

# Charlevoix County Herald.

Vol. 20

EAST JORDAN, MICHIGAN, FRIDAY, JUNE 2, 1916.

No. 23

## Schools Close Next Week

### Events of Commencement Week Are Announced.

The coming week marks the close of the annual term of the public schools. The last day of school will be observed by picnics and parties by most of the grades and the commencement exercises of the high school will take place on Thursday and Friday evenings.

In spite of the fact that quite a number of families have left the city the total enrollment of the schools for the present year has been over 700 and only about 50 less than the largest enrollment recorded, that of 1911-12, when the total was 761. The high school has had a total enrollment during the year of 263, including the 7th and 8th grades, with 36 of the students coming from the rural districts.

Several innovations have been made in the high school this year. Courses have been given in sewing and manual training, also mechanical drawing and the course in agriculture has been extended to include one year more of work along that line. The instructor in agriculture has also been retained for summer garden work and for corn club work in the country districts.

A larger number of the teachers than usual will not return for next year, most of them going to positions in other cities. Those leaving are Miss Cecile Coulthard who goes to the Detroit schools, Miss Mildred Drescher to the Holland schools, Miss Grace Campbell to Marshall, Miss Mayme Kelley to a position in Black River Falls, Wis., Miss Marjorie Chase, Miss Hazel Cummins, V. E. Wyble to the principalship of the high school at L'Anse, Mich., and F. T. Smith.

The following is a list of the students who will receive their diplomas at the Commencement exercises next week:

#### CLASS ROLL

|                 |                 |
|-----------------|-----------------|
| Olivet Bartlett | Bessie Johnson  |
| Eunice Carr     | Leonor Kenny    |
| Victor Cross    | Grace Malpass   |
| Ruth Gregory    | Vera McMillan   |
| Helen Hilliard  | Sadie Metz      |
| Lelia Holt      | Xelle Miles     |
| Bernt Johnson   | Elwyn Sundstedt |
| Helen Ward      |                 |

CLASS COLORS—Black and Red.

CLASS FLOWER—American Beauty Rose.

CLASS MOTTO—"To be rather than to seem."

The events of the week will begin with the Baccalaureate sermon by Rev. R. S. Sidebotham at the Presbyterian church next Sunday evening at 7:30. The graduating class and the teachers of the high school will attend in a body.

Instead of the usual form of Class Day Exercises the class will present a three act comedy entitled "The Colonel's Maid" at the Temple Theatre Thursday evening, June 8th. The public is invited to attend. The following is the

#### CAST OF CHARACTERS

Colonel Robert Rudd—Victor Cross  
Colonel Richard Byrd—Elwyn Sundstedt  
Marjorie Byrd, daughter of Col. Byrd—Helen Hilliard  
Bob Rudd, son of Col. Rudd—Dick Dicken  
Mrs. J. John Carroll, a widow—Bessie Johnson  
Julia Carroll, her daughter—Helen Ward  
Ned Graydon—Xelle Miles  
Miss Bedelia Bascom, a lady lawyer—Vera McMillan  
Ching Ah Ling, a Chinese cook—Bernt Johnson

On Friday evening several numbers of the program will be given by members of the class and the address will be given by Pres. Chas. McKenny of the State Normal College at Ypsilanti. The following is arranged for commencement night:

#### PROGRAM

Piano Duet—Ruth Gregory, Eunice Carr  
Salutatory—Olivet Bartlett  
Vocal Solo, "Shubert's Serenade"—Leonor Kenny  
Mediatory—Grace Malpass  
Address—DR. CHARLES McKENNY  
Presentation of Diplomas—Supt. L. P. Holliday  
Class Song—written by Lelia Holt and Sadie Metz.

In Jewish marriages the bride always stands at the right hand of the groom. With every other nation in the world, this is reversed.

The difference between a compliment and flattery depends on whether it is handed to you or some other person. You can judge no woman's sense of humor by the way she giggles at her husband's jokes.

## REPORT OF CHARLEVOIX COUNTY W. C. T. U. CONVENTION

The 25th annual Convention of the Charlevoix County W. C. T. U. was held in the M. E. Church at Boyne City on Wednesday and Thursday, May 24 and 25. Mrs. Alcox of Charlevoix County President, led all sessions with her usual calmness and sweetness of manner. Mrs. P. J. Howard of Petoskey District President was present and rendered most efficient help at all times. The first part of Wednesday afternoon was occupied with preliminary arrangements, business, etc.

Mrs. Sara Wilkinson led the Memorial Service for three members who have passed on: Mrs. H. McCartney of Charlevoix and Mrs. Demerest and Mrs. Boice of Boyne City. Miss Coltrin gave a fine talk on suffrage which was appreciated as she has recently returned from California. Greetings came to us from Mrs. A. M. Burdick of Charlevoix and Mrs. Heston of East Jordan, who were unable to be present. Mrs. Howard on the topic of 'Reminiscences' showed that all things work for good to them that love God.

The Resolutions Committee of Mesdames J. Clemens of East Jordan, and Sudman of Boyne City being unable to act, Mesdames Wilkinson of Charlevoix and Burdick of East Jordan were appointed in their places. It was suggested that each member of the Convention who were acquainted with Mrs. Grigsby of Morrice, Michigan, send her a post card as a token of our remembrance.

The evening program after singing "Onward Christian Soldiers" and Devotionals led by Rev. Duffy of Boyne City consisted of three minute greetings from Dr. Marshall in behalf of the city, Rev. Gleason for the churches, Sup't McIntosh for the schools, Mrs. Houghton for the Civic League, Mrs. Furman for the Federation of Woman's Clubs, Mrs. F. White for the M. E. Woman's Club and Mrs. Cory for the local Union, all of whom spoke many helpful and inspiring words of encouragement and welcomed the Convention to their hearts and homes. Mrs. Burdick of East Jordan in a few well chosen words responded to the greetings given. Miss May Stewart, county school commissioner, gave a very fine address on 'The Reason Why' which contained some very remarkable views on why we should have prohibition. The only regret we have is there were so few of the male sex to hear her convincing arguments. Miss Scott of Boyne City gave a recitation, 'Patsy's Three Lost Years.' She impersonated the teacher and poor little Patsy who had lost three years on account of the abuse of a drunken father. Miss Scott is a born impersonator and held her audience spell bound during her recitation. Little Miss Sudman gave a short recitation entitled "The Kitten and the Butterfly."

Thursday morning was given over to business and the reading of two papers "Preparedness" by Mrs. O. F. Root of Boyne City convinced us that we should prepare for prohibition and some of the best methods of preparation. Mrs. Hall of East Jordan gave a well written paper on "Purity" which contained many interesting thoughts on the subject. Good reports were read from the different reunions of the county. As this was the Silver Anniversary of our County Organization, Mrs. Howard suggested that we make Mrs. Alcox a Life Member of the W. C. T. U. by the payment of ten dollars into the state treasury and it was so voted unanimously by the Convention. Corresponding Secretary was requested to send letters of greeting and sympathy to Mesdames Richardson and Cameron of Norwood, also a letter of greeting to Mrs. Heston of East Jordan in appreciation of past services, who were prevented by sickness of attending this Convention.

After noontide prayer by Mrs. Hall of East Jordan, Charlevoix extended an invitation to entertain this convention in 1917. We adjourned to meet at this place in one year. Boyne City has the thanks of the delegates for the abundant entertainment given them.

Officers elected for next year as follows:

President—Mrs. Jennie Alcox  
Vice President—Mrs. Mable Hall  
Cor. Secretary—Mrs. Sara Wilkinson  
Recording Secretary—Mrs. Ann Burdick  
Treasurer—Mrs. Anna Cory.

Don't borrow trouble; almost any one will gladly give it to you.

When a man quarrels with his wife he seldom gets a chance to say anything back.

## National Defense and International Peace

### Business and Patriotism

#### A Nonpartisan Appeal to the Nation

The White House  
Washington, April 21, 1916

To the 'Business Men of America:

**I** BESPEAK your cordial co-operation in the patriotic service undertaken by the engineers and chemists of this country under the direction of the Industrial Preparedness Committee of the Naval Consulting Board of the United States.

The confidential industrial inventory you are asked to supply is intended for the exclusive benefit of the War and Navy Departments and will be used in organizing the industrial resources for the public service in national defense.

At my request the American Society of Civil Engineers, the American Institute of Mining Engineers, the American Society of Mechanical Engineers, the American Institute of Electrical Engineers and the American Chemical Society are gratuitously assisting the Naval Consulting Board in the work of collecting this data, and I confidently ask your earnest support in the interest of the people and government of the United States. Faithfully yours,

Woodrow Wilson

COMMITTEE ON INDUSTRIAL PREPAREDNESS OF THE  
NAVAL CONSULTING BOARD OF THE UNITED STATES

The American Society of Civil Engineers The American Society of Mechanical Engineers  
The American Institute of Mining Engineers The American Institute of Electrical Engineers  
The American Chemical Society  
Engineering Societies Building 29 West 39th Street, New York

Advertisement designed by the ASSOCIATED ADVERTISING CLUBS OF THE WORLD and published by this newspaper free.

It's easier for trouble to find your address than it is for good luck.

Speaking of batters, the buckwheat brand is as popular as the baseball brand.

A woman seldom talks to herself. She just has to rest occasionally.

Occasionally a man may blacken his accusers in an attempt to whitewash himself.



## Through an Open Draw

down to the pitiless depths of the river to seemingly sure death. Her escape is miraculous but it is just one of the many thrills in store for those who will read the big motion picture serial we have secured, entitled

## The Girl and the Game

By FRANK H. SPEARMAN

Mr. Spearman has injected into the story all of the romance of railroad making from the secret intrigue in the private offices of the magnate to the nerve-racked but cool-headed men whose skill drives the big iron horses over the steel rails. Throughout the story there is the spirit of fight, a struggle for a purpose, with all of the ramifications of the human tangle in the present-day battle of man to man.

You will thoroughly enjoy every installment of the story and also the moving pictures which will be shown soon.

Read the Story in These Columns

## POLITICAL GOSSIP FROM WASHINGTON

The readiness with which the Democratic members of the Senate judiciary committee acceded to Senator Sutherland's suggestion for a reopening of the hearings on the Brandeis nomination, is regarded here as indicative of their reluctance to confirm Brandeis for judge. It is considered equally an evidence of their unwillingness to bring the question to a direct issue. They would like to fiddle along with the matter until Wilson changes his mind and withdraws Brandeis' name, or until conditions in the Senate are such that the buck can be passed to somebody, anybody, so long as Brandeis is not put on the bench and the Democratic Senators can make a show of innocence.

The West Virginia Congressional district which has just chosen a Republican to succeed a Democrat has the distinction of having had the President of the United States taking a personal part in the campaign. On one of his numerous motor trips from the capital "the lonely man in the White House" rode out to Harper's Ferry where he held a private dinner with the leaders of the Democratic party in the district and told them that the approaching by-election must be carried at all hazards. The returns on election night, however, showed that the Republican had won by a majority of several hundred.

The Democratic steering committee in the Senate has at last come to the conclusion which nearly everyone else has long held, namely, that Congress will be lucky if it can adjourn by September. In addition to the appropriation bills and the other necessary legislation which the country must have and which it wants there is a considerable program of impracticable measures which the President insists must be passed. There will be stiff resistance to all of these bills, and if Congress can get home in time to vote, it will be fortunate.

When the rural credits bill was before the Senate, Senator Smoot endeavored to have an amendment adopted reducing the number of Commissioners from five to three and the salaries from \$10,000 each to \$7,500 each, the same as the salary of a Senator. This amendment was defeated, every vote against it, except one, being cast by a Democrat, and every vote for it, except one, cast by a Republican. By rejecting this amendment, the Democrats make the rural credits system unnecessarily top-heavy. In providing for two unnecessary Commissioners, the administration incurs an expense not limited to the \$20,000 in salaries. Each Commissioner must have an office, with an assistant, a private secretary, stenographers, traveling expenses, etc. The rural credit system is expected to be self-supporting, so each added item of expense is a handicap to the system and a burden to the borrower. Yet the administration that denounced the Republicans as extravagant, insisted on the additional Commissioners—as unnecessary as a fifth wheel to a wagon.

"It is a pretty safe guess that New England will return to the old time Republican majorities in November," said Congressman Edward H. Wason of New Hampshire. "Our people are tired and weary of Democracy. The present administration has been deaf to the demand for protection of dyestuffs sufficient to induce men to go into the manufacture of the same, but notwithstanding all of the earnest appeals of industry, the Ways and Means Committee has turned a deaf ear to their entreaties. The workingmen of New England know this and they realize how essential dyestuffs are to their employment. They will take no chances with a party that temporizes and does nothing in their behalf."

#### More Watchless Waiting

It seems to be the habit of members of the Wilson administration to read important papers hastily and then forget their contents. Many months ago Admiral Fiske wrote an extended report upon Naval needs, and presented it in person to Secretary Daniels who read it, had it filed and then later denied that he had ever seen it. Now comes the information that a national organization of chemists made a careful compilation of facts showing that a dye industry in this country could, upon a week's notice, be transformed into an explosive factory with a capacity of 20,000 shells per day. These facts were submitted to President Wilson, handed by him to a cabinet officer, by

whom they were handed to a bureau chief who, in turn sent them to a subordinate who wrote a formal note of acknowledgment. And the administration has done nothing further about it except defeat Senator Lodge's amendment for a tariff that would build up a dye industry. If we want cheap preparedness we shall never get it more easily or more quickly or establish it more permanently than through an extensive dye industry. But we can't hope for that under a Democratic administration.

#### VALUE OF PASTEURIZATION

From a sanitary standpoint the value of pasteurization is of the greatest importance when market milk is under consideration. The pasteurization of milk, when the process is properly performed, affords protection from pathogenic organisms. Such disease-producing bacteria as Bacillus tuberculosis, B. typhi, B. diphtheriae, and the dysentery bacillus, when heated at 140 degrees F. for 20 minutes or more, are destroyed, or at least lose their ability to produce disease.

According to Mohler, pasteurization offers protection against foot and mouth disease. He makes the following statement: "Milk which has been pasteurized for the elimination of tubercle and typhoid bacilli will not prove capable of transmitting the disease (foot-and-mouth) to persons or animals fed with it." In view of the recent outbreak of foot-and-mouth disease in this country, this is of importance.

Within recent years several epidemics of septic sore throat have been traced to milk. In some of these epidemics it was found possible by pasteurization to destroy streptococci which were isolated from throats of infected people and which were believed to be the infective agents. Pasteurization, properly performed, seems to protect against epidemics of this kind, but until the organism which causes the disease is definitely known, it is impossible to say that it affords absolute protection.

Epidemics of scarlet fever have been traced to milk supplies, and in such cases pasteurization has been resorted to, with apparently satisfactory results, as a means of safeguarding the public health.

Pasteurization is of value from a commercial standpoint so far as it increases the keeping quality of the milk and prevents financial losses by souring. As practiced at the present time, commercial pasteurization, with reasonable care, destroys about 90 per cent of the bacteria, and while it does not prevent the ultimate souring of milk, it does delay the process. At the present time pasteurization is the best process for the destruction of bacteria in milk on a commercial scale.—From Bulletin No. 342, U. S. Dept. of Agriculture.

#### The County Agricultural Agents and hairy or Winter Vetch.

The growing of legumes in Michigan needs all the encouragement that can be given. They gather from the air the most expensive of all our plant foods and store it in the soil for other plants to use. Of all the legumes none is more promising for thousands of Michigan farms than hairy or winter vetch. It will thrive on lighter soils. It does not prevent the farmer from growing his regular crop for it can be sown in the corn or potatoes or after the crop is harvested and grows late in the season and very rapidly in the spring. It thus furnishes a good cover for fields that often lose more in their bare condition than cropping takes from them. Vetch as a food for animals is richer than alfalfa and as a green manure it has no superior. Realizing the value of this wonderful plant, the County Agricultural Agents have done all in their power to encourage farmers to grow it. They have not encouraged its growth where wheat is grown extensively but there are large areas of the State where there is no legume that can take the place of hairy vetch. Through the efforts of the Agricultural Agent in one County for two years there are now over seven thousand acres of hairy vetch protecting the soil in the winter and ready to enrich it with green manure in the spring or to be used as hay or to produce seed. One man in that County has realized a handsome income this season from the sale of vetch seed. This seed is quite high in price and as most of it comes from Europe it looks now as though growing vetch seed in Michigan would be a good business.