

THE WEATHER
Forecast for Virginia: Fair, variable winds, becoming southerly.

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ROANOKE CYCLE CO.,
108 Salem Avenue S. W.
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WE

Want you to examine our BATH and CAR-RIAGE

SPONGES

Before purchasing. We are just from the northern market with a select stock.

MASSIE'S PHARMACY.

Fresh Cut Roses TO-DAY, \$1 Per Dozen.

The Last Quarter Century in the United States,

By Andrews.

Two Volumes. Take a look at it.

THOMPSON-PRICE CO.
10 Campbell St.

We sell the Best Pianos and Organs on the Market—
We give satisfaction, honest prices and fair treatment—
IS OUR MOTTO.

Give us a call. We will refer you to any and everyone having bought of us.

This is worth your investigation. It will convince you that we are not practicing trickery and all kinds of schemes to gain your confidence and secure your patronage.

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No. 11 Jefferson Street.

ACME

Acme Cough Syrup
Acme Cough Syrup
Acme Cough Syrup

Large Bottles Only 25c

MADE ONLY BY
H. C. BARNES,
"He Puts Up Prescriptions."

ACME

THE ELECTORAL VOTE.

The following shows the number of votes that will be cast in the Electoral College:

Alabama.....	11	Nevada.....	3
Arkansas.....	8	New Hampshire.....	4
California.....	9	New Jersey.....	10
Colorado.....	9	New York.....	36
Connecticut.....	6	North Carolina.....	11
Delaware.....	3	North Dakota.....	3
Florida.....	13	Ohio.....	23
Georgia.....	13	Oregon.....	4
Idaho.....	3	Pennsylvania.....	32
Illinois.....	21	Rhode Island.....	4
Indiana.....	13	South Carolina.....	9
Iowa.....	15	South Dakota.....	4
Kansas.....	10	Tennessee.....	12
Kentucky.....	13	Texas.....	15
Louisiana.....	8	Utah.....	3
Maine.....	4	Vermont.....	4
Maryland.....	8	Virginia.....	12
Massachusetts.....	15	Washington.....	4
Michigan.....	14	West Virginia.....	6
Minnesota.....	9	Wisconsin.....	12
Mississippi.....	9	Wyoming.....	3
Missouri.....	17		
Montana.....	3		
Nebraska.....	8		
		Total.....	417

Necessary to election, 224.

Oysters in every style at Bowman's.

VOTE FOR BRYAN AND REDEEM YOUR COUNTRY

IS COLD AND STILL IN DEATH

MAYOR McCLELLAND MEETS WITH A FATAL ACCIDENT.

The Community Shocked and Distressed by a Fatality to a Man Universally Respected and Beloved—Run Down by an Electric Car and Lingered in an Unconscious Condition Until 12 O'clock Last Night, When the End Came to His Life.

A gloom of sorrow settled down over this city yesterday such as was never before known in her history. Almost every home was saddened over the tragic death of Mayor McClelland. He was run down yesterday morning at 10:40 o'clock on Campbell street by the Norwich car No. 14. The awful accident occurred just above Henry street and almost directly in front of Devon's dyeing establishment. The car was in charge of Conductor A. C. Becker and Motorman Sperry. A crowd of several hundred people were soon on the scene, including a number of the street railway officials. The motorman was terribly wrought up over the sad accident, but claimed that he did all in his power to stop the car, but Mr. McClelland stepped directly in front of this to his death. He stated that he rang the bell and sounded the alarm for a sufficient length of time to have warned him, but he evidently did not hear. The car was running at a moderate speed and the mayor was walking directly in front and along side of the track, and when the car was within four or five feet of him started to cross the track. He did not see the car until it was right on him when he turned facing it. Just at that time he was struck down. He was knocked about five feet, his head striking the pavement. The car was then on him and the unfortunate man was doubled up and rolled over and over to the distance of about 55 feet. Bystanders say that the motorman did all in his power to stop the car, but could not do so in less space than it was brought to a standstill. The mayor was picked up in an unconscious condition and carried to the office of Dr. Jones on Henry street by J. F. Neighbors, F. M. Bell, H. L. Francis and G. N. Foster. He did not breathe until they had reached the corner of Henry street several feet away.

James Devon was standing in front of his establishment when the accident occurred and was one of the few people who saw it. Mr. Devon said that Mayor McClelland was walking down the street and seemed to be in a deep study. He was near the car track and at one time it seemed as if he wanted to get on the car. The car was going slowly and just as it got to him he seemed to step on the track directly in front of the car.

Frank Webster and C. E. Gray also witnessed the accident and reported the matter in about the same manner as stated above. Both men say that the motorman did all in his power to avert the accident. Where the mayor was picked up a pool of blood was noticed in the street, and considerable blood was spilled along the way to Dr. Jones' office. When he was struck he had in his hand a bag of money and a check book with a deposit slip for \$15.45 to be deposited to the credit of the First Presbyterian Church, evidently being the result of the Sunday collections. Mr. McClelland was treasurer of this church, and was en route to the First National Bank to make a deposit.

Walter Lindsay also saw the accident and immediately went to the office of Dr. Jones near by for medical aid. Drs. Gale, Lewis, Frye, Tipton, Guerrant and Strickland were soon on hand to render surgical assistance. The news soon spread through the city and a large crowd filled Henry street in front of the office of Dr. Jones for some time, anxiously waiting some news as to the mayor's condition. It was soon evident to the physicians that it was a hopeless case and only a matter of a few hours when death would claim him as its victim.

The mayor was bleeding considerably from a wound over his left eye, but when an examination was made by Dr. Gale and the physicians assisting him, it was found that while a badly bruised surface extended from the center of the back of his head to his left ear, the most serious of all was the fact that he was suffering from a fracture of the base of the skull. This injury to the skull is not where the blow was struck but at the base, which is the plate of the skull upon which the brain rests.

After doing all that could be done then for him, at 12:20 o'clock the doctors had the unconscious man carried on a stretcher to his home on Salem avenue. Willing hands were there to assist, but only a few followed along up the street. Upon their arrival at the residence everything was done that could be to alleviate the sufferings of the unfortunate man. He was surrounded by sorrowing friends. The city officials visited the residence, most of the Council attended in a body, but all their sympathies and sorrows were of no avail. He lingered along, his pulse getting feebler and feebler as the weary hours dragged slowly along. At 4 o'clock in the afternoon the ominous death rattle was plainly discernible. His breathing grew heavier and shorter until 12 o'clock (midnight) when he breathed his last.

He was born in Bally Claire, near Belfast, Ireland, 61 years since. He had three sisters and five brothers, all of whom are dead except one brother, who still resides at his native place. He has a nephew living in this country. Others are living in England, Ireland, Scotland and Australia. Mr. McClelland was of Scotch descent, his father being a linen merchant.

He removed to America when he was 18 years of age, about forty-three years since, and first settled in Ohio, and after attending school he taught for some time, and when 22 years of age came to Virginia and settled at Charleston, now the capitol of West Virginia. After living there for several years he came to Salem, and then went to Chattanooga, Tenn., but was compelled, on account of his health, to leave that city and return to Salem, where he lived for seventeen years.

A LOSS TO THE CITY.

Mayor McClelland died last night at 12 o'clock. He never regained consciousness after he was stricken down, but gradually sank until the summons came. Roanoke in his death loses one of her best citizens; society an example of true personal worth which all might emulate and but few attain, and the church an earnest Christian and a faithful officer. Quiet and unassuming, honest and pure in motive and in deed, a good man and a true friend has gone to his reward. As an officer of the city he ever looked after the best interests of the people, and though he had served as mayor but a few months, all had learned to love and trust him as one in whom they had every confidence and respect. The expressions of sorrow yesterday were deep and universal, and when it is learned that he is dead, the grief of the whole city will be profound. He will be sadly missed in all the circles in which he moved; but those who knew him best and loved him most will long hold in sacred remembrance his many virtues and all the noble qualities that adorned his life and character.

In 1870 he was married to Miss Mary Coles Payne, of Roanoke county. He has one child, a daughter, 15 years of age.

He joined the Confederate army and served four years. He was with the Thirteenth Virginia regiment, under Col. Geo. T. Patton. He was with Stonewall Jackson in his Valley campaign, and fought in the battles of Winchester, Cross Keys and other engagements. During the latter portion of the war he was in charge of the commissary department and collected and ordered out from Richmond the last wagon train which carried provisions to Lee's army on its way to Appomattox.

After his return to Salem in 1865 he engaged in the livery business, merchandising and tobacco business. During his residence in Salem for twenty-one years he was elected member of the town council twelve consecutive times and filled the position of town treasurer. He was one of the first to open a real estate office in Roanoke, under the firm name of F. Iler & Co. He removed permanently from Salem to Roanoke in 1888. In 1891 Judge Robertson appointed him to fill the unexpired term of Hon. M. C. Thomas in the City Council, who was elected a member of the State legislature. In 1892 and 1894 he was elected and re-elected a member of the City Council, during which time he served as chairman of the finance committee, and in that capacity rendered the city much valuable service. In the last municipal election he was nominated for mayor by the Democratic primary, having no opposition, and he was elected by a vote of 1,782 to 1,492 for Capt. Phil. Lockett, and succeeded Mayor Jones on July 1. During the few months he has been in office he has given every evidence of his fitness for the position and he has given the city a safe and most satisfactory administration of the city's affairs.

Mr. McClelland was of Scotch descent and in his early life united with the Presbyterian Church in Salem. He was elected deacon, and in this capacity was most efficient. He was at the same time treasurer of the church. When he came to Roanoke he united with the First Church and was afterwards elected a deacon and also held the position of treasurer. In this capacity he was most efficient, and his treasurer's books are models of neatness and accuracy. The church has again and again been ready to honor him with its highest offices and elected him an elder, but he always declined, as he felt that he could render the church better service as a deacon. One of the last acts of his life was to perform his duties as treasurer to his pastor and his church, as he was on his way to the bank to make his usual Monday morning deposit of money when he was stricken down.

W. K. Andrews, of the First ward, president of the council, will become mayor for the unexpired term.

Section 57 of the city charter reads: "In case a vacancy shall occur in the office of mayor, the president of the Council shall fill the office for the unexpired term and the vacancy caused in the Council shall be filled by law."

The Council will elect a successor to Mr. Andrews as Councilman from the First ward, but the general opinion seems to be that W. B. Stevenson, of the Fourth ward, who is president pro tem., will succeed Mr. Andrews as president.

Section 16 says: "The Council shall elect annually one of its members as president and shall also at the same time elect one of its members president pro tem., who shall, in the absence of the president of the Council, perform all the duties devolving upon the office of president."

The funeral will take place at the First Presbyterian Church at 10 o'clock Wednesday morning, after which the remains will be taken to Salem and laid to rest in the East Hill Cemetery.

The active pall bearers will be the deacons of the First Presbyterian Church, of whose body Mayor McClelland was a member.

The honorary pall bearers requested to act are Messrs. Drs. Gale and Fry, the mayors of Salem and Roanoke, two representatives each from Roanoke City Council, Salem city council, Roanoke camp of Confederate veterans, Salem camp of Confederate veterans, these to choose their own representatives. Elders Brown, Yates and Thomas, of the First Church, and Judges Wood and Dupuy. These are requested to meet in the lecture room of the First Church on Wednesday morning at 9:30 o'clock and march in a body to the late residence of Mayor McClelland, and return with the body to the church.

The special committee appointed by the deacons last night will meet this morning at 11 o'clock at the office of W. S. McClanahan to complete their arrangements. The committee of the First Presbyterian Church invites the officers, both elders and deacons, of all the Presbyter-

continued on fourth page

THE END OF HIS GREAT WORK

MR. BRYAN MADE MANY SPEECHES IN NEBRASKA.

His Home State Turns Out Tremendous Crowds to Hear the Last Public Words in His Noble Campaign—Many of His Speeches Can be Classed as Philippic in Character—He Denounces the Opposition in His State for Resorting to Forgery.

Omaha, Neb., Nov. 2.—It was almost midnight to-night when Mr. Bryan spoke the last public words incident to his campaign. He had then made seven speeches in Omaha, beginning at 7 o'clock in the evening, and had preceded the night's work with fifteen speeches made during the day at the following places, all in the State of Nebraska: Seward, York, Aurora, Grand Island, Hastings, Harvard, Sarnville, Sutton, Grafton, Fairmount, Exeter, Friend, Dorchester, Crete and Lincoln. He had traveled during the day 290 miles.

It had been Mr. Bryan's original intention to speak in every Congressional district in the State during the day, but this was found to be impracticable and he entered only four of the six. Notwithstanding all the speeches of to-day were made in his own State, Mr. Bryan made no special appeal to State pride, nor did he dwell upon State issues beyond an appeal here and there to his friends to give loyal support to the silver State and Congressional tickets while they were casting their ballots for the Bryan electors. He praised Governor Holcomb's administration of State affairs and repeatedly called attention to the utility of all efforts to secure reforms even with a favorably disposed chief executive without a Congress willing to co-operate with him. He dwelt, in the main, however, upon the national aspects of the campaign and appealed to his hearers to support the cause upon the same general principles which he had advanced as essential in speeches made in other similarly situated communities.

His two telling speeches of the day were made at Hastings and Lincoln, though he made some short speeches which were pronounced by his friends as worthy to be classed as Philippic in character. His strongest efforts were generally directed at crowds containing more than the usual number of persons decorated with gold badges. The demonstrations in the way of greeting and of applause were exceedingly cordial. Those who wore the yellow insignia treated him with entire respect and in some instances applauded his utterances. At no time in the campaign has Mr. Bryan been in better physical or mental condition than he was for his closing day. He appeared to realize that he was nearing the end of his arduous siege and he did not make the usual effort to conserve his physical energy. He allowed his voice, which is still unimpaired, full range. He spent a greater part of the time than ordinarily between speeches chatting with friends. In these conversations he did not display the least nervousness over the near approach of the crisis of the campaign and to all outward appearances he was quite unconcerned as was any of his company. At Hastings Mr. Bryan spoke of the circulars which had been sent out by the Republicans and also told the people of his impressions of his eastern trip. He said in part:

"I have been absent from the State some two months and I have been reading in Republican papers that there were certain Republicans in Nebraska who thought this State was too far West to furnish a President and that a man did not know anything about the money question unless he lived in New York, where he was surrounded by a London fog all the time. I heard that there were some Republican farmers out here who thought prices were not low enough and they were going to try to continue the gold standard so that oats would go down to five cents a bushel. Well, I am glad to find that these Republicans did not tell the truth in their dispatches and to find so many people testifying to their faith in bimetalism by coming out to-day and doing what they have been doing all over the country, using their voices until their voices are hoarse."

"Since I left Nebraska early in September, I have been as far East as the Kennebec river and I want to tell you there is a silver sentiment in Massachusetts and Maine that is as intense as it is in Nebraska. When I have found a man who lived upon money and whose money was increasing in value under the gold standard I have generally found an advocate of the gold standard, whether he was in Nebraska or Massachusetts; but when I found a man who worked for his living I generally found a man who sympathized with you in your struggles. When I have found a corporation attorney, whether he was in Nebraska or in the East, I have generally found a man who believes in a gold standard; but when I have found a young man who was trying to make his living and to rise in this world without being a favorite of a corporation, I found a man who was against trusts and syndicates and in favor of the common people. Whenever I found a man who was connected with the coal trust I found a man who was a gold standard man; but when I found one who was opposed to trusts and wanted to make the laws that a representative of a coal trust could not sit by every fireside and collect tribute from every family, I have found a friend, whether he was here

NEW STYLE 18

Schubert Pianos

Just Received.

See them. We can make the terms to suit you. No notes to sign, either.

RICHMOND MUSIC CO.

O. T. JENNINGS, M'gr., Roanoke, Va.

or in the East. You have been told by circulars issued here that I was opposed to the laboring man or had a poor opinion of him. I want you to look at my four years in Congress and you will find whether I have been the friend of the laboring man or not.

"After our opponents had found themselves driven from every battlefield upon which they dared to fight, then in the closing days of this campaign they have attempted to resort to fraud and to forgery, and you found in this community letters purporting to be written by the chairman of the Populist committee of this State asking you to save the State ticket and sacrifice the national ticket. I am authorized to denounce the letter as a fraud and a forgery by Mr. Edmonston, whose name is signed to it. But the fact that they resort to these things show the desperation of the cause. If they had a cause which appealed to the people of this country, it would have been necessary for them to resort to fraud out here and to intimidate and force wherever they can resort to these tactics. I want you to be as anxious for the election of Congressmen from Nebraska in favor of free coinage as you are of the election of an electoral ticket that will select a free coinage President."

Lincoln, Neb., Nov. 2.—Mr. Bryan was given one of the greatest receptions of his entire tour by Lincoln, his home city. He spoke from the balcony of the Lincoln Hotel and addressed an audience which filled the streets in the immediate vicinity. This address was made largely to Mr. Bryan's neighbors and contained more personal allusions to himself than any speech of the long series he has made. No gold emblems were displayed. The applause was frequent and general. Mr. Bryan prefaced his remarks with a reference to his Eastern trip, stating that in the beginning of the campaign the people living along the eastern coast called it a sectional question. It was, he said, a great controversy between the money power and the common people of this country. In conclusion he said:

"I have stated that if elected I shall not be absent from you more than four years. When I stated it, I meant it and I want you to believe in my sincerity when I say so. I believe that office is attended with duties so great with responsibilities so heavy, that the man who occupies it, ought to have no personal ambition beyond proving himself worthy of the confidence of those who elect him. If elected, I shall consecrate four years of my life to the service of my country, feeling that when that is done all has been done in the way of honor that can be done and then I shall rejoice again to be a private citizen in its nation where to be a citizen is greater than to be a king."

ROANOKE GETS IT.

Virginia Conference of Northern Methodists Meets Here March 11.

Pittsburg, Pa., Nov. 2.—The Methodist Episcopal bishops, as an official board, closed their work here this afternoon. Among the appointments for spring conferences made at the board's session here are: Bishop Newman, Philadelphia conference at Bethlehem, March 17; Washington conference at Annapolis, Md., March 10; Bishop Mallie, Baltimore conference at Baltimore, March 3; Virginia conference at Roanoke, March 11.

MUST BE SECRET.

Virginia Voters Must Not Display Their Ballots After Receiving It.

Richmond, Va., Nov. 2.—In response to a telegram from Democratic State Chairman Elyson, Attorney General R. Taylor Scott has telegraphed to Warrenton as follows:

"Vote by ballot is secret and the ballot law as I read it preserves the secret until the elector's ballot is deposited by him in the box and thereby secures him from outside influence. I do not think the elector after receiving the ballot can expose it, because such action destroys and uproots the very purpose and object of the law."

A MYSTERIOUS STRANGER.

New York, Nov. 2.—Capt. Montgomery, of the Truxillo, which arrived today from the Truxillo, reports that on October 19, about midnight, a war vessel without lights displayed was sighted. Shortly afterwards the stranger blew his whistle to attract attention and finding that the brig did not heed him, fired a gun. The brig was hove to and waited for twenty minutes until within speaking distance. The stranger, which proved to be a Spanish man-of-war, hailed the brig and asked its name and whether it had been seen. Any Spanish vessels had been seen. After receiving replies the man-of-war thanked the brig's officers and said "good night," steaming away to the eastward without showing her lights. The night was dark and it was impossible to distinguish the rig of the man-of-war or her name.

NEW YORK MUSICAL COURIER

On the New Catalogue Just Issued by Behr Bros.

"The new catalogue just issued by Behr Bros. shows cuts of those rapid selling styles P. G. H. N. and O. and is embellished with an illustration of the beautiful piano in Louis XV style built for and installed in the bridal apartment in the Waldorf Hotel.

"One is impressed with the number of testimonials from world famous pianists printed in this catalogue, and more than impressed with the wording of these testimonials.

"The Behr piano supports its catalogue, and the catalogue is a good exponent of the Behr piano."

Keep your houses, stores or offices at an even temperature. We have just received a large stock of reliable Thermometers at reasonable prices. Some of them self-registering.

MASSIE'S PHARMACY.

BUY YOUR COAL AND WOOD FROM EARMAN AND FLIPPO, PHONE 68.

One case of Dark Calicoes at 4 1/2 cents at "The Bazaar."

Smith Bros. cough drops, wholesale and retail, at Catogni's.

APPEALS TO BLIND PREJUDICE

GOLDBUG BYNUM AND HIS LITTLE PIECE.

He Says He Has Every Confidence in the Result of the Election To-day—He Admits His Followers Are in a Peculiar Position—An Intimation as to the Probable Future of His Organization. He Believes the Bolters Will Wield Much Influence To-day.

Chicago, Nov. 2.—The Hon. Wm. D. Bynum, chairman of the national gold standard Democracy, made the following statement this afternoon:

"I have every confidence in the result of the election to-morrow. I cannot believe that the conservative forces which have combined to save the country from dishonor can be defeated by the opposing elements, however desperate they may be. Our campaign has been almost wholly confined to the doubtful or closer States, our principal work having been done in Minnesota, Michigan, Indiana, Kentucky, Tennessee, West Virginia, Missouri, Kansas and Nebraska. I feel sure all those States will declare for sound money and if so the result will be due largely to the efforts of sound money Democrats. Had not the sound money Democrats of the West and South come to the rescue of the issue at the critical moment, the result to say the least would have been exceedingly doubtful. The wisdom of our action has become more evident each succeeding day. We not only preserved the sound money sentiment in the Democratic party, but checked the break from the Republican to the free silver ranks and have been an important factor in building up a healthy sentiment in both parties. It was certainly a peculiar situation that required Democratic speakers to take the stump in behalf of true Democratic principles to influence Republicans to vote their own ticket. The action of the sound money Democrats has, unquestionably, and a very liberalizing influence on the leaders of the Republican party and will result in a united effort to accomplish needed reforms in our financial system. While the first requisite of a sound financial system is, that it must be attached to a stable standard, it nevertheless must be so framed to answer the requirements of commerce and, therefore, must possess elasticity. A sound financial system is essential to the preservation of our system of credit, because without the latter we could not carry on our trade for a single day. It is impossible to conjecture at this time what course the sound money Democrats will pursue after the election. The result of the election will have much influence in shaping our movements in the future. We shall probably have a meeting of the executive committee at an early day for the purpose of closing up our business affairs, and no doubt the fortunes of the sound money organization will then be considered."

AFTER THE GOLD.

A Run on the Sub-treasury in Chicago Yesterday.

Chicago, Nov. 2.—There was a run on the sub-treasury in this city for gold. When the announcement of the San Francisco run was made public and \$1,000,000 in gold received from the mint last week, the local sub-treasury noticed an increase in the number of persons who wanted to exchange bills for gold. Today the rush began at the opening of the doors. An unbroken line passed in and out of the narrow corridor in front of the money changer's window all day. Two-thirds of these asking for gold handed in greenbacks and national bank notes.

"Only Treasury notes of 1890 issue and gold certificates accepted" said Mr. Shanahan, the teller.

The office was kept open half an hour after the usual time to clean up the line of people in waiting. The total output of gold for the day was \$85,000—three times as much as that of Saturday. About twice that amount was asked for.

PEOPLE WILL BUY THE BEST.
It is an acknowledged fact among musicians that Hobbie Piano Co. handle the best line of pianos and organs on the market, which accounts for their continued large business.

Oysters by the quart at Bowman's.

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When you order coal. We send clean coal. Give us a trial order and see. **EARMAN & FLIPPO,** Phone 68. 108 Salem avenue s. w.

The United States Government reports show Royal Baking Powder superior to all others.

THE BEST OF ALL ARE THE

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Endorsed by all Leading Pianists. Every Musician Acknowledges Their Superiority.

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