible good luck."

Then as the machine drove away, Mr. Roosevelt turned around and waving a panama which on this occasion replaced the familiar black sombrero, shouted, "Good luck, good luck, good luck."

"Isn't the Colonel looking fine?" said Mr. Hughes as he walked back to the elevator.

It is understood that Mr. Roosevelt told Mr. Hughes he would cooperate heartily with him in any of his plans, even to the extent of making a speaking tour if Mr. Hughes so desired.

SCHOOL MEETING TOMORROW

Will Be Held at High School at 8 O'clock in Evening.

The annual school meeting of the graded district will be held at the high school tomorrow, Friday, evening June 30 at 8 o'clock. The school reports are out and ought to be looked over by the voters interested.

Bennington now has probably the best public schools in the state of Vermont. The state school officials consider the Bennington high and graded schools in the first group and excelled by none.

To keep the schools up to standard makes the school department one of the most important in town. The high school fire the past year has made a lot of extra work, but the building has been repaired better than before and there is a small balance from the insurance money.

There has been a reduction of debt on the district, but the new state law takes away the state money that the district has heretofore had and will make it necessary to raise a tax of 95 cents on the dollar instead of 90 cents as last year.

The throwing up of the charter of the graded district seems to be desirable to those who have looked into the matter and the trustees ask for the appointment of a committee to consider the question and report to a special meeting later.

Plans Being Made for Customary Celebration This Year

A day full of fun is assured for participants in the Fourth of July celebration in North Bennington this year. The plans exceed those of former years in many features.

The day will open with two street parades at 9:30, the auto procession, followed by a parade of floats and decorated carriages. Both the North Bennington and Bennington bands will participate, with the address of the day on the grounds, following the parade.

In the afternoon on the ballgrounds there will be a baseball game with field sports and the evening will have as its main event a big street carnival with band concerts and parades.

Fifteen-hundred extra street lights will mark the big white way and there will be a free motion picture show on the green under the direction of John B. Harte. Bennington people are invited to come and spend the whole day.

DISBANDS GREEK ARMY

King Signs Decree—Venizelos Adherent to Be Police Chief.

Athens, June 28.—The situation in Greece remains critical and full of uncertainty, although the demands of the Allies are being rapidly carried out. The royal decree for the general demobilization of the Greek Army was signed by King Constantine yesterday afternoon, and a Venizelos adherent, Zymbrakakis, will be sworn in as Chief of Police today.

CARRANZA AGREES TO RELEASE OF TROOPERS

Immediate Break With De Facto Government Averted

CRISIS IS MUCH LESS ACUTE

Twenty-Three Negro Cavalrymen Captured at Carrizal on Way to Texas Border.

Washington, June 29.—An immediate break between the United States and the de facto government of Mexico has been averted by compliance with the American demand for the release of the 23 troopers captured in the fight at Carrizal. Whether a state of war has been prevented or merely postponed no one at Washington would attempt to say last night. Official inference as to the attitude of Gen. Carranza was lacking. Until his response to Secretary Lansing's note dispatched Sunday, making two peremptory and distinct demands is received, there will be no decision on whether President Wilson shall lay the crisis before Congress.

News of the release of the prisoners, received early last night in press dispatches, brought undisguised relief to high officials. It was accepted as correct, although no announcement had come through official sources. Moreover, it was assumed that Gen. Carranza, impressed with the urgency of the situation, had ordered the captured cavalrymen started for the border without waiting for his announcement of the action to reach Washington.

While it is generally conceded that this move lessens tension and makes the crisis less imminent, no one conversant with the grave problem is losing sight of the fact that the all-important question of Carranza's attitude toward the American expedition across the border to protect the territory and citizens of the United States from bandit outrages remains unsettled. If the de facto government stands upon the orders to Gen Trevino to attack Gen Pershing's men when they move otherwise than toward the border, the situation actually is just what it was before, except that there now is a possibility of diplomatic negotiations that did not exist while the Americans were held prisoners at Chihuahua.

The preparations of the United States for war will go steadily forward. There will be no interruption of the rush of national guardsmen to the border, and Gen Funston will continue disposing of the forces under his command as if he expected an immediate attack from the Mexicans.

San Antonio, June 28.—Gen. Funston received tonight a report from Brig. Gen. George Bell, Jr., at El Paso which stated Gen. Bell had been notified by Mexican Consul Garcia that the American prisoners taken at Carrizal now are on the way north to Juarez and probably would arrive there tomorrow morning.

According to the report Consul Garcia had received word from Gen. Jacinto Trevino that the American prisoners with their arms and accoutrements were to be delivered at once to the American authorities.

The report was forwarded immediately to Washington by Gen. Funston.

FOURTH AT NORTH BENNINGTON

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