

THE HOME JOURNAL.

VOLUME XV.

WINCHESTER, TENNESSEE, THURSDAY, JANUARY 11, 1877.

NUMBER 44.

CONDENSATIONS OF NEWS

THE SOUTH.

About 200,000 young salmon have been distributed in the Virginia streams. Twenty-five thousand young salmon have been put in the Colorado river at Austin, Texas.

The adjutant general of Virginia now gets the magnificent salary of \$100 per annum.

Tramps are committing all sorts of depredations on the railway trains in Arkansas.

A number of colored people are emigrating from Henry county, Tennessee, to Illinois.

The machine-shops of the Mississippi Central and Tennessee railway were erected at Jackson at an early day.

An organized band of colored cotton thieves has been discovered at Charlotte, North Carolina.

The number of cotton gins burned in Georgia this season is placed at about sixty, with but one conviction of an incendiary.

The Florida state fair, to be held in February, offers a premium of five dollars for the biggest alligator exhibited.

The Rock City paper mills, at Nashville, were sold at auction Tuesday, and were bought by the bondholders for \$20,000.

Hon. E. J. Warren, of Washington, N. C., a judge of the supreme court, and several times presiding officer of the senate, is dead.

Two car-loads of marble for building purposes will be shipped from Knoxville to San Francisco, as soon as it can be quarried to fill an order from that city.

Nashville banner: B. S. Corey and J. J. Stewart arrived in this city this morning with thirty thousand young California salmon, hatched at the government hatchery at Northville, Minnesota, and which are to be deposited in the Alabama river at Montgomery. This is but one of many shipments to be made into the gulf state this winter.

The steamers White, Cheek and Illinois, of the well-known Cheek line, have been seized by the United States marshal to satisfy claims of libellants filed in the United States district court. For some time the boats have been running under the management of Mr. N. M. Jones, who was acting as trustee for the benefit of the creditors of the line.—Memphis Ledger.

Newport (Ark.) News: "On Tuesday night last fifteen tramps, on the south-bound freight, broke into the ice-cream, opened beer-kegs, and helped themselves to all the beer and other things on the train that they wanted. At Walnut Ridge the conductor tried to put them off, but they drew their pistols on him, and virtually kept charge of the train to Alicia, where they got off."

Jan. 7, Waring, in his third paper contributed to the state board of health on the subject of the yellow fever in Savannah says: It is useless to discuss the real causes of this epidemic so long as our people are willing to take for granted that the disease was, and can any time be introduced by some accidental case of yellow fever on shipboard escaping the vigilance of quarantine. Whatever may be said of other epidemics, the yellow fever epidemic of Savannah in 1876 was not introduced by any vessel coming from West India or South American ports. The yellow fever zone is the zone of filth and bad sewerage and bad drainage. In the last century New England towns were decimated by the disease. Boston, New York and Philadelphia were constantly and terribly visited. There are now said to be out of the zone, Spanish towns are the dirtiest in all the world, but were Cuba to fall into the hands of an English-speaking people it would quickly be out of the yellow fever zone, like Philadelphia.

THE EAST.

The Vermont legislature has enacted a law providing that every saloon, restaurant, grocery, cellar, shop, billiard-room, bar-room, and every drinking place or room used as a place of public resort, where intoxicating drink is unlawfully sold or kept for sale, shall be declared a public nuisance.

THE WEST.

The Bremker-Moore paper manufacturing company, the burning of whose property at Laurel, Indiana, is announced from Cincinnati, is a Louisville firm, and estimates its loss at one hundred and five thousand dollars, with an insurance of one-half in twenty-nine different companies.

FOREIGN.

British customs-house officials have been supplied with photographs of the American potato-bettle, and they have been warned to keep a sharp lookout on incoming vessels in order to destroy the invader.

No more Sunday trains in Canada. The Dominion government has issued orders that no trains shall be run on the Sabbath except in cases of great emergency, and then only on direct order of the government.

Spain has been threatened, if not by this time made the theater of another African invasion, a flight of Gibraltar on the nineteenth ultimo so numerous as to be two ours passing over.

A proposition has been made by wealthy capitalists of Europe to the Italian government to cover the entire excavated town of Pompeii with a roof of iron and glass. The buildings are now crumbling, and the frescoes are becoming ruined by exposure to the weather.

The news from Besarabia is that the Russian army is so little fit for a long campaign that the Grand Duke Nicholas has telegraphed that unless he receives a considerable reinforcement of picked troops he cannot commence serious operations beyond crossing the Pruth and taking up quarters in Roumania.

An official dispatch sent by the Turkish minister for foreign affairs to the representatives of the ports abroad states that nine hundred and fifty houses have been ruined in the burnt villages of Bulgaria, and that

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FISH FINISHES HIS FIGHT.

THE INDIANS.

Plans for their Government in the Future by Independent Commissioners in a Department.

During the last session the house committee on Indian affairs reported by a majority of one a bill to transfer the care of Indians from the department of the interior to the war department. Recent developments of the methods employed by army officers have led to a change in the committee, and it now favors a different course. A sub-committee, consisting of Messrs. Wilshire, Hooker, Page, Spear and Seelye is considering the subject, and two propositions before it—one drawn by Senator Seelye looking to a wholly new system under which a body corporate consisting of a self-perpetuating board named in the bill would have conduct of all Indian affairs, regulating the support of tribes, the reservation and sale of their lands, and their civilization. Another plan proposed to raise the rank of the Indian commissioner, and place that officer at the head of a department like the department of agriculture. While the course of all legislation is extremely doubtful this winter, it is not improbable that some definite action may be taken by the house. The summary execution of Gen. Sheridan's order of 1859, requiring troops to attack all Indians found on their reservation, when execution in the past has been Col. Moneypenny's claim of fifty million dollars, is causing considerable criticism, and, according to the Indian commissioner, is likely to precipitate an Indian war in the south-west.

The Democratic Majority in the Next House.

Mr. S. M. Shaw, of the Cooperstown Journal, writes to the World as follows: "Will you be so kind as to publish a brief article on the next congress, giving the number of democratic and republican congressmen holding certificates of election thereto? There is anxiety to know whether the 'counted-in' republican the democrats can retain control of the house."

The following table answers Mr. Shaw's question:

States.	D.	R.	States.	D.	R.
Alabama	10	1	Montana	1	1
Arkansas	4	1	Nebraska	1	1
California	1	1	Nevada	1	1
Colorado	1	1	New Jersey	1	1
Connecticut	1	1	New York	1	1
Delaware	1	1	North Carolina	1	1
Florida	1	1	Ohio	1	1
Georgia	1	1	Oregon	1	1
Illinois	1	1	Pennsylvania	1	1
Indiana	1	1	Rhode Island	1	1
Iowa	1	1	South Carolina	1	1
Kansas	1	1	Tennessee	1	1
Kentucky	1	1	Texas	1	1
Louisiana	1	1	Vermont	1	1
Maine	1	1	Virginia	1	1
Maryland	1	1	Washington	1	1
Massachusetts	1	1	Wisconsin	1	1
Michigan	1	1	Wyoming	1	1
Minnesota	1	1	Total	102	102

New Hampshire elects her three representatives in the spring of 1877. At the election of congressmen of 1875 the democrats carried the first and third districts, but last month all three gave to the republicans, who carried 819 and 818 respectively. Allowing all three of them to the republicans, the democrats will have a majority of three, which is enough to secure the organization of the house. In the two Florida districts, the democratic candidates received majorities, but were counted out by the returning boards. In Colorado the republican candidate claims that the election for both terms of October was valid. In the fourth California one footing gives Pacheco (Rep.) one majority; another elects Wigginton (Dem.) by one. There will be a close contest over the third Massachusetts. These we think the only districts where changes will be made as in other cases as those of Metcalf (Rep.) in the third Missouri, and Hertzell (Dem.) in the eighth Illinois, the odds on the contestants is heavy. The next house is therefore safely democratic by "from twelve to twenty majority," as the World originally predicted.—New York World.

MEXICAN NEWS.

The Iglesias Finally Fully Established Over Our Revolutionary Neighbor.

The Iglesias government is established at Queretaro. The states of Guanajuato, Queretaro, Aguas Calientes, Zacatecas, Durango, San Luis Potosi, Jalisco, California, Sonora, Simala and Tabasco recognize the states of Mexico, Hidalgo, Puebla, Vera Cruz and Oaxaca are occupied by Diaz troops. Iglesias has about 12,000 good troops, while Diaz has about 18,000 of every grade, but he is well provided with artillery, in which Iglesias is deficient. On the 6th instant 6,000 troops with 20 field howitzers and 10 rifled cannon left Mexico for Queretaro.

Iglesias has about 7,000 troops in Queretaro, with 6 pieces of artillery. This force is sufficient to garrison the place, which is strong and easily held. Both parties are anxious to be recognized by the United States government. Gen. Diaz was to leave on the 10th for the army, and confer his authority of acting president upon the celebrated Indian chief, Mendez. Gen. Mejia has been banished from the country by Diaz. Everybody is anxiously awaiting a turn in affairs.

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THE SOUTH.

About 200,000 young salmon have been distributed in the Virginia streams. Twenty-five thousand young salmon have been put in the Colorado river at Austin, Texas.

The adjutant general of Virginia now gets the magnificent salary of \$100 per annum.

Tramps are committing all sorts of depredations on the railway trains in Arkansas.

A number of colored people are emigrating from Henry county, Tennessee, to Illinois.

The machine-shops of the Mississippi Central and Tennessee railway were erected at Jackson at an early day.

An organized band of colored cotton thieves has been discovered at Charlotte, North Carolina.

The number of cotton gins burned in Georgia this season is placed at about sixty, with but one conviction of an incendiary.

The Florida state fair, to be held in February, offers a premium of five dollars for the biggest alligator exhibited.

The Rock City paper mills, at Nashville, were sold at auction Tuesday, and were bought by the bondholders for \$20,000.

Hon. E. J. Warren, of Washington, N. C., a judge of the supreme court