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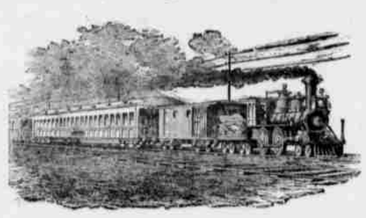

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We are acknowledged to be the leaders and can save you from

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Fresh Butter & Eggs

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A full line of Early Vegetables by every boat.

Our XXXX Patent Flour is the

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We have just received a shipment of XXX butter crackers and will close out at

5lbs For 25c.

Oranges, Lemons, Bananas

Special prices on large lots. Everything warranted and all goods delivered.

Frank C. Holmes,

RELIABLE GROCER.

ALPENA ARGUS.

J. C. VIALL, Publisher & Proprietor

$1 PER YEAR.

Largest Circulation and Best Advertising Medium in Alpena County.

Wednesday, March 8, 1893.

Democratic Nominations.

STATE.

For Justice of the Supreme Court,
GEORGE H. DURAND.

For Regents of the State University,
HENRY A. HARMON,
ROBERT E. BUNKER.

COUNTY.

For School Commissioner,
EDGAR H. FOX.

Judicial Convention.

The Democratic convention for the 26th Circuit, will be held at Gaylord, Otsego county, on Tuesday, March 14, 1893, at 2 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of placing in nomination a candidate for Circuit Judge. Counties are entitled to delegates as follows: Alpena, 6; Otsego, 2; Montmorency, 2; Presque Isle, 2.

By order of Committee.

It is President Cleveland now, the inauguration taking place on Saturday last, and being one of the most notable inaugurals in the history of the country.

Michigan has again been honored by President Cleveland, he having appointed Henry T. Thurber, of Detroit, to the important position of private secretary of the President.

One of the best things in connection with the inauguration of the President was the friendly civilities extended by the retiring President and Vice-President to their successors. It exhibited the real American spirit.

The Democrats now have controll of the three branches of the U. S. government, being the first time since the commencement of the rebellion in 1860. The President, the Senate and the House of Representatives are Democratic.

The Democratic candidates for the office of Justice of the Supreme Court and for Regents of the University are men that every Democrat can cheerfully vote for, as they are capable and can be depended upon to attend to the duties of the offices, if elected, in a faithful manner. They are good citizens, and well qualified to do the work with honor to the party and for the best interests of the people.

The dispute in Kansas as to whether the Republican or Populist House of Representatives is the lawful one, has been decided by the Supreme Court of that State. Two of the judges, who are Republicans, decided in favor of the Republicans, and the third judge, a Populist, disagreed with their decision, and the Populist house accepted the decision of the majority of the judges. When politics are concerned there are but few judges in this country who can decide impartially. The decisions of the courts on politicial questions receive but little respect, but are submitted to until the people can be appealed to at another election.

City Debt Reduced.

The fiscal year of the city finances ended on Feb. 28th, and the Comptroller's report shows a balance in favor of the city to the amount of $8,388.98. To that balance we understand there is to be added the amount derived from liquor tax, the receipts from delinquent tax sales, licenses, etc., which would make the balance in favor of the city amount to at least $12,000. In other words, the expenditures of the Common Council are about twelve thousand dollars less than the city's income, and the floating debt will be reduced that amount. The funds that come out with the balances are the contingent, fire and police, the amount of which is $12,783.82. The highway fund is overdrawn $4,063.43, and the cemetery fund $331.41. The balance in favor of the city is therefore $8,388.98, as the difference between the amount appropriated and the orders drawn during the year. The Aldermen have done well and have largely reduced the floating debt of the city.

In a few weeks the Democratic city convention will be held, to place in nomination candidates for city officers. The officers to be chosen at the election on the 3d of next month are Comptroller, Recorder, six Supervisors, six Aldermen, Members of the Board of Education and six Constables. The election of the city officers, Aldermen, Supervisors and Members of the Board of Education, is of greater importance to the people of Alpena than in any past year, owing to the peculiar position at present. The valuation of personal property will be a great deal smaller than last year, owing to a large decrease of logs, mills and vessels, and thus less money must be raised and the city expenses largely decreased. It is important that good officers be chosen. Only those who are capable and care more for the interests of the city than they do for what they can get out of the city treasury, should be selected. A mere chronic office seeker should not be chosen for a candidate. Alpena wants her best citizens for official positions, and especially for members of the Council. The Democratic party has plenty of good men, well qualified to carefully manage the city affairs, and those men should be selected for the positions. Taxes must be lower, the expenses largely decreased, especially in the street department, and every dollar of the city money should be expended economically and wisely. If good and capable men are selected by the Democrats at their coming city and ward convention, enough of them will be elected to rule the city during 1893.

"The Mackaye Spectatorium."

A novel and colossal enterprise is that which bears the name of "The MacKaye Spectatorium" which is being fostered and pushed to completion by the Columbian Celebration Company at Chicago. This comprises the erection of a building of massive proportions and picturesquely interesting design, in which shall be presented the many strange and daring ideas that Mr. Steele MacKaye conceived as a part of the essentials for a grand and noble dramatic and lyric presentation of the great historic discovery which this Expositon is to celebrate. A year ag Mr. MacKaye explained his ideas to a party of Chicago capitalists, among them being George M. Pullman, Lyman J. Gage, Murry Nelson, Benj. Butterworth, E. B. Butler, Judge Leroy D. Thoman, Gen'l A. C. McClurg, Ferd and Clarence Peck, H. E. Bucklon, E. W. Gillott, J. C. Hinkley, H. E. Weaver and others of like prominence. These men immediately grasped the feasibility of Mr. MacKaye's plan and saw in it an opportunity to give to the people of Chicago and the world a production that should surpass anything ever attempted and they furnished the capital, about $2,000,000 to carry these plans to an end. That end is rapidly approaching and within a month or more the model, which cost $30,000 will be shown to the newspaper men. Those who have seen the model, even in its first stages of development say that the presentment which will be given in "The MacKaye Spectatorium" will surpass every other feature of the Fair, both in its colossal proportions and its astonishing audacity.

State Convention—The Candidates.

The Democratic State convention held at Detroit on Tuesday of last week, was one of the most enthusiastic gatherings of the party ever held in the State, and was fully attended by delegates from every county except one.

Hon. Geo. H. Durand, of Flint, was with great enthusiasm placed in nomination as the candidate for Justice of the Supreme Court, and Henry A Harmon, of Wayne, and Robert E. Bunker, of Muskegon, for Regents.

The candidates are men of high standing in the State, and have been identified with the Democratic party as leading lights, are good and true men for the positions, and will meet the hearty support of the entire party.

JUDGE GEORGE H. DURAND.

George H. Durand came to Michigan from New York State in 1856. He went to Flint in 1858 and has resided there ever since. He had a great liking for the law and began his studies in that direction. In 1873 he was elected Mayor of Flint and the following year was re-elected. He was elected to Congress in 1874 from the sixth district, and had the honor of serving as chairman of the committee on commerce. His election showed his extreme popularity, for in 1872 the district went Republican by 6,000, and he carried it, two years later, by 1,700. He ran again in 1876, but this was the hot year of the Tilden and Hayes campaign, and he was defeated with the other Democrats. He was appointed to fill Chief Justice Morse's place when the latter resigned from the bench to make a race for the governorship, and held that position ably until January 1. He has been a grand master of Masons for the state.

HENRY A. HARMON.

Henry A. Harmon was born in Saratoga county, N. Y., in 1847. He graduated from Union College in 1868 and the same year came to Detroit. He studied law here with Newberry, Pond & Brown, and was admitted to the bar in 1870. He has been a member of the school board three different times, serving in that capacity altogether six years. He is now a member of the library board.

ROBERT E. BUNKER.

Robert E. Bunker was born in Jackson county in 1848. He graduated from the University of Michigan in 1872. For several years he devoted himself to school work and was superintendent of schools at St. Johns and Muskegon. He went back to Ann Arbor to take the law course in 1879, and was admitted to the bar the same year. He graduated from the law course in 1880, and at once took up his residence in Muskegon, where he has lived ever since. He has been a member of the Board of Education at Muskegon since 1880. In 1884 he was a candidate for state Senator, but was defeated.

Some Specimens of Humanity Who Will not be on Exhibition.

As was to be expected, the fair has attracted the indigenous and numerous American "cranks," as well as foreign persons with mental and mortal crotches. These, and also youthful geniuses, have besieged, personally and by letter, the ways and means committee, of which Edward B. Butler is chairman, and Samuel A. Crawford is secretary. A few examples will indicate how much of human nature as it really is will not be on exhibition at the fair: An American was early in the field with a divine revelation of the site which had been foreordained for the fair when the foundations of the world were laid, and an Englishman has desired to be put on exhibition as the Messiah. Two boys "of respectable parentage" in Western New York have offered to walk to Chicago, and to camp on the exposition grounds with the purpose of illustrating the life of tramps, and of lecturing on its vicissitudes. Another boy of 16 recommended that a nickel-in-the-slot phonographs fixed to repeat amusing stories might be placed in the fisheries building and about the grounds; he urged that a royalty on the suggestion would enable him to help his widowed mother. An enterprising dealer in cosmetics asked for space to exhibit an old woman, one-half of whose face was to be smoothed out with his preparation and the remainder left with its mortal wrinkles until the end of the fair, when he would smooth out the other half in the presence of the multitude. The parents of a "favorite orator" of 6 years offered his services as introducer of the chief orator at the dedicatory ceremonies, which would, they thought, lend emphasis to the portentous importance of the occasion. A mathematician asked for room to show the world how to square the circle. Out of Indiana came a solver of perpetual motion; he was informed that space could not be alloted for the exhibition of an idea, so he would have to bring on his machine; later he informed the committee that his self-feeding engine, which had been running a sewing machine, had unfortunately broken down, "but the principle remained the same." A Georgian asked for the concession to conduct a cockpit, and another son of the south knew a colored child which was an anatomical wonder, and could be had by stealing it from its mother; for a reasonable sum he was willing to fill the office of kidnapper. Innumerable freaks of nature have been tendered; and the pretty English barmaid has in several instances enclosed her photograph with an offer of assistance to the fair. A very serious offer came from a Spaniard, who had been disgusted with the weak attempts to give bullfights in Paris during the recent exposition. He offered to fill the brutal void at the Columbian Fair if he could be assured the privilege of producing the spectacle "with all his real and genuine circumstances."—Century.

Marriage Licenses.

The marriage licenses issued by the county clerk, since our last report, with name and residence, are as follows:

816. Julius Schmolatt, Maple Ridge.
Mollie Brakritz, "
817. Charles Bennett, city of Alpena.
Mrs. Amelia Wilson, "
818. Simon Willey, Sanilac county.
Minnie Merrill, city of Alpena.

Here are Your Letters.

The following is a list of letters at the postoffice uncalled for, and if not claimed soon will be sent to the dead letter office:

Aird Henry A	Lafreniere Pal
Bixler Samiul	Maning Mrs Effie
Bunnete Dick	Marshall R L
Chicine Victor	Martin Mrs A L H 2
Chillire Jos	McCarty Mrs Aelx
Dowe Stephan	McLellan Mrs Agnes 2
Dubois Miss Mary	Parente Philomen
Faucher M Alfred	Sanford Edward
Frost F H	Sheller John
Gaguon Albert	Shepherd J W
Holley Wm 2	Smallcombe W P E
Hebner Georgie	Snitch Bruno
King Sarah	Stevison Miss Early
Kittcr T G	Stoen Mrs
Kruger A	Trask Obie
Kristofersey Kristian	Tiyon Burt
Labrecque August	Wailes Geo

Meteorological Report.

The meteorological report of the weather, at the city of Alpena, is as follows for the month of January, 1893:

Highest temperature, 40 degrees, on the 28th.
Lowest temperature, 14 degrees below zero on 20th.
Average temperature, 15 degrees.
Highest barometric pressure, 30.91 inches.
Lowest barometric pressure, 29.39 inches.
Total precipitation 1.46 inches.
Prevailing wind, from the west.
Total movement of wind, 7,284 miles.
Greatest daily precipitation, .29 inches, on the 5th.
Highest velocity of the wind, 38 miles, from the southeast, on the 28th.
Number of cloudless days, 9.
Number of partly cloudy days, 8.
Number of cloudy days, 4.

H. McP. BALDWIN,
Observer, Weather Bureau.

Alpena Commandery.

Alpena Commandery, 34, K. T. elected officers Monday evening as follows:

E. C.—J. H. Kerr.
Gen.—F. C. Holmes.
C. G.—M. N. Bedford.
Prelate—Z. M. Knight.
S. W.—C. T. Park.
J. W.—F. M. Younglove.
Treas.—J. E. Field.
Recorder—A. Ludewig.
Std. B.—E. H. Furbush.
Sw. B.—G. F. Perkins.
Warder—C. J. Crissman.
Sentinel—D. Sellick.

Real Estate Sales.

The following is a list of real estate sales recorded during the past week, furnished at the abstract office of O'Brien & Sleator.

Jas. S. Moffat to Archibald McInnis, $2,000, ½ interest, lot 6, block 5, city corner Chisholm and Third streets.

Mary Inda to Frank Kotwicki, $175, lot 6, block 73, Hitchcock's third addition to city, Tawas street.

Geo. W. Johnson to Mathias Amersdorfer, $100, n e ¼ lot 4, block 22, Hitchcock's addition, Lincoln street.

Peter Edward Byron to Mary E. Lablanc, $100, a piece of land, 4 by 8 rods, fronting on Walnut street.

J. Ludington to F. W. Gilchrist, $1,000, s ½ of 14, 31, 8, in city.

Minor Lumber Co. Northern Extract Co., $200, entire block 9, Minor Lumber Co's addition.

Nellie M. Wilson to Wm. C. Brown, $120, n e of s w of 13, 32, 7, Maple Ridge.

County Treasurer to Jas. Kimball, $18.29, taxes of 1886-7-8, n e of n w of 20, 31, 6, Green township.

County Treasurer to Dennis Sullivan, $5.30, taxes of 1888, n e ¼ of lots 1 and 2, block 69, city, Oldfield street.

$5.68, taxes of 1888, lot 4, block 2, Hitchcock's addition, State street.

$4.80, taxes of 1888, lot 3, block 41, city, Chisholm street.

County Treasurer to Frank Bejaul, $6.14, taxes of 1885-6, n w of n w of 28, 31, 7, Wilson township.

$11.37, taxes of 1885-6-7, s w of n w of 28, 31, 7, Wilson township.

County Treasurer to McLaughlin & Fowler, $10.28, taxes of 1886-8, n e of s e of 21, 31, 6, Green township.

$10.28, taxes of 1886-8, s e of s e of 21, 31, 6, Green township.

$12.31, taxes of 1886-7-8, s e of s e of 5, 30, 6, Green township.

County Treasurer to Jas. M. Johnston, $23, taxes of 1888, lots 1 and 2, and n e of n w of 11, 32, 8, Alpena township.

$8.63, taxes of 1888, n e ¼ of lot 2, block 84, city, Mill street.

$103.07, taxes of 1882-3-4-5-7, 4 by 8 rods in westerly corner of block 84, city, Mill street.

Huron Lumber Co. to Ludwig Jessie, $125, lot 10, block 43, city, River street.

L. G. Dafoe to John Lamarre, $150, lot 7, block 1, McSorley's addition, Elizabeth street.

United States to Anthony Kigor, homestead, n w of n e of 23, 31, 7, Wilson township.

John H. Brabb to Adrain D. Taylor, $1, timber on n ½ of s e and n ½ of s w of 10; n ½ of s w and s w of s w of 11, 31, 5. Also und. ½ of s ½ of n w of 15; s e of n w of 13; w ½ of n w, e ½ of s e and n e of n e of 14, 31, 5, Long Rapids township.

Adrian D. Taylor and Jane Baird to Alex. McKay, $200, timber on lands in section 13, 14 and 15, described in next above.

Adrain D. Taylor to Alex. McKay, $200, timber on lands in section 10 and 11, described in second above.

County Treasurer to McLaughlin & Fowler, $2.41, taxes of 1888, lot 7, block 4, Broadwell's addition, Mill street.

$3.71, taxes of 1888, fractional block 6, less lots 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5, of Broadwell's addition.

$2.42, taxes of 1888, lot 8, block 4, Broadwell's addition.

County Treasurer to D. B. Richardson, (Bay City,)

$17.21, taxes of 1888, lot 3, block 96, city, Lake street.

$8.45, taxes of 1888, lot 9, block 3, Oliver's addition, Sable street.

$8.45, taxes of 1888, lot 10, block 3, Oliver's addition, Sable street.

$12.54, taxes of 1888, lot 3, block 48, city, Chisholm street.

$11.95, taxes of 1888, lot 5, block 114, city, Tawas street.

$9.92, taxes of 1888, lots 3 and 4, block 83, city, Oldfield street.

$28.90, taxes of 1884-6-7-8, lot 1, block 114, city, Sixth street.

$15.30, taxes of 1886-7-8, lot 5, block 77, city, Oldfield street.

$15.60, taxes of 1886-7-8, lot 5, block 77, Oldfield street.

$14.45, taxes of 1884-8, e ½ lot 9, block 73, city, Miller street.

March Weather.

The Chief of the Weather Bureau directs the publication of the following data, compiled from the record observations for the month of March, at Alpena, taken at this station for a period of 20 years.

TEMPERATURE.

Mean or normal temperature, 24 degrees.

The warmest March was that of 1878, with an average of 35 degrees.

The coldest March was that of 1875, with an average of 13 degrees.

The highest temperature during any March was 66 degrees, on the 10th, 1879.

The lowest temperature during any March was 19 degrees below zero, on the 2d, 1884.

PRECIPITATION.

Average for the month, 2.05 inches.

Average number of days with .01 of an inch or more, 14.

The greatest monthly precipitation was 5.56 inches in 1886.

The least monthly precipitation in any 24 consecutive hours was 2.46 inches, on 20th and 21st, 1886.

The greatest amount of snowfall recorded in 24 consecutive hours (record extending to winter of 1884-5 only) was 10 inches on 3d and 4th, 1881.

CLOUDS AND WEATHER.

Average number of cloudless days, 7.

Average number of partly cloudy days, 12.

Average number of cloudy days, 12.

WIND.

The prevailing winds have been from the northwest.

The highest velocity of the wind during any March was 48 miles, on 1st, 1875.

H. McP. BALDWIN,
Observer.

Crinoline to Be or Not to Be.

Mr. George M. Becker, Democratic member from Hennepin county, in which Minneapolis is situated, caused a sensation in the Minnesota Legislature, on February 3d, by introducing a bill prohibiting the manufacture or sale of crinoline. The bill in full is as follows:

Sec. I. It shall be unlawful for any person to manufacture or sell, or to offer for sale, or use, or permit to manufacture, sale or use of any hoopskirt, or hoopskirts, or anything like thereunto, within the limits of Minnesota.

Sec. II. Any person violating this act, or in any way assisting the violation of any provision of this act shall be punished by a fine of not less than $5 nor more than $25 for each offense, and shall be imprisoned in the county jail for a period not exceeding thirty days.

The vexed controversy concerning crinoline, which has been raging in the papers of late is due to the dearth of Fashion news rather than to actual facts. Whilst newspaper fashion writers have busied themselves discussing the appalling consequences of the revival of the hoopskirt in Paris and whilst the influence of the Princess of Wales has been appealed to to stand as a barrier against this coming threatening event, the leading dressmaking houses of the French capital have not yet made a single crinoline for any of their customers. All there is be said on this subject is that the several pretty novel models of skirts coming from Paris are as a general rule flat around the waist with considerable fullness at the bottom. In order to thoroughly comprehend the actual tendency of Fashion and to get reliable information as the best way of securing fine models of these stylish skirts, one must consult the McDowell Fashion Magazines: La Mode de Paris and Paris Album of Fashion are invaluable to dressmakers and sell at $3.50 a year, or 35 cents a copy. The French Dressmaker, $3.00 per year, or 30 cents per copy, is noted for its practical styles. La Mode, $1.50 a year, or 15 cents a month; is the Family Fashion Journal, par excellence. You can subscribe at your newsdealer or by applying directly to the Publishers, A. McDowell & Co., 4 West 14th Street, New York City.

Council Proceedings.

The Common Council of the city of Alpena, met in regular session, at the Council Room, March 6th, 1893, and was called to order at 7:30 o'clock, P. M., by the Mayor.

Present, Andrew Harshaw, Mayor; Wm. A. McDonald, Recorder, and Aldermen Alpern, White, Placie, Bowden, Crawford, Wixson, Campbell, Manion, and Englefield.

Journal of previous session read and approved.

COMMUNICATIONS.

From Julius Bedard asking permission to erect a corn popper and candy stand on the corner of Second and River streets. Laid on the table, on motion of Alderman White, by unanimous vote.

From Mary A. Sheridan, asking that her taxes on lot corner of Sixth and Plains streets, for the year 1892 be remitted, amount of same $18.32. Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means, to report on at next meeting, on motion of Alderman Campbell, by unanimous vote.

REPORT OF OFFICERS.

From the Comptroller recommending the referring of several bills to the Committee on Ways and Means. On motion of Alderman Campbell bills were so referred, by unanimous vote.

Also from the Comptroller, a report showing the condition of the different funds on hand up to March 1st, 1893. Report accepted and ordered placed on file.

From the Police Justice, a report for the month of February, showing that there had been 15 arrests made, and that he had collected and paid into the city treasury fines to the amount of $9.10.

On motion of Alderman Alpern the report was accepted, and the Comptroller instructed to charge the City Treasurer with the same, by unanimous vote.

To the Hon. Common Council of the City of Alpena,

GENTLEMEN: The following hydrants are frozen and could not be used in case of fire.

Since February 10th: Three hydrants on Fourteenth street. February 1st, one on First and Wisner streets; one corner River and Ninth streets, and two on Long Lake avenue.

WM. STERLING,
Chief Alpena Fire Dept.

Moved by Alderman Wixson that the report be referred back to the Chief Engineer with instructions to make a further and fuller report. Carried unanimously.

From the Chief of Fire Department recommending the payment of the following bills:

Hose company No. 1,	$ 93.00
Hose company No. 2,	67.00

Moved by Alderman Alpern that the report be received and warrants ordered drawn for the payment of the same. Carried by unanimous vote.

From the Police Commissioners, recommending the payment of the following bills:

Fred Widdis,	6 75
Hoben & Sisson,	15 25
Eddy Bros,	4 50
Hawley & Fitzgerald,	7 88
Chas Park,	75
E C Spens,	2 50
Babcock Bros.	1 50

Moved by Alderman White that the report be received and warrants ordered drawn for the payment of the several amounts as recommended. Carried by unanimous vote.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alderman White gave notice that he would, at the next regular meeting, introduce an ordinance regulating the business of hawkers and peddlers within the limits of the city of Alpena.

By Alderman Campbell, supported by Alderman Alpern.

WHEREAS, It having come to our knowledge that certain persons claiming to represent the interests of Alpena, have prevailed upon Representative Blakley to introduce a bill containing certain amendments to the charter of this city, among which is one that reduces the number of wards in the city from six down to four, and another is an amendment that has the effect to remove from office our entire Board of Police Commissioners and creating a new board, naming the members thereof in the bill, and providing that the term of one member of the board expire each year, and his successors be elected by the people, and still another is to reduce the term of our Mayor's office from two to one year; therefore,

Resolved, That we most earnestly but respectfully protest against the changes above referred to, believing as we firmly do, and as every true American citizen should, in the principle of "local self-government" leaving every city and village in our State the inherent right to manage its own local affairs in its own way, subject of course to the constitution of the United States and of this State. We therefore enter our protest against the proposed changes, for the following reasons:

First. We believe that reducing the number of wards from six to four would have the effect to give the impression throughout the country that our city was on the decline and shrinking in population and business enterprise, and thereby prove injurious to the future growth, and greatly detract from the good reputation that our young and thriving metropolis of northern Michigan has gained in the past.

Second. We have a population of about 15,500 people, which would make, with four wards about 4,000 to each ward, each ward large enough for a city in and of itself; and owing to the very large registration list, if you passed the proposed change it would require that each ward be sub-divided into two and some of them three voting precincts, which would involve more expense to the city in conducting elections, etc., than now. With four wards the bill provides for the same number of ward officers, as while it reduces the number of Aldermen to eight, it at the same time increases the members of the Board of Education from six to eight; and so also with the number of Supervisors which it increases to eight, thereby making twenty four ward officers, just the same as now, which would not lessen the expense in that regard, but on the whole would be greatly increased by the proposed changes.

Third. We therefore believe that the interests of the city and the taxpayers thereof are better subserved and better protected with our present council of 12 Aldermen than a lesser number, as the authors or promoters of any scheme would find it more difficult to secure the accomplishment of their purposes with a council of twelve than a council of eight.

We would also represent that our citizens generally, of all parties, are well satisfied with the number of wards as they now are, and believe it would be for the best interests of all concerned to allow them to remain without any change.

We are also opposed to any change in the manner of appointing our Police Commissioners. Our present system provides for their appointmenn by the Mayor, subject to the approval by the Council, which takes the police department and its management out of the hands of the ward politicians, and thereby secures better and more efficient service than if they were obliged to court favors with ward heelers to secure their election. We believe that this has been the experience of all cities in the management of their police department. Our present board is composed of good, respectable citizens, selected solely for their peculiar fitness for the position. They have brought the department under the strictest dicipline, and have selected and compiled a code of rules for their government which are rigidly enforced and have the tendency to make our police department very efficient and strictly nonpartisan, as evidenced by rule 34, which is strictly enforced, and reads as follows:

"34. No one will be appointed on the Police for his religious or political opinions, and officers will avoid all religious or political discussions in the station houses or elsewhere while on duty: they should not interfere or make use of the influence of their office in elections, but may quietly exercise the right of suffrage as other citizens; and no member of the Police Force will be permitted to be a delegate or representative to or member of any political or partisn convention, whose purpose is the nomination of any candidate or candidates to any political office. He shall not take part in any convention held for the nomination of any candidate for any such office."

Under their management our city is now one of the best governed in the police department of any city in the State, as everything is quiet and orderly, and the lives and property of our citizens are safely guarded and well protected at all time. Our people are well satisfied and feel secure with the present management, and would depreciate and respectfully condemn the proposed changes at this time, believing that our city should be consulted in the management of its own affairs.

We are also tremendously opposed to shortening the term of the Mayor's office in our city to one year, as we believe such a change would be detrimental to the best interests of our city government. The term of two years is quite satisfactory to all and works well as it now is, for the reason that it gives us better service. Our present city officials, or all the principal ones, hold their office for two years. The Mayor and Treasurer are elected at the same election for two years; and at the next succeeding annual election the Comptroller and Recorder are elected. These two year terms, and the system of alternation gives us the benefit of having two experienced officers hold over each year, thereby giving our city government the benefit of their experience in the past. We therefore trust the term of our Mayor be allowed to remain at two years.

Carried by vote as follows: Ayes, Alpern, Placie, Crawford, Wixson, Campbell, Manion and Englefield. Nays, White and Bowden.

Moved by Alderman Alpern that a certified copy of the foregoing resolution be sent to our Senator and Representative at Lansing. Carried by vote as follows: Ayes, Alpern, Placie, Crawford, Wixson, Campbell, Manion and Englefield. Nays, White and Bowden.

By Alderman Campbell, supported by Alderman Placie.

Resolved, That our Mayor and City Attorney be instructed to go to Lansing and protest against the proposed amendment to the city charter, and that they also be instructed to procure whatever assistance they deem necessary, and the Recorder draw a warrant for a sufficient sum to cover all expenses.

Carried by unanimous vote.

Moved by Alderman Wixson that when the Council adjourns they adjourn to meet March 10th, 1893, for the purpose of settling with the City Treasurer. Carried unanimously.

Moved by Alderman Alpern that the Boards of Registration of the city of Alpena, be held in the following places, and the Recorder be instructed to issue the necessary notices of the same: First ward, Centennial block; second ward, engine house, No. 1; third ward, Court House; fourth ward, Buford's place; fifth ward, engine house, No. 2; sixth ward, Benkie's store, on Thursday, Friday and Saturday, March 30th, 31st and April 1st, 1893. Carried by unanimous vote.

Moved by Alderman Alpern that the Comptroller be instructed to secure and have the above named places made ready for the meeting of the Boards of Registration, and for the city election. Carried by unanimous vote.

On motion of Alderman Alpern the Council adjourned.

ANDREW HARSHAW,
Mayor.

WM. A. MCDONALD,
Recorder.

I had a severe attack of catarrh and became so deaf I could not hear common conversation. I suffered terribly from roaring in my head. I procured a bottle of Ely's Cream Balm, and in three weeks could hear as well as I ever could, and now I can say to all who are afflicted with the worst of diseases, catarrh, take Ely's Cream Balm and be cured. It is worth $1,000 to any man, woman or child suffering from catarrh.—A. E. Newman, Grayling, Mich.

To My Friends.

As you are well aware that I would not recommend that which I did not believe to be good, I desire to say to all who need a good, family medicine, that I believe one bottle of Sulphur Bitters will do you more good than any other remedy I ever saw.—Rev. Cephas Soule.

If You Wish

To enjoy good health, and prevent the seeds of disease from ripening in your system, you should use the best medicine in the world, Sulphur Bitters, which will prevent your system from being all run down by making it strong and vigorous. —Rev. W. T. Snow.

A New Certain Cure for Piles.

We do not intend to indorse any except articles of genuine merit; we therefore take pleasure in recommending to sufferers from Piles in any form, a prompt and permanent cure. The following letters speak for themselves:

Mrs. Mary C. Tyler, of Heppner, Ore., writes: One pkg. of Pyramid Pile Cure entirely cured me of piles from which I have suffered for years, and I have never had the slightest return of them since.

Mr. E. O'Brien, Rock Bluffs, Neb., says: The pkg. of Pyramid Pile Cure entirely removed every trace of itching piles. I cannot thank you enough for it.

The Pyramid Pile Cure is a new, certain, painless cure for every form of piles. It is safe, sure and cheap. Any druggist will get it for you if you ask him.

That old established cough remedy, Downs' Elixir, still more than holds its own in the public estimation, despite sharp and active competition. It is a "home remedy," and in this locality needs no words of praise from us, so well and favorably known is it. It is the standard remedy for coughs, colds and all throat troubles, with great numbers of our people, and their continued use and unsolicited recommendation of it speaks volumes in its favor.—Burlington, Vt., Free Press, January 26, 1882.

English Spavin Liniment removes all hard, soft or calloused lumps and blemishes from horses. Blood spavin curbs, splints, sweeney, ring-bone, stifles, sprains, all swollen throats, coughs, etc. Save $50 by use of one bottle. Warranted the most wonderful blemish cure ever known. Sold by John T. Bostwick, druggist, Alpena, Mich. 1093y1

Drunkenness, or the Liquor Habit, Positively Cured by administering Dr. Haines' Golden Specific.

It is manufactured as a powder, which can be given in a glass of beer, a cup of coffee or tea, or in food, without the knowledge of the patient. It is absolutely harmless, and will effect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. It has been given in thousands of cases, and in every instance a perfect cure has followed. It never Fails. The system once impregnated with the Specific, it becomes an utter impossibility for the liquor appetite to exist. Cures guaranteed. 48 page book of particulars free. Address GOLDEN SPECIFIC CO., 185 Race St., Cincinnati, O.

Itch on human and horses and all animals cured in 30 minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. This never fails. Sold by John T. Bostwick, druggist, Alpena, Mich. 1093y1

Detroit Markets.

The following quotations are copied from the Detroit Free Press:

Apples, $1.75 to $3.25 per barrel.
Butter, 22c to 27c per pound.
Live fowls, 10c to 12c per pound.
Live turkeys, 14c to 15c per pound.
Eggs, 18c to 20c per dozen.
Flour per barrel, $3.25 to $4.75.
Hay baled, $10.00 to $12.00 per ton.
Oats per bushel, 35c to 37c.
Onions per bushel, $1.25 to $1.30.
Pork, $22.00 to $23.50 per bbl.
Potatoes per bushel, 75c to 80c.
Wheat, $0.68 to $0.72 per bushel.

The above quotations are mostly of a wholesale nature. The price at retail stores is higher.

Kerr & Jermin

Wholesale and Retail

Boots, Shoes, Rubbers,

Lumbermen's Furnishing Goods.

FIRST QUALITY GOODS

AND LOWEST PRICES.

REMEMBER, THE OLD RELIABLE.

McRae Block, 334 Dock Street.

PROBATE NOTICE.

State of Michigan, County of Alpena—ss.

Notice is hereby given, that by an order of the Probate Court for the county of Alpena, made on the ninth day of January, A. D. 1893, six months from that date were allowed for creditors to present their claims against the estate of Theodore Heglert, deceased, late of said county, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to said Probate Court, at the Probate office, in the city and county of Alpena, Mich., for examination and allowance, on or before the ninth day of July next, and that such claims will be heard before said Court, on Saturday, the eighth day of July, and on Monday, the seventeenth day of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of each of those days.

Dated March 8th, A. D. 1893.

GEO. M. SLUSSER,
Judge of Probate.

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