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Seeing many false and deceptive claims made for patent medicines we have issued one of the most valuable books of prescriptions we have ever seen.

The issuing of this book has been very expensive to us and we cannot distribute them indiscriminately, but to every one presenting one of these advertisements before Aug. 20th, we will present one of these valuable works free of charge.

It will be worth many dollars to you. A similar work has been sold all over the country for \$5.00.

Will E. Collins & Co.,
DRUG MEN,
115 N. Washington St., Owosso.

THE OWOSSO TIMES.

TEN PAGES.

EDMUND O. DEWEY, EDITOR.

OWOSSO, FRIDAY, AUGUST 13, 1897.

Owosso people interested in missionary work in Turkey will be pleased to learn that Pres. Angell, minister to Turkey, carries instructions from the State Department to insist upon the payment of the indemnity claims filed for outrages committed at Harpoot and Marash during the outbreaks there two years ago, when missionary interests were injured and the lives of hundreds of Americans were imperilled by the Turkish soldiers. Minister Angell's directions are to present the case of the government in emphatic language and to inform the minister of foreign affairs that the United States expect prompt acquiescence with the demands.

Fifty dollars fine and costs or ninety days in the Detroit house of correction was the sentence which brought up one offender with a sharp turn, Monday morning. Justice Byerly had the reputation of dealing sternly with offenders and it had a good effect, but it begins to be evident that offenders will fare no better in the court of his successor. The very leniency sometimes shown offenders makes them even more careless as to their behavior, while severe treatment will frequently cause them to brace up and behave themselves. Justice McCaugha is to be congratulated on his treatment of Charles Melvin, Monday, and THE TIMES hopes he will keep up the record.

The Michigan Farmer is evidently well pleased with the new tariff law. It says: "As to the tariff law just enacted, we can truly say that, from the standpoint of the agriculturalist, it is the best one ever passed by any Congress. We say this unreservedly and after full consideration of the agricultural schedules. The wool schedule is not all we wanted, but comes nearer meeting the views of those best informed regarding the condition of the industry at home and abroad than any one ever before enacted. Then there has been a duty of 15 per cent placed upon hides, a direct concession to the farmers and cattle raisers, and in opposition to the manufacturers of leather who made a hard fight to have hides placed on the free list."

No man in the country has been a more earnest advocate of free trade than Hon. Henry Watterson, editor of the Louisville Courier-Journal. His opinion of the new tariff bill is of interest. Read it:

"There can be no doubt that the first effects of the Dingley act will be to stimulate manufacturing enterprise, to call into activity much capital which has been in hiding, and to give employment to many hitherto idle operatives. To this extent it will contribute, and at once contribute, to the return of prosperity, already assured by the bounty of God. Any tariff is better than perpetual uncertainty. The country, weary of agitation and of hard times which it associates with agitation, accepts the new tariff, mainly because it affords it a rest. Concurrent with this tariff come great crops of wheat and corn and cotton, with the prospect of advancing prices. The Alaskan gold fields may make a spoon or a horn before the story is told. But they fall in with the prevailing humor and throw in a few nuggets to the general sum of the popular hope and cheer. Thus the season of plenty, which is succeeding the season of famine, plays into the hands of the republicans—very clever opportunists who have not only known how to use their advantages but have been very lucky—and it may last through the presidential election. If it does, they will be fortunate and the country will be fortunate."

Corunna Journal: The pay roll of the Corunna Coal Co. for the past two weeks, for 55 men working, footed up a trifle over \$1,200, an average of nearly \$22 per man. The highest figure was for a father and a young son working together, whose output of coal amounted to \$67.43. About one hundred tons of coal a day is being shipped at present.

Washington Letter.
WASHINGTON, D. C., August 9, 1897.
Special Correspondence:

The excitement and interest caused by the recent finds of gold in the Kio ndyke region are still further stimulated by a report coming from London to the effect that the Peninsula of Kamchatka directly across from Alaska, on the Asiatic side, is likely to prove as rich in the precious metal as our own fields. These statements create a good deal of interest here, especially among those who are following closely the enormous gold developments of the world which have recently occurred. An examination of the map of North America will show at a glance that the great gold field of Alaska which is now being developed is a part of the same general line of mountains which supplied the enormous gold production of California, indeed of the same general line which produced the gold of Peru, of Central America, of the United States, and now of Alaska. Take your map of the world and follow this mountain range, and you will find that it seems to cross from the North American continent to Asia at the Behring Straits, and that the extension of this general range across into Asia covers the very country into which the Russian government is now pressing gold developments and the general search for gold. The dispatch referred to above states that a Russian expedition has discovered twelve gold regions in the vicinity of the sea of Okhotsk, and it believes that the western peninsula of the Peninsula of Kamchatka will develop gold fields which will, as the dispatch puts it, when opened, "be a second California."

"Whether the prediction of the Russians that they are to develop gold fields in Kamchatka which will rival the early history of our California gold fields is to be realized or not," said Mr. Marcus Baker, of the Geological Survey, talking of this subject, "certainly there can be no doubt that the gold of the world has enormously increased and is now increasing wonderfully. There are two distinct gold fields today which are producing gold in very great quantities—South Africa and North America. The Alaska fields are, of course, a part of the same general line of mountains which developed such wonderful gold deposits in our own territory less than half a century ago, and whether the mountains of Kamchatka and Siberia are a part of the same general system or not, it would not be surprising if these reports of large gold deposits there should also be confirmed. The fact is there is a greater incentive to the production of gold today than ever before. There are two or three reasons for this; first, that silver is so cheap that there is less incentive for its production and the people who had formerly given their attention to the mining of silver are now looking for new gold fields; second, the gold mining and gold production becomes easier every year as new methods develop and new discoveries are made. Take the great gold fields of California, which were supposed to be worked out years ago; the cyanide process now gives promise of making them again productive, and it is quite probable that it will be profitable to work over all the rejected material which was thrown away by the men who covered that great gold field, and produce from it by this cyanide process great quantities of gold. This is not unlikely to be the case further south, in Mexico, Central America, and Peru, where such quantities of gold were mined many years ago. And to this the gold developments of South Africa, Australia, North America, and prospective Siberia, and it is not surprising that the gold productions of the world are more than keeping pace with the growth of business.

As everybody knows, the gold productions of the world have steadily increased during the past few years, those of last year having been greater than any in the known history of the world, while all indications now point to a still greater increased production for 1897."

Mr. Baker's remark that the gold production of the world has increased with such rapid strides suggests some inquiry upon this subject. That inquiry shows that the gold of the world today is nearly or quite three times as much as 50 years ago. Mulhall, who has been widely quoted in the papers of the United States in the past few weeks, indicates in his latest dictionary of statistics that the amount of gold in the world, coined and uncoined, fifty years ago amounted to less than two and a half billion dollars. Taking his figures for 1890 and adding the production since that time it would appear that the gold of the world today, coined and uncoined, is over seven billions of dollars, being nearly or quite three times as much as it was fifty years ago. Had there been no increase in the population meantime, there would be thus three times as much gold for each person now as there was half a century ago. But the population of the world has increased about fifty per cent in that time, so that the amount of gold for each individual is therefore about twice what it was at that time. This, however, relates to the gold in bulk, and not gold money. A further study of Mulhall and other statisticians shows that the increase in the proportion of the gold which is coined into money has been as great as the increase in the production of the metal itself. Fifty years ago only 33 per cent of

the gold of the world was coined; now 66 per cent is coined. So it appears that while the amount of gold for each individual in the world has been doubled in fifty years, the proportion of that gold which has been turned into coin has also been doubled, thus making the gold money of the world four times as much for each individual as it was fifty years ago.

This increase in gold, coupled with the increase in the percentage of that metal which is coined, is one of the most important factors to be taken into consideration in the determination of the cause of the falling off of the demand for silver and the consequent falling off in its price.

"Bradstreets," which is recognized as a most conservative publication, summarizes the business situation:

1. That the crops are good.
2. That the price of wheat and cotton has so greatly advanced as to pour scores of millions of dollars into the laps of the farmers, while the price of other staples has advanced in sympathy with these.
3. That short crops in Europe, India, and Argentina assure a continuance of these high prices during the market season.
4. That merchants everywhere are replenishing their stocks of goods as they have not done for several years past.
5. That in consequence railroad earnings everywhere show improvement.
6. That there are already signs of revival in industry, the manufacturers beginning to anticipate the new demand for goods.
7. That our exports for the last year have been so enormously in excess of our imports as to make us very heavily a creditor nation—a condition that does not guarantee prosperity but tends strongly to help it.
8. That there is everywhere among the farmers a feeling of hopefulness which has not existed for several years past."

THE COLUMBIA ATHLETIC CLUB
OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.
First Mortgage Five Per Cent. Gold Bonds.

For Value Received, The Columbia Athletic Club of the District of Columbia hereby acknowledges itself indebted, and hereby agrees to pay, to JOHN R. McLEAN, or the bearer hereof, on the first day of March, 1899, One Thousand Dollars, in GOLD COIN OF THE UNITED STATES, OF THE PRESENT STANDARD WEIGHT AND FINENESS, at the Citizens' National Bank of Washington, in the city of Washington, and interest thereon in like gold coin at the rate of five per cent per annum, on the first days of September and March of each and every year, on the production and surrender of the proper coupon hereto annexed.

The above, taken from an Ohio paper, shows that the politicians of that state have caught John R. McLean in the usual trick of the alleged friends of silver. He wants to give the poor man silver, and demands gold for himself. The above quotation is an extract from a bond which he required the Columbia Athletic Club of the District of Columbia to give him in assurance of payment of an obligation, that obligation being so framed that it can be paid in gold and gold only.

Mr. and Mrs. D. B. Reed returned Wednesday evening from their California trip after an absence of six weeks. Both had a fine time and are feeling much improved in health.

The Misses Anna Conant and Mame Lawrence, the winners of the Argus excursion contest, leave tonight on their trip to Mackinac, going by way of Toledo.

Chas. McGillvra, Robt. Hershey, and the Misses Hersey and Day are enjoying an outing at Long Lake this week.

Farm for Sale.
50 acres of well cultivated land, well watered; good house and barn; large plum orchard; acre fine strawberries; 1/2 acre best blackberries, and other small fruits. Situated 1 mile south 1 1/2 east of Bennington. Will trade for city property. Inquire 611 Ball street.

HAWKERS AND PEDDLERS.

Important Ruling From Secretary of State Relative to Their License—Must Pay for a Full Year.

The secretary of state's department is having no end of inquiries regarding the hawkers and peddlers' law passed by the act legislature, which authorizes the township board of each township to fix the amount of license to be paid, and among the latest inquiries was one from a man down in Hillsdale county asking if he could take out a license for a month at a pro rata rate. The secretary's reply to the man is that there can be no division of time and that licenses must be taken out for a full year. The ruling is of interest to the entire state and in it the secretary says:

"A careful reading of the statute shows that no division of time is contemplated. Sec. 1 requires every person to take out a license before engaging in the business of hawking or peddling. Sec. 2 requires the township board to fix the amount of such license at not less than a certain named sum. Sec. 4 provides that all licenses shall expire on the first Monday of May next after the granting thereof. There is only one fixed amount for which license can be granted, and no power is given to divide this up into any periods. If a license can be granted for three months, it can for three days; and if for three days then for three hours, or less. I think it a man applies for a license on the Saturday preceding the first Monday of May he must pay the full price, although his license would be good for only one day. At first thought this might seem unjust, but I think the legislature purposely and wisely designed to prevent the procuring of a license for a short time on payment of a pro rata portion of the full fee. Otherwise transients could come into town during certain favorable seasons of the year, take out a license for a few days on payment of a mere nominal sum, supply the market and depart to other fields, thereby leaving the resident hawker who had paid the full year's license without customers."

—State Republican.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.
Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c. Sec. If C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

Poundmaster Paul ended the career of six dogs last night, making ten killed within a week. There are yet plenty of unlicensed dogs that should be similarly treated.

The Country Gentleman has the following to say concerning a former resident of the county: Prof. A. J. Cook, who removed from Michigan to California some years ago has been appointed superintendent of farmers' institutes in southern California. He has had charge of this work for some years and is now permanently appointed by the regents of the university. He is credited by the San Francisco Chronicle, with first awakening interest in the work among farmers of the state, and getting institute work well under way in the southern counties two years before there was the least move at the north.

H. W. Mann and wife and daughter Miss Mildred, Steven Fraser and wife, and Ed Gould and wife were among the number who started for Niagara Falls and other eastern points via yesterday's excursion.

CASTORIA.
The healthiest and most reliable remedy in the world.
M. L. Izor has succeeded Fred Walton as foreman at the Argus office. Harry Izor has resumed his position as compositor on the paper.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.
To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or \$1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address: Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

NEW GRAIN MARKET OWOSSO.

We are ready to buy all kinds of grain and beans at our elevator on the D. & M. Ry., opposite the Estey factory. We shall pay the highest price the market will permit, and we expect to do it every day in the year. The day for big profits is past. We prefer to handle large quantities on small margins, rather than small quantities on large margins. We believe there is more in it for us and for you.

Our elevators at Howell, Lansing and Whitmore Lake enable us to buy large quantities. We can therefore afford to handle it for a small profit on each bushel.

Call on us when you have any grain or beans to sell; we will use you fairly.

Owosso, Aug. 1st., 1897.

C. E. BURNS.

Stirring Events

are at hand. You will want the very latest news—the most accurate reports to be obtained. Then you want the

• • Detroit News.

It contains all the news of Michigan, the United States and the World, all up to date.

Attention Farmers

—TO OUR LARGE STOCK OF—

Galvanized Fence Wire, Barbed Fence Wire, Fence Ratchets, Barn Door Hinges, Barrel Churns and Bentwood Churns, Milk Pans, Milk Cans and Milk Pails, Mixed and Paste Paints for painting your houses and barns.

WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF FIRST-CLASS GOODS AT LOWEST LIVING PRICES.

IRA G. CURRY,
113 East Main Street.

We Knife ALL BROKEN LOTS OF
Prices! .. TANS GO AT COST.

Ladies' Oxfords 75c to \$2.00.

Here's Another 210 pairs of Ladies' and Men's
\$1.50 and \$2.00 Shoes at
\$1.39 a pair.

CROWE BROS.
West Exchange Street.



DRS. B., S. & Co.

The Celebrated Specialist,
will be at:

WILDERMUTH HOUSE OWOSSO
Tuesday, Sept. 7, 1897.

ONE DAY ONLY, EACH MONTH.

Consultation and Examination Free and Strictly Confidential.

DRS. B., S. & CO., devote their attention to Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Throat and Lungs, Asthma and Consumption, and all Chronic, Private and Nervous Diseases, Deformities, Granulated Lids, Cross Eye, Deafness, Discharge of the Ears, Bronchitis, Chronic Cough, Gout (big case), Fever Sores and Ulcers, Bright's Disease, Rheumatism, all diseases of Kidneys and Bladder, Heart, Stomach and Nervous Diseases, and all diseases due to bad blood.

EPILEPSY OR FITS positively cured by a new and never failing remedy. Drs. B., S. & Co. make a specialty of all forms of Rectal Diseases, Piles—Internal and external itching and bleeding, Rectal Ulcers, Fistula—which are often taken for Nervous and Lung Trouble, all cured. Remember we cure all forms of Piles without pain or interruption of detention from business, and without the use of knife, caustic or ligature. Come and be convinced.

TO YOUNG, MIDDLE AGED AND OLD MEN suffering from Spermatorrhea (Impotency)—Lost Manhood—or from weakness brought on from errors or indiscretions in youth or overindulgence in later years, given permanent relief. Absolute cures guaranteed. Strictly Confidential.

TUMORS AND CANCERS cured without acids, knife, pain or scar. New methods, **CATARH**. New home treatment. Unsurpassed and cheap. **GUARANTEE** to cure every case of Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Piles, Tape Worm and Stricture.

We will give special attention to difficult cases and to cases other physicians have failed to cure. Persons applying for treatment will please bring two or three ounces of urine for analysis. Those who are unable to call, can write full particulars of their case and have medicine sent by express with full instructions how to be taken. The firm of Drs. B., S. & Co. was incorporated several years since with a capital of \$20,000, hence you take no chances if you employ them. They are responsible and well known. Address:

DRS. B., S. & CO., Lock Box 160, Muskegon, Mich.

ATTENTION!

We call your attention to our line of Toilet Soap.

Coloir de Rose,	3 cakes in box.....	5c
Buttermilk,	" " " ".....	10c
Witch Hazel Cream,	" " " ".....	10c
Tropical Flowers,	" " " ".....	10c
Vegetine Boquet,	" " " ".....	10c
Violet Cream,	" " " ".....	15c
Buttermilk, genuine,	" " " ".....	25c
Dr. Stewart's Complexion,	" " " ".....	25c
Elder Flowers Boquet,	" " " ".....	25c
Double-bar Castile,	" " " ".....	5c
Double-bar Castile,	" " " ".....	4c
Glycerine,	" " " ".....	5c
Uncle Sam's Tar Soap,	" " " ".....	5c

Danner's Bazaar,

118 N. Washington St.,

Owosso, Mich.