

HOT SPRINGS WEEKLY STAR.

JOHN A. STANLEY, PROPRIETOR.

Devoted Particularly to the Upbuilding of Hot Springs and Fall River County.

BLACK HILLS COUNTRY.

VOL. 7.

HOT SPRINGS, SOUTH DAKOTA, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 18, 1892.

NO. 29.

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY.

CITY.
Mayor—J. B. Dickover.
Councilmen—First ward, Henry Marty, George A. Turner; Second ward, A. S. Stewart, H. P. Connor; Third ward, R. D. Jennings, Joseph Vincent.
Attorney—Chambers Keller.
Auditor—J. C. Dickover.
Treasurer—Edmund Petty.
Marshal—Charles Ross.
Police Judge—M. L. Kanable.

COUNTY.
Auditor—J. N. Moore.
Treasurer—James Bradley.
Sheriff—Seth Gifford.
Clerk of Court—W. L. Judkins.
Register of Deeds—C. E. Sawyer.
State's Attorney—S. E. Wilson.
Superintendent of Schools—L. D. Brooke.
Surveyor—W. D. Jones.
Assessor—A. Montgomery.
County Judge—L. S. Call.
Coroner—E. Callahan.
Commissioners—A. A. Powell, chairman, J. H. White, J. S. Mouldie.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

LOOMIS S. CULL,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
County Judge of Fall River County.
HOT SPRINGS, S. DAK.

E. D. NORTON,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office in Minnekahta Stone Block.
HOT SPRINGS, S. DAK.

F. W. EASTMAN,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.
Office over New York Bargain Store,
HOT SPRINGS, S. DAK.

S. E. WILSON,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office in Court House.
HOT SPRINGS, S. D.

CHAMBERS KELLAR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office in Fargo-Dickover Block,
HOT SPRINGS, S. DAK.

DR. W. E. DODDS,
DENTIST.
Local Anesthetics used for Painless extraction of teeth.
ALL WORK GUARANTEED.
Office in Minnekahta Block over James grocery store.
HOT SPRINGS, S. D.

DR. N. M. WADE,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office in Fargo-Dickover Block.
Residence, corner Jennings avenue and 7th St.
Office hours, 9 to 12 a. m. 1 to 4 p. m.
HOT SPRINGS, S. DAK.

J. B. CHENEY,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Will attend to calls at all hours.
Office on second floor of the Chase Block.
HOT SPRINGS, S. DAK.

W. E. ADAMS, M. D.,
Office over Root's Pharmacy.
Office hours, 9 to 12 a. m. Residence on College Hill.
HOT SPRINGS, S. DAK.

DR. A. HOWELL,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON.
Office in Minnekahta Block.
HOT SPRINGS, S. DAK.

J. H. CLARK,
PRACTICAL PAINTER.
Hard Oil finishing and Graining, Specialties.
Caulskinning and paper hanging done well and promptly.
Can be found at P. O. Lancaster's carpenter shop
HOT SPRINGS, S. DAK.

E. H. LEWIS,
BARBER AND HAIR DRESSER.
None but first class workmen.
HOT SPRINGS, S. D.

R. C. LEWIS,
DEALER IN
CONFECTIONARY, FRUIT, CIGARS
AND TOBACCO.
MINNEKAHTA BLOCK.
HOT SPRINGS, S. D.

WARREN JENKINS'
BARBER SHOP
Is the place to get a nice clean shave or a first class hair cut.
BOOMER BLOCK, Hot Springs, S. D.

MILLINERY.
Large Assortment of New and Stylish
No Trouble to Show | **GOODS.**
Nobby French Patterns.
Mrs. J. J. McCurdy. First door west of The Gillespie.

WANTED. Salary and expenses. Permanent position. Apply now. Only grownups. **BROWN**

NORTH WEST EAST SOUTH
PURCHASE TICKETS AND CONSIGN YOUR FREIGHT VIA THE
F. E. & M. V. and S. C. & P. RAILROADS.
M. G. BURT, Gen. Managers.
K. O. MOREHOUSE, J. R. BUCHANAN, Gen. Freight Agent. Gen. Pass. Agent.
OMAHA, NEB.
A. D. WOOD, Agent.
Hot Springs, S. D.

You Buy the Ticket, We do the Rest.
Burlington Route
H. T. CATLIN, AGENT,
Hot Springs, S. D.
J. FRANCIS, GEN'L. PASS. AGT.
Omaha, Nebraska.

SIoux CITY & ST. PAUL
PASSING
Doon, Garretson, Pipestone, Marshall, Willmar, Litchfield, Lake Minnetonka and Minneapolis.
—REACHING ALL POINTS IN—
Minnesota, the Dakotas, Montana, Manitoba, AND ALL
Pacific Coast and Puget Sound Points.
Also All Soo Line and Canadian Pacific Points
East. Connects at Sioux City with all the great diverging lines.

THE PACIFIC SHORT LINE
(S. C., O. N. & W. RY.)
Through Northeastern Nebraska
(The Land of the Golden Ear)
Between
Sioux City, Jackson, Allen, Dixon, Randolph, Osmond, Plainview, Brunswick and O'Neill.

BLACK HILLS AND SIOUX CITY.
Three hours quicker time than via any other line.
Golden opportunities along these lines for home seekers. For full particulars write to
F. C. HILLS, W. B. McENDER, Pres. & Gen'l Mgr. Gen'l Pass. Agt.

THE ONLY ONE at Minnekahta.
BOURNE & CASH
PROPRIETORS
FARMEPS' SUPPLY STORE.
Groceries, Boots and Shoes, Clothing, Hats and Caps.
HARNESS SHOP in Connection.

JOHN M. HENTON,
Real Estate Agent.
NOTARY PUBLIC.
County, City and School Warrants Bought.
HOT SPRINGS, S. DAK.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.
The undersigned having been restored to health by simple means, after suffering for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption, is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To those who desire it, he will cheerfully send (free of charge) a copy of the prescription used, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Catarrh, Bronchitis and all throat and lung Maladies. He hopes all sufferers will try his remedy, as it is invaluable. Those desiring a copy of the prescription, should send their names and addresses to
J. H. HENTON, Real Estate Agent,
HOT SPRINGS, S. D.

Legal Notices.

CITY HALL BONDS FOR SALE.
The city of Hot Springs, South Dakota, has for sale city hall bonds to the amount of \$10,000, which they will sell to the highest bidder. Bonds are payable in twenty years, bearing interest at seven per cent, payable semi-annually. Address the undersigned until November 22, 1892.
J. C. DICKOVER, City Auditor.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.
In the matter of the estate of Henry G. Richard Sholz, deceased.
All persons having claims against said Henry G. Richard Sholz, deceased, are required to exhibit the same, with the necessary vouchers, to the undersigned administrator of said estate, at his office in the city of Hot Springs, in the county of Fall River, state of South Dakota, and that two months have been limited as the time for creditors to present their claims against said estate.
Dated the 1st day of November, 1892.
F. H. WITTEZIL, Administrator.

NOTICE TO ARCHITECTS.
The City of Hot Springs will build a city hall of stone, to be a two-story building and not to exceed \$10,000 in cost. To be arranged to accommodate a postoffice, city hall and fire apparatus on the first floor and council chamber and city officers' office on second floor.
The undersigned will receive plans and specifications for such a building such plans to be approved or rejected by the city council. A reasonable compensation will be paid for the accepted plans.
J. C. DICKOVER, City Auditor.

SUMMONS RELIEF—COMPLAINT FILED.
STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA, County of Fall River.
In the circuit court, seventh judicial circuit, in and for Fall River county.
Mary Damon, Plaintiff.
Joseph Damon, Defendant.
The state of South Dakota sends greeting to the above named defendant:
You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which was filed on the 1st day of October, A. D. 1892, in the office of the clerk of the circuit court, within and for Fall River county, at Hot Springs, South Dakota, and to serve a copy of your answer on the undersigned at his office in the city of Hot Springs, South Dakota, within thirty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service. If you fail to answer the complaint within that time, the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint, besides costs.
Dated at Hot Springs, South Dakota, this 1st day of October, A. D. 1892.
S. E. WILSON, Plaintiff's Attorney.

SUMMONS RELIEF—COMPLAINT FILED.
STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA, County of Fall River.
In the circuit court, seventh judicial circuit, in and for Fall River county.
William B. White, Plaintiff.
Emily W. White, Defendant.
The state of South Dakota sends greeting to the above named defendant:
You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which was filed on the 1st day of October, A. D. 1892, in the office of the clerk of the circuit court, within and for Fall River county, at Hot Springs, South Dakota, and to serve a copy of your answer on the undersigned at his office in the city of Hot Springs, South Dakota, within thirty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service. If you fail to answer the complaint within that time, the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint, besides costs.
Dated at Hot Springs, South Dakota, this 1st day of October, A. D. 1892.
S. E. WILSON, Plaintiff's Attorney.

SUMMONS.
State of South Dakota, county of Fall River, in circuit court, seventh judicial circuit.
Amirion Padden, Plaintiff.
Deborah Padden, Defendant.
The state of South Dakota sends greeting to the above named defendant:
You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the above named plaintiff, a copy of which is herewith served upon you, and to serve a copy of your answer on the undersigned at his office in the Fargo-Dickover block, Hot Springs, South Dakota, within thirty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and if you fail to answer this complaint within that time, the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.
Dated Hot Springs, South Dakota, this 10th day of October, 1892.
Loomis S. Cull, Plaintiff's Attorney.

NOTICE OF SHERIFF'S SALE.
STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA, Seventh Judicial District.
In the Circuit Court within and for Fall River county.
John L. Farwell, Plaintiff.
John Raynard and Mary E. Raynard, Amelia E. Johnson, and Lovell C. Taylor, Defendants.
Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a judgment of foreclosure and sale in the above entitled action on the 23rd day of September, A. D. 1892, and an execution issued upon said judgment, the undersigned sheriff of said county of Fall River county, state of South Dakota, for that purpose appointed, will sell at public auction at the front door of the court house in Hot Springs, county of Fall River, state of South Dakota, on Monday, the 26th day of November, 1892, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon of that day the real estate and mortgaged premises situate in the county of Fall River and state of South Dakota, and directed in said judgment and execution to be sold, and there is described as follows: The east half of the southeast quarter and the west half of the southeast quarter of section four (4), in township number seven (7), south of range number seven (7), east of the Black Hills meridian, containing 160 acres, or so much thereof as may be sufficient to satisfy said judgment and costs, amounting in all to seven hundred and sixty-eight dollars and eighty cents, with interest thereon from the date of said judgment, and all accruing costs of sale.
Dated Hot Springs, South Dakota, October 24th, 1892.

LOOK ON THIS PICTURE—AND THEN ON THAT.

CLEVELAND. Ohio. Texas. Florida. Illinois. Indiana. Georgia. Missouri. Virginia. Alabama. Louisiana. Delaware. Arkansas. Maryland. Tennessee. Kentucky. Wisconsin. California. Mississippi. Connecticut. New York. New Jersey. Michigan (5). North Carolina. South Carolina. North Carolina. West Virginia.	HARRISON.	WEAVER. Iowa. Maine. Montana. Nebraska. Michigan (9). Pennsylvania. Massachusetts. South Dakota. New Hampshire. Idaho. Kansas. Nevada. Colorado. Wyoming.
--	------------------	--

Harrison—"I move that it be made unanimous."
Weaver—"I second the motion."

POLITICS.
Ever so many the childhood friends
That started ahead of me,
With fearless ignorance, fearless hope,
To sail on the vitriol sea;
Little they knew of the depth or the scope
Of the treacherous vitriol sea.
Some of them sailed in boats of wood—
Think of it! sailed with glee,
In boats of wood—yes, painted wood!
Out on the vitriol sea;
It eat the boats up—wood was not good
To sail on the vitriol sea.
Many tried brass, and some tried glass,
To sail on the vitriol sea;
Mindless alike of corrosion or storms,
They sailed with a fearless glee;
Happy today, but tomorrow, in a warms,
To be wrecked in the vitriol sea.
"Where were they going," I hear you ask,
"That sailed on the vitriol sea?"
Well, that is something I do not know,
A mystery even to me;
But still they do go, and determined to go
And sail on the vitriol sea.
—E. F. WARE, of Kansas.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

The land keeps on sliding.
The Australian ballot system is a magnificent success. No pushing, crowding mob at the polls, but peace and quiet and an unlimited chance to scratch a ticket. "Vote her straight" seems to have been at a discount.
It is said that Lewelling, the new populist governor of Kansas, promised before his election that he would make the prohibitory law a dead letter. If he attempts to carry out his plan, he will find that his favorite city of Wichita is considerably less than the whole state of Kansas.
Speaking of ante-election offers, it occurs to us now that our esteemed contemporary, the Belle Fourche Bee offered itself to subscribers for twenty-five cents until the next republican president was elected. According to our way of figuring that estimable sheet will cost some of its subscribers only six and one fourth cents a year for the next four years.
In South Dakota, at least, we are all right. It may not be exactly the proper thing to rejoice over our own good fortunes while our sister states are miserable captives in the hands of the enemy, but still we can't help it. We read of an old lady who became so reduced in her stock of dentine provided by nature that she had only two teeth left, yet she was able to rejoice. "For," said this fortunate female philosopher, "even if I have but two teeth, thank the good Lord, they're opposite each other!" Even the "two teeth" that will constitute our contingent in congress may be able to chew off a considerable portion of the epidermis of the enemy.

SOME AFTER CONSIDERATIONS.

It is now settled beyond a doubt that Cleveland will hold down the presidential chair for the next four years. Ohio, Illinois, Indiana, Delaware, California, Wisconsin, New York and Connecticut, all fairly to be counted upon as republican states, have given him their electoral votes. The senate and house are also democratic by a fair working majority, so, for the first time since the war, the whole government has passed absolutely under the control of the democratic party.
Many men are engaged just now in trying to find the reason of the land's slide. The reason is not to be found

lying upon the surface, and the search for it may serve to occupy for the next four years the minds of the statesmen who will soon be out of a job.

Many are attributing the defeat to the coldness and lack of magnetism of President Harrison, coupled with the sickness in his family which has kept him from engaging personally in the campaign. Doubtless this had its influence. Harrison has never been the "hail fellow well met" whom politicians delight to honor. But he possesses no less of negative magnetism now than he had four years ago, while the bereavement in his household has given him the sympathy of the people to a greater extent than he has ever had it.

Others are claiming that the votes cast for Weaver were taken almost entirely from the republican ranks, and that to this defection is to be attributed Harrison's defeat. Such persons forget that if all the states credited to Weaver were carried over into the republican column they would not nearly balance the republican states which have gone democratic. The populist idea has made most amazing progress, but that party cannot claim, in this instance, to have "killed cock robin."

The democratic press, from ocean to ocean, is loud in its vociferations that the principle of free trade has swept everything before it, and that it is the republican doctrine of protective tariff that has gone down in the contest. But in at least three and possibly six of the northern states, carried by the democrats in this election, the protective tariff principle is held by democrats and republicans alike. The east is a unit on protection, and so strong has been the protection contingent in the democratic party that that party has never been able to carry its own strength in contests in the house of representatives concerning the tariff.

A GREAT OPPORTUNITY.

By their own platform and by the counsels of their friends, the believers in all fanciful vagaries that have ever been introduced since the world began, the democrats are now bound to follow the road which lies straight before them in the direction of free trade. Every tradition of the party is in favor of this doctrine. Will they dare when they find themselves in possession of the government and can do what they please, to repeal the McKinley bill and give us free trade for which they long? We doubt it, because a strong minority in their party is opposed to the scheme, and we believe that the best they can do will be to pass some sort of a compromise measure. The tariff will probably be taken off a dozen articles, lowered on a hundred more, but the body of the law will not differ materially from that now in force.

This is to be regretted, as it is now in the power of the democrats to conduct a free trade experiment on a large scale. Upon coming into power they could repeal all protective tariffs, cut the receipts of the government down to the very lowest amount necessary "for revenue only," and immediately put their theories to the test. It is hardly probable that in the state elections two years from now the republicans will gain the control of both houses of congress, and even if they did, Grover Cleveland has proved that he knows how to use the veto power vested in the chief executive, and so for four years their experiment could be safely carried out—a long enough time for results to be seen.

If, at the expiration of the time, business in all branches had perceptibly increased, if manufactures were more active and agriculture plainly revived, if laborers were better paid, more constantly employed and therefore happier, if more money were in circulation and the purchasing power of the dollar increased, if the national debt were greatly reduced or refunded at a lower rate of interest—then every sensible man would vote for Mr. Cleveland for a third term and another "era of good feeling" would be found, such as existed in the time of Monroe. But if these results did not follow, then it would be clearly shown that free trade is not the sure cure for the evils that threaten us. It is, as we have said, the opportunity of a life time, but it will never be utilized.

OUR CONGRESSMAN.

That no mistake was made in putting Capt. W. V. Lucas upon the congressional ticket was abundantly demonstrated by the fact that in every section of the state he ran ahead of the ticket. This may have been an "off-year" for old soldiers, as some of the mugwump papers in the east are declaring, but in this state the old soldier is honored not only for what he has done, but for what he can do. By his canvass Captain Lucas proved himself a man of superior abilities, of deep thought, of wide reading, especially on social and economic lines, a master of questions of finance and labor, a