

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT, HORATIO SEYMOUR, OF NEW YORK. FOR VICE PRESIDENT, FRANK P. BLAIR, OF MISSOURI.

"In the spirit, then, of George Washington, and of the patriots of the Revolution, let us take the steps to re-inaugurate our Government, to start it once again on its course of greatness and prosperity. May Almighty God give us the wisdom to carry out our purposes, to give every State of the Union the blessings of peace, good will and fraternity.—HORATIO SEYMOUR.

THE STATE DEMOCRATIC EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

The Democratic State Executive Committee of Tennessee have resolved upon a vigorous and active prosecution of the campaign for the National Presidential ticket for Seymour and Blair.

The Hon. Edmund Cooper has been appointed Elector for the State at large, vice Hon. George W. Jones, resigned, and has accepted the position.

A Committee of Finance has been appointed by the committee, consisting of the following named gentlemen: L. F. Beech, Esq., Chairman; W. Matt Brown, A. G. Adams, Samuel D. Morgan, Samuel R. Anderson, of Davidson county; John Baxter, of Knox, and M. D. L. Stewart, of Shelby.

The Democrats and Conservatives of each Electoral District are requested to hold conventions and nominate candidates for District Electors by or before the 21st of September. In the event of a failure to hold such convention in any district, the State Executive Committee will designate a candidate.

Democratic papers throughout the State are requested to publish this announcement.

By order of the Chairman. ALBERT ROBERTS, Secretary pro tem. GEORGE J. STUBBLEFIELD, Chairman Ex. State Committee.

CAMPAIGN ADDRESS.

An able address to the people of Tennessee has been issued by a committee appointed for the purpose. On account of its length and our very limited space this week we are unable to publish it. We learn from the address that the ticket for Electors for the State at large is complete in the second, third, fourth, sixth, and eighth Congressional districts. Electors are yet to be chosen or appointed in the three remaining districts. It is advised that this be done immediately. A plan of canvass will be sent within a few days to the various counties. In the mean time the Democrats of each town, county and civil district are requested to organize Seymour and Blair Clubs, enrolling the names of non-voters, as well as voters, and to go actively and vigorously to work to poll as many votes as possible.

All this is good advice, and if our people intend to make an effort to break the negro-equality rule which is disgracing and ruining the State, it is time they were up and at work. We know that Seymour and Blair ratification meetings have been constantly held for the past two months in the hearts of three-fourths of the people of this county. But our enemies are organized, and before we can have any reasonable hope of success in a trial of strength with them our organization must be as complete as theirs.

JOHN M. CLEMENTSON, ESQ.

We have heard Mr. Clementson's address at Madisonville spoken of by several gentlemen as an interesting and able effort. Can't he give we uns a little talk some time during the campaign? With the proper notice we can promise him a large and appreciative audience. Come along Mr. Elector for the Second District, and let us see if a little Democratic revival cannot be gotten up in this neck of woods.

Governor Brownlow says he hopes most sincerely that the State Guards may not be called into active service. He can come as near preventing such a catastrophe as any man we know of. But, unfortunately, he hopes one way and works another.

The Governor wants white troops to do the rough work of the campaign, while the darkies are to finish off the job and get the spoils. The same policy was adopted in the "late unpleasantness" and "the colored troops fought nobly."

THE SUPREME COURT. The Supreme Court did not hold its session at Knoxville. Judge Smith was not satisfied of the legality of the Court, as at present composed, and decided on an adjournment until the 5th of November.

It is a pity for Governor Brownlow that he could not get hold of two or three Maynards, men who would fill his bill to a fraction, but we consider it rather to the honor and glory of the State that he has so far failed to do so.

John Trimble, who positively refused a commission as Supreme Judge, on account, perhaps, of its interference with his license to do up Congressional deviltry, has gone to Washington. So has Mr. Maynard. Judge Smith, it is said, has returned to Memphis.

We suppose Governor Brownlow will have things so arranged that the November session will not miss fire, but his appointees will not be apt to feel much like attending to business about that time. At least, we hope that the pill administered to the Negro Equality party on the 3d of November will have had time to operate in the intervening two days.

THE PROCLAMATION.

Governor Brownlow has issued his proclamation authorizing the organization of an indefinite number of militia companies. Notwithstanding the passage of the bill giving the Governor this power, the appearance of his proclamation was almost as unexpected by the people of the State as it was unwelcome to them. So far as we can see and hear the sentiment concerning it is one of almost universal condemnation. Our people had begun to hope for peace, particularly since the guarantee given by the Government at Washington that, when necessary for the preservation of order in Tennessee, a sufficient number of National troops would be furnished.

The great majority of our people, for want of the right kind of intelligence, perhaps, fail to see the necessity for military interference of any kind in Tennessee matters. Those who are directly interested in the success of the Radical party in November seem to see it quite clearly, and we are forced to the conclusion that this calling out of troops, particularly of negro troops, is solely for the purpose of securing the State to Grant whether the people will it or not.

Our people should be more than ever careful not to do anything that will furnish the slightest excuse for the perpetration of so great a wrong as the Governor proposes in his diabolical proclamation. If there is any possible chance for it we must have peace now by peaceable means, though the day may not be far distant when our tormentors will be glad to "let us have" the peace we are now pleading for.

Boss Brownlow seems to be skittish of the kind of loyalty they have in Middle and West Tennessee. He says that he prefers to raise his troops in East Tennessee, and will place no limit to the number of companies to be raised in any one county. Some of the counties will limit their supply to almost none at all, unless better inducements are offered.

CONNECTICUT.

John Quincy Adams has accepted the nomination of the Democrats of Massachusetts for the office of Governor. His letter of acceptance is a manly one. There is no room for doubt as to his exact position on the great issues of the day. The letter closes: "I think neither the interests nor the destiny of this people will allow permanent domination to the African race in any State, but the Republican party is irrevocably pledged to this idea. They have staked their existence as a party on its triumph. To this idea they have sacrificed their constitutional obligations, and for it they must make fresh offerings in the future. The blacks must have lands, arms, and a standing army to maintain them in their position. They are clamoring for them, now. The United States must furnish them. The path upon which Congress has entered permits no halt. Retreat is ruin. We must begin anew, taking the Constitution for our guide and natural laws for our limitations."

Such views, expressed by one of the ablest, coolest-headed and most honest politicians of New England, should be well weighed by those white men of the South who have been for the last two or three years giving their adherence to the

Radical party. To the idea of permanent negro domination "they have sacrificed their Constitutional obligations, and for it they must make fresh offerings in the future." How easily this charge can be sustained must be patent to every intelligent man; and equally clear must be the certain fulfillment of the prediction by which it is accompanied. The alternative then is imperative: our people "must begin anew, taking the Constitution for our guide, and natural laws for our limitations," or our boasted liberties will soon be lost for ever.

JUDGE HOUK A CANDIDATE FOR CONGRESS.

Brownlow's Knoxville Whig of the 16th inst. contains the following without comment:

To the Editor of the Knoxville Whig: I am a candidate for Congress in the Second Congressional District of Tennessee, and my reasons for running will be made known hereafter. L. C. HOUK. Knoxville, September 14, 1868.

We understand the Judge says he will get a certificate for any one who will vote for him. Send them on, Judge, and Monroe County will go for you, certain.

THE PUBLIC CREDIT.

Although sixteen hundred millions of dollars have been raised since the war for the improvement of the national credit by the reduction of the public debt, the money has been so fingered and manipulated by the radical jugglers that our national credit is lower in the markets of the world than that of Austria, Turkey, or the miserable little republics of South America. While the bonds of these governments are at par, or nearly so, those of the United States have been selling at from 70 to 73, and are going down, down, down, with accelerating speed. How long, if radical sway be continued, before our national securities will be as worthless in the general markets of the world and even in our own as the old Continental notes were at the close of the revolution or the Confederate notes at the close of the late war.

GEORGE H. PENDELTON.

At two o'clock this morning the Hon. George H. Pendleton, of Ohio, arrived in our city, and is stopping at Barnum's Hotel. Notwithstanding the unusual hour for a reception, the "Crew of the Constitution," the "Sons of Liberty," and a thousand or more of our Democratic citizens spontaneously crossed the river, met him at the cars, and escorted him over and through the streets with music, banners, torches, transparencies, and great enthusiasm. Arriving at Barnum's he was introduced to the large crowd present by Colonel D. H. Armstrong, when he made a brief and most happy speech. He thanked them for their kind and cordial welcome, as grateful and complimentary as it was unexpected; said that the lateness of the hour precluded any lengthy remarks; promised them a full and complete speech in the future, and closed by wishing them good night.

At the conclusion of his brief remarks three tremendous cheers were given for him, and the large audience quickly dispersed.—St. Louis Republican, 16th.

THE CANVASS.

Hon. Dorsey B. Thomas has been nominated as the Democratic candidate for Congress in the 6th Congressional District, and Hon. Elijah Walker, Elector for the same district.

Colonel Joseph Motley is announced as the Democratic candidate for Congress in the 5th District.

E. A. James, Esq., Democratic Elector has taken the stump in the 3d district.

John M. Clementson, Esq., has been appointed Elector for the 2d District.

Hon. Edmund Cooper, Elector for the State at large, and Captain Sheafe, candidate for Congress in the 4th District, addressed a large crowd at Nashville on last Thursday night.

A. A. Steele, of Marshall, and W. W. Vaughn, of Haywood, are the Democratic candidates for Electors in the 4th and 8th districts respectively.

[Press and Herald, 20th.

Mr. Edwin M. Stanton, it is stated, will take the stump for Grant. We are glad of it. His presence among the people of Ohio will confirm the now assured victory of the Democracy of Ohio. A more odious person never appeared among any people. He is the embodiment of the crimes and corruptions of the war, and as such he will be treated. Trot out the woman hanger!

[Columbus (Ohio) Crisis.

The Philadelphia Press says that a radical always pays his debts. We suppose that his reason for increasing them is that he may have the extreme pleasure of paying them. But, unfortunately or fortunately, his death-day generally comes before pay-day. So he passes away without the gratification of the great passion of his life.

During the late heated term a wicked wag declared that the only reason he didn't commit suicide was because he was afraid it would be jumping out of the frying pan into the fire.

"NEVER FAILED YET?"

Senator Fessenden said in his last speech in Maine: "General Grant never failed yet." Oh Senator, thou apostate from two parties, quite ready to be an apostate from two more, why are you so shameless unless your double apostasy in the past and your contemplated double or treble apostasy in the future makes you so?

You say that General Grant "never failed yet." Didn't he fail at Belmont when opposed by half his own force? Didn't he fail at Shiloh, and were not his troops driven under the banks of the river, helpless, hopeless, despairing, until General Buell in the very nick of time, a nick that Grant had no right or reason to expect, came to his aid? Was he not defeated with wretched loss in each and every one of the terrible battles fought between the Rapidan and the James? And what did he do upon the James? What but poise himself upon his broad bottom, making no movement, contemplating none, daring none, but proposing to fight it out (meaning to squat it out) on that line?

Was the capture of Richmond a victory of General Grant? Everybody knows that it was not. Except for Sherman, Grant would have been as powerless as unweaned infancy. Do you tell us that Grant never failed yet? His whole military life overflows with failures.

[Louisville Journal.

NEW YORK AND WASHINGTON.

The through passenger trains between Washington and New York, and Washington and Philadelphia, are now run under a new schedule, beginning with Sunday last, 13th instant. The time will be quickened materially, the morning express making the run through between Washington and Courtland's Ferry, in each direction, in eight hours and fifteen minutes, and the night train in less than nine hours. The night train will start from each end at nine A. M., instead of seven, and reach the opposite end before six A. M. All connections now made at both termini will be maintained: while southwardly passengers leaving Boston by the Shore Line after eleven A. M., can reach Washington before six the following morning.

[Press and Herald.

In the libel suit brought by Emil Anneck, ex-Auditor-General of the State of Michigan, against the Detroit Advertiser and Tribune, in which damages were laid at \$50,000, after a seven days' trial a verdict of six cents has been awarded the plaintiff. He was charged with incompetency as a State officer, and the defense plead the truth in justification.

Having refused to come back into their proper position in the Union in obedience to Congress, they (certain Southern States) now propose to choose Electors in defiance of Congress, on the assumption that they have always been where they should have been. But Congress counts the votes.

[New York Tribune.

Yes, but Congress had better count the cost of counting the votes wrong and fraudulently. It might cost so much that Congress couldn't foot the bill but would itself be footed.—Louisville Journal.

Many of the old friends of Henry A. Wise are getting up a subscription fund in his behalf. Some weeks ago the Georgetown (D. C.) Courier had an article recommending that the foreign born population of this country, whose rights were so effectually vindicated by Hon. Henry A. Wise, of Virginia, in the memorable Know Nothing canvass of 1854, should raise funds by subscription for the purchasing a homestead for this gentleman, who is understood to have been impoverished, like so many of the Southern people, by the war.

The Boston Pilot has taken up the same subject, and a late editorial in that journal is said to have created quite a sensation among foreign residents. A large subscription is reported to have been raised among the adopted citizens of Richmond, and it is believed that this class of citizens throughout the country will unite in making the testimonial to Mr. Wise, which has been indicated. The amount asked from each is only one dollar, though many have subscribed five dollars.

For Heaven's sake, friends, work! Work from this day until election, or we are beaten in Ohio, in Indiana, in Pennsylvania, in New York, and in the whole country!—Ohio State Journal.

Yes, rads, work! work! work! Work like rhubarb pills! Work like epsom salts! Work like calomel and jalap! or you will be beaten, sure!

[Louisville Journal.

GOVERNOR BROWNLOW.—Our noble Chief Executive of State came over last Thursday on an excursion on the K. & C. R. R. The citizens of Maryville not being made aware of this visit did not pay a just tribute to the distinguished visitor by demonstrations of welcome. Had the intended visit been known, the Governor would have received a welcome and a testimonial of the appreciation of his services that would have warmed the heart of every true patriot. As it is, in behalf of the loyal citizens of old Blount, we extend to the Governor a hearty and cordial support in his effort to quell insurrection and protect the law-abiding citizens of the State.—Maryville Republican.

COMMERCIAL.

SWEETWATER

Retail Prices Current.

Table listing various commodities and their prices, including BACON, BUTTER, BEANS, CORN, CHICKENS, COFFEE, DRIED APPLES, EGGS, FEATHERS, FLAXSEED, HOGS, JEANES COUNTRY, OATS, PEAS, RAGS, SALT, SUGAR, SHEEP, TIMOTHY SEED, TALLOW, and WHEAT.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MALE AND FEMALE SCHOOL,

Sweetwater, Tenn.

MRS. H. M. COOK, PRINCIPAL.

MR. N. A. GRAHAM, PRINCIPAL.

The exercises of this School will be resumed on the 1st Monday in September. The course of instruction will be substantially the same as heretofore, embracing the Languages, Mathematics and Music. The Primary Department will also receive most careful attention. Mrs. Cook will devote her entire attention this session to the Female Department.

The terms will be the same as those of other institutions of the same class. Board can be obtained in pleasant private families and on reasonable terms.

For further particulars address either of the Principals or the Secretary of the Board of Trustees, Sweetwater, Tenn.

Sept. 4, 1868.

A. GAINES, WM. M. BEARDEN.

NEW

WHOLESALE HOUSE.

TO THE MERCHANTS OF E. TENNESSEE,

1 Northern Georgia, Western North Carolina and Virginia:

We are now opening in Ault's New Block, a large and well selected stock of

BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS,

SHOE FINDINGS, UMBRELLAS,

LEATHER TRUNKS & C.,

to which we most respectfully call your attention. Our Stock has been purchased with the Cash from first hands, and we can and will sell as Low or Lower than the same Goods can be bought for in New York. We mean what we say, and only ask buyers to call and see us to be convinced that we assert nothing more than we can do.

GAINES & CO.,

No. 64, Gay Street, Knoxville, Tenn.

September 10, 1868.

3m.

An Antidote for Tobacco.

This great remedy invariably removes all dregs from the system, and is entirely vegetable and harmless. It acts as an excellent appetizer. It purifies the blood, invigorates the system, possesses great nourishing and strengthening power, enables the stomach to digest the heaviest food, makes sleep refreshing, and establishes robust health. Smokers and Chewers for Fifty Years Cured. Price Fifty Cents per Box, post free. A Treatise on the Injurious Effects of Tobacco, with lists of testimonials, testimonials, etc., sent free. Agents wanted. Address Dr. T. E. ABBOTT, Jersey City, N. J.

A CLEVERMAN'S TESTIMONY.—ONE BOX OF ANTIDOTE cured my brother and myself. IT NEVER FAILS. Rev. I. W. SHONAKER, Kelley's Station, Pa. HEALTH AND STRENGTH GAINED.—"I suffered eleven lbs. of flesh and an aching head by using the ANTIDOTE. S. D. BOWLER, Prospect Hill, Mo. FROM THE U. S. TREASURY, Secretary's Office.—Please send a supply of ANTIDOTE. The one readed has done its work superbly. O. T. EDGAR [Trade Mark X Copyrighted.]

BOOKS, STATIONERY,

AND

MUSICAL MERCHANDISE.

THE EAST TENNESSEE BOOK HOUSE have now on hand the Largest and Cheapest Stock of Books, &c., ever brought into East Tennessee, consisting in part of

School Books, Blank Books, Stationery, Sunday School Books, Photograph Albums, Theological Books, Wall Papers & Borders, Bibles & Testaments, Envelopes, Juvenile Books, Law & Medical Books, Music Books, Masonic Books, Miscellaneous Books, Inks.

FAIRCHILD'S

CELEBRATED GOLD PENS,

"Harp of Columbia," "Sacred Harp," "Social Harp," and a large number of other Square Note Singing Books. Send in your orders to the East Tennessee Book House.

R. H. RICHARDS & CO.

Knoxville, Tenn., Aug. 20, 1868.

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M. CARTER.

Dealer in Stoves,

TIN AND COPPER WARE,

Sweetwater Tenn.

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND a full stock of the Best Quality of Cooking Stoves, with all the latest Improvements, which he offers for sale at Knoxville prices, or as cheap as the same article can be bought in any market. He keeps constantly on hand, and makes to order, all kinds of Tin, Sheet Iron and Brass Ware, which he offers to the public at Wholesale and Retail as cheap as it can be bought anywhere. Merchants will find it to their interest to call and examine his stock of Tinware before purchasing elsewhere. A good supply of Fruit Cans always on hand.

Sweetwater, August 20, 1868.

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