

**Nobby Summer Suits**  
 FROM THE CELEBRATED  
 GARDEN CITY TAILORS  
 Why wear "Hand-me-Downs" when you can get Tailor-Made just as cheap. Suits from \$12 up.  
 Ladies' and men's suits cleaned.  
**Enterprise Cleaning and Pressing Works**  
 J. L. SIEGMUND.

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**Coleman Brothers**  
 The Best Cigars, Confectionery and Fruit.  
 Stationery Supplies of all kinds.  
 First door east of Postoffice.

**WESLEY DUNCAN,**  
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**JOSEPH, OREGON**

**S. K. Clark**  
 Plumber & Steam Fitter  
 Full line of plumbing material.  
 Satisfaction Guaranteed  
 Shop at Keltner's Hardware Store  
 Leave Orders.

**LODGE DIRECTORY**  
**I. O. O. F.** ENTERPRISE LODGE, No. 102.  
 EMERALD REBEKAH LODGE, No. 119.  
**K. of P.** ENTERPRISE LODGE, No. 24.  
 JUANITA TEMPLE, No. 1, Pythian Sisters.

**MASONIC** ENTERPRISE CHAPTER, No. 204, 20, Royal Arch Masons meets first and third Thursdays of each month in Masonic Hall. All visiting Royal Arch Masons welcomed.  
 J. E. OLIMSTED, High Priest.  
 T. W. SHEAHAN, Secretary.

**WALLOWA LODGE, No. 21, A. F. & A. M.** meets second and fourth Saturdays of each month in Masonic Hall. Visiting Masons welcomed.  
 J. A. BURLING, W. M.  
 W. C. BOATMAN, Secretary.

**WALLOWA VALLEY CHAPTER, No. 56, O. E. S.** meets first and third Saturdays of each month in Masonic Hall. Visiting Stars are always welcomed.  
 MRS. ELVA L. FRENCH, W. M.  
 MRS. MARY E. STEEL, Sec.

**M. W. A.** EAGLE CAMP, No. 10497, M. W. A. W. A. Meets first and third Thursdays in each month, in new Fraternal hall. Visiting Neighbors always welcome.  
 J. W. RODGERS, Consul.  
 T. M. DILL, Clerk.  
**ANEROID CAMP, No. 354, R. N. of A.**

**W. O. W.** ENTERPRISE CAMP, No. 1123, W. of W.  
 ALMOTA CIRCLE, No. 278, W. of W.

**W. B. APPLGATE,**  
 Notary Public.  
 Collections made, Real Estate bought and sold and all business matters attended to. Call on or write me.  
 PARADISE, OREGON.

**WALLOWA BRANCH TIMETABLE.**

Eastbound	Westbound
am. La Grande Stations	p.m.
9:45 Lv. La Grande	1:30 Arrv. La Grande
9:59 " 2.5 Island City	1:45 Lv. La Grande
10:09 " 8.3 Albia	1:55 " "
10:16 " 12.3 Imbler	2:05 " "
10:20 " 20.9 Elgin	2:00 " "
	p.m.
11:25 " 32.1 Palmer Jet.	11:25 " "
11:30 " 37.7 Looking Glass	11:30 " "
	p.m.
12:45 " 47.1 Minam	10:30 " "
1:00 " 60.0 Wallowa	9:30 " "
2:45 " 67.8 Lostine	8:15 " "
2:45 " 78.0 Enterprise	7:30 " "
4:45 Arr. 82.3 Joseph	7:15 " "
	a.m.

**Could Not Be Better.**  
 No one has ever made a salve, ointment, lotion or balm to compare with Bucklen's Arnica Salve. Its the one perfect healer of Cuts, Corns, Burns, Bruises, Sores, Scalds, Bolls, Ulcers, Eczema, Salt Rheum, For Sore Eyes, Cold Sores, Chapped Hands its supreme. Infallible for Piles. Only 25 cents at Burnaugh & Mayfield's.

**Wallowa County Chieftain**  
**County Pioneer Paper**  
 Established in 1884. Published every Thursday by The Enterprise Press. Office East side Court House Square.  
 Entered in the postoffice at Enterprise, Ore., as second-class matter.  
**SUBSCRIPTION RATES.**  
 One year \$1.50 Three months 50c Invariably in Advance.  
**THURSDAY, JUNE 24, 1909.**

**MIS-STATEMENT CORRECTED.**  
 Where did the Wallowa Sun get its information in regard to the rate hearing before the state commission? This city? Certainly not first hand or it would not have so brazenly misstated the case of the people. Even Railroad Attorney Spencer probably has more honor about him than to have grossly misstate his opponent's side.  
 Enterprise did not ask that the rate to this city and Wallowa be made the same, and at the same time object to a blanket rate on wool. There is nothing in the complaint filed which the Sun has free access to, or in the verbal hearing on which it base such an assertion. The Sun was in to its readers, if not for the sake of truth itself, to make the correction.

No misstatements can alter the truth of the situation. Enterprise asked for lower rates all along the track. It asked also that wool be treated the same as other commodities. It is not a question of whether North End shipments come to Wallowa or Enterprise, for on account of the high rates on this branch the people out there go to Lewiston, 30 miles farther and over a worse road than when the road was first completed a few shipments for the North End came over this branch, but as the Wallowa representative at the hearing said, no more come as the Lewiston rates are so much lower.

Enterprise asks that the distance tariff be extended over the branch from Elgin that the people of the North Country, in common with the people of the rest of the county, may get their goods in the most convenient way. If that is done, Enterprise can easily take her chance for North End trade in competition with any other town. As disclosed at the hearing the cost of freighting goods from Enterprise to Flora is lower than from any other town, and would more than make up the slight freight difference between Enterprise and Wallowa, probably four cents or less with the distance tariff in effect.

**JUDGE KNOWLES' REFORM.**  
 From the La Grande Observer.  
 In the matter of grand juries Judge Knowles has adopted a system that will certainly meet the approval of tax payers as well as litigants. The old way was upon the opening of the court to draw the grand jury and the first few days of court all criminal work was at a standstill. The district attorney was more than busy. Under the system of having the grand jury meet the week before court begins, relieves all of the high pressure and delay, which means expense. Again the grand jury can be recalled at any time between court sessions, thus providing for further reduction in expenses when a prisoner desires to plead guilty and begin serving his sentence and not be compelled to wait weeks in the county jail waiting court to be in session.

**Flora Camp is Famous.**  
 A motion picture concern at Petersburg, Va., wants to reproduce the Homesteader and Indian fight as put on by the Forester Team of the Flora Modern Woodmen camp, at fresco, at the 4th of July celebration at Flora last year.

Foley's Honey and Tar is especially recommended for chronic throat and lung troubles and many sufferers from bronchitis, asthma and consumption have found comfort and relief, by using Foley's Honey and Tar. Burnaugh & Mayfield.

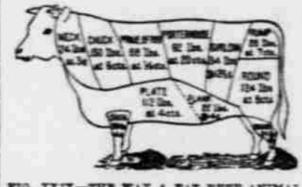
**WHAT NORTH END SAYS.**  
 From the Flora Journal.  
 "Get busy building or starting your own railroads, you Oregon towns. Use your own wings," says the Oregon Daily Journal. Hasn't some one said that providence aids those who help themselves? The Journal perhaps means that towns and localities should use their own wings for hatching possibilities. That's what Troy is doing—trying to interest capital in the proposed large power ditch. "Impracticable and impossible?" Yes, that's what it will be if she quietly settles down on a nest of rocks. The power is there if properly harnessed. Bring capital and brains together and what may not be accomplished. You are all right, Troy. Keep right on.

Everyone would be benefited by take Foley's Orino Laxative for constipation, stomach and liver trouble, as it sweetens the stomach and breath, gently stimulates the liver and regulates the bowels and is much superior to pills and ordinary laxatives. Why not try Foley's Orino Laxative today? Burnaugh & Mayfield.

**Home Course In Modern Agriculture**  
**XV.—Breeding Live Stock**  
 By C. V. GREGORY,  
 Agricultural Division, Iowa State College  
 Copyright, 1906, by American Press Association

**T**HE science of breeding is very complicated, but there are some points that should be understood and followed by every farmer. No matter how well stock may be fed and cared for, if they do not have the inherited capacity to transform their feed economically into milk or beef or power they will always be "scrubs." On the other hand, poor feeding and care may make a scrub out of an animal which has the inherited ability to develop into something much better. To attain the best results breeding, feeding and intelligent care must go hand in hand.  
 Pure bred stock not only have the ability to make much more profitable use of the food given them, but they also add greatly to the appearance of the place. A pasture dotted with well bred, uniform calves, colts or sheep marks the owner as a progressive farmer. There is a great deal more pleasure, too, in caring for good stock than there is in vainly trying to get unprofitable animals into market condition.

The first thing to consider in starting in with pure bred stock is what



**FIG. XXIX.—THE WAY A FAT BEEF ANIMAL IS CUT UP.**  
 (Note the high prices of the back and loin.)

breed to select. Do not make a hasty choice, for nothing will ruin your chances of success more certainly than frequent changes from one breed to another. Select your breed with care and then stick to it. All the leading breeds have good points, and the matter of selection is more a question of individual preference than anything else.

In beginning with pure bred stock the best plan for the average farmer to follow is to purchase a pure bred male of the desired breed and proceed to grade up his herd. There are two principles of breeding that should be kept in mind in this work. The first is the old law that "like produces like." In the main this law holds good, and other things being equal, the offspring will resemble the parents. The second is the law of "atavism," or the tendency of the offspring to take after some remote ancestor. This is where the value of the pure bred sire comes in. His ancestors for generations have been animals of the same type as himself, and hence there is little chance of his progeny differing from this type to any serious extent. This long continued breeding along a certain line gives to the pure bred animal an ability to reproduce his type that the grade sire lacks. This ability is called prepotency.

Because of his great prepotency a pure bred bull when mated to grade cows has much more influence over the characters of his offspring than the mothers have. This is most strikingly shown when a polled bull is mated to horned cows. Nine out of every ten of the calves will usually be polled. It is the same with other characteristics—the ability to quickly turn corn into high priced beef or to use the feed for profitable milk and butter production.

Of course if the cows are pure bred also there is less chance of the calves resembling some inferior ancestor on their mother's side, and improvement will be more rapid and certain. The cost of an entire herd of pure bred is very great, however, and profits will come more surely by the grading plan. After this has been carried on for a time, so that the farmer has some experience in breeding and caring for high class stock, a gradual start in pure bred females may be made by buying a cow and calf or a few yearling heifers. As the offspring of these increase the number of pure bred in the herd the grades can gradually be disposed of until an entire pure bred herd finally results.

In the selection of a sire to begin grading up a herd it is important that he be of the type which it is desired to reproduce in the offspring. The most important things to look for in a beef bull are constitution, form, quality and thick fleshing. Of these constitution is probably the most important, as a bull that is strong in this point will have the ability to sire a large number of rugged, healthy calves. Constitution is indicated by a deep, wide chest; large "barrel," giving plenty of room for the digestive organs; good sized nostrils and a large, clear eye. A point that must go with constitution if the best results are to be obtained is prepotency. Prepotency means the ability of a sire to reproduce his good points in his offspring. It is indicated by a heavy crest and a masculine looking head. A bull that has a fine, feminine appearing head will not be of all certain of producing good calves, even though he is a good individual himself.

Constitution and prepotency are of

little account, however, unless the bull has the proper form. The back and hind quarters of a beef animal are the parts that produce the high priced meat. Great width all about the back, especially over the loin; good spring of ribs, plenty of depth and short legs are points that should be looked for. Long legged bulls are usually narrow and rangy. The legs are of little value as meat, so the shorter they are the better.

Quality is shown by fineness of hair, pliability of hide and not too much coarseness of shoulder, head and bone. An animal with good quality will furnish a better grade of meat, and there will be less waste in killing.

Thickness of flesh is one of the most important points to look for. By this is meant not fat, but the natural covering of lean meat. Fat can be put on during the feeding period, but lean meat cannot. An animal that is thickly muscled at the beginning of the feeding period will furnish a carcass that will be well marbled with streaks of fat and lean, while another on the same feed will put most of his fat on in the form of tallow.

These same points are the essential ones to look for in the selection of a ram or boar. Strong constitution, wide, deep, blocky form, fine quality and thick fleshing are just as important in these animals as in the bull.

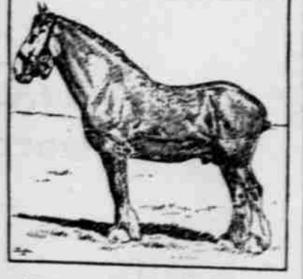
Of course it will be impossible to find an animal that is perfect in all points. If the females in your herd are badly lacking in any particular be sure to select a male that is especially strong there. On the other hand, a slight weakness on the part of the sire in a place where the females are especially strong may be overlooked. An animal that has any very serious faults, however, should not be considered for a moment.

Dairy bulls lack the feeding and compactness that characterize beef animals. Low setness and extra width of back are not so essential. Constitution, as shown by a deep chest, wide on the bottom and a roomy barrel, is important. A clean head, smooth shoulder, fine limbs and pliable skin show the quality that is so necessary in a dairy animal. The most important point is prepotency. A strong chest, masculine head and large rudimentary teats are all indications of this. The best way to forecast a dairy bull's prepotency, however, is to look up the milk and butter producing records of his dam and granddams. A bull out of a high producing cow will almost certainly beget heifers that will be high yielders.

The most important points to look for in draft horses, which are the most profitable kind to raise on the farm, are power and endurance. Power is indicated by size, compactness and heavy muscling, especially in the hind quarters. Endurance is shown by a strong constitution and fine quality, especially of limbs.

Strict observance of these points in the selection of a sire of any kind will give you an animal that will in a few years bring about a great improvement in your herd. Pedigree should not be neglected entirely in picking out a sire. Its chief value is in showing that the animal is pure bred and that his ancestors were of the type which you wish to develop in your herd. To determine the latter point, however, requires a longer study of herd books than most farmers have time for. If you put the chief stress upon the individuality of the animal and file the pedigree away in a drawer where it can be referred to when necessary you will not go far wrong.

When you have found an animal of the desired type do not hesitate too



**FIG. XXX.—A TYPICAL DRAFT HORSE.**

long over the price. A hundred and fifty dollars may look like a big price to pay for a bull, but an increase of \$2 a head in the value of the calf crop will pay for him in two or three years.

In many cases you may be able to join with two or three of your nearest neighbors in the purchase of a bull, thus not only saving money, but also obtaining a better animal than you would be able to secure otherwise. This applies with still more force to the purchase of a stallion. In many communities it is impossible to secure the services of a first class horse of any breed. In such a case if fifteen or twenty farmers will agree upon a breed and subscribe \$100 each a horse can be procured that will almost pay for himself in the increased value of his first crop of colts.

**A Thrilling Rescue.**  
 How Bert R. Lean, of Cheney, Wash. was saved from a frightful death is a story to thrill the world. "A hard case," he writes, "brought on a desperate lung trouble that baffled an expert doctor here. Then I paid \$10 to \$15 a visit to a lung specialist in Spokane, who did not help me. Then I went to California, but without benefit. At last I used Dr. King's New Discovery, which completely cured me and now I am as well as ever." For Lung Trouble, Bronchitis, Coughs and Colds, Asthma, Croup and Whooping Cough its supreme. 50 cents and \$1.00. Trial bottle free. Guaranteed by Burnaugh & Mayfield.

**NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION—ISOLATED TRACT.**  
 Public Land Sale.  
 Department of the Interior,  
 U. S. Land Office at La Grande, Oregon, May 18th, 1909.

Notice is hereby given that as directed by the Commissioner of the General Land Office, under provisions of Congress approved June 27, 1906 (34 Stat., 517), we will offer at public sale, to the highest bidder, at 10 o'clock a.m., on the 8th day of July, 1909, at this office, the following-described land: S½ NW¼ Section 1, and Lot 1 and SE¼ NE¼ Section 2, T. 1S., R. 44 E. W. M., Serial No. 62134.

Any persons claiming adversely the above-described land are advised to file their claims, or objections, on or before the time designated for sale.  
 F. C. Bramwell, Register.  
 4005 Colton R. Eberhard, Receiver.

If You are Worth \$50,000 Don't Read This.

This will not interest you if you are a man of moderate means and cannot afford to employ a physician when you have an attack of diarrhoea, you will be pleased to know that one or two doses of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy will cure it. This remedy has been in use for many years and is thoroughly reliable. Price 25 cents. For sale by Burnaugh & Mayfield.

Read the advertisements.

**CITATION.**  
 In the County Court of the State of Oregon, for Wallowa County, in the Matter of the Estate of J. James Beard, Deceased.  
 To James William Beard, John Calvin Beard, the heirs at law of J. James Beard, deceased, and to all other heirs, and parties interested in said estate, known and unknown, Greeting:

In the name of the State of Oregon: You are hereby commanded, required and cited to be and appear in the County Court of the State of Oregon, for the County of Wallowa, at the Court Room thereof, at the City of Enterprise in the said county of Wallowa, on the 8th day of July, 1909, at the hour of ten o'clock a. m. of said day, then and there to show cause, if any you have, why the petition of W. B. Appligate, the administrator with the will annexed, of the above entitled estate, praying for an order to sell the following described real property belonging to said estate, should not be granted and allowed, to-wit: The Southeast quarter of the Southeast quarter, and the West half of Southeast quarter of Section thirty-three in Township six North, and the Lot numbered two of Section four, in Township five North, of Range forty-five East W. M. in Wallowa County, State of Oregon.

That said real property, or so much thereof as shall be necessary, be sold for the purpose of paying the debts and legal claims against said estate and for the purpose of paying the expenses of administration of said estate.

Witness, the Honorable J. B. Olmsted, Judge of the County Court of the State of Oregon, for the County of Wallowa, this 4th day of June, 1909 with the seal thereof affixed.  
 W. C. Boatman, Clerk.  
 Chas. G. Bilyeu, Deputy.

**GAME LAWS.**  
 Any person knowing of any violation of the game or fish laws of this state, or of persons not properly keeping screens over irrigating ditches, are requested to notify  
**JOE CLEMONS,**  
 Deputy State Game and Forest Warden, Zumwalt, Oregon. 427

**L. Berland,**  
 Dealer in  
**Harness, Saddles, Chaps, Spurs, and Leather Goods of all descriptions.**  
 I will fit you out with the best goods for the least money. When in need of anything in my line, call and inspect my stock before purchasing.  
**ENTERPRISE, OREGON**

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**WHY NOT YOU?**  
 Now is the time to get your name in our New Directory soon to be issued.  
**Home Independent Telephone Co.**

**Summer Rates East**  
 During the Season 1909  
 via the  
**Oregon Railroad & Navigation Co.**  
**OREGON SHORT LINE AND UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD**  
 from  
 Portland, Seattle, Spokane, Tacoma, Walla Walla and all points on The O. R. & N. line  
**To OMAHA and Return - \$60.00**  
**To KANSAS City and Return - \$60.00**  
**To ST. LOUIS and Return - \$67.50**  
**To CHICAGO and Return - \$72.50**  
 and to other principal cities in the East, Middle West and South. Correspondingly low fares.  
 On Sale June 2, 3; July 2, 3; August 11, 12  
**To DENVER and Return - \$55.00**  
 On Sale May 17, July 1, August 11  
 Going transit; limit 10 days from date of sale, final return limit October 31st.  
 These tickets present some very attractive features in the way of stopover privileges, and choice of routes; thereby enabling passengers to make side trips to many interesting points enroute.  
 Routing on the return trip through California may be had at a slight advance over the rates quoted.  
 Full particulars, sleeping car reservations and tickets will be furnished by any O. R. & N. local agent, or  
**WM. McMURRAY, General Passenger Agent, Portland, Oregon.**  
**J. G. HARMAN, Agent, Enterprise, Oregon.**