

THE BENNINGTON EVENING BANNER

THIRTEENTH YEAR—NO. 3854

BENNINGTON, VT. SATURDAY, AUGUST 5, 1916.

PRICE ONE CENT

The War Has Now Lasted a Few Days More Than Two Years and the Nations In the Struggle Still Seem To Be Able To Make Trouble

FRITZ B. JENNINGS STATE TOURNEY GOLF FINALS

State Championship Being Decided Today

OPPONENT IS W. A. BARBER

Bennington Players at the Front in All Three of the Sixteens.

Rutland, Aug. 5.—Fritz B. Jennings of Bennington, former Vermont state champion and W. A. Barber, Jr. of Manchester, the present holder of the title, will meet today in the final match of the Vermont state golf tourney in a 36-hole game. In the finals, 18 holes will be played off this morning and 18 this afternoon. Jennings has been playing 38 and 40 on nearly every round at the country club while Barber has been doing equally as well.

Another interesting contest will be that of the second 16 between F. Crocker of Manchester and W. H. Johnstone of Barre. These two men have won every match they have played in the tourney and in the qualifying round. Crocker made 96 and Johnstone 97. In the third 16, George Worthington will match with G. T. Murray, both of Bennington.

In the semi-finals held yesterday afternoon, Barber beat C. S. Clark of Manchester in a closely matched game by 2 up, 1 to go. In the drive to the third hole on the second round, both men placed the ball within two yards of the hole, the plays through the entire match being very close, Clark making Barber play his best. Clark lost the game on a poor drive from the eighth tee into the rough and a long drive out of bounds from the seventh tee, both on the second round.

In the morning matches, Percy Jennings and Fritz Jennings played a remarkable game, the latter winning with 1 up. In the 18 holes, Percy made 80 and Fritz 79. Dr. E. M. Pond of the Rutland Country club lost his match in the morning with C. S. Clark, the latter having 3 up and 1 to go. J. A. Merrill fell to the mighty strokes of W. H. Johnstone, the latter, winning with 4 up and 3 to go.

George Morse of the local club, who lost yesterday to Jay Gilmer of Bennington stands an excellent chance of winning the cup for the losing 8 of the first 16. Yesterday morning his match was forfeited to him by the non-appearance of C. M. Clark of Manchester and in the afternoon he beat G. W. Platt, also of the local club, by 7 up and 5 to go. This morning and afternoon, he is to meet C. L. Holden of Bennington in a 36-hole game.

SUICIDE WAS VERMONT

Otis J. Chase, Who Killed Himself at Oxford, Mass., Born in Wardsboro

Oxford, Mass., Aug. 3.—Brooding over his falling health and the illness of a son in Worcester is believed to have been the cause for the suicide here yesterday afternoon of Otis J. Chase, aged 67, for the past four years an attendant to John E. Kimball, a paralytic.

Chase slashed his right wrist while in a small room that in which Mr. Kimball lay helpless in bed. Weak from the loss of blood, the wounded man dragged himself into the next room and in his frenzy pulled Mr. Kimball to the floor. He was found lying dead across the body of Mr. Kimball, who was unable to help himself. A doctor who was called said he had been dead at least two hours.

Mr. Chase has a wife and a son and a married daughter, Mrs. Eugene Watkins, living in Worcester. He was a native of Wardsboro, Vermont.

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COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE.
The undersigned, having been appointed by the Honorable Probate Court for the District of Bennington COMMISSIONER, to receive, examine and adjust the claims and demands of all persons against the estate of Margaret G. McConnell late of Pownal, in said District, deceased, and all claims exhibited in effect thereon, hereby give notice that we will meet for the purpose aforesaid, at the residence of George H. Dunn, in the Town of Pownal in said District, on the 9th day of Sept. and 10th day of September next, from 9 o'clock a. m. until 4 o'clock p. m. on each of said days, and that six months from the 10th day of July A. D. 1916 is the time limited by said Court for said creditors to present their claims to said commissioner and for their examination.

Dated at Pownal, Vermont, this 29th day of July A. D. 1916.
GEORGE H. DUNN
D. T. GARDNER
Commissioners.

FRENCH MAKE GAIN NORTH OF VERDUN TAKE FLEURY

Drove Germans Out of Thiaumont for a While

RUSSIANS ARE DRIVEN BACK

After Fierce Fighting Are Compelled to Retire From Advance on Kovel.

London, Aug. 5.—Verdun, almost quiescent during the Anglo-French operations in the Somme region, has again become the storm center on the western battle front. The French forces have taken the offensive on the right bank of the Meuse and now hold the Thiaumont work and the greater part of the village of Fleury according to Paris.

The Thiaumont work, already the scene of many desperate combats was twice in French hands during 12 hours yesterday. The forces of the German Crown prince fought tenaciously, driving the French from the work once, but losing it again. German counter-attacks were of no avail says Paris, and the work remained in the possession of the French.

Fleury, which changed hands Thursday after the French had succeeded in taking it, is again almost entirely occupied by the French. Fierce fighting still continues in and around the village. German unwounded prisoners taken in the Verdun fighting number 400.

On the Somme front, in northern France, there has been little infantry activity, both the British and French official communications failing to report any moves on the part of their armies. London says the Germans bombarded the section southeast of Pozieres, and also the southern portion of the Mametz wood.

Desperate counter-attacks by the Germans in the region of the Stokhod river, east of Kovel, have resulted in the retirement of the Russian forces which had seized the village of Rudka-Mirvanskaia. The fact that the village is only 19 miles from Kovel, the Russian objective on this part of the Volhynian front, probably accounts for the intensity of the fighting there.

The Russian Gen. Shakhroff's troops continue to advance south of Brody and toward Lemberg. Petrograd reports the capture of 1300 Austro-Germans in a "hot attack" on the line of the Sereth and Graberki rivers.

London, Aug. 4.—Russian troops which crossed the Stokhod on the line of the Kovel-Sarny Railroad a few days ago advanced yesterday to the Stokhod River, a left tributary of the Stokhod, where a terrific battle is in progress for the village of Rudka-Mirvanskaia, nineteen miles from Kovel. After it had changed hands several times the Germans during the night forced the Russians to evacuate it.

An idea of the desperate character of the fighting here is given by two official reports. The first one, given out by the War Office this morning, said:

On the River Stavok, a left tributary of the Stokhod, our detachments fought their way to the river, where an obstinate engagement took place for the village of Rudka-Mirvanskaia. Bayonet fighting took place in the streets, and although the village changed hands several times, it finally remained in our possession. All enemy attempts to dislodge us ended in failure. The enemy was forced back behind the River Stavok, and we took 600 German prisoners and captured twelve machine guns.

Tonight's bulletin reads as follows: On the outskirts of Rudka-Mirvanskaia, which forms a salient position on the River Stavok, there was desperate fighting all night. The enemy having approached the village from three sides and launched repeated counterattacks. Having repulsed these attacks, we, toward 3 o'clock in the morning, evacuated the village and retired from four to six hundred yards further to the east.

London, Aug. 3.—The French counter offensive northeast of Verdun today reached its climax in a powerful blow which resulted in the complete recapture of Fleury and the whole system of highly organized defenses from southeast of Thiaumont to the Froid Terre ridge.

After a series of almost uninterrupted attacks during the night and forenoon on the four-mile front from the Meuse to the woods west of Danloup, the French this afternoon concentrated all their power in a tremendous thrust on the one-mile Thiaumont-Fleury line. They smashed forward about a quarter of a mile through the most powerful field works on the western front.

All the gains made by the Germans in their attacks of Tuesday have been swept away.

Stubborn fighting on many parts of

the eighteen-mile front both north and south of the Somme is reported tonight. The British have made further gains across the plateau north of Bazentin le Petit, but the greater part of their energy was directed toward consolidating the ground already won.

The Berlin statement today reports the repulse of seven successive French attacks on the Somme-Maurepas sector. While Paris announces that numerous German assaults were broken up by the French fire. In the section of the Monaca farm the German losses were so severe, according to the French statement, that the units engaged there had to be entirely replaced.

BAND CONCERT SUNDAY

Concert at Soldiers' Home Sunday Afternoon at 3 O'clock.

The following program will be rendered by the local band at the Soldiers' home Sunday afternoon.

March—Happy Chimes. Losey
Caprice—Love and Kisses. Harris
Overture—Nabuccodonosor. Verdi
Valse lente—Maeismawr. Curti
Med. Overture—Remick's Hits. Lampe
Overture—The Bohemian Girl. Tobani
Luders
Selection—Woodland. Restorff
March—The Paramount. Restorff
The Star Spangled Banner.

APPLES WITH PEDIGREES

One of the Aims of the Experiment Station at Burlington.

Burlington, Aug. 5.—Is there such a thing as a bred apple tree, the same as a bred cow or horse? That is one of the big questions which M. B. Cummings, professor of horticulture in the College of Agriculture, is tackling; and his answer will mean not only a step along toward the solution of the moot problem whether individual variations exist in any one species of fruit, but it will help Vermont fruit men to improve their orchards.

Already some results have been obtained at the experiment farm which the department conducts. But, some time of that later. Hubbard squash is the thing of immediate practical interest. "The idea is to discover how far we can modify and control the quality and quantity," said Professor Cummings. The squashes are blossoming well and give hope of being free from that "sloshy" wet quality which is so common in many kinds of squash raised in Vermont and elsewhere. "By seed selection we can increase or decrease the yield," he explained.

Strawberries is a fruit which the station is experimenting with. Mr. Cummings and his aids are breeding "with reference to developing a strain perfect in regard to productivity." Already some results are being arrived at. Vermont soil is pretty well adapted for their culture, as Burlingtonians at least know, and a measure of success seems in sight.

But apples. What's the matter with Vermont apples, you ask? Well, there's something the matter with almost everything, and the College of Agriculture is trying to find out what that something is in each case. "Seed selection experiments" is the phrase the professor uses, expressing as it were the "first family" attribute which a species of apples may have. In his own words: "We are trying to find out whether absolutely it pays to select grafting wood from the highest yielding and best colored parent trees or whether one may select promiscuously from trees regardless of their quality of yielding propensities."

With cattle there is known to be such a thing as pedigree, and Vermont's horses and cattle, too, have made names for themselves all over the Union. But trees, have they that sort of "good blood" in their veins? It is assumed by many nurserymen, says the professor, that there is a value in pedigree culture. This has not been established with fruit trees. It has been established with regard to some farm crops, but not with orchard crops.

Year after year, summer in and summer out, and fall after fall, for six years the workers at the station have been scrutinizing these trees. Now they are getting some results from their long watching and waiting. Forty trees are on trial and a few in each row of seven different varieties are now beginning to do something on their own account. All are of commercial grade, and when the finest quality of fruit is obtained there will be no lack of markets and colored paper is as cheap here as anywhere.

No new-fangled species are being tried. They are all old stand-bys—greenings and northern spies, wealthies and famouses. These trees of course produce some of the best apples raised anywhere. They are big, hardy, juicy, of distinctive and pleasant flavor and meaty. "Sloshy" apples exist the same as "sloshy" squashes, and Mr. Cummings has picked out four species of apples which, in his opinion, are fitted for Vermont soil, likely to be worth the attention bestowed upon them and, generally speaking, permanently worth while.

The department of horticulture is casting its big eye over the State's apple crop, and has been doing so for years, and its work is of course shaped by the results which it hopes to obtain in the State.

It doesn't claim to have obtained sensational results yet from the experiment station, but some results are in sight.

HALF NEW YORK IS TIED UP BY CAR STRIKE TODAY

Of 15,000 Employees Over 7,000 Are Out

NO DISORDERS ARE REPORTED

Six Lines Are Out of Business and Hundreds of Thousands Walk.

New York, Aug. 5.—The threatened street car strike went into effect today and six lines serving two and one half millions of people are not running.

Of 15,000 employees on the surface lines about 7,000 quit work. No trouble or disorder of any kind is reported as yet.

The subways and elevated are badly congested and all service is delayed in spite of the fact that hundreds of thousands are compelled to walk.

Several hundred extra policemen are on duty at central points.

BIG LEAGUE BASEBALL

American League
St. Louis 6, Boston 1.
Chicago 3, Washington 2 (first game).
Washington 8, Chicago 3 (second game).
Detroit 5, New York 2.
Cleveland 5, Philadelphia 2.

Standing of the Clubs

Club	Won	Lost	P. C.
Chicago	59	43	.578
Boston	56	42	.571
Cleveland	55	44	.558
New York	53	46	.535
Detroit	54	49	.524
Washington	50	48	.511
St. Louis	51	49	.510
Philadelphia	19	76	.200

National League
Boston 5, Cincinnati 2.
Chicago 6, New York 2.
Brooklyn 2, Pittsburgh 0.
Philadelphia 3, St. Louis 1.

Standing of the Clubs

Club	Won	Lost	P. C.
Brooklyn	58	34	.629
Philadelphia	53	39	.576
Boston	51	38	.573
New York	47	45	.511
Chicago	46	52	.469
St. Louis	44	57	.436
Pittsburg	40	52	.435
Cincinnati	39	61	.390

MOTORCYCLIST HURT

Collided With An Auto at Brattleboro.

Archie Barnes, who went to Brattleboro, a month ago from Shelburne Falls to work for County Highway Commissioner David T. Perry, was seriously injured there last evening when his motorcycle collided with an automobile owned and driven by Dr. L. D. Ritchie. He is in the Memorial hospital at Brattleboro and has been unconscious ever since the accident. Barnes turned from Birge street into Canal street just as the automobile reached the junction, and the machines came together head-on. When the automobile was stopped Barnes and his motorcycle were under it, and Barnes had sustained injuries to his head. He is about 25 years old, and has a wife and two children in Brattleboro.

FIRE AT RUTLAND

Marble Mill at West Rutland Destroyed Friday.

Rutland, Aug. 5.—Fire, which is thought to have originated in a hot box, gutted the "Palace" mill at West Rutland early yesterday morning, and the probable loss to the Vermont Marble company is estimated at \$50,000. The building was one of the oldest structures belonging to the concern and the marble walls are about the only part of the mill that was not completely ruined. The loss is partially covered by insurance. The gang of men who were employed at the plant have been transferred to other places, none of them being thrown out of employment.

AUTO BANDITS GET \$37,000

Hold Up Machine Containing Payroll in View of Hundreds in Detroit.

Detroit, Aug. 4.—Five automobile bandits early this afternoon held up an automobile in which \$37,000 was being taken to the plant of the Burroughs Adding Machine Company, and before the astonished guards could offer resistance snatched five of the six bags in the car, containing \$37,000, and escaped. The hold-up was witnessed by hundreds of employees of nearby automobile factories and the usual afternoon throngs on Woodward Avenue. Rudolph Cooper, one of the guards, was shot through the hip and struck on the head. He is in a serious condition.

SUBMARINES BUSY

Several More Allied Ships Sent to Bottom

London, Aug. 4.—Five more vessels have been sunk in the German submarine campaign against merchantmen, according to news received here today from several sources. Three of the ships destroyed were British, but the fate of their crews is yet unknown. The first announcement of the day told of the loss of the Japanese steamer Kohina Maru of 1,162 tons, and the British schooner G. C. Gradwell. Later Lloyds announced the destruction of the Italian seaman ship Citta di Messina, of 2,454 tons gross.

Haavo, Aug. 4.—Two British schooners were torpedoed in the English Channel on Wednesday night. The crews were rescued and brought here.

Berlin, Aug. 4. (via Sayville).—The German Admiralty today announced that eight English motor sailing vessels and one English steam trawler were sunk by a German submarine off the English east coast on July 28.

VERMONT'S FORWARD MOVE

New Hampshire Newspaper Holds Up State System as Model.

The possibilities of the revived New Hampshire Board of Trade may be judged by an investigation of the accomplishments of similar organizations in other states. We do not have to go far from home for an example. Across the Connecticut we find the Greater Vermont association, says the Manchester, N. H. Union.

This association is still young, but its growth in strength and importance to the state of Vermont has been astonishing.

The big men of Vermont, such men as Theodore N. Vail or James Harkness or Governor Gates, believe it to be one of the most powerful forces for Vermont development and they are actively interested in it.

A few years ago, Vermont communities were almost entirely unorganized. Today, Vermont communities are organized for efficiency. The Greater Vermont association has been the needed stimulus; it has advised and managed many organizing efforts; it has watched over the new organization continually, often almost compelling it to be efficient and active.

Some of the Vermont "slogans" show the nature of the work undertaken. "An agricultural adviser for every Vermont county" has brought the county agent with his expert advice and demonstrations to every farmer in Vermont, and from a state without county agents, Vermont has now passed New Hampshire.

"A Vermont National Guard in keeping with the best military traditions of Vermont" was translated last winter into military meetings all over Vermont, which stimulated recruiting and interest in the welfare of the companies. In May, with the co-operation of the business men of each community, who furnished automobiles and auto trucks, the Vermont regiment was mobilized in a day at Northfield. Result: The Vermont troops, well equipped and with full companies, left almost immediately for the Mexican border when the mobilization order came.

"Vermont highways the best gravel roads in the United States." "The lobby of every Vermont hotel a picture gallery of Vermont scenery." "Every hotel table a display counter of the best of Vermont agricultural product."

Already the excellent gravel roads, the delightful views exhibited in Vermont hotels and Vermont maple syrup on hotel tables are making the Green Mountains more formidable as a rival of the White Mountains and the Berkshire shires during the vacation season.

The Greater Vermont association is a very modest example of state organizations all over the country. If these organizations are so valuable to other states, why not in New Hampshire? The Union is firmly of the belief that the near future will witness tangible results of the revival and incorporation of the New Hampshire Board of Trade; and that the only more remote future will see increased and ever-increasing results, to the benefit of the state and of all its people. The possibilities are present, anyway. The object is to make the very most of those possibilities. We confidently believe this is about to be done—in fact, is already in the process of being done.

COURT BACKS MILITIAMAN

Holds He Can Refuse to Take Oath of National Guard

Boston, Aug. 4.—After a hearing Judge Dodge stated in the Federal District Court today that he would issue a writ of habeas corpus tomorrow for the release of Alexander M. Emerson of Boston, who refused to take the oath of the National Guard and has been detained at the camp in Framingham as a member of the militia.

The court held in effect that as a result of the new National Defense act, establishing the National Guard, militiamen who declined to take the new National Guard oath were no longer subject to military authority and could not be compelled to do military duty. This ruling is contrary to the views of the War Department.

As this is the first test of the status of militiamen under the new National Defense act, the government is preparing to appeal from the issuance of the writ.

ARLINGTON PLANS ORGANIZATION TO IMPROVE

Civic Association to Advance Town Interest

BUSINESS MEN ARE INTERESTED

Young Men From All Churches and Interests Will Form Permanent Organization.

Arlington, Aug. 5.—On Thursday evening, August 3rd about 50 progressive citizens of Arlington township assembled in the Town Hall, to combine their efforts to build up a community spirit, secure unity of action and harmonious devotion to the common good, also to promote social affairs and entertainments and apply the proceeds toward any idea that will result in more firmly cementing the friendship of neighbors, friends and fellow citizens; that they may realize a bigger and better Arlington.

Quite a number of professional and business men attended, as well as the younger men, and all displayed a large amount of enthusiasm as to the outcome of the association or club.

While the aims and objects were outlined, no attempt will be made to adopt a name or elect officers until a set of by-laws have been adopted.

Patrick H. Thompson, Dr. J. H. Reichling, Roy Grout, John Conroy and Prosper E. Deschenes were appointed as a committee to draw up a set of by-laws which will be rendered for approval at the next meeting, which is to be held in the Forester's Hall at East Arlington, August 15th at 8 p. m.

An invitation is extended to any citizen irrespective of religious or political affiliations, to become a charter member.

Prosper E. Deschenes was elected temporary chairman and Samuel G. Silver temporary secretary.

GIANT BIPLANES A MYTH

Reported German Machines Not Sighted, Paris Says.

Paris, Aug. 3.—Giant German biplanes, it was officially announced by the French War Department today, are a myth. The statement adds:

"It is certain, however, that Germany has built biplanes of an exceptional size and power to be used as hydroaeroplanes. One of these is 75 feet across, with 4 motors, and able to carry 6 passengers. Another, 137 feet across, with 3 motors of 200 horse-power each, is said to have been constructed at Friedrichshaven and to have flown over Lake Constance. If so, these experiments must have had results, for the machine has been met nowhere on the battle front.

"Aircraft of great power in service on the land front are the two motored aeroplanes. One is the aviatik type, 78 feet across. It is steered by three rudders." It has places for an observer or a gunner and a machine gun behind the pilot and for another gun firer on the balcony behind the pilot. The other type is of a similar model, but more rapid in flight. The motors in these aeroplanes are of 229 horse-power."

SENTENCED FOR FORGERY

Agent Claimed Notes Were Payment On Ranges He Had Sold.

Burlington, Aug. 3.—Guy William Anderson of Essex, who has been confined in county jail for the past month awaiting trial on the charge of forgery, pleaded guilty yesterday in city court to an information filed against him by State's Attorney T. E. Hopkins and was sentenced to not less than six nor more than 12 months at the state prison at Windsor.

Anderson, who was formerly employed by the Wrought Iron Range company of St. Louis, Mo., forged two promissory notes on July 1 and turned them in to the company, claiming that they were in payment for two ranges which he had sold. The notes aggregated \$79, and Anderson's commission amounted to about \$15. The ranges were afterwards recovered by the company. Anderson's home was formerly in Kingston, Ont., and he has a wife and one child who are living in Roblin, Canada.

ITALY LOSES TWO SUBMARINES

They Fail to Return from Expedition to the Austrian Coast

Rome, Aug. 4.—The loss of two Italian submarines is officially announced. The statement says that the undersized craft "left with others on a mission to the enemy coast a long time ago. As they have failed to return to their base, they are considered lost."

WEATHER FORECAST

For eastern New York and western Vermont fair tonight and Sunday. Not much change in temperature.

LARGE AUDIENCES ARE THRILLED BY PRODUCTION

Final Presentation of Julius Caesar Today

WINS ENTHUSIASTIC PRAISE

Bennington Amateurs Prove Apt Pupils of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Elliot.

The final production of Shakespeare's "Julius Caesar" is being staged this afternoon in the out door auditorium in Clark's woods. This is the third time the tragedy has been put on and in interest and as a spectacle it has exceeded all expectations.

The audience Friday evening was large and enthusiastic and all agreed that it was the finest thing of the kind ever given in Bennington. Every spectator watched and listened breathless with interest and the proverbial pin could have been heard to drop, had any spectator been so careless.

The production went without a hitch and there was no noise or confusion behind the scenes as there so often is in amateur work. Mr. and Mrs. Elliot have done their work so well that it is hard for the audience to believe that the cast except for Mr. and Mrs. Elliot is entirely made up of local people who have merely given their time and worked hard to make the affair a success.

The music by Donnelly's orchestra has been a special feature that has strengthened and aided the whole production.

So great is the enthusiasm of those who have seen it that most of those who were present Thursday evening were again there Friday night.

The music in connection with Julius Caesar which contributes to the success of the performance, is furnished by Donnelly's orchestra.

It was on light matter to select music which would suit the action and atmosphere of the play, and the selection shows the discriminating taste of the orchestra leader, George Donnelly.

Mr. Donnelly, after careful consideration whose as the overtone a selection from Aida which is enlivening and spirited without being beneath the dignity of the success which are to follow.

The Corations march from Folk-ganger by Kretschmer, because of its reputation in scene after scene, becomes a musical setting for the lofty scenes without intruding upon them. With all its martial time and melody, it strikes the dominant note of tragedy.

Between the acts the march "Antony's Victory," from Antony and Cleopatra, by Gruenwald, an equally appropriate selection is played.

The rendering of these compositions is worthy of their quality, and altogether the music is credit to Mr. Donnelly and his orchestra.

CHANCE TO ENTER ARMY

Fifteen Hundred Vacancies in Grade of 2d Lieutenant.

A war department order made public yesterday at the headquarters of the department of the East in New York calls attention of men in citizens' training camps to the fact that special examinations will be held on the 21st for citizens desiring to obtain a commission in the United States army without the four-years' training at West Point. The examination is necessary, it is understood, because of a shortage of 2d lieutenants caused by the recent army reorganization. According to the order 1500 vacancies exist in the grade of 2d lieutenant. The number is so large that West Point and promotions from the ranks fail to fill the gaps. The shortage of 1st lieutenants is also great.

Requirements for the commission are virtually the same as those demanded for entering West Point and are contained in general orders 64 of 1915, copies of which with blank application for the examination may be obtained in Washington. Men between the ages of 21 and 27 are eligible.

THIRD PARALYSIS DEATH

Little Joseph Petro of North Adams Victim of Disease.

The third fatality in the North Adams paralysis epidemic occurred yesterday, Joseph Petro, 15-months-old son of Mr. and Mrs. John Petro of Loftus street, that city, died at 6 o'clock last evening, a few hours after the case had been reported to the board of health by Dr. C. J. Brown, the attending physician. The health officers have been unable so far to establish any connection between the Petro case and the only two sources of infection known to exist in the vicinity of North Adams and Braytonville. No members of the Petro family have been away from home and the family has had no visitors from out of the city. This is the first case reported in North Adams in nearly two weeks.