

GOLD GRABBING BRITONS

They Dislike the Idea of Venezuelan Arbitration.

BITTER AGAINST UNCLE SAM.

Should the Boundary Dispute be Decided Against Them Ninety-nine Out of Every Hundred Englishmen in British Guiana Would Lose Money.

GEORGETOWN, British Guiana, April 7.—If the Venezuelan-British Guiana boundary dispute is decided in favor of Venezuela ninety-nine out of every hundred Englishmen in this country will lose money by it, and the same may be said of nearly every American living in the colony, except the United States consul.

As the sugar industry has dwindled down to a very small factor, owing to the reduction in the price of sugar, the great expense of keeping the plantations from being flooded and the difficulty in getting laborers, at a reasonable price, who can stand the climate, gold has become the mainstay of the colony, and as it is to gold, and possibly timber, in the future from the Essequibo county that the residents here have to look, it may be imagined that the interest over the boundary dispute is very great.

While the rest of the world is looking upon the question as practically settled, so far as it concerns the possibility of war, the point of view here is entirely different. The people, that is the Englishmen, who control everything, despite the large majority of the foreign population, do not fear war, looking upon such a thing with the usual British eyes which see nothing but victory for themselves. But they do fear arbitration above all things, for no matter how little of Essequibo county were given to Venezuela a number of gold mines would pass out of British control.

Under the circumstances it is not to be wondered at that the feeling here against the United States is very strong, and the Americans here do not hesitate to blame the Washington government openly. Instead of the feeling diminishing it is growing with the delay, for until the question is decided any introduction of machinery to get out the gold will be impossible. The men will not invest any more money in Essequibo county with a chance of having the whole territory taken out of their hands.

Gold there is here, and to what extent may be judged by the registrations for three days amounting to 2,981 ounces, and every bit of it was taken out by placer mining. Owing to the volcanic nature of the country, and the difficulty experienced in getting to the fields, long canoe trips being necessary, up to the present time the mining has been very crude. Just before the dispute became acute, arrangements were being made for introducing machinery, and since all these things have come to a stop it may easily be seen how the whole of British Guiana has been affected.

The British claim that there were 59,000 British subjects in Essequibo county, exclusive of government officials, is very misleading. If a line should be drawn due south from the Morocco river it would be found that the actual settlers between that and the Schomburgk line would number 1,591, if that, while in the north-west district, that on the coast directly south of the Orinoco river, where the best quartz is supposed to exist, there are not more than 2,000 actual settlers. Fully 20,000 of the 52,000 live on the islands in the mouth of the Essequibo river, which are not in dispute.

READING, Pa., April 7.—Coroner Griesmer yesterday afternoon heard the testimony of Frank Lash, at whose house Miss Ida Ellen Moore, 29 years old, died on Friday night. It had been alleged that the woman died under suspicious circumstances. Lash stated that she had been indisposed when he went to work in the morning, and when he returned at night she was dead. The coroner does not think it necessary to hold a post mortem examination, and says there was no reason for the suspicion of foul play. The young woman was in a delicate condition.

KILLED HIS WIFE AND CHILD. McLEANSBORO, Ills., April 7.—Fred Bemer, living seven miles north of this city, killed his wife and 2-year-old child Sunday afternoon. The woman was cut and mangled in a horrible manner and her body thrown out and covered with corn stalks and an old carpet. The little boy was hung by the neck to a rafter. The murderer escaped, but was captured by the sheriff of White county near Carmel. While the people are determined that Bemer shall suffer the extreme penalty of the law, there is a disposition to lynch him.

Probably All on Board Perished. PALM BEACH, Fla., April 7.—The schooner Seminole, from Titusville to Miami, loaded with lumber consigned to Robbins, Graham & Chillingworth, was capsized in a gale off Lake Worth inlet on Sunday night. Beside one sailor, whose name is unknown, there were about as passengers a woman and a child, all white. No word has been heard or sign seen of the unfortunate, and the presumption is that all on board perished.

Altoona's New City Government. ALTOONA, Pa., April 7.—Mayor H. C. Barr was sworn in at noon yesterday, and announced his appointments. Coroner Foust is the new chief of police, and there has been a clean sweep of Democratic police and other appointive offices. Select council organized by electing John Currie president, and common council elected John A. Cannan president.

Derivishes Retire from Cassala. CAIRO, April 7.—It is reported that the Derivishes have now abandoned the attack on Cassala, withdrawing to Berber and the Murat Wells. It is rumored that the Abyssinian envoy has just left here bearing a letter from Lord Cromer, the British agent and minister plenipotentiary, to the Negus of Abyssinia.

Vice Chancellor of New Jersey. TRENTON, April 7.—Chancellor McGill has appointed ex-Judge Frederic W. Stevens of Newark, vice chancellor, to succeed ex-Vice Chancellor Bird. Mr. Stevens is a Democrat.

AMERICANS MEET GREEKS.

And Win Every Event in the Preliminary Contests at Athens.

ATHENS, April 7.—The athletic contests which are intended by the projectors as a revival of the ancient Hellenic contests opened yesterday, and the preliminary exercises were accompanied by an impressive ceremonial. Great enthusiasm was manifested by the people, and the occasion is observed as a national festival. The day opened with a religious ceremony, the singing of a Te Deum in the cathedral. This was attended by the royal family and a great throng of spectators and auditors.

The number of spectators who looked on at the contests is estimated at 80,000. The crown prince and the committee met King George as he advanced in the middle of the arena. Here he was welcomed by his son on behalf of the committee, the crown prince begging him to take over the Stadion, which had been restored as nearly as possible to its pristine condition. King George, in reply, praised the incomparable beauty of the restored structure, and cordially welcomed the athletic youth who have come from all parts of the world to lend additional brilliancy to the festival. The king then took formal possession of the Stadion in the name of Greece.

The members of the American teams from Princeton and the Boston Athletic association came into the arena in excellent condition and full of confidence, and the Greeks were plainly in fear of their American competitors. The result proves that the confidence of the Americans and the fears of the Greeks were both fully warranted, the Americans carrying off first honors in each event in which they entered. The contests were preliminary trials, and so decide nothing definitely as to the final awards of victory.

In the 100 metres dash, the first heat was won by F. A. Lane, of the Princeton team, Szokoly, a Hungarian, coming in second; time, 12 2/5 secs. Second heat, Thomas P. Curtis, of Boston, first; Chalkokondis, a Greek, second; time 12 4/5 secs. Third heat, Thomas E. Burke, of Boston, first; Osman, a German, second; time 11 4/5 secs.

In the running race for 800 metres none of the Americans competed. In throwing the discus (similar to putting the shot in modern athletics) Captain Robert Garrett, of Princeton, won against the Greeks Parasreopoulos and Verle. In the 400 metres running race H. B. Jamison, of Princeton team, won the first heat, with Osman, the German, second. Second heat, Thomas E. Burke, first; Gimelin, an Englishman, second.

J. B. Connelly, an American, won the hop, step and jump, covering 13.71 metres. Murkred by a Jealous Rival. WILKESBARRE, Pa., April 7.—Michael Hoko, a Slav, was murdered by John Gildreit, a jealous rival, last night. Hoko and Gildreit were in love with the same girl, but she favored Hoko. Gildreit, who had on several occasions threatened his rival, lay in wait for him with a number of companions last night, and attacked him with a knife. Hoko broke away from his assailants and sought refuge in the saloon of Harry Biddleman. Gildreit and his companions attacked the place, breaking the windows and doors. They then pounced upon Hoko and beat him to death. Three of Hoko's friends were also badly injured. The saloon was completely wrecked. Five of the attacking party were lodged in jail.

On Trial for Grand Larceny. NEW YORK, April 7.—William E. Midgley, at one time president of the American Casualty Insurance and Security company of Baltimore, was placed on trial in general sessions yesterday for grand larceny with having converted to his own use a check for \$21,000, which, it is alleged, was the property of the company. There were two other arrests at the time Midgley was taken into custody. They were Henry Barcoer and Vincent C. Schenck. Barcoer is the son of the late Rev. Henry Ward Beecher. They will be tried later.

The Booth Family Jar. NEW YORK, April 7.—The following statement was made last night by Commander and Mrs. Ballington Booth in the headquarters of the Volunteers: "We have met and had a long conference with our sister, Mrs. Booth-Tucker, and wish to most distinctly understand that our attitude is absolutely unchanged, and that our future plans for the Volunteers will go forward as heretofore stated. Apart from the matters of controversy on which we must still differ there still exists, as there always has, the warmest affection for Mrs. Booth-Tucker as a sister."

Mistress and Maid Asphyxiated. CAMEL, N. Y., April 7.—Mr. Hart Curry of Baldwin Place, on Sunday night drove to the residence, near Lake Mahopac, of his mother. He found her dead. She had moved back on her farm last Tuesday. That evening she had a fire built in a Globe coal stove in her bedroom, where she and a young negro slept. Both were asphyxiated by the coal gas from the stove. The body of the negro had been badly eaten about the face by rats. The deceased was 70 years of age, and wealthy.

To Investigate a "Fake." NEW YORK, April 7.—The board of managers of the Thirteenth club have preferred charges against Mr. A. L. Rawson, of Woodliff, N. J., who, it is said, recently palmed off on the club what purported to be a letter from Sir Francis Knollys, the private secretary of the Prince of Wales, in which the prince accepted honorary membership in the club, but which was in fact a garbled and altered letter declining that honor.

Municipal Changes in Williamsport. WILLIAMSPORT, Pa., April 7.—Mayor Mancel took the oath of office yesterday, and was formally installed. Only six of the old police force are retained under the new administration, and the heads of all departments except that of fire are changed. City councils also reorganized.

The Black Plague in Hong Kong. WASHINGTON, April 7.—The navy department received a report from Passed Assistant Engineer W. P. Arnold to the effect that the black plague has made its appearance in Hong Kong, but that fact is being concealed for business reasons.

Neglected Three-Year-Old Cremated. READING, Pa., April 7.—The 3-year-old child of Mrs. Ida Heckendorn was burned to death in a fire which destroyed the house of the mother at Meekville, this county. The family was absent at the time, and the origin of the fire is unknown.

The Weather. Forecast for New York, eastern Pennsylvania and New Jersey: Fair, winds shifting to northerly.

ALLEGED ANARCHIST PLOT.

A Changed Train Schedule Prevents Cornelius Vanderbilt's Abduction.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 7.—George E. Gard, late chief of the Southern Pacific company's detective service, came up from Los Angeles last night and gave publicity to one of the most remarkable stories of an anarchist plot that was ever heard in San Francisco. The plot, according to Mr. Gard, was nothing less than a conspiracy to hold up the Vanderbilt special train and abduct Cornelius Vanderbilt.

"Shortly before the Vanderbilt party reached El Paso," said Mr. Gard, "I received a letter which detailed in some degrees the plans of a gang of extremists. The letter was the most startling epistle I ever received, but I was convinced immediately of its genuineness, for I knew the person as well as his history thoroughly. From what I could judge by the letter the conspirators had agreed among themselves to hold up the Vanderbilt special train at some point in the San Joaquin valley, and make the best haul that was possible. If no money was to be had any other way Cornelius Vanderbilt was to be kidnaped and everyone else in the party was to be killed, if necessary, in the accomplishment of the end in view.

"The anarchists, if they can be called such, had laid their plans to hold up the train at some convenient point in the San Joaquin valley. But the time schedule was changed, the visitors remained over night in their train at Bakersfield, after visiting Santa Barbara, and came up through the San Joaquin valley by daylight on Tuesday last. This or some other cause upset the plans of the robbers."

Murdered by a Jealous Lover. TALBOTON, Ala., April 7.—Miss Sallie Emma Owen, a beautiful and wealthy young lady of this city, was shot and instantly killed in the parlor of J. H. McCoy's residence by Dr. W. L. Ryder, a prominent dentist. Hon. A. P. Persons, a prominent candidate for congress, was standing beside Miss Owen when the fatal shot was fired. He was also shot at, but received only a flesh wound. Dr. Ryder was a lover of Miss Owen and it is presumed that she refused to marry him and that he was frenzied with jealousy at the existing friendship between Mr. Persons and the young lady. Ryder was arrested.

Death of Mother Harriet. NEW YORK, April 7.—Mother Harriet, founder of the high Anglican Order of St. Mary, died yesterday at Peekskill, at the mother house of the Order of St. Gabriels, aged 74. Her name in the world was Harriet Starr Cannon. When she was quite young she was left an orphan with an ample fortune. In 1855, with four devoted friends, she started the Order of St. Mary of the Protestant Episcopal church under the sanctuary of the late bishop of New York, Horatio C. Potter. From this nucleus grew the large Anglican Order of St. Mary now scattered throughout the United States.

Tried to Poison a Family. CHEROKEE, Kan., April 7.—On Sunday some one unknown attempted to kill the Nisewander family, consisting of Samuel Nisewander, his wife and two grown sons, Edward and Jacob, living southeast of this city, by putting poison in their food. All four became violently ill after partaking of the poisoned food and were only resuscitated after several hours' work by physicians. Yesterday Edward Nisewander received a letter signed "Company," and threatening him with death if he did not leave the state within ten days.

Few Women Vote in Ohio. CINCINNATI, Ohio, April 7.—Exceptionally pleasant weather prevailed over southern Ohio yesterday for the municipal and township elections. Many women voted for members of the school boards and some of that sex were elected, but the percentage of women voting was small. The returns show on the average Democratic gains over last fall, when the state gave its largest Republican plurality. No political issues were at stake anywhere outside of the political control of local affairs.

Tried to Assassinate a Mayor. KANSAS CITY, April 7.—Mayor Davis reported to the police last night that an attempt had been made to assassinate him in a dark street a short distance from his residence. An unknown man came upon him, he says, calling him an A. P. A., and applying a vile epithet, and fired at him at short range. The bullet passed through his hat. Mayor Davis reports that his assailant ran down an alley, and that he fired three shots at the man as he fled, none of which took effect.

Panic in a Chicago Church. CHICAGO, April 7.—A panic in the Second Baptist church, in this city, where 1,800 persons were listening to the address by the Rev. W. M. Lawrence, was caused by the burning of a portion of the ceiling, which caught fire from the heat of a chandelier. Notwithstanding the efforts of the pastor and the organist, the entire audience rushed for the exits and several persons were injured, but none fatally.

Delaware's Republican State Convention. WILMINGTON, Del., April 7.—The Republican state central committee met here yesterday, but transacted little business beyond a decision to issue a call for the convention to meet at Dover on May 12. A test vote was made on a resolution offered by the Addicks people to have each faction of the party represented at the primaries, but it was voted down.

NUGGETS OF NEWS. Titusville (Pa.) citizens have contributed a fund of \$250,000 to secure the location of new industries in that city. Schlatter, the alleged healer, is at Pleasanton, N. M. He says he has just ended a fast of forty days and forty nights. The Baltimore board of trade strongly indorses the proposed United States department of commerce and manufactures. Of the delegates to the Kentucky Republican state convention selected yesterday, 110 are instructed for McKinley and 18 for Bradley. Major Hugo Hildebrandt, a veteran of the civil war, and who also served with Kossuth and Garibaldi, died in Brooklyn last night, aged 64. The street car men in Buffalo went on strike at 5 o'clock this morning. The magnates say the strike will fail, while the men express confidence. Workmen of Chicago are trying to arrange a financial debate between Secretary Carlisle and W. H. Harvey, author of "Coin's Financial School." It is reported that Queen Victoria has arranged with Lord Salisbury for the creation of her daughters Princess Christian, Princess Beatrice and Princess Louise as duchesses in their own right.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE

New York Stock Market.

NEW YORK, April 8.—The stock market was irregular to-day on a moderate volume of business. The dealings in the main were professional and uninteresting. In the early trading a fair movement was noted with general improvements in prices the advance, however, being confined to fractions. Tobacco developed marked weakness early in contrast to the general trend of prices and lost 1 1/2 per cent. At the low point covering purchases caused a rally of 2 1/2 per cent. to 8 1/4. The succeeding fluctuations in this stock were erratic within a narrow range, but the closing was near the best figure of the day. The general market closed weak in tone, with the net changes fractionally lower.

Closing stocks were as follows: Atchafon, 15 1/4; Adams Express, 147; Baltimore and Ohio, 18 1/4; Chesapeake and Ohio, 16; Chicago, Burlington and Quincy, 7 1/4; Chicago Gas, 67 1/4; C. O. C. and St. Louis, —; Del., Lackawanna and Western, 47 1/4; Distillers and Cattle Feeders Co., —; Erie, —; Erie preferred, —; Great Northern preferred, 110; Lake Shore, 147; Lead Trust, 24 1/4; Louisville and Nashville, 40 1/4; National Cordage, —; National Cordage preferred, —; N. J. Central, 10 1/4; Norfolk and Western preferred, 5 1/4; Northern Pacific preferred, 11 1/4; Northwestern, 103 1/4; Northwestern preferred, 145 1/4; N. Y. Central, 96; N. Y. and New England, 40; Pacific Mail, 25 1/4; Pullman Palace, 155; Reading, 10 1/4; Rock Island, 71; St. Paul, 75 1/4; St. Paul and Omaha, 38; Southern Pacific, 19 1/4; Sugar Refinery, 117 1/4; Union Pacific, 8 1/4; Western Union, 83 1/4; General Electric, 37 1/4; Southern, 9; Southern preferred, 29 1/4; Tobacco, 84 1/4; Tobacco preferred, 98.

New York Money Market. NEW YORK, April 8.—Money on call firmer at 3 3/4 per cent., last loan 3 per cent., closed 3 1/4 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 5 1/2 per cent.; sterling exchange firm with actual business in bankers' bills at 4.89 per cent. for demand and 4.88 per cent. for sixty days. Preferred rates 4.88 per cent. and 4.89 per cent. Commercial bills, 4.87 1/2. Silver certificates, 68 per cent. Bar silver, 65 1/2. Government bonds steady. State bonds dull. Railroad bonds easier. Petroleum closed firmer at 12 1/4.

Chicago Market. CHICAGO, April 8.—Wheat ran up and down the scale to-day like mercury in a thermometer plunged alternately into a boiling and freezing mixture. It stood below zero as the session was closing. The range of the May price was from 66 1/4 to 68. Corn and oats were strong early with wheat, later in sympathy. Even provisions, which made an independently strong start, closed weak in part.

The leading futures ranged to-day as follows: Wheat, No. 2—April, opening, 65 1/4; closing, 65 1/4; May, opening, 66 1/4; closing, 66 1/4; June, opening, 67; closing, 67; July, opening, 67 1/4; closing, 66 1/4. Corn, No. 2—April, opening, —; closing, 29 1/4; May, opening, 30 1/4; closing, 30 1/4; July, opening, 31 1/4; closing, 31 1/4; September, opening, 32 1/4; closing, 32 1/4. Oats No. 2—April, opening, —; closing, 19 1/4; May, opening, 20 1/4; closing, 19 1/4; July, opening, 20 1/4; closing, 20 1/4; September, opening, 20 1/4; closing, 20 1/4.

Mess pork, per bbl.—April, opening, 8 1/4; closing, 8 1/4; May, opening, 8 1/4; closing, 8 1/4; July, opening, 8 1/4; closing, 8 1/4. Lard, per 100 lbs.—April, opening, 5.13 1/4; closing, 5.12 1/4; May, opening, 5.20; closing, 5.25; July, opening, 5.42 1/4; closing, 5.40. Short ribs, per 100 lbs.—April, opening, 4.63 1/4; closing, 4.55; May, opening, 4.67 1/4; closing, 4.60; July, opening, 4.5; closing, 4.72 1/4.

Cash quotations were as follows: Flour nominal; winter patents, 3.50 per 3.80; winter straits, 3.00 per 3.50; spring patents, 3.40 per 3.60; spring straits, 2.60 per 2.90; bakers, 2.10 per 2.40. No. 2 spring wheat, 65 1/4; No. 3 spring wheat, 65 per 66; No. 2 red, 65 1/4 per 66 1/4; No. 3 corn, 23 1/2 per 24 1/2; No. 2 yellow, 23 1/2 per 24; No. 2 oats, 19 1/4 per 19 1/4; No. 3 white, 21 1/4 per 22; No. 3 white, 19 per 21 1/4; No. 3 rye, 37 1/4; No. 2 barley, nominal; No. 3, prime timothy seed, 3.25 per 3.80; mess pork per bbl., 8.50 per 8.60; lard per 100 lbs., 5.07 1/4; short ribs sides (loose) 4.60 per 4.65; dry salted shoulders (boxed) 4 1/4 per 4 1/4; short clear sides (boxed), 4 1/4 per 4 1/4; whiskey, distillers' finished goods, per gallon, 1.22; sugars, out loaf, 6.00; granulated, 5.37; standard A, 5.25.

Cincinnati Produce Market. CINCINNATI, Ohio, April 8.—Flour firm; fancy 3.25 per 3.50; family, 2.50 per 3.00. Wheat firm; No. 2 red, 74 1/4. Receipts, 2,100; shipments, 500. Corn active; No. 2 mixed 31 1/4. Oats firm; No. 2 mixed, 22. Rye steady; No. 2, 41. Lard firm, 5.00. Bulk meats steady, 4.75. Bacon firm, 5.50. Whiskey, quiet; sales 569 barrels, 122. Butter steady; fancy Elgin creamery, 20; Ohio, 14 per 15; dairy, 10. Sugar firm. Eggs weak, 9 1/4. Cheese steady; good to prime Ohio fat 9 per 9 1/4.

A \$10 Watch for \$2.95. How to get it; that's the question! Let us tell you. Ask for one of our \$10 purchasing cards. When you have purchased groceries (rock bottom prices) to the amount of \$10 pay us the small sum of \$2.95 in cash and get the watch. These watches are a lump sum; they are first grade double case watches, guaranteed to keep good time and as good as can be bought for \$10 in any market. W. W. PAYNE & Co., Phone 185. 202 cor. Centre and Park.

A WONDERFUL remedy for the cure of rheumatism, neuralgia, gout and lumbago. For colic, cramp, diarrhoea, cholera morbus, chilblains, toothache. Used internally and externally. Price 25 cents, at Masell's Pharmacy.

Piles! Piles! Piles! DR. WILLIAMS' Indian Pile Ointment will cure Bilad Bleeding, Ulcerated and Itching Piles. It absorbs the tumors, allays the itching at once, acts as a poultice, gives instant relief. Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment is prepared only for Piles and Itching of the private parts, and nothing else. Every box is guaranteed. Sold by druggists, sent by mail, for 50c, and \$1 per box. WILLIAMS' M'FG Co., Prop's., Cleveland, O. For sale at Fox's Drug Store, Roanoke, Va. See the "bicycle built like a watch" at Yost-Ferrer Co.'s (limited)

Little Grains of GOLD DUST, Tidy, thrifty wife—Clean, contented household, Long and happy life. GOLD DUST WASHING POWDER. finds a prominent place in the heart and home of every thrifty, thoughtful housekeeper who once gives it a trial. A little of this famous preparation in your water next cleaning day, will prove its value beyond all further doubt. Try it and enjoy rest, comfort and happiness with thousands of others. The N. K. Fairbank Company, Chicago, St. Louis, New York, Boston, Philadelphia.

ROANOKE STREET RAILWAY SCHEDULE IN EFFECT APRIL 1, 1896.

Table with columns for Crystal Sp'ngs via B.B. Park, Franklin Road, West End, C Spring via Wall't St & M Mt, Salem, East Roanoke, Norwich, Vinton, Va. College, St. & Mill Mount'n, and S. W. JAMISON, President and General Manager.

HERE WILL BE the Largest Enrollment at the NATIONAL BUSINESS COLLEGE. During the spring term this institution has ever known. Public school teachers from various counties will be in attendance by April 1st.

N. & W. Norfolk & Western R.R. SCHEDULE IN EFFECT FEB. 9, 1896. Westbound Leave Roanoke Daily. 6:15 a. m. (Washington and Chattanooga limited) for Bristol, intermediate stations and the South and West. Pullman sleepers to New Orleans and Memphis. Connects at Radford for Bluefield and Pocahontas. 4:45 p. m. the Chicago Express for Radford, Bluefield, Poosontas, Kenova, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, St. Louis, Kansas City, Columbus and Chicago. Pullman Buffet Sleeper Roanoke to Columbus. Also for Pulaski, Wytheville, Bristol, Knoxville, Chattanooga and intermediate points. Trains Arrive at Roanoke. From Norfolk 5:55 a. m.; 4:15 p. m. Hagerstown 6:00 a. m.; 4:05 p. m. Winston 4:00 p. m. Bristol and the west 12:05 noon; 11:40 p. m. North and Eastbound Leave Roanoke Daily. 12:15 noon for Petersburg, Richmond and Norfolk. 12:15 noon for Washington, Hagerstown, Philadelphia and New York. 11:55 p. m. for Richmond and Norfolk. Pullman sleeper Roanoke to Norfolk and Lynchburg to Richmond. 11:55 p. m. Washington and Chattanooga limited for Washington, Hagerstown, Philadelphia and New York. Pullman sleepers to Washington, via Shenandoah Junction and Baltimore and Ohio railroad. Durham Division—Leave Lynchburg (Union station) daily 2:50 p. m. for South Boston and Durham and intermediate stations. Winston-Salem Division—Leave Roanoke (Union station) daily 12:25 noon and 8:00 a. m. daily, except Sunday (Campbell street station), for Rocky Mount, Martinsville, Winston-Salem and intermediate stations. For all additional information apply ticket office or to W. B. BEVILL, General Passenger Agent, Roanoke, Va. M. F. BRAGG, Traveling Passenger Agent.

RAMON'S Liver Pill removes the bile. The Tonic Pellet tones up the system. Combined form a Perfect Treatment. 25c.

Telegraph Lines. A German expert, after a careful estimate, has announced that the total length of telegraph lines in the world is 1,062,700 miles, of which America has 645,600 miles; Europe, 380,700; Asia, 67,400; Africa, 21,500, and Australia, 47,500 miles. The United States has a greater length than any other country, 403,900 miles, and Russia comes next, although European Russia has only 81,000 miles. The other countries follow in this order: Germany, France, Austria-Hungary, British India, Mexico, the United Kingdom, Canada, Italy, Turkey, the Argentine Republic, Spain and Chile. In point of proportion, however, Belgium leads, with 409 miles of wire for every 1,000 square miles of territory; Germany comes next with 350 miles; Holland is only slightly behind Germany, and the United Kingdom has 280 miles of telegraph for every 1,000 miles of country.

"The Barber of Seville," the famous opera of Rossini, was produced for the first time on Feb. 16, 1816. According to the Italian law, which fixes the duration of the right of ownership for dramatic works at 80 years, Rossini's masterpiece would have become public property a few weeks ago. But in Italy no opera is more popular than "The Barber," and the revenues from its production constitute almost the whole income of the musical academy at Pesaro, Italy, the residuary legate of the composer. Owing to this fact, the government has issued a decree prolonging the right of proprietorship two years in order to save the institution financially.

"THERE IS SCIENCE IN NEATNESS." BE WISE AND USE SAPOLIO