HOT SPRINGS STAR.

Official Paper of the City.

BY JOHN A. STANLEY.

FRIDAY, MAY 27, 1892.

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From an independent paper comes the startling information that the Alliance is not in politics. We hardly expected such a confession until after the election.

Carlisle's little boom will never attain any considerable proportions because the Kentucky statesman is entirely too honest to meet with the favor of Tammany.

The Hermosa Pilot has entered upon its seventh year and views the future through gilt rimmed spectacles. They are expecting a boom up there pretty soon and with good reason.

Converts to the McKinley bill and reciprocity increase from day to day. The latest notable personage to approach the mourners' bench is Lord Salisbury, England's premier.

Senator Pettegrew on Friday introduced a bill to amend an act extending the time to three years for the Milwaukee railroad to build its line across the Sioux reservation to the Hills.

The history of political parties in the United States clearly shows that a party, supported and kept up by an oath bound, secret society, can never attain any but the most transitory success.

The latest venture in newspaper enterprise that has reached our table is the Summit Signal, which hails from the recently opened Sisseton reservation. The Signal is a bright news sheet and we hope that it may receive the support it merits.

After a most determined opposition Cleveland has secured the Georgia delegation. The alliance of Hill and Crisp was powerless to withstand the great popularity of Grover. The Chicago convention will nominate Cleveland beyond the shadows of a doubt.

The independents accuse the democrats of breaking their pledges. But a little matter like that will not prevent those two parties from fusing whenever there is a chance to gain office. With some, principle does not count for very much in those days; official position is much more desirable.

As time rolls by it appears probable that the appropriations passed by the present session of congress will be a good many million dollars in excess of those passed by the last congress. The billion dollar congress will therefore not receive much mention from democratic editors and stump speakers.

A hopeful sign for the future was the meeting at Ann Arbor, Mich., last week, of representatives from colleges all over the country, from Maine to California. These college men have organized a national republican college league that will do good work in educating the people during the coming campaign.

As the time for the republican convention approaches the enemies of President Harrison are redoubling their efforts to prevent his re-nomination. Machine politicians however have never been very successful in the republican party and it is not likely that they will have much weight in the Minneapolis convention, Delegates will not dare to set at defiance the wishes of their constituents.

The Ruralist announces Rev. Wm. McCready, of Hermosa, as an independent candidate for congress, but the reverend gentleman isn't sure yet whether he will be a candidate or not. The confidence that the independents had two years ago in their being able to sweep the state seems to have been wasted, and it will take men of considerable self assurance to accept any nomination from that party.

The farmers alliance all over the country is opposed to Cleveland on account of his views regarding free silver. Yet members of the alliance in the north should not lose sight of the fact that the South Carolina state democratic convention, which was practically controlled by the alliance, pledged support to the democratic nominee, no matter who it might be and from present indications it will be Cleveland. The south may do a good deal of kicking but will nevertheless roll up the usual democratic majority.

A tariff to be protective must be raised just in proportion as the means of transportation are cheapened. There was a time when the cost of transporting goods from Europe was so great that our industries needed very little protection. But the wonderful inventions of the last century have brought about a complete revolution in cheap and safe means of transportation. It is not much more than a hundred years ago since Adam Smith said that English farmers need never fear competition from Ireland on account of the cost of bringing Irish products to English markets. And yet Adam Smith was one of the keenest observers of his day. So long as we propose to protect our industries the tariff must be raised every few years on the articles protected.

England and Free Trade.

After enjoying for about sixty years the alledged blessings of a tariff for revenue only, England finds her commercial and manufacturing greatness slowly slipping away. Lord Salisbury, the leader of the dominant party, upon the eve of a general election, has the courage to proclaim that free trade has not produced the results expected. He calls attention to the fact that while nations are anxious to secure each others trade, none cares about that of England, as her revenue laws have stripped her of the weapons with which the battle is to be fought. Such a declaration is practically an adoption of reciprocity and might easily be conceived as the sentiments of Blaine rather than those of Salisbury. Salisbury is a keen observer and more than once has given evidence of profound political sagacity. Hence his startling position must mean that his views are held by a considerable part of his countrymen. At any rate he seems content to risk his chances in the coming contest by forcing an issue upon the repeal of the tariff laws. So it need surprise no one if for the next few months the Cobden club will find plenty to do at home without contributing anything in the shape of money as a sort of missionary fund to aid their allies on this side of the water. Free traders must now strain every nerve to hold the ground already won without attempting any new conquests. This new tariff crusade in England will be watched with the closest attention. It possesses a twofold interest. The proposition for England to abandon free trade is startling enough but what will be of chief interest to the world in general and to the United States in particular, is the remedy whereby the old time supremacy of Great Britain may be restored. Let it not be forgotten that England established her commercial and manufacturing power by acts, in comparison to which the protection afforded by the McKinley bill or any other tariff law passed by this country is extremely mild. But times have changed since then. A powerful nation has grown up in America, and England now has something more formidable than a few scattered colonists with which to deal.

The campaign about to open in this country must be influenced to no small degree by this action of the conservative leader. If the richest nation in the world and the one rival that we need fear in competing for the trade of other nations, finds itself unable to maintain longer the tariff for revenue only policy, it may be interesting for democrats to explain how free trade is going to benefit the United States.

The number of patent medicines that have been discovered of late years is truly astonishing, and the more so because most of them are advertised as possessing the magic properties of curing all diseases of which the human kind has ken. But alarming for the welfare and happiness of the race, as is this brilliant galaxy of quack doctors, there is another species of quack if possible even more dangerous—the prophet who comes forward with a single remedy guaranteed to cure every known social evil and to abolish completely a so-called voluntary poverty. It must be evident to all that have examined the matter that there is no single remedy sufficient to relieve all kinds of distress for the simple reason that there is not one, but many causes for poverty. The tariff reformer, the single taxer, the nationalist and the anarchist, all grow enthusiastic over the beneficient results sure to follow the adoption of his peculiar remedy. But it has been reserved for later discoverers to find out that the only thing necessary to bring about universal good times and happiness, is the issuance by the government of a practically unlimited currency. The volume of money circulating in a country usually has about as much effect upon the prosperity of the country as has the volume of water in Fall River upon the prosperity of Texas. When money is plenty, wages are high to be sure, but so is every other commodity, and in the end there is no gain. It matters not how much or how little money there may be in circulation, a man must have energy and ability in order to succeed. Thrift and industry will do more to abolish poverty than will the enactment of any number of legislative acts. The passage of all the patent, cure-all, anti-poverty remedies on this side of the river of death will not have the slightest effect upon lazy, shiftless individuals. A man's success or failure in life depends upon his own exertions and abilities, upon his own prudence and foresight. If money was to become so plentiful that it would be sold out by the bushel, men would still have to stir themselves in order to make a living.

Hot Springs has better hotel facilities for taking care of delegates to the state conventions than any other city in South Dakota In the immediate vicinity are to be found some of the greatest natural curiosities and finest scenery in the Black Hills.

Ocean steamers are again beginning to fly the American flag and it is probable that within the next few years the policy of reciprocity will restore to the United States that large carrying trade of which we were robbed during the Civil war. The revival of our shipping industries will mark the opening of a new era of prosperity.

The number of democrats willing to sacrifice themselves is constantly on the increase. The latest addition to the number of presidential possibilities are Bynum, of Indiana, and Morrison, of Illinois. The latter is known to fame as the originator of the Horizontal bill. But after all Grover is able to stand defeat for he is used to it.

When the independents do not favor class legislation the measures that they would enact tend most strongly towards socialism. In fact nearly all of the underlying principles of this new party are decidedly socialistic in their nature. Socialism would have the government crush out all private enterprises and make of men so many machines. It would also reduce all but a favored few to a dead level of equality. However much theorists might desire an absolute equality, yet it is a fact that men are not equals. For this reason, until the laws of nature can be reversed and the prodigious differences between man and man can be effaced, socialism is doomed to inevitable defeat. But if it should ever triumph it would triumph over the ruins of that individual energy to which civilization is indebted for its present advancement. To insure progress there must be some suitable prize to be won by individual exertion. Socialism would remove every incentive for improvement by rewarding all alike, no matter what their abilities might be. This would not be justice. Perhaps the present conditions are not all that might be desired but they are infinitely better than the oppression to which a nation would be subjected under socialism. Any movement in this direction however slight should be viewed with suspicion. It is easy to make mistakes but a different matter to correct them. A wrong step might entail years of suffering. There are better and less dangerous methods for improving the condition of laborers, than a resort to socialism or anything tending in that direction.

Cures of our Carlsbad.

The STAR is doing what it can toward informing the world of the wonderful cures that are daily being wrought by these hot waters. We hope our efforts in this particular direction are appreciatad, and in order that the publication of some of the numerous cures made may do the greatest amount of good possible, both to the city and to suffering humanity, we would suggest that those who receive the paper send it to any one whom they know to be suffering from any ailment. We cannot advertise these waters too much.

The following speaks for itself:

When I went to the Catholicon Springs I was so afflicted with rheumatism —five months standing—muscular and articular, and could get nothing except morphine, two grains per day, that would relieve me so I could stand the pain. After trying in vain everything known to the medical profession, I came to the Catholicon Springs and in five days I did not have a pain or an ache. I did not use any morphine afterwards. My opinion is that the Catholicon Spring is the best medical water for all kinds of diseases in the United States. I don't wish to be understood that I don't think other hot springs and mineral waters are no good, for they all are good for some things, but I think the Catholicon Springs are the best.

Yours truly,
A. P. HAYNES M. D.
Lead City, S. D.

The number of patients taking the baths at the Catholicon has increased very rapidly during the past few weeks. It is needless, perhaps, to add that the number of cures effected has also increased. A. W. Coates, of Sioux, City, came to the Catholicon about a month ago. He was suffering with diabetes, and is now almost entirely cured.

A quick cure of scrofula was effected by Catholicon waters in the case of Mrs. Anna Shrader, of Fontanelle, Neb. Her face was covered with sores and she suffered very much when she came here, but after taking the treatment for a few weeks the sores are entirely healed up and she is almost restored to perfect health.

Invalids who have tried in vain the best hospitals need no longer despair as Mr. M. A. Stevens, of St. Paul, will testify. This gentlemen had tried the best hospitals of that place without finding any relief for the rheumatism from which he was a sufferer. But after four weeks spent at the Catholicon he is now entirely cured.

The German emperor is taking vigerous measures to repress the attacks upon Jewish subjects of the empire. Every few years an anti-Jewish sentiment breaks out all over Germany. The suppression of such outrages is greatly to be desired.

SIDEWALK RESOLUTION.

WHEREAS, Thos. H. Wells and others have petitioned the city council to cause a sidewalk to be built from the intersection of Chicago avenue with Lincoln avenue along the west side of said Lincoln avenue to Ninth street, and

WHEREAS, it appears to the satisfaction of the city council that the said petitioners are owners of more than one half of the abutting property of the said portion of Lincoln avenue, and

WHEREAS, the city council deem it necessary to build the said sidewalk.

Be it Resolved that the building and construction of said sidewalk upon said west side of said Lincoln avenue is necessary to be done, and the owners of the abutting property thereon are hereby notified and required forthwith to build and construct a sidewalk upon said portion of said avenue in accordance with the following specifications to-wit:

Said sidewalk shall be built six (6) feet wide to an eight (8) foot line, of two inch material on three two by six stringers.

Attest, J. B. DICKOVER
J. C. DICKOVER, Mayor.
City Auditor.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Land Office at Rapid City, S. D., April 26, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make commutation proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the County Judge of Fall River County, at Hot Springs, S. D., on June 11, 1892, viz:

HENRIETTE STAUDT,

H. E. 2617, for the se¼ se¼ sec. 21, sw¼ sw¼ sec. 22 and n½ nw¼ Sec. 27, Tp. 7, south, R. 6, east, B. H. M.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Frank McDowel, of Hot Springs, S. D.; Charles Schleve, of Hot Springs, S. D.; Kate Haas, of Buffalo Gap, S. D.; E. R. Juckett, of Buffalo Gap, S. D.

J. P. LUSE, Register.

First publication, May 6.—6.

ATTRACTIONS OF HOT SPRINGS

SOLDIERS HOME—A state institution, located in the western portion of the city. Capt. C. V. Lucas, commander.

PLUNGE BATH—North end Minnekahta avenue. Open for ladies only between - and —o'clock m; for gentlemen only between — and — o'clock m.; for ladies with gentlemen between — and — o'clock m.

WIND CAVE—This most wonderful cave is located nine miles north of the city. Tally-ho coaches make regular trips. No one should fail to visit the cave, as it surpasses anything of the kind ever discovered.

BATTLE MOUNTAIN—Just east of the city; 4640 feet above the sea level. Good road leads to its summit, from which with a good glass one may obtain an excellent view of the entire Black Hills and the Bad Lands—a fine morning's walk and a good appetizer.

FALL RIVER FALLS—Four miles south of the city, on the F. E. & M. V. line. These are charming falls of Fall river which no one should miss seeing.

CHEYENNE FALLS—Nine miles south. These are the most powerful and handsome falls in the west, to which it is a most delightful drive and where picnicers will find handsome groves and good fishing.

THROUGH THE HILLS—Besides other attractions not here alluded to, one of the rarest treats for visitors is a trip through the Hills. You can make it in a day and view the most beautiful scenery to be found anywhere. Take the B. & M. line at 7 a. m. to Deadwood; from there via. motor line to Lead City and visit the great Homestake mills, thence via. the narrow guage line to Piedmont, where close connections are made with the south-bound Elkhorn line, by which one can arrive at Hot Springs at 9:20 in the evening. If any one makes this trip on a nice day the STAR will guarantee an interesting time and one not soon forgotten.

MINNEKAHTA OPERA HOUSE—Announcements for this place will be found regularly in another column when there is anything on the boards.

BLACK HILLS COLLEGE—Has five courses of study—classical, scientific, philosophical, literary and music. A thorough preparation for the college is also provided for by an academic course of two years and by a preparatory course of one year. In connection with the college there is also a business department in which instruction is given in bookkeeping and in stenography and typewriting. Tuition is moderate and all departments are open to both sexes. J. W. Hancher, president.

CHAUTAUQUA GROUNDS—Owned by the Black Hills Chautauqua assembly, where meetings are held annually—a delightful spot, adorned by nature.

CASCADE SPRINGS—A young suburban resort, with good medicinal springs and beautiful scenery.

There may also be named the Giant Wells, Observatory Point, Highland Park, stone quarries, stucco works and the delightful drives.

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY.

CITY.

Mayor—J. B. Dickover.
Councilmen—First ward, Henry Marty, George A. Turner; Second ward, A. S. Stewart, R. F. Connor; Third ward, R. D. Jennings, Joseph Vincent.
Attorney—Chambers Kellar.
Auditor—J. C. Dickover.
Treasurer—Edmund Petty.
Marshal—Charles Roe.
Police Judge—M. L. Kanable.

COUNTY.

Auditor—J. N. Moore.
Treasurer—James Bradley.
Sheriff—Seth Gifford.
Clerk of Court—W. L. Judkins.
Register of Deeds—C. E. Sawyer.
State's Attorney—S. E. Wilson.
Superintendent of Schools—L. D. Brooke.
Surveyor—W. D. Jones.
Assessor—A. Montgomery.
County Judge—L. S. Cull.
Coroner—F. Callahan.
Commissioners—A. A. Powell, chairman, J. H. White, J. S. Moodie.

MORTGAGE SALE.

WHEREAS, Default has been made in the payment of a certain promissory note secured by a mortgage, dated the 17th day of September, A. D. 1890, executed by James Dornan, Lizzie Dornan and John Dornan, of the county of Fall River and state of South Dakota, to S. C. Fargo & Son, copartners, of the county of Fall River and state of South Dakota, and which mortgage was recorded in the office of register of deeds of the county of Fall River and state of South Dakota, in book "B" of mortgages, on page 355, on the 18th day of September, 1890, at eight o'clock a. m., and

Whereas, no action or proceedings at law or otherwise have been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof, and whereas default has been made in the payment of the debt secured by said mortgage, which debt became due September 17th, 1891, and is wholly unpaid.

Whereas, The amount claimed to be due upon said mortgage and note at the date of this notice is the sum of two hundred and six dollars and twenty cents ($206.20), to-wit: $172.91 principal, and $33.29 interest on the note secured by said mortgage and lawful attorney's fees stipulated for in the said mortgage.

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and duly recorded as aforesaid, and in pursuance of the statues in such case made and provided, the said Mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the mortgaged premises therein described, at public auction, to satisfy said debt and interest and all accruing costs, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Hot Springs and County of Fall River and State of South Dakota, on the 25th day of June 1892, at ten o' clock in the fore noon of that day. The mortgaged premises are situated in the County of Fall River, in the State of South Dakota, and are described as follows, to wit; Lot number seven (7) in Block number four [4] of Minnekahta Addition to the Town of Hot Springs.

Dated at Hot Springs, S. D., this 7th day of May, A. D. 1892.

S. C. FARGO & SON, Mortgagees.
LOOMIS S. CULL,
Attorney for Mortgagees.

First publication May 13.

SIDEWALK RESOLUTION.

WHEREAS, Edmund Petty and others have petitioned the city council to cause a sidewalk to be built between the following points to-wit:

Commencing at a point on the street immediately in front of the Catholicon hotel in Ferguson's addition, thence in a westerly direction on the south side of said street to and across Lincoln avenue, thence along the west side of Lincoln avenue to and across the intersection of Chicago avenue with Lincoln avenue to the south-east corner of block six (6) in original townsite, thence along the north side of Chicago avenue to an intersection with the sidewalk now built, and

WHEREAS, it appears to the satisfaction of the city council that the said petitioners are owners of more than one half the abutting property of said portions of said streets, and

WHEREAS, the city council deem it necessary to build the said sidewalks.

Be it Resolved that the building and construction of said sidewalks is necessary to be done and the owners of the abutting property thereon are hereby notified and required forthwith to build and construct a sidewalk upon said portions of said streets in accordance with the following specifications to-wit:

Said sidewalk from Catholicon hotel to south-east corner of block six (6) in original townsite, to be laid six (6) feet wide to an eight (8) foot line of two inch material, on three (3) two by four inch stringers. The said sidewalk on Chicago avenue to be built eight (8) feet wide, of same material with three (3) two by six stringers.

Attest, J. B. DICKOVER.
J. C. DICKOVER, Mayor.
City Auditor.

A. M. RYAN,
Manufacturer of the
Vitrified Wall Plaster.

This plaster makes a very hard, smooth and white wall. For cheapness and durability combined, it is
UNEXCELLED
Samples can be seen at the office of architect Cushman.

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Don't waste your money making experimental trips over lines which claim to be as good, but take the old reliable BURLINGTON ROUTE. First-class passenger service the entire distance. No lay overs.
H. T. CATLIN, Agent.

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HOT SPRINGS, - - S. D.

CHAMBERS KELLAR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office in Fargo-Dickover Block,
HOT SPRINGS, - - S. DAK.

A. M. APPELGET,
LAWYER.
HOT SPRINGS, - - S. DAK.
Thirteen years' active practice.

LOOMIS S. CULL,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
County Judge of Fall River County.
HOT SPRINGS, - - S. DAK.

E. D. NORTON,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office in Minnekahta Stone Block.
HOT SPRINGS, - - S. DAK.

FRYE & EASTMAN,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.
Office over New York Bargain Store,
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DR. N. M. WADE,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office in Fargo-Dickover Block.
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Will attend to calls at all hours.
Office over Meat Market, Minnekahta Block,
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Hard Oil finishing and Graining, Specialties.
Calsomining and paper hanging done well and promptly.
Can be found at P.O. Lancaster's carpenter shop
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Local Anesthetics used for Painless extraction of teeth.
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E. H. LEWIS,
BARBER AND HAIR DRESSER.
None but first class workmen.

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DEALER IN
CONFECTIONARY, FRUIT, CIGARS AND TOBACCO.
MINNEKAHTA BLOCK,
HOT SPRINGS, - S.D.

BLUNCK, WILLIAMS & CO.
Real Estate and Insurance.

We have recently purchased the insurance business of Sedgwick, Moseley & Pease, so that we now represent nine old reliable companies.
Office, old stand of Sedgwick, Moseley & Pease, Chicago Ave.

C. W. HUNGERFORD,
TONSORIAL ARTIST.
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JOHN M. HENTON,
Real Estate Agent.
NOTARY PUBLIC.
County, City and School Warrants Bought.
HOT SPRINGS, - SOUTH DAK.

Those who need job printing of any kind will consult their interest by calling upon the STAR. We make a specialty of fine job printing. Don't forget it. t-f.

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But be sure that you know whether you are purchasing Real Estate in Hot Springs—so called to designate this section of the universe from Alaska and other remote "corners" of the globe.

PETTY BROTHERS DEAL IN DIRT

As well as Stone, and nothing delights them more than to satisfy all comers that their property is located within the limits of Fall River county, in close proximity, at least, to what is known in antique parlance as "the old town." See them and save money.

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H. T. CATLIN, AGENT,
Hot Springs, S. D.
J. FRANCIS, GEN'L. PASS. AGT.
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Neatly
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Four No. 1 young Grade Shire Stallions; One No. 1. Percheron Stallion. Two or three of these can be seen at J. W. Martin's stable in the north part of town, where they will be kept for Sale or Service.

Their celebrated imported Shire Stallion, Rufus, and their trotting stallion, Black Hills Hawk, whose colts are all the recommendation that he needs, will stand at the Martin's Valley Ranch.

Persons contemplating purchasing, or who desire the service of stallions, will do well to call and examine our stock. MARTIN'S VALLEY STOCK CO.

W. R. C.

Meets regularly on the second and fourth Saturdays of each month at 2:30 o'clock p. m. in Odd Fellows Hall.

A. A. LOWE, Sec'y. M. J. EATON, Pres.