

The London Times sometime in October had seven yards of political speeches.

A gas well has been struck at Long Pine which gives indications of oil.

The illness of Emperor William excites the greatest anxiety throughout Germany.

It cost the people of this country \$6,500,000 to feed and blanket the Indians last year.

"May the dogs devour your bones," is the cheerful salutation of Moslem ladies to Christians in Constantinople.

THIRTY forty-acre tracts of school land were sold in Antelope county last month at an average of \$7 an acre.

The President has nominated Jonathan F. Gardner, of Nebraska, for surveyor general of Nebraska and Iowa.

OSCAR WILDE says the trouble with him is that he can see angels where other men can see only flesh and blood.

The President's message is a lengthy document which will be read by fewer persons than generally undertake such a task.

PENSIONS is the one item of public expenditure which seems to have no peace basis. The pension estimate for the year beginning July 1st next, is \$75,000,000.

The secretary of war has detached New Mexico from the department of the Missouri and annexed it to the district of Arizona, with Gen. Crook in command.

BANKS, a lawyer of Culbertson, Neb., accused of frauds in accepting fees from contesting clients, has been notified by a vigilance committee to leave the town.

QUEEN VICTORIA the other day at Windsor Castle personally invested Lady Randolph Churchill with the insignia of the imperial order of the crown of India.

TOTAL returns for members of parliament received at London up to the afternoon of the 4th, shows 273 liberals, 215 conservatives and 53 nationalists to be elected.

ASSISTANT Postmaster General Stevenson decides that a woman cannot be an offensive partisan. An exchange, says he is a man of most excellent judgment.

The U. P. fence gang have been putting up fences along their track in Boone county, and the Argus says it was astonishing the rapidity with which they put them up.

FEDERAL JUDGE COBURN was notified the other day of his suspension from office. This news comes from Glendive, Montana. The charge against him is offensive partisanship.

At the gas works at Kansas City an explosion occurred totally wrecking the building. The engineer was seriously injured. The gas supply failing, lamps were in great demand.

It is stated in the news from Atlanta, Ga., that Judge McCoy, of the United States district court has issued a restraining order against the declaration of recent prohibition in Atlanta.

A PARTY of rowdies from Turkey Creek undertook the other night to run the town of Bloomington, Neb., but Geo. Martin, Bob Ingram and a young man named Gooding were jailed and fined \$10 each and costs.

The Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railway Company has established fourteen reading rooms at points along its line for the benefit of its employees. A sensible investment that will pay five hundred per cent.

The spirit of "Old Dad Riley" has recently appeared in the person of H. A. Chittenden, of Montclair, N. J., who offers \$500 to any one who will prove that the earth revolves on its axis or that it moves around the sun.

The Dagget habeas corpus case from Cincinnati has been decided by the supreme court of Ohio, discharging the defendant and holding the Cincinnati and Cleveland registry law unconstitutional. Judge McIlwain was absent.

The Omaha signal station reports that the wind storm of the 4th was the most powerful that has visited that section for fifteen years. At the Omaha bridge the velocity of the wind was sixty miles an hour, hurricane figures.

The republican senatorial caucus has decided that bills relating to the presidential election and also presidential succession should be introduced as soon as practicable, and after proper consideration should be passed immediately.

CHARLES BRANT, living near Diller, Neb., on a wagon of \$50, hauled the other day 125 bushels of corn in the wagon in less than nine hours. They must have big corn in the vicinity of Diller, out of which to make up this big story.

The Methodist Sunday school at Lincoln numbers between 500 and 600 members, and is said to be the largest in the state. By the way, one of the reasons for Nebraska's good record is that her people are wide-awake, intellectual, and ambitious to excel.

The Schuyler Herald gets in a pretty shy bit on the editor of the Omaha Republican by suggesting to Gov. Dawes that, having pardoned "Detective" Pond, he ought to do something handsome for Detective Fred Myers, who earned distinction in the Flynn case.

Washington News.

In the House Carlisle was re-elected speaker.

After the organization of the Senate and House they both adjourned out of respect to the late Vice-President.

After the receipt and disposition of the President's message no other business of importance was transacted and the session adjourned.

In the Senate on the 9th some important bills were introduced.

A bill by Wilson to prohibit the mailing of newspapers containing lottery advertisements and prescribing a penalty for violation of the same.

By Van Wyck to tax patented lands owned by railroad companies; also for the relief of settlers and purchasers of the public domain in Nebraska and Kansas.

By Blair, a joint resolution to amend the constitution of the United States extending the right of suffrage to women. Also proposing an amendment in relation to alcoholic liquors, and other poisonous beverages.

The time in the House was occupied by the discussion of Springer's code of rules for the government of the House and the transaction of business.

Edmonds introduced a bill to provide for the establishment of a postal telegraph.

Dolph, a bill to repeal the law of last session providing for the settlement of claims of officers and enlisted men of the army for loss of private property destroyed in the military service of the United States.

Wilson of Iowa, a bill to promote peace among the nations. A grand measure and should be perfected.

Plumb, a bill to open to homestead settlement certain portions of the Indian territory.

Van Wyck, to establish an additional land district in Nebraska, the northwestern corner.

By Call, to repeal all enactments prohibiting pensions to wounded soldiers and officers, without proof of loyalty.

By Plumb, to make an additional article of war,—to prohibit gambling among the officers and in the army.

By Voorhees, to repeal the statute of limitations on the allowance of pension arrears.

The House is still engaged upon the proposed new rules.

BATTERY "D," Fifth Artillery had arrived at Salt Lake, and five companies from Fort Douglas, waiting for them at the depot, escorted them to the camp, three miles out. A blinding snowstorm prevailed all day, but the military display attracted great crowds, which stood sullenly by without a sign. As the band reached the corner of Temple block it struck up a lively air, which continued till past that and Tithing block. Gen. McCook was at the head of the column with his staff. Flags were flying and, with magnificent accoutrements, the battery made a grand and pleasant sight. The battery comprises four guns and seventy men, under command of Major Rawles.

News from Fort Fred. Steele says that the troops quartered at that place, at Fort Russell, at Fort Washakie, as well as those at Rock Springs and Evanston are in receipt of orders from Gen. Howard to hold themselves in readiness to take the field at a moment's notice. The order directed that fifteen days' rations be provided and each man carry five hundred rounds of ammunition. None of the officers know why the order was issued nor to what point it is proposed to send them. The opinion prevails however, that the threatening attitude of the Mormons at Salt Lake has caused this promulgation and that serious trouble is really apprehended there.

It seems from all accounts, that the storm of the 4th, which prevailed all over the central and eastern part of Nebraska, was the most severe of any that has visited this part of the state for ten years. In the course of this storm many individuals have sustained damage to their property. At Central City the new Methodist college building is reported damaged to the extent of \$3,000 or \$4,000. From reports of the storm it must have been more severe east and south than it was in this vicinity. This wind storm lacked nothing but the snow to constitute a real old-fashioned Nebraska blizzard.

In a republican caucus held by senators it was understood that it had been decided to consider and treat each nomination sent in by the President for confirmation on its own merits. The opinion was expressed that good men appointed to office because they were democrats should be confirmed, except in cases where their predecessors were removed upon unfounded charges brought for the evident purpose of making vacancies. In such cases it was urged the administration should be held up to give the removed officials an opportunity for vindication.

GRAT enthusiasm was displayed in London upon the announcement of the result of the elections in the city. All four of the nationalist candidates, T. Harrington, E. D. Gray, T. Sullivan and W. Murphy were successful by large majorities. Sullivan and Harrington made speeches in which they exhorted the populace to preserve the peace. A number of American flags were carried in the procession.

E. W. Fox, president and manager of the National Republican Co., at Washington, is evidently the right man in the right place, and is doing excellent work in the publishing of the National Republican. Members of the party everywhere, in subscribing for and reading his live journal, will at the same time be furthering the interests of their party.

So many letters come to this office asking in what States and Territories women now have full or partial suffrage, that we republish the list.

Women have school suffrage in Colorado, Indiana, Kansas, Kentucky, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Nebraska, New Hampshire, New York, Vermont, and Oregon; also in Idaho Territory. In Idaho single women or widows, residents of a district and holding taxable property therein, may vote as to special district taxes. In Wyoming, Utah and Washington Territories, women have full suffrage. Single women and widows have municipal suffrage in England, Scotland, Ontario, Nova Scotia, and Madras. Single women and widows who own real estate have Parliamentary suffrage in the Isle of Man. All these rights have been granted within the last seventeen years. This does not look as if the cause were "progressing backwards" so rapidly as its opponents try to believe.—Women's Journal.

Twenty young men in a Kansas town have formed a club with the expectation of reducing their living expenses to two dollars a week for each member. This is a sensible application of the advantages of co-operation and whether they are quite successful or not, they will no doubt gain much useful experience in habits of self-denial and economy. Such a club is more creditable and more profitable than most of the clubs which young men with limited resources think it incumbent on them to join. Clubs for the cultivation of economy ought to become fashionable.—Es.

At the Berrier coal mines, Missouri, the other night firing of pistols and guns was kept up between the black and white miners, without serious result. Women and children were sent away from the mines and trouble is expected. A meeting of citizens has been held to take measures to restore order. Three hundred stands of arms have arrived, and the sheriff is organizing a company of negro miners to remain inside the stockade of the mines and fire at all white miners who come within range. Every man and boy at the mine who is able to handle a gun is armed.

There is an old signboard hanging under the trees on the chief street in Bethlehem, Pa., weather-beaten and blistered, whereon is seen a square-shouldered horse, presenting to the spectator its gable end, before which mine host, attired in brown knickerbockers, is conversing with an old Indian in a red blanket, and another in a yellow blanket, while a traveler in a bag wig, galloping upon an excited steed, hails him with uplifted arm. Furthermore, we are informed in good English print that this is the Moravian Sun Inn, established in 1768.

Mrs. SAMUEL FADER, of Goldsville, Pa., the other day had occasion to go into the garden to speak to her husband, who at the time was at work among his bees, and as she approached the hive, a number of bees flew into her face and stung her several times. She was stung in one of her nostrils, on the upper lip and at the base of the cartilage dividing the two nostrils. Her husband and physician applied the usual remedies, but in forty-five minutes from the time she was stung, she died in convulsions. A singular case, indeed.

JOSEPH H. OADES, a farmer living about ten miles from Lincoln, Neb., in Stephens Creek precinct, committed suicide one day last week by cutting his throat with a razor. He was in good circumstances and owns a farm in that precinct. His wife being dead, the home is occupied by the family of a tenant and his youngest daughter had come from a sister's living near by to visit him and she was the only member of the family present when he cut his throat.

Two carpenters near Council Bluffs, have invented a mining machine which promises to work a complete revolution in that industry, because the gold can be separated without the use of water, and a man can carry the machine wherever a man can walk, thus doing away with the great expense of carrying water to the pay dirt, or transporting that to water. A company has been organized to manufacture the machine and place it upon the market.

A CONVENTION was held the other day at Baldwinville, N. Y., by two thousand producers of tobacco. A permanent organization was effected. A radical change in the tariff law was recommended as follows: Leaf tobacco contained in any package, bale, box or in bulk, suitable for wrappers exclusively, if not stemmed, \$1.25 a pound on the whole contents of such package, bale, box or bulk of tobacco.

The secretary of the treasury has sent to congress his estimate required for the fiscal year ending June 30, '87. The total amount required for all the expenses of the government is \$320,508,558, which is \$15,678,168 more than the sum called for in the estimate submitted last year, and \$60,838,710 more than the aggregate appropriation for the present fiscal year.

The other evening while the tug boat Dory Emory was towing a stone barge up the East river her boiler exploded opposite sixteenth street, New York. The report of the explosion was heard for two miles. A number of boats put off to render assistance but no trace of the tug could be found and it is believed she sank immediately with all on board.

News from Winnipeg says the remains of Elial have been removed secretly from Regina, and to his mother's home, where the friends will have an opportunity to view them, and, after religious services, the body will be taken to St. Boniface Catholic cemetery for burial.

Washington Letter.

(From our regular correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7, 1885.

The city is full of people, and the long session of the forty-sixth congress began to-day at noon. Probably no congress ever opened more quietly and with less excitement than this. As usual there were crowds of people at the capitol to see congress meet. As usual at the beginning of a new session there were many new faces on the floor of the House, and the old time bustle, confusion and noise. Old members greeted each other familiarly, new members were introduced, and there was an interchange of congratulations during the hour preceding noon. The old House officers were re-elected, except the chaplain, Rev. Mr. Lindbergh, the blind preacher of Chicago. Representative Reed, of Maine, was honored with the complimentary vote of the Republicans for speaker. This makes Mr. Reed virtually the leader of the minority. He is considered the ablest man in the House on a quick retort. He is very strong also in attacking and answering the opposite party in debate. And indeed most of the debating ability in the House is on the Republican side.

The Senate, which is always quiet and orderly, was unusually so to-day. It met, organized by electing Sherman president pro tem, to succeed Mr. Hendricks, and adjourned through respect to the memory of the late Vice-President, whose chair was covered with black.

The President's message is ready for congress whenever congress is ready to hear it, which will probably be to-morrow. Although great caution has kept the message from premature publication, its contents are pretty well known. It will be useless for me to give you its points, however, as you will probably read it in full by the time this reaches you.

The forty-sixth is the first Democratic congress to meet under a Democratic administration since the days of ex-President Buchanan. The country will be watchful to see how much the party has learned since treason shouted in the capitol and plotted in the cabinet.

Twenty-six years have passed away, thirteen congresses have come and twelve have gone since, on the first Monday in December, 1859, James Buchanan, the last Democratic predecessor of President Cleveland, sent his annual message to congress.

Some of the senators and representatives who assembled at the capitol to-day were there on the first Monday in December, 1859. If they will cast their eyes over this beautiful city, recalling what it was then and noting what it is now, they will have a gauge by which to measure the change wrought in the nation during those twenty-six years.

Every measure of public policy which has contributed to the magnificent advancement of the country in all these years has been a Republican measure, and has been carried against the united and unrelenting opposition of the Democracy.

There is much preparation for the financial battle to be fought this winter. Hon. Manton Marble is still corresponding with members of congress and endeavoring in every way to put before them facts and figures, upon which arguments on the silver question hinge. It is claimed that the basis of financial legislation will be more clearly defined, understood, and discussed than ever before.

The Hoar succession bill, or something closely resembling it, is likely to be brought forward early, and there are no indications that the Republicans will offer any opposition to it. During the last session the Senate secured the adoption of the plan to make cabinet officers the successors of the President and Vice-President in case of the death, removal, or disability of both. The bill filled in the House by the obstructive management of a Democrat from Connecticut, Mr. Eaton.

But the first subject brought to the attention of the House will probably be a revision of the rules. Every member wants them changed, there is no question about that. The trouble is in finding enough members who want the same change. Each member sees how a certain change would promote the passage of his little bill, and he will vote for that. In the multitude of schemes, the outcome is uncertain.

News Notes.

THERE were 2,314 fires in London last year.

It is said that it costs London \$3,000,000 a year for gas.

THOMAS JAMES, of Gainesville, Florida, is said to be the father of 53 children.

"HARD TIME PARTIES" are a form of social diversion in Virginia City, Nev.

THERE is a male in Tennessee that is seven feet high and weighs 1,800 pounds.

THE Northwood, D. T. Headlight, it is reported, was recently pined by a cyclone.

THE latest list of American beetles describes 2,490 species on this continent alone.

THERE have been nineteen deaths from hydrophobia in London during the past year.

SLAB HOLLOW, Vt., has petitioned the post-office department for a more dignified title.

THERE are 453 women editors in England—more than in all the remainder of Europe.

SUICIDES are increasing in Berlin to a frightful extent. In one day lately there were ten cases.

THERE are about 3,000 women voters on the lists in Toronto. They have full municipal suffrage.

TEN Indian boys in the Educational

Home, at Philadelphia, are to be admitted to the public schools.

A CLEVELAND paper says a large number of young men of that city paint and powder their faces.

QUEEN VICTORIA's personal carriage is Francis Clark, who takes the place of the late John Brown.

It is said that apple trees in some parts of California are producing a second crop of fruit this season.

THE entire peninsula boarding on Coal Harbor, Washington Ty., has been laid out in 25-foot town lots.

A CALIFORNIA man blasted a huge boulder a short time ago, and recovered \$8,000 in gold from the debris.

A LONDON paper is raising a fund to purchase Christmas toys for children in the hospitals and almshouses.

REV. BRUNSON, the great English preacher, is suffering from heart disease and is permanently broken in health.

THE Tippecanoe Paper Mills, in Carroll county, Ind., were burned the other night, involving a loss of \$50,000.

THE man who raised the first American flag on California soil is now living in O. His name is Jacob F. Leese.

PAPER is now made in France from hop vines, and it is claimed that the fiber secured is the best substitute for rags yet obtained.

AT the democratic caucus held at Richmond, Va., the other night Hon. John W. Daniel was nominated for United States senator.

THE potato was introduced into France 100 years ago, and the Agricultural Society proposes soon to celebrate the anniversary.

WHEN a man dies in Audaman, Society Islands, they paint him red, white and blue, so great is their respect for the American flag.

THE Great Eastern, the largest ship in the world, is to be moored in mid-ocean as a kind of half-way house for vessels crossing the Atlantic.

A FRENCH oculist has offered a prize of \$3,000 for the best essay carried instrument for the improvement of hearing in cases of partial deafness.

A FIRE the other morning at Iowa Falls destroyed the Burlington round house and two engines. The value of the property is estimated at \$20,000.

THE drunken murderer of the Anderson brothers of Tecumseh, Mich., Aaron Palmer, has not been captured, nor is there a clue as to the direction he has taken.

SANTA ROSA, CAL., has a wonderful town clock. When the hour hand points at six and the clock strikes seventeen the people then know that it is exactly 12 o'clock.

THE employment of women underground is prohibited in Great Britain, but the British Factory Inspector reports that 4,458 are at work in mining operations above ground.

THE sky glows which began two years ago still recur far south as well as far north of the equator, if one may believe letters from New Zealand on one hand and Sweden on the other.

FRED. WARD was transferred the other day from the stove shop in Sing Sing prison, where he was employed, to the office of Perry & Co., in the prison, where he was set to book keeping.

C. A. RAY, of New York City, on account of jealousy, shot his wife in the left cheek the other evening, inflicting a serious wound, and then shot himself through the head, dying almost instantly.

LATE news from Algiers states that earthquakes have thrown down many houses at Morocco Blids and Medeah and destroyed three-fourths of the town of Molla. Thirty-two persons have been killed.

Mrs. BIRDIE SCHROYER, a young and pretty woman, killed herself with strychnine at Norwich, Ohio, the other night, and a few hours later her husband took chloroform, but had not, at last report, expired.

It is stated at London that five British battalions have been ordered to proceed to Egypt. A dispatch from Cairo says Gen. Stevenson will leave for Wady Halfa and assume command of the Egyptian forces.

It is said that if a person bitten by a mad dog will go into a Turkish bath and stay there for seven days he will recover. The poison in the blood, it is believed, will be eliminated by vigorous and steady perspiration.

An aged sinner in the Connecticut valley has been convicted of poisoning his neighbor's cattle. His method was to take the cores out of apples, fill the cavity with Paris green, and scatter the bait among the grass in the pasture.

AT Akron, Ohio, the other afternoon a sewer which was being constructed caved in, burying seven laborers, four of whom were crushed to death, and three others injured so badly that they will probably die. The cave occurred without a moment's warning.

PROF. BARNARD of the Vanderbilt University, at Nashville, Tenn., has discovered a new comet in the constellation Taurus. It is faint and small. It is claimed that this is the fifth prize of \$300 won by Prof. Barnard for the discovery of comets.

A REPORT comes from Rapid City that a man by the name of Harvey Ewing committed suicide the other day at Deadwood by shooting himself through the head with a shotgun. All that could be learned of him was that he came to the Ellis in search of work.

A ROMAN astronomer claims to have made the interesting discovery that the planet Mars is inhabited by a race of intelligent people who are trying to make the acquaintance of the people on earth. Cannot this wonderful astronomer find out a safe way of communication with them?

An exchange says—it is proposed in Spain to start a fleet of ships, representing all maritime nations, from the little port of Palos in Spain, Aug. 3, 1492, the 400th anniversary of the sailing of Columbus, and to have the fleet sail to San Salvador over the route taken by the great discoverer.

FREDERICK HAUNSTEIN, Jr., of Tarentum, Pa., a son of a well-to-do German, died the other day of typhoid fever, and at the time of this report the father, mother, two brothers and three sisters are expected to die of the same disease. Two weeks before they ate a salad containing raw pork.

An English clergyman is authority for the statement that during the great volcanic eruption in Java two years ago, the great sea wave which followed the terrestrial convulsion washed ashore enormous rocks of coral formation, weighing from thirty to fifty tons, which were borne inland several miles.

A RECENT statement was made in London that the British expeditionary force, under Gen. Prendergast, arrived at Mandalay without any resistance being offered by the Burmese government provisionally in Queen Victoria's name. The Europeans who remained at Mandalay on the outbreak of hostilities are safe.

AT the State Creek iron mines, near Olympia, Ky., the other day a fearful explosion occurred by which eight men were badly hurt. John and Lyle Slater, John Montroy and Charles R. Bell are supposed to be fatally injured. John Slater was blown fully twenty-five feet. Both of Ruffett's eyes were blown out.

THE Civil Service Reform League of Philadelphia passed resolutions the other day instructing its executive committee to prepare a bill for introduction into congress, making it a misdemeanor for a member of congress to solicit the appointment of any one to public office. Copies of the resolution will be sent to every congressman.

Poison Oak.

In 1878 I was poisoned by contact with poison oak. I put myself under the treatment of a homeopathic physician in Mobile, who treated me three months with varying success, but no cure. I then went under treatment of one of the prominent allopathic physicians for months with no better results. Then I went to New York and secured the services of one of the most distinguished physicians there, who prescribed for me for weeks and failed to give relief. I then went to Philadelphia and went under the care of the celebrated Dr. Agnew for many weeks, and derived no appreciable benefit. Disheartened, I returned home and suffered on for some years. I went first to Healing Springs, Ala., then to Hot Springs, Ark., and then to Blount Springs, Ala., from all of which I received some benefit, but no permanent relief could be secured.

In 1882 I again put myself under the care of one of the best physicians, and alternated between comparative relief and sufferings that seemed beyond my power to bear. It seemed no matter what I did, as if it were impossible to rid myself of the poison.

In 1884, in October, when in desperation, and having very little faith in it, I commenced using Swift's Specific. After I had taken a number of bottles, I felt that my digestion and general health was improved, but so far as I could tell the poison was still in my system. After I had finished the second dozen bottles I began to see a change for the better. Nearly every sign of my dread affliction had disappeared, my skin was clear and in its normal condition, and again I believed that I was forever free from this terrible affliction. I have now completed my forty-eighth bottle, and feel free again, with no signs of any eruption but a few pimples, which I believe to be the last faint signs of the result of my terrible blood poisoning. I cannot say too much in praise of the S. S. S.

J. E. SHERMAN, Mobile, Ala.

For sale by all druggists. Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free. The Swift Specific Co., drawer 3, Atlanta, Ga., New York 157 W. 23d st.

CLOSING OUT.

At my place of business in

PLATTE CENTER.

I will sell my entire stock of goods worth \$10,000, consisting of

Dry Goods, Clothing, Groceries, Boots & Shoes, Hardware &c.,

At Greatly Reduced Prices

FOR CASH,

Compensating on the 1st day of December, '85. After the 1st of December, I desire all persons indebted to me, to call and settle their accounts promptly, without fail.

I. C. NIEMOLLER.

STRAY NOTICE.

Taken up by the subscriber on his improved lands in Lost Creek township, Platte County, Nebraska, on the 21st day of December, 1885, a

DARK BROWN GRAY POINT, white legs and belly, and supposed to be ten years old.

L. O. SMITH, December 14th, 1885.

COLUMBUS BOOMING!

WM. BECKER. CHEAP FUEL!

Whitebreast Lump Coal..... 5.00 Nut "..... 4.50

Caneas City "..... 7.00 Colorado Hard "..... 10.00

GROCERIES!

TAYLOR, SCHUTTE & CO.

JACOB SCHRAM.

DRY GOODS!

Boots & Shoes, Hats & Caps, FURNISHING GOODS AND NOTIONS.

LOW PRICES FOR CASH.

Talk is Cheap,

BUT

FACTS WILL TELL!

After this great thundering and roaring noise of the "one-day cheap sale competitors" has passed away,

ISRAEL GLUCK

Steps now to the front, and proclaims that he will from this day on not only hold a one or two days cheap sale, but will hold a cheap sale from this day on up to the 1st day of JANUARY next. Everything in my store has been marked A WAY DOWN, from a paper of pins to a silk dress, and from a red bandana to a fine wedding suit of clothes. This is no gas or wind, but real facts, for when I say a thing I mean it.

DON'T YOU FORGET IT!

Israel don't depend solely on selling Dry Goods for a living, as he derives income enough from other sources to live very comfortably, and he has made up his mind to make it quite interesting in the Dry Goods and Clothing line just for the fun of the thing, and give the citizens of Platte county and surrounding country the benefit of this fun while it lasts.

OBSERVE SOME OF MY EYE-OPENERS AND REFLECT.

The heaviest striped Cotton Shirting..... .08