

HOW NOT TO PREACH.

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- are expected to go away in their sins, and to consider the matter at their convenience.
- 10th. Dwell much upon their inability to obey, and leave the impression that they must wait for God to change their natures.
- 11th. Make no appeals to the fears of sinners; but leave the impression that they have no reason to fear.
- 12th. Say so little of hell that your people will infer that you do not believe in its existence.
- 13th. Make the impression that, if God is as good as you are, He will send no one to hell.
- 14th. Preach the love of God, but ignore the holiness of His love, that will by no means clear the impenitent sinner.
- 15th. Often present God in His parental love and relations, but ignore His government and legal relations to His subjects, lest the sinner should find himself comforted already and the wrath of God abiding on him.
- 16th. Preach God as all mercy, lest a fuller representation of His character should alarm the consciences of your hearers.
- 17th. Try to convert sinners to Christ without producing any uncomfortable convictions of sin.
- 18th. Flatter the rich, so as to repel the poor, and you will convert none of either class.
- 19th. Make no disagreeable allusions to the doctrines of self-denial, cross-bearing and crucifixion to the world, lest you should convict and convert some of your church members.
- 20th. Admit, either expressly or impliedly, that all men have some moral goodness in them, lest sinners should understand that they need a radical change of heart from sin to holiness.
- 21st. Avoid pressing the doctrine of total moral depravity, lest you should offend, or even convict and convert, the moralist.
- 22d. Do not rebuke the worldly tendencies of the church, lest you hurt their feelings, and finally convert some of them.
- 23d. Should any express anxiety about their souls, do not probe them by any uncomfortable allusions to their sin and ill desert; but encourage them to join the church at once, and exhort them to assume their perfect safety within the fold.
- 24th. Preach the love of Christ, not as enlightened benevolence, that is holy, just and sin-hating; but as a sentiment, an involuntary and indiscriminating fondness.
- 25th. Be sure not to represent religion as a state of loving self-sacrifice for God and souls; but rather as a free and easy state of self-indulgence. By thus doing you will prevent sound conversion to Christ, and convert your hearers to yourself.
- 26th. So select your themes and so present them as to attract and flatter the wealthy, aristocratic, self-indulgent, extravagant, pleasure-seeking classes, and you will not convert any of them to the cross-bearing religion of Christ.
- 27th. Be time-serving, or you will endanger your salary; and besides, if you speak out and are faithful, you may convert some body.
- 28th. Do not preach with a divine unction, lest your preaching make a saving impression.
- 29th. To avoid this, do not maintain a close walk with God, but rely upon your learning and study.
- 30th. Lest you should pray too much, engage in light reading and worldly amusements.
- 31st. That your people may not think you in earnest to save their souls, and as a consequence, heed your preachings, encourage church fairs, lotteries, and other gambling and worldly expedients to raise money for church purposes.
- 32d. If you do not yourself approve of such things, make no public mention of your approbation, lest your church should give them up, and turn their attention to saving souls, and be saved themselves.
- 33d. Do not rebuke extravagance in dress, lest you should uncomfortably impress your vain and worldly church members.
- 34th. Lest you should be troubled with revival scenes and labors, encourage parties, picnics, excursions and worldly amusements, so as to divert attention from the serious work of saving souls.
- 35th. Ridicule solemn earnestness in pulling sinners out of the fire, and recommend, by precept and example, a jovial, fun-loving religion, and sinners will have little respect for your serious preaching.
- 36th. Cultivate a fastidious taste in your people, by avoiding all disagreeable allusions to the last judgment and final retribution.
- 37th. Treat such uncomfortable doctrines as obsolete and out of place in these days of Christian refinement.
- 38th. Do not commit yourselves to much needed reforms, lest you should compromise your popularity and injure your influence. Or, you may make some branch of outward reform a hobby, and dwell so much upon it as to divert attention from the great work of converting souls to Christ.
- 39th. So exhibit religion as to encourage the selfish pursuit of it. Make the impression upon sinners that their own safety and happiness is the supreme motive for being religious.
- 40th. Do not lay much stress upon the efficacy and necessity of prayer, lest the Holy Spirit should be poured out upon you and the congregation and sinners should be converted.
- 41st. Make little or no impression upon your hearers, so that you can repeat your old sermons often without it being noticed.
- 42d. If your text suggest any alarming thought, pass lightly over it, and by no means dwell upon and enforce it.
- 43d. Avoid all illustrations, repetitions, and emphatic sentences that may compel your people to remember what you say.
- 44th. Avoid all heat and earnestness in your delivery, lest you make the impression that you really believe what you are saying.
- 45th. Address the imaginations and not the conscience of your hearers.
- 46th. Make it your great aim to be personally popular with all classes of your hearers.
- 47th. Be tame and timid in presenting the claims of God, as would become you in presenting your own claims.
- 48th. Be careful not to testify from your own personal experience of the power of the Gospel, lest you should produce the conviction upon your hearers that you have something which they need.
- 49th. See that you say nothing that will appear to any of your hearers to mean him or her, unless it be something flattering.
- 50th. Encourage church societies, and attend them yourself, because they tend so strongly to levity as to compromise Christian dignity and sobriety, and thus

paralyze the power of your preaching.

51st. Encourage the cultivation of the social in so many ways as to divert the attention of yourself and your church members from the infinite guilt and danger of the unconverted among you.

52d. In those societies talk a little about religion, but avoid any serious appeal to the heart and conscience of those who attend, lest you should discourage their attendance, always remembering that they do not go to societies to be earnestly dealt with in regard to their relations to God. In this way you will effectually so employ yourself and church members as that your preaching will not convert anybody.

The experience of ministers who have steadily adhered to the above rules will attest the soul-destroying efficacy of such a course, and churches whose ministers have steadily conformed to any of these rules can testify that such preaching does not convert souls to Christ. If souls are converted in congregations cursed with such a ministry, it will be by other means than the preaching.—By Pres. C. G. Finney.

VIGOROUS CUBAN POLICY.

President to Use All His Powers to Stop the Warfare.

Washington, May 22.—The principal subject of discussion at the Cabinet meeting yesterday was that of our relation toward Cuba. The action of the Senate in passing the Morgan joint resolution declaring a state of war in Cuba, was regarded as a movement that threatened, if carried out to the end, to interfere seriously with the efforts of the executive branch of the government to accomplish something substantial for the Cubans. The details of the plan which President McKinley has in mind have not yet been disclosed. In fact, it may be said that they are subject to arrangement upon the basis of the latest official information that is received from Cuba, probably from Mr. Calhoun. But it was clearly manifested in the Cabinet meeting that the President has made up his mind to another step forward, and that, while up to this time he has, as he promised in the beginning of his administration, confined his efforts largely to securing absolute protection for American citizens in Cuba, he has now come to the determination to use his powers to stop the bloodshed in the island so far as this can be done without involving the United States in war.

There was some talk respecting the application of the relief measure in favor of American citizens in Cuba now that the resolution suggested by the President has passed both branches of Congress. It was decided that the delay in the formal signature of the resolution would not necessarily prevent the immediate application of some of the money to feeding the people who are represented as in great distress, as the drafts cannot be received before the formalities are completed and resolution becomes a law.

Senator Davis, chairman of the committee on foreign relations, had quite a prolonged conference with the President by appointment yesterday. While nothing has been given out as to the conference, it is understood to have had reference to the effect of the Senate's action on the Morgan Cuban belligerency resolution, and upon the general subject of the administration's attitude toward Cuba. No official information could be obtained as to what action the House may take on the Cuban resolution, but it was understood that Speaker Reed would have a conference with the President on the subject at an early day, and no action would be taken until after the conference.

The inference was that the action of the House managers would be guided to a large extent by the result of the conference. It is probable that some attempt will be made on the part of the Democrats to have the resolution considered as soon as it reaches the House, but this cannot be done, except by unanimous consent, which will not be given, or by a special order from the committee on rules. This special order will not be brought in until the Republican leaders are ready to have some action taken.

A dispatch says that a proposition to recognize Cuban belligerency was submitted to the Venezuelan congress and was rejected; the congress holding that such power belonged to the executive.

DEATH OF AN ACTOR.

Montreal, May 22.—An actor named Temple, a member of the Keene Company, died here of typhoid pneumonia. He was from Washington, D. C.

THE BEST REMEDY FOR RHEUMATISM.

From the Fairhaven (N. Y.) Register.

Mr. James Rowland, of this village, states that for twenty-five years his wife has been a sufferer from Rheumatism. A few nights ago she was in such pain that she was nearly crazy. She sent Mr. Rowland for the doctor, but he had read of Chamberlain's Pain Balm and instead of going for a physician he went to the store and secured a bottle of it. His wife did not approve of Mr. Rowland's purchase at first, but nevertheless applied the Balm thoroughly and in an hour's time was able to go to sleep. She now applies it whenever she feels an ache or a pain and finds that it always gives relief. He says that no medicine which she had ever used did her as much good. The 25 and 50 cent size bottles for sale by H. C. Barnes. "He puts up prescriptions."

HOW'S THIS!

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Preps., Toledo, O.

We the undersigned have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

West & Traux, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Wadding, Kinnan & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

Just Arrived!

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF HATS IN SPRING AND SUMMER SHAPES.

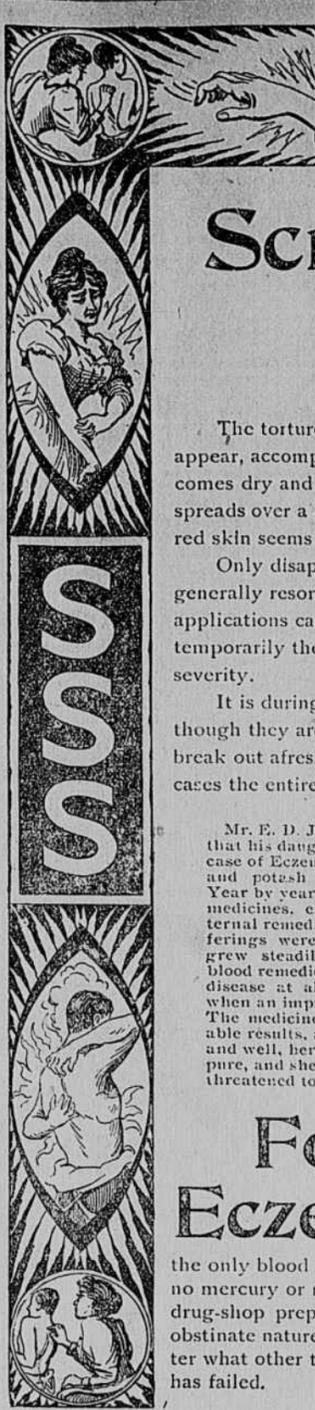
BROTHERHOOD MERCANTILE CO.

Bread, Rolls, Cinnamon Buns, hot every evening. J. J. Catogni.

If you once use it you will never again be without it. Pond's Extract is nature's own remedy for aches and pains.

Note our name on every label and wrapper.

Pond's Extract Co., New York and London.



S.S.S. TIMES

Scratch! Scratch!

The tortures of Eczema are indescribable. First, a series of small water blisters appear, accompanied by a tingling, itching sensation; these burst, and the skin becomes dry and sometimes cracks and peels; the itching increases in severity and spreads over a larger surface, until it soon becomes almost unbearable. The rough, red skin seems to be ablaze, so intense is the suffering produced.

Only disappointment results from the use of ointments, salves, etc., which are so generally resorted to for this disease. Eczema is a disease of the blood, and local applications can have no effect whatever upon it. They are good enough to allay temporarily the intense itching, but the disease continues to spread and increases in severity.

It is during spring and summer that those afflicted with Eczema suffer most, although they are at no time entirely free from discomfort. The disease seems to break out afresh each spring, and every year seems to spread more, until in some cases the entire body is effected.

Mr. E. D. Jenkins, of Lithonia, Ga., says that his daughter, Ida, inherited a severe case of Eczema, which the usual mercury and potash remedies failed to relieve. Year by year she was treated with various medicines, external applications and internal remedies, without result. Her sufferings were intense, and her condition grew steadily worse. All the so-called blood remedies did not seem to reach the disease at all until S. S. S. was given, when an improvement was at once noticed. The medicine was continued with favorable results, and now she is cured sound and well, her skin is perfectly clear and pure, and she has been saved from what threatened to blight her life forever.

Mr. Wm. Armstrong, of DePere, Wis., writes: "I have suffered terribly for eight years with Eczema, at times all over my body, and no person can describe the burning and itching I had to endure. For three months I never laid down, but was compelled to sit in my chair when not moving around. I was treated by the best of physicians with no success, used various local applications, and tried all the patent medicines recommended for Eczema without any good results. I went to several celebrated medical resorts, but the disease shortly returned. I then tried S. S. S., and after three days the burning and itching subsided, and I continued to improve steadily until I was well—entirely cured."

For Eczema

The only cure is a real blood remedy—one which reaches obstinate and deep-seated diseases, and cures them permanently. The mercurial and potash remedies of the doctors, aside from their harmful effects, do not reach the disease, and hence their inability to cure it. S. S. S. is the only cure for Eczema, because it is the only blood remedy guaranteed purely vegetable, containing no potash, no arsenic, no mercury or mineral of any description. It is Nature's own remedy and is not a drug-shop preparation. It cures Eczema and all other blood diseases of the most obstinate nature, no matter what other treatment has failed.

Swift's Specific.

GLASGOW GLEANINGS.

Glasgow, Va., May 22.—Glasgow is still alive. On the night of the 17th a musical was given for the benefit of the Presbyterian and Episcopal Churches, at the residence of Mrs. John Prof. Beardsworth and his charming and accomplished daughter favored us with some classic and choice selections. Quite a nice little sum was cleared.

The Presbyterian Church here was re-organized Wednesday night. An effort is being made to erect a new house of worship. The Masonic Temple is now used for a church by all the denominations here.

The tobacco factory proves quite a success thus far.

Glasgow has quite a reputation as a health resort, and not without reason. There is no place where the flowers bloom prettier, the birds sing sweeter and the girls look sweeter than in our little mountain village.

SOMETHING NEW.

For all your troubles take Mayapple Tonic liver pills. For a spring tonic take Stone's Sarsaparilla, 75 cents per bottle, as large as Hood's, and guaranteed to be as good.

SAM STONE, Druggist, 112 Salem avenue.

The Westfield (Ind.) News prints the following in regard to an old resident of that place: "Frank McAvoy, or many years in the employ of the L. N. A. & C. Ry. here, says: 'I have used Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy for ten years or longer—am never without it in my family. I consider it the best remedy of the kind manufactured. I take pleasure in recommending it.' It is a specific for all bowel disorders. For sale by H. C. Barnes. 'He puts up prescriptions.'"

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c. For sale by Chas. Lyle.

For Good Health USE

POND'S EXTRACT

It Relieves all Pain. Controls all Hemorrhages. Subdues all Inflammations.

The genuine is put up in bottles only, enclosed in buff wrappers, on which is printed our landscape trademark.

AVOID SUBSTITUTES

Weak. Watery. Worthless.

Price 25 Cents, AT DEALERS AND DRUGGISTS, or sent in quantity of 3 or more packages to any address on receipt of money, by Winkelman & Brown Drug Co. SOLE PROPRIETORS, BALTIMORE, MD., U. S. A.

ASSIGNMENTS AT NORFOLK.

Ella S. Whitehurst, Liabilities \$15,000; F. Lasting, Liabilities \$2,000.

Norfolk, May 22.—Ella S. Whitehurst assigned to-day. She transfers all her stock of boots, shoes, etc., at 220 Main street. C. H. Lewelling is the largest creditor, \$6,904.92. The other creditors, of whom there are twenty-five, with amounts ranging from \$41 to \$1,100, are to be paid pro rata. Liabilities are \$15,000; assets unknown.

F. Lasting assigned to-day. He transfers stock of goods in store 652 Church street. Liabilities \$2,000; assets not stated.

Last night Lewis Fulford and Joe Boykin, colored, had a row over a woman in Sweet Cannan, near Portsmouth, and Fulford drew his gun and fired point-blank at Boykin. The bullet took effect in the latter's stomach and inflicted a wound that may prove fatal. Fulford made his escape.

Bread, Rolls, Cinnamon Buns, hot every evening. J. J. Catogni

LARRABEE'S RHEUMATIC LINIMENT.

TRADE-MARK.

Magical Pain Extractor.

CURES RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, LUMBAGO, TOOTHACHE, BACKACHE, CATARRH, AND ALL KINDS OF PAINS AND ACHES.

For nearly three-score years and ten this famous old household friend has been curing pains and aches, and has never disappointed the user. It is clean, pure, efficacious, agreeably smelling and quickly acting.

IT IS A RICH, SPICY COMPOUND AND INVALUABLE FOR CUTS, SCALDS, SORES, BURNS, ULCERS, WOUNDS, ERYSIPELAS, SKIN TROUBLES, ETC., ETC.

Price 25 Cents, AT DEALERS AND DRUGGISTS, or sent in quantity of 3 or more packages to any address on receipt of money, by Winkelman & Brown Drug Co. SOLE PROPRIETORS, BALTIMORE, MD., U. S. A.

Lowney's Chocolates

FOR SALE BY J. J. CATOGNI.

LEGAL NOTICES.

BY VIRTUE OF A DEED OF trust from J. G. Kuykendall and wife to the undersigned, dated the 15th day of September, 1892, and recorded in the clerk's office of the city of Roanoke, in deed book 78, page 307, for the purpose of securing certain payments to become due to the Old Dominion Building and Loan Association of Richmond, Va., default having been made in the payment of said debt, and having been required so to do by the beneficiary thereunder, the undersigned will offer for sale at public auction on the premises on the 25TH DAY OF JUNE, 1897, at 12 o'clock m., the following described property situated in the city of Roanoke, Va.:

Beginning at a point on the west side of Roanoke street 200 feet south of Spruce street, thence with Roanoke street south 7 degrees 30 minutes west 50 feet to a point, thence north 78 degrees 30 minutes west 150 feet, thence with an alley north 7 degrees 30 minutes east 50 feet to a point, thence south 78 degrees 30 minutes east 150 feet to the beginning.

TERMS OF SALE:—Cash. The amount due under said deed of trust is \$1,151.30.

LUCIAN H. COCKE, J. W. SHIELDS, JR., Trustees.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—BY VIRTUE OF a certain deed of trust, dated April 26th, 1890, and of record in the clerk's office of the hustings court of the city of Roanoke, Va., deed book 39, page 181, and default having been made in the payment of a portion of said debt therein secured, and being required so to do by the owner of the defaulted note, I will sell at public auction in front of the courthouse in Roanoke, Va., on THE 24TH DAY OF JUNE, 1897, at 11 o'clock a. m., to the highest bidder, all that certain lot or parcel of land lying in the city of Roanoke, Va., described as follows:

Said parcel of land is situated on the northeast corner of Commerce street and Salem avenue and fronts sixty feet on Commerce street and extends back between parallel lines along Salem avenue one hundred and sixteen feet, more or less, except as to the eastern portion of lot, fronting fifty feet on Salem avenue and extending in a northerly direction between parallel lines sixty feet, which has been released from the lien of the deed above mentioned.

TERMS.—Cash.

L. R. GILLS, Trustee.

PRICE 3 CENTS

HIS BUSINESS,

Doors and Windows, Lawn Mowers, Hammocks, Fishing Tackle.

Our stock of these goods is the largest in the city. See us before buying. We can save you money.

NELSON & MYERS,
207 Commerce Street.

LEGAL NOTICES.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—BY VIRTUE OF a deed of trust executed March 25, 1891, by Mrs. May M. Simmons and husband, recorded in deed book 61, page 15, of the Roanoke corporation, court clerk's office, default having been made in the payment of a portion of the debt mentioned therein and being required so to do by Junius B. Fishburne, the beneficiary, I shall on the 22ND DAY OF JUNE, 1897, at 12 o'clock M., at the front door of the courthouse in the city of Roanoke, Va., proceed to sell at public auction to the highest bidder the property conveyed in said deed, described as follows:

Beginning at a point on the south side of Campbell street 81 26-100ths feet east of Fishburne street, thence south 0 degrees 49 minutes west 275.1 feet to an alley, thence with same south 83 degrees 36 minutes east 74.25 feet to a point, thence north 0 degrees 49 minutes east 83.78 feet to a point, thence south 88 degrees 14 minutes east 17.3 to a point, thence north 0 degrees 49 minutes east 202.8 feet to Campbell street, thence with same south 87 degrees 1 minute west 91.5 feet to the beginning.

It being the property embraced in said deed of trust, and to which special reference is hereby made.

TERMS: Cash sufficient to pay the cost of executing this trust, and the balance due on the debt secured in said deed, to wit, the sum of \$3,290.70, which embraces interest to day of sale, and the residue in two equal annual instalments from date of sale, with 6 per cent. interest, to be secured by deed of trust on property.

JNO. W. WOODS, Trustee.

PURSUANT TO A DECREE ENTERED in the circuit court for the county of Roanoke on the 3rd day of January, 1895, in the chancery cause of F. R. May vs. Roanoke Hospital Company and others, and of a further decree entered in said cause by the judge of said court in vacation on the 27th day of April, 1897, I shall on the 31ST DAY OF MAY, 1897, at 11 a. m., offer for sale, upon the premises, at public auction to the highest bidder the property known as the Roanoke Hospital, consisting of the hospital building and 2.861 acres, more or less, of land adjoining the same, in the county of Roanoke, near the boundary line of the city of Roanoke, bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at a point, the intersection of Bellevue avenue and Lake street, which is south 76 degrees 57 minutes east 154.54 feet from the southeast corner of the south wing of the bridge over Spring run, thence along the line of Bellevue avenue and 25 feet distant from the center line and parallel thereto by a curve whose radius is 344.6 feet and the chord of which bears north 77 degrees 25 minutes east for 130.88 feet to a point, thence north 60 degrees 25 minutes east 137.55 feet to a point, thence by a curve whose radius is 906.9 feet and the chord of which bears north 61 degrees 10 minutes east 165.5 feet to the intersection of Park road, thence along the line of Park road 15 feet distant from the center line and parallel thereto south 35 degrees 1 minute east 92.75 feet to a point, thence south 42 degrees 31 minutes west 82.65 feet to a point, thence south 37 degrees 16 minutes west 219.87 feet to a point, thence south 43 degrees 32 minutes west 232.54 feet to a point, thence south 20 degrees 34 minutes west 252.42 feet to a point, thence by a curve whose radius is 804.02 feet and the chord of which bears south 22 degrees 46 minutes west for 61.8 feet to the intersection of Lake street, thence parallel with and 15 feet from the center of Lake street north 1 degree 1 minute east 811.9 feet to the place of beginning.

TERMS: CASH.

JOHN M. HART, Special Commissioner.

In the clerk's office of the circuit court of the county of Roanoke, F. R. May, plaintiff, against Roanoke Hospital Company et al., defendants.

I, Samuel M. White, deputy clerk of the said court, do certify that the bond required of the special commissioner by the decree rendered in said cause on the 3d day of January, 1895, has been duly given. Given under my hand as clerk of the said court this 27th day of April, 1897.

SAMUEL M. WHITE, Deputy Clerk.

BY J. W. BOSWELL, REAL ESTATE AUCTIONEER.

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF VALUABLE lots in Roanoke, Va.—By virtue of a certain deed of trust, dated December 4, 1895, and of record in the clerk's office of the hustings court of the city of Roanoke, Va., deed book No. 100, page 311, default having been made in the payment of the debts thereby secured, and being required so to do by the beneficiaries, I will sell at public auction, upon the premises, on FRIDAY, THE 28TH DAY OF MAY, 1897, at 12 o'clock M., those certain lots in the city of Roanoke, Va., known as lot No. 9, section 14, also lots Nos. 5, 6, 7 and east 1-2 of lot No. 4, section 14, as shown by the map of the property of the Belmont Land Company, on file at the office of the clerk of the hustings court of the city of Roanoke, Va.

TERMS OF SALE: One-third cash and the residue on a credit of 6 and 12 months, all credit payments to be secured by a trust deed upon the property.

J. W. BOSWELL, Trustee.