Look out for colds
At this season. Keep
Your blood pure and
Rich and your system
Toned up by taking
Hood's Sarsaparilla. Then
You will be able to
Resist exposure to which
A debilitated system
Would quickly yield.

FREE FARM OF 160 ACRES.

Would You Like to Be Absolute Owner of Your Own Farm?

WOULD you like a farm that produces upon an average of 30 bushels of wheat per acre?

WOULD you like a farm that grows from 60 to 90 bushels of oats per acre?

WOULD you like a farm that grows from 40 to 60 bushels of barley per acre?

WOULD you like a farm that grows more bushels of potatoes per acre than any farm in Michigan?

WOULD you like a farm that produces all kinds of roots and vegetables in abundance?

WOULD you like a farm that produces the heaviest and fattest beef cattle that goes to the English market?

WOULD you like a farm that produces butter and cheese equal to the finest Danish?

WOULD you like to own a farm in a country where cattle are never stabled winter or summer?

WOULD you like to live in a country where taxes are very low, the principal taxation being for schools, and the government pays 75 per cent of that?

WOULD you like to live in a country where every person is happy and contented, excepting the doctors and undertakers?

WOULD you like to be where each of your sons can get 160 acres free, when they reach 18 years of age?

If so, consult the advertisement of the Canadian, government free lands, appearing elsewhere.

Good will, like a good name, is got by many actions, and lost by one.—Jeffrey.

How's This!

We offer One Hundred Dollars reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

West & Truax, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.; Waiding, Kinnan & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

"So you clubbed together and got your janitor a Christmas present, eh? What was it? "A beautiful frame, with the motto inside, 'Let the Lower Lights be Burning'."—Chicago News.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.

Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c., 25c. If C.C.C. fail, druggists refund money.

Every citizen of this country has the right to get to the sea of his product.

A system of school savings banks imported from Europe in 1885, is now in operation in eleven states. About twenty-eight thousand pupils are depositors, with $140,000 to their credit. Dr. Fifield, an authority on the subject, says that the prime object of the school savings bank system is not so much the saving of money, as the inculcation of the principles of thrift, honesty and self responsibility.

The next chapter of Charles A. Dana's "Reminiscences of Men and Events of the Civil War," now publishing in McClure's Magazine, will give Mr. Dana's experiences and observations in daily life with Grant at the seige and fall of Vicksburg. It will contain more of the unpublished correspondence between himself and Mr. Stanton, and afford new light generally on people and incidents.

The only windows in Korean houses are pieces of glass about the size of a nickel.

The Cuban Scare.

Although the diplomatic entanglement with Spain over Cuba is to some extent influencing the stock market, Wall street expects no serious complications. Nevertheless serious complication with other maladies may be expected to follow an attack of biliousness which is not checked at the outset. The most effectual means to this end is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, an admirable remedy, moreover, for dyspepsia, malaria, kidney trouble, constipation and nervousness.

Bid for the female vote—Candidate (addressing Wyoming audience)—My opponent talks very glibly of his men's conscia recti. Let me tell him that what we need in this country is men's and women's conscia rec i. (Deafening applause.)—Life.

Iowa Patent Office Report.

DES MOINES, Jan. 5.—W. T. M. asks: If a person should use a ratchet in an improved window shade roller, similar to Hartshorn's, would it be an infringement? Is not the principle of such a ratchet too common to patent?

Without searching the records to see Hartshorn's claims, I will endeavor to answer your question and make the matter plain to you.

Suppose Hartshorn's claim is for the combination of a ratchet, a pawl or detent, a spring and a roller for operating a curtain, all the parts may be common but the combination thereof new and patentable. To improve any one part or element in that combination, or to add another part thereto, to gain a new or improved result thereby, would be patentable, but not clear of the prior broad combination claim, and an infringement, if used without license. But if one of the four parts of the original combination claim is left out, then the combination is broken, and it wold not be an infringement of the claim that had four parts in it.

Valuable information about obtaining, valuing and selling patents sent free to any address.

THOMAS G. & J. RALPH ORWIG, Solicitors of Patents.

An inspiration that produces no result, is no better than agreeable recollection.

To Cure Constipation Forever.

Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C.C.C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

If the pockets are deep enough a boy's first pair of trousers always fit.

FARM AND GARDEN.

MATTERS OF INTEREST TO AGRICULTURALIST.

Some Up-to-Date Hints About Cultivation of the Soil and Yields Thereof—Horticulture, Viticulture and Floriculture.

Preparing for Sugar Beets.

Indiana Experiment Station:—The increased interest in the sugar beet question has brought to the experiment station an unusually large number of samples of sugar beets from all sections of the state. Some of the beets were raised from seed furnished by the station and some from seed obtained from other sources. In the case of the seed sent out from the station, full working directions were furnished. In most cases these directions were not followed, although those who requested free seed agreed to fully follow working directions. The most essential preliminary to raising good sugar beets is the proper preparation of the seed bed. The ground should be stirred to a depth of at least 16 inches. The best way to accomplish this is to turn a furrow about eight inches deep with a common plow and follow with a subsoil plow in the bottom of the furrow. Very few farmers who tried raising beets, report that they used a subsoil plow or any other implement for stirring the soil to a greater depth than eight inches. The result of this is seen in many of the samples received. Instead of a single tap root there are a number of small roots, and instead of the beet growing well under ground, it extends so far above ground that nearly one-half of its weight is useless for sugar making purposes. Both these defects can be corrected by deep plowing and subsoiling. It is much better to do this plowing and subsoiling in the fall. We therefore advise all those who intend to experiment with sugar beets the next year or who intend to raise them for any purpose, to plow the land now, and be ready to plant as early as the season will permit in the spring. This early planting is a great advantage on the moderately light lands that are best adapted for sugar beets since it advances the crop to a stage where it can better withstand the usual dry summer season.

In the distribution of seed in the spring, the station will give preference to those who have land properly prepared. If farmers intend to try the raising of sugar beets it is of the utmost importance that the work be properly done in every respect. For every test not properly conducted and giving beets of poor quality is not simply useless; it is directly injurious since it seems to indicate that the locality is not adapted for beet culture. Badly conducted tests may be the means of keeping beet factories away from localities that are really well suited for the business. They will certainly never be the means of inducing capitalists to invest money in factories in any locality.

The first step in the right direction is proper plowing and this can and ought to be done at once.

H. A. Huston, Chemist.

The Water Supply.

It is safe to say that nothing is of more importance to the gardener and florist than an abundant supply of water, and this supply always under his control, writes B. S. Hoxie in Wisconsin Horticulturist. The man or woman who wishes to cultivate flowers and plants and who gives them a fine chance in spring and early summer, of late years suddenly awakes in midsummer to the fact that they begin to wither and die. Resort is at once had to the watering pot, and pailful after pailful from the well or cistern pump is used. The earth constantly drinks it in and every day calls for more, and we bend our energies to supply the want, but finally gave up in despair while we mourn the loss of our flowers and hope that next year may be better. My memory recalls when one year I had as fine a growth of Dahlias as ever I saw, and the next spring I planted out fifty hills which promised a fine show of autumn bloom, but alas! not a dozen blossoms appeared, and in the fall the bulbs were weak and puny. Result, but few (and those of inferior varieties), were fit to plant the next spring. The Gladiolus beds showed but imperfect bloom and so on to the end of the chapter, for out-door plants. So the question had but two alternatives, either a permanent water supply or no garden and lawn. The right end of the question for me was a supply of water with windmill and elevated tank, so that now by aid of gravitation and rubber hose I never have a lack of water when I need it, though I have sometimes lacked time to use it. Our city does not boast a system of water works and even if it did my own independent fountain supply is cheaper than a "water tax," and there is no "shut off" when wanted, for the winds of heaven blow and the lower fountains yield up their treasure at call. There are windmills on almost every farm in the country, but not one elevated tank in a hundred. A small tank holding thirty, forty or fifty barrels, placed on a tower of trestle work, say ten or twelve feet high, would in most cases afford an ample supply. The overflow from this could as well supply the yard tank as it now does, or it could be taken direct to the house and then distributed. Of course a force pump would have to be used instead of the common lifting pump, but it costs only a few dollars more, and what a convenience!

Increase of Insect Enemies.

It needs little argument to prove that the enemies of cultivated plants are steadily increasing, and I think it can be easily shown that they will continue to increase so long as the conditions, for which we are in large part responsible, remain as they are at present. I do not by any means regard this as a calamity. On the contrary, I look upon the fact that our insect and fungous foes are increasing as direct proof that we are progressing, for, as Professor Bailey has said, "Our enemies increase because cultivation induces change of habits in wild organisms; because it presents an ever-increasing variety of food, or host plants; because the food supply is large and in more or less continuous areas; and finally, because the natural equilibrium, or tension, is destroyed." It follows, therefore, that the more we put forth our energies to improve our native plants or to change their habits; the more we endeavor to increase the variety and number of our cultivated vines, trees, and shrubs; the more we extend our orchards, our vineyards, and our fields, just so much more do we disturb the equilibrium in nature, and just so much more must we expect to burden ourselves with the work of maintaining this unstable condition by more or less artificial means. Where an insect or fungus had one chance a hundred years ago to wax strong and spread, it has now a thousand chances, for unbroken orchards and vineyards and millions of nursery trees cover the country where then only wild plants grew. It is but natural, then, that man, seeing the onward march of his enemies, should look about him and wonder how it will all end, and how he, as an individual, is to obtain relief. In many cases he has found a way of doing this by adopting certain more or less empirical methods. Again, with a fuller appreciation of the fundamental principles underlying plant growth, he has learned, partly by intuition, to keep his plants in health, and when he has reached this stage he stands far in advance of his neighbor who waits until his plants are diseased and then begins to look about for a spraying apparatus.—B. T. Galloway.

Live Stock Feeders and Breeders.

I take this opportunity of advising all interested of the calling of the American Livestock Feeders' and Breeders' convention at the state capitol rooms, St. Paul, January 11 and 12 next. Its objects will be, first, to discuss the breeding of the best types of live stock to meet the demands of the market; second, kinds of food and manner of feeding to produce an animal that will bring the top market price; third, marketing live stock. During the past several years the live stock interest has increased very rapidly in Minnesota, the Dakotas, and over the Northwest generally; and there are hundreds, even thousands, of new beginners in this business, who are steadily increasing their herds. The meeting, however, will be national in its scope, and is intended to represent the live stock interests for discussion of the important points above mentioned, both of the United States and Canada. Its object is to bring together beginners in stock raising, and experienced breeders and feeders, in order that there may be a mutual exchange of views and methods in the manner of feeding and breeding live stock. Low railway rates, both east and west of St. Paul, are expected, and eminent experts in breeding and feeding have already signified their intention of being present, from Pittsburg on the East, to the Pacific ocean on the West. The various live stock organizations throughout the United States and Canada are invited to appoint delegates to be in attendance to represent their organizations, and in addition, all persons interested in the breeding and feeding of live stock will be accepted as delegates, by reporting their names and addresses to the secretary upon the day of their arrival at St. Paul. The council of arrangements extends to your paper a most cordial invitation to be represented at the convention. The ripe experience of your editorial staff cannot but be highly beneficial in the deliberations of the meeting.

David R. McGinnis,
Executive Manager.

The Dog Pest.

A Canadian exchange talks of the dog pest as follows:

One of the great drawbacks to the comfortable keeping of sheep in Canada and the United States is the prevalence of dogs which worry sheep. Our dog laws are not so rigid as they ought to be. The farmers of Canada ought to rally round their respective ministers of agriculture and back them strongly enough to get good wholesome dog laws passed in every province in the Dominion. In Kansas a very useful plan of frightening away dogs has been found to be the putting of a cow bell on every third sheep. A writer recommends the following methods: "Get some small sponges and soak them in melted poisoned lard or tallow, and then place the sponge where the dogs will be likely to get them. The sheep or other stock will not touch the sponges, but the dogs will. You will be in no danger of poisoning anything you don't want to. The sponges are indigestible, and will never leave the dog's stomach, and the owner of the dog will believe he has got a dog going mad and will not only kill that dog, but every other one he has." This writer also adds: "No sheepman should be without a Winchester, and should know how to use it, too." These methods are harsh; but circumstances might justify their use. We should rather see effective dog laws passed.

Buying Too Fast.—One of the obstacles to the farmer's success to-day is the result of the fact that many things that formerly were only luxuries and unknown to many farm homes, are now, or at least seem to be necessities to every farmer's household. Until recent years farming was profitable to nearly all engaged in it, and the earlier settlers of all our states exercised many economies unknown to the present generation. Gradually and by a process of accretion many surrounded themselves with home comforts that can be had at once only as the result of a considerable outlay. Our people are sanguine and ambitious for their families and too often are not content to gradually acquire, or acquire only as a prudent husbanding of their means will permit the luxuries which they see enjoyed by those who by long and patient economies have secured them. In short, farmers often at the beginning of their careers don't live within their means, nor do they produce at home a sufficient proportion of their supplies.—Texas Stock and Farm Journal.

Feed and Fat.—In each section of Canada government experiment farms have been established as centers of education and object lessons to the surrounding farmers. Here tests are made under the best scientific conditions, and the results applied for the betterment of the methods of the average farmer. Thus at one of the government farms we find 29,000 distinct samples of milk tested to establish one fact—namely, that when a cow has reached her maximum percentage of solids in the milk she produces, an increase of richness in the ration she is fed on does not yield an increase in the richness of her milk, but only an increase in the total quantity of milk she produces.—London Chronicle.

Fattening Hogs.—A hog fattens more quickly by being fed no more at any time than it will eat. It should always clean up all in the trough. When it has fed, clean the trough out and do not feed again until the animal shows plainly that it is hungry. If overfed so that it feeds indifferently it will lose less weight to permit it to go without food a day than it would by continuing to feed beyond its appetite. Probably no other animal is so sensitive to injury from overfeeding as the hog.—Ex.

Good Pigs.—It is a pretty good rule that the sooner a pig can be brought to 200 pounds and the sooner he can be gotten to market after reaching this weight, the greater will be the per cent of profit in feeding him. Aside from the risk of cholera, etc., it has been shown that the gain above 200 costs more, and that even with pork bringing good prices, there is often an actual loss in feeding above 250 pounds.—Ex.

In spite of the work performed by the patriotic American hen, the United Staes imported one million dozen of eggs last year.

Good Points for Underdraining.

It is a common mistake to suppose that the only time the underdrain is helping land is when it is pouring forth a stream of water at its outlet, says American Cultivator. It is of course helping the land then, and probably in its most effective way. But the drain also helps the land in winter, for by having previously taken away the surplus water near the surface, it allows the soil to freeze more deeply, and thus become deeper and more open to the outside air. Wherever a deep underdrain is laid it receives some of the internal heat of the earth, which it conducts to the soil above, gradually thawing it to the surface as warm weather returns in spring. Thus, over a deep underdrain, when the surface is covered by snow, the frozen soil will gradually thaw from beneath, and will be all thawed out by the time the snow is gone. Under snow, where there is no underdrain, the soil will remain frozen until the snow has all gone. This shows how an interchange of air occurs in drained soil even in the winter. As soon as spring comes the rains carry warm outside air down to the drain, making it warmer, while the underdrained land is, until late in spring, filled with stagnant water which keeps it cold because it prevents the entrance of air. As the drained soil freezes more deeply in winter it also warms more quickly in spring. In open winters, when there are alternate spells of cold and thawing weather, the drained soil both freezes and thaws several times during the winter. Yet it does this without serious injury to the winter grain growing over it. This is probably because the water has been so far abstracted from the soil that no ice can form to clasp the wheat roots, and then in thawing throw them on the surface. Is it in the soil nothing but a hoar frost, which absorbs air and thus enriches the soil with the ammonia it contains when the hoar frost is thawed. In the undrained soil there is very little air, as stagnant water usually comes near the surface, if not covering it. Undrained land often does not even get frozen in winter, as there is so thick a covering of ice over it that freezing of the soil is impossible.

Dissemination of Weeds.

More weed seeds are disseminated with clover seed than with any other one kind of grain and some of these, like the bracted plantain, are among the very worst, says an exchange. It is a curious fact that in cleaning the seeds of cockle from wheat some of the larger grains cannot be separated. This process of selection has bred up a kind of cockle that produces seed so nearly the size of wheat grains that it cannot be separated from the wheat among which it grows.

Many weeds that are hard to handle are coming west year by year, each year getting a little further on their journey to the Pacific. This is a class of immigrants that we do not welcome, and farmers should watch for them and destroy them as soon as found. A little neglect in this matter may lead to a costly and never-ending warfare within a few years. There was a time when, if a few Russian thistle plants had been destroyed, the country would have been saved millions of dollars. Buy seeds that you know are pure. Watch the farm for unfamiliar plants and be careful about planting flowers that are liable to become plants out of place and make trouble in the future.

Soil Fertility.—The fertility of soil depends upon its ability to supply plants with all the elements of food which they require. No one of the elementary substances which are always found in the composition of a plant can be dispensed with. As an animal cannot live or thrive without a proper supply of the ordinary elements of food, so a plant requires a regular supply of these various elements from the soil. A plant poorly supplied with potash or nitrogen, for instance, would produce only a sickly growth, and if entirely deprived of these, or of any other essential element, would die. Fertile soil, therefore, must contain not only large quantities of plant food, but sufficient quantities of every kind of food which plants obtain from the soil to supply the wants of the crop.—Selected.

Dried Potatoes.—The Grocery World says that the opening up of a demand for potatoes, peeled, sliced and dried, like apples, promises to give a fresh impetus to potato cultivation, as decay will be prevented and freight cost lessened. The potatoes are peeled and sliced by machinery, soaked twenty minutes in strong brine, drained and dried at a temperature of about 194 degrees. Before using the slices are soaked from twelve to fifteen hours, and then have all the freshness and flavor of new potatoes.

FOR THE HOUSEKEEPER.

When making pies with a bottom crust and you wish to prevent the gravy soaking through it, brush it over well on the inside with beaten egg.

During frosty weather windows may be cleaned with a cloth moistened with methylated spirit, which will give a most brilliant polish. The same method may be used at all times for the cleaning of mirrors.

To remove long-continued ink stains from silver writing appliances take a small quantity of chloride of lime and make a paste of it with cold water. This must be rubbed on the stains till they disappear and then the silver will only need to be polished with chamois leather.

To clean a stained decanter put into it a dessertspoonful of small pieces of washing soda and one tablespoonful of vinegar. Shake the decanter well, but do not put in the stopper or close it with the hand or it may burst. You will find that the bottle is quickly cleaned in this way.

To waterproof cloth mix two ounces of powdered alum and the same amount of sugar of lead with two gallons of rainwater and when sufficiently amalgamated pour off the water from this sediment which will necessarily settle. Soak the garment in the liquid for about twelve or fifteen hours and when dry it can be ironed and considered ready to withstand the rain. It will, of course, be wise to subject only fast colors to the treatment and very fine fabrics would be better left alone.

We get such a quantity of handsome brass ornaments from India now that it is important that we should know how best to keep them in the bright condition in which they reach us from the east. The simplest means of brightening brass is to cover it with a solution of oxalic acid in soft water, made in proportions of one ounce of acid to a pint of water. When the metal is well covered with the fluid, polish it briskly with a chamois skin. It must be noted that this oxalic acid preparation is a poison and very strong in its effect upon the brass, so it should not be used too often.

Popcorn contains more nitrogen and phosphates than the regular Indian corn.

GAINED FORTY-EIGHT POUNDS

"I had a strong appetite for liquor which was the beginning of the breaking down of my health. I was also a slave to tea and coffee drinking. I took the gold cure but it did not help me."

This is a portion of an interview clipped from the *Daily Herald*, of Clinton, Iowa. It might well be taken for the subject of a temperance lecture but that is not our object in publishing it. It is to show how a system, run down by drink and disease, may be restored. We cannot do better than quote further from the same:

I Retired to City Life.

"For years I was unable to do my work. I could not sleep nights or rest days on account of continuous pains in my stomach and back. I was unable to digest my food. Headaches and painful urination were frequent, and my heart's action became increased. I left my farm and retired to city life, for I was a confirmed invalid, and the doctor said I would never be well again.

"Soon after I happened to use four boxes of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People and since then have been free from all pain, headache and dyspepsia. I eat heartily and have no appetite for strong drink or tea or coffee, and feel twenty years younger.

"*My weight has increased 48 pounds.* I cannot say too much for Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and claim that they have cured me.

JOHN B. COOK."

Subscribed and sworn to before me this sixteenth day of February, 1897.

A. P. BARKER, *Notary Public.*

To people run down in health from whatever cause—drink or disease—the above interview will be of interest. The truth of it is undoubted as the statement is sworn to, and we reproduce the oath here. For any further facts concerning this medicine write to Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

The name and address of the subject of above interview is John B. Cook, of 208 South 5th Street, Lyon, Iowa.

If Noah were alive today he would probably build another ark and get some Kentucky belle to christen it.—Chicago Daily News.

Dancing came first of all the public arts. It antedates music, singing and sculpture.

Beauty, Utility and Value

Are happily combined in Hood's Sarsaparilla Coupon Calendar for 1898. The lovely child's head in an embossed gold frame, surrounded by sprays of flowers in mosaic, the harmonious pad in blue with clear figures, and the Coupons by means of which many valuable books and other articles may be obtained, make up the most desirable Calendar we have ever seen. The first coupon article is Hood's Practical Cook's Book, a handsome, useful volume of 350 pages. Ask your druggist for Hood's Coupon Calendar, or send 6 cents in stamps for one to C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

To get comfortably fitting shoes, buy them in the afternoon, when the exercise of the day has spread the feet to their largest extent.

WONDERS NEVER CEASE.

Salzer's great catalogue paints four vegetable wonders, a Fig, a Peach and a Strawberry Tomato, also an Orange Vine; genuine, splendid novelties. His Golden Rind Watermelon created a tremendous sensation in 1897 and took 1,000 first prizes, selling at $1.00 apiece. His Lightning Cabbage is 18 days ahead of other seedsmen's earliest, while his Early Peas, Radishes, Tomatoes, Melons, Beets, etc., ripen weeks before their relatives.

If You Will Send this Notice and 35 cts. to John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., you will get free their big catalogue (tells all about gardening) and above four vegetable wonders. w.n.c.

A pauper may not, because of his insanity, be entitled to extravangant fare or gorgeous surrounding.

AN OPEN LETTER TO MOTHERS.

We are asserting in the courts our right to the exclusive use of the word "CASTORIA," and "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," as our Trade Mark.

I, Dr. Samuel Pitcher, of Hyannis, Massachusetts, was the originator of "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," the same that has borne and does now bear the fac-simile signature of CHAS. H. FLETCHER on every wrapper. This is the original "PITCHER'S CASTORIA" which has been used in the homes of the mothers of America for over thirty years. Look carefully at the wrapper and see that it is "the kind you have always bought," and has the signature of CHAS. H. FLETCHER on the Wrapper. No one has authority from me to use my name except The Centaur Company of which Chas. H. Fletcher is President.

March 8, 1897. SAMUEL PITCHER, M. D.

The Chinese surname comes first instead of last.

"Why do you think Bingle would make a good alderman. He's as deaf as a post." That's the very reason he would be a safe man. Your briber never puts a proposition in black and white."—Chicago News.

Do You Dance To-Night?

Shake into your Shoes Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It makes tight or New Shoes feel Easy. Cures Corns, Bunions, Chilblains and Sweating Feet. At all Druggists and Shoe Stores, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

Knowledge gained from good books means increased power and better citizenship.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All Druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c

The public gets less for its money than individuals get for theirs.

Established 1780.

Baker's Chocolate,

celebrated for more than a century as a delicious, nutritious, and flesh-forming beverage, has our well-known

Yellow Label

on the front of every package, and our trade-mark, "La Belle Chocolatiere," on the back.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

MADE ONLY BY

WALTER BAKER & CO. Ltd., Dorchester, Mass.

A Profession for $1.

Ten Weeks Course in TELEGRAPHY and a Practical Morse Instrument, Sounder, Battery and Short Line for $1. Anyone can learn from our printed course. Two instruments, for practice work, $1.75. MORSE ELECTRIC MFG. CO., 115,01 Dearborn St., Sta. T, Chicago, Ill.

POTATOES $1.50 a Bbl.

Largest Seed POTATO growers in America. The "Maxwell New-Yorker" gives Salzer's Earliest a yield of 461 bushels per acre. Prices dirt cheap. Our Great Seed Book, 11 Farm Seed Samples, Worth $10, to get a start, for 10c. and this notice. JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO., La Crosse, Wis. W.C.

THE CANADIAN GOLD FIELDS.

They Do Not All Lie in the Yukon.

The excitement of the past few months has drawn a great many people to the Canadian Yukon in the search for gold, and has diverted the attention of many others. But in order to get there it is necessary that a man should be possessed of the best of health, strong powers of endurance and considerable means. He leaves his wife and his family for a considerable period, and the hardships he has to endure are all unknown to him.

Canada has other gold fields, though. They are the fields that produce her golden grain. This year the crop of Manitoba, lying directly north of North Dakota, yielded 21,000,000 bushels of wheat alone. The current price averages 76 cents, which, as a local paper puts it, "makes the product in gold this year, for wheat alone, equal to a value of $15,960,000." Twenty thousand farmers did this, or an average to each producer of about $798.

"But these same farmers are not living by wheat alone. This is only one source of revenue to them out of many. They have also beef, butter, potatoes, oats, barley and poultry to sell, and sometimes other things, so that it may be fairly estimated that their incomes will average at least $1,000 per farmer. Thus Manitoba's fields have yielded this year fully $20,000,000 in gold, divided among 20,000 actual producers, and a general population of about 200,000."

After counting the cost of stamp mills, expenses of men, etc., rich as is the Klondike, such vast wealth as is being taken out of the soil in raising wheat in this one province, cannot possibly be secured in any mining district. Of course mining development assists agricultural development, and that is why the Government of Canada feels so much assurance in predicting prosperity to all who take up farms in Canada. Western Canada today promises more than any other known field that is open to immigration. Farms of 160 acres, capable of producing the best No. 1 hard wheat, yielding thirty to forty bushels to the acre, are given away free. Railways, markets, schools, churches—all are convenient. The Canadian form of government is one of the most liberal known, and a hearty welcome is given to settlers of all nationalities. Already there are many settlers gone in from the states, and the reports from them are highly favorable. Those desiring information as to free homestead laws, low transportation rates, etc., will have pamphlets, etc., sent free on application to the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any agent of the Government.

The servants of the public should not be inferior to the servants of individuals.

Reading is a ladder which may be used to climb to the summit or descend to the pit.

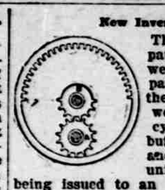
Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c. or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

If some men had to eat their own words they would soon die of indigestion.

Smoke Sledge Cigarettes, 20 for 5 cts.

New Inventions.



The United States patent office last week issued 488 patents. Amongst the curious of these were included a cycle embodying but a single wheel and known as a unicycle, the patent being issued to an Iowa inventor. While another Iowa inventor received a patent for a centrifugal cream separator. It remained for a Utica, N. Y., inventor to provide a running gear for a baby carriage, by which the forward wheels can be dropped downward so that the carriage body may be held horizontal while the baby carriage is being wheeled up and down stairs. Most people have realized the dangers attending conveying a child in a baby buggy up or down flights of stairs, which is entirely overcome by the new invention. Above we show a simple movement by means of which the wheel A revolves the larger wheel D in opposite directions. Inventors desiring free information may obtain the same in addressing Sues & Co., registered patent agents, Omaha, Neb.

"How do you tell the age of a turkey?" "By the teeth." "A turkey hasn't teeth." "No; but I have."—Tit-Bits.

Beauty is Blood Deep.

Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets, Candy Cathartic cleans your blood and keeps it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin to-day to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads, and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascarets.—beauty for ten cents. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed, 10c, 25c, 50c.

There were fewer railroads bankruptcies in 1897 than for ten years.

Go to your grocer to-day and get a 15c. package of

Grain-O

It takes the place of coffee at ¼ the cost.

Made from pure grains it is nourishing and healthful.

Insist that your grocer gives you GRAIN-O. Accept no imitation.

EASTERN OREGON Fast Coming to the Front. Best bargains in Grain, Hay, Fruit and Stock Ranches. Desirable Mining property. First Mortgages netting 7 per cent. For information address WM. R. SARGENT, La Grande, Oregon.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Send for book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Atlanta, Ga.

AUTHORS—We want your stories, poems and book MSS.; best prices; inclose stamp. Authors and Writers Union, Chicago, Ill.

W. N. U. OMAHA. NO. 4.—1898.

When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention This Paper.

OLD OR NEW
RHEUMATIC PAINS
Promptly cured by ST. JACOBS OIL.
KNOWN ALL OVER THE WORLD AS THE BEST

CANDY CATHARTIC
Cascarets
CURE CONSTIPATION
REGULATE THE LIVER
10c 25c 50c ALL DRUGGISTS

GUARANTEED TO CURE every kind of Cough, Colds, La Grippe, Hoarseness, etc.
Dr. Kay's Lung Balm
Write us all of YOUR SYMPTOMS plainly.
Our physician will give FREE ADVICE, 68-page book of recipes, and FREE SAMPLE.
Sold by DRUGGISTS, or sent by mail. PRICE, 10c and 25c.
Address DR. B. J. KAY MEDICAL CO., (Western Office), Omaha, Neb.

A PUZZLE MAP OF THE UNITED STATES
SENT FREE TO ANY ADDRESS UPON RECEIPT OF FIVE TWO-CENT STAMPS TO COVER THE COST OF MAILING.
BEST INSTRUCTOR
in geography ever seen. Interests the children and teaches them the geography of their own country in a practical and lasting manner.
Not more than one sent to one address. Write to
F. H. LORD,
General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Chicago Great Western Railway,
QUINCY BUILDING, CHICAGO, ILL.

$100 To Any Man.

WILL PAY $100 FOR ANY CASE

Of Weakness in Men They Treat and Fail to Cure.

An Omaha Company places for the first time before the public a MAGICAL TREATMENT for the cure of Lost Vitality, Nervous and Sexual Weakness, and Restoration of Life Force in old and young men. No worn-out French remedy; contains no Phosphorus or other harmful drugs. It is a WONDERFUL TREATMENT—magical in its effects—positive in its cure. All readers, who are suffering from a weakness that blights their life, causing that mental and physical suffering peculiar to Lost Manhood, should write to the STATE MEDICAL COMPANY, No. 306 Ramge Block, Omaha, Neb., and they will send you absolutely FREE, a valuable paper on these diseases, and positive proofs of their truly MAGICAL TREATMENT. Thousands of men, who have lost all hope of a cure, are being restored by them to a perfect condition.

This MAGICAL TREATMENT may be taken at home under their directions, or they will pay railroad fare and hotel bills to all who prefer to go to there for treatment, if they fail to cure. They are perfectly reliable; have no Free Prescriptions, Free Cure, Free Sample, or C. O. D. fake. They have $250,000 capital, and guarantee to cure every case they treat or refund every dollar; or their charges may be deposited in a bank to be paid to them when a cure is effected. Write them today.

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

For maps, pamphlets, railway rates, etc., and full information concerning this country, enjoying exceptionally pleasant climate and continuous good crops, apply to

W. V. BENNETT, Can. Gov't Agent, New York Life Building, Omaha, Neb.

NEURALGIA

ANTI-NEVRALGIQUE

Sick and Nervous Headaches POSITIVELY Cured in 30 Minutes, by Anti-Nevralgique

At all druggists or sent postpaid upon receipt of $1.

FRENCH CHEMICAL CO. 356 Dearborn St. Chicago, Ill.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

CURE YOURSELF? Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

The hair

is like a plant. What makes the plant fade and wither? Usually lack of necessary nourishment. The reason why Dr. Ayer's Hair Vigor restores gray or faded hair to its normal color, stops hair from falling, and makes it grow, is because it supplies the nourishment the hair needs.

"When a girl at school, in Reading, Ohio, I had a severe attack of brain fever. On my recovery, I found myself perfectly bald and, for a long time, I feared I should be permanently so. Friends urged me to use Dr. Ayer's Hair Vigor, and, on doing so, my hair immediately began to grow, and I now have as heavy and fine a head of hair as one could wish for, being changed, however, from blonde to dark brown."—Mrs. J. H. HORSNYDER, 152 Pacific Ave., Santa Cruz, Cal.

Ayer's Hair Vigor.

BUY NORTHERN GROWN SEEDS
FARM SEEDS
Salzer's Seeds are Warranted to Produce.
E. Walter, Lehlaysville, Pa., astonished the world by growing 250 bushels Salzer's corn; J. Swisher, Nineveh, Wis., 173 bush. barley, and F. Simet, Rudolph, Iowa, by growing 196 bush. Salzer's oats per acre. If you doubt, write them. We wish to gain 50,000 new customers, hence will send on trial
13 DOLLARS WORTH FOR 10c.
11 pkgs of rare farm seeds, Hog Pea, Seed Vetch, "Big Wheat," Sheep Rape, Jerusalem Corn, etc., including our mammoth Seed Catalogue, telling all about the $450 gold prizes for best name for our new marvelous corn and oats, "Prodigies," also sample of same, all mailed you upon receipt of 2c. postage, positively worth $10, to get a start. 100,000 bbls. Seed Potatoes at $1.50 a bbl. 25 pkgs. earliest vegetable seeds, $1.00.
JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO. LACROSSE, WIS.
Please send this adv. along. Catalog alone, 5c. No. w.c.

The first of yesterday may be the second today and out of the race tomorrow.

It Keeps the Feet Dry and Warm

And is the only cure for Chilblains, Frostbites, Damp, Sweating Feet, Corns and