

# Mr. Flanders Talks

Once More a Well-Known Citizen of Flint Adds His Endorsement.

Success always brings with it enthusiasm, and from all parts of the city enthusiastic people are sounding their praises of the work of the little conqueror. Mr. G. D. Flanders is the well-known grocer, at 521 N. Saginaw Street, and that the statement he makes here is true in every particular, goes without saying. This is what he says:

"For as long as four years I suffered from pains across my back over the kidneys, and that old headache, sometimes better and sometimes worse. Anyone who has experienced such a pain will understand how distressing it is. I was continually annoyed by its presence. I knew the kidneys were at fault, as there were other signs of kidney disorder. That pain across the kidneys had become very constant. If I accidentally jarred myself, I would feel it much worse for a time. One day I happened to read about a remedy for the kidneys called Doan's Kidney Pills. I determined to try them, so I went to Dullman Bros' drug store and procured a box. I had taken only a few doses when I felt relief from the pain. I continued to use them, taking altogether three boxes, and they have cured me. The headache is entirely removed and I have felt as good since as I ever did in my life. Doan's Kidney Pills are truly a kidney cure. As long as I have a chance I shall recommend and speak a good word for them, advising others to use them."

Everywhere you go 'tis just the same as this. No article or medicine has ever caused such a stir in the world from its extraordinary properties as has Doan's Kidney Pills. People call them "The little conquerors of kidney trouble," "The little specialist," "The little enemies to headache," and many other such names, and they have good reason to. Doan's Kidney Pills are for sale by all dealers—price 50 cents per box. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States. Remember the name, Doan's, and take no other.

## VAN R. POND, Attorney & Counsellor,

General law and chancery practice in all courts.

Over G. R. Black & Son's Store

## DR. EDGERTON T. WILSON

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

OFFICE—Room 7 Keeler Block. RESIDENCE—Coruna Ave., OWOSSO, MICH.

## J. B. Dowdigan, DENTIST.

Office over KALAMAZOO STORE, OWOSSO, MICH. Hours 8 to 12 a. m. 1:30 to 5:30 p. m.

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# CONGRESS IN SESSION.

National Legislators Ready for Business at the Old Stand.

## PRESIDENT M'KINLEY AT HIS POST

In Order to See the Statesmen Started at Their Work.

Plenty of Business Ready to Be Attended To—Message Daily Read in Both Houses—Some Prominent Questions That Confront the Congressmen.

Washington, Dec. 6.—The regular, or long session of congress, as it is called, because there is no constitutional limitation upon the period of its duration, opened at noon today. The leaders and a large majority of the members of both houses were here to participate in the opening ceremonies, and President McKinley made the journey to Washington from the bedside of his dying mother, that his absence might not delay the national legislature at its assembling. The house was called to order by the speaker, and prayer having been said and the roll called and the presence of a quorum demonstrated, the clerk was directed to notify the senate that the house was ready for business, and a committee was appointed to wait on the president. After that there was a recess to await the arrival of the president's annual message, which was read upon its reception. It is the intention of the house leaders to proceed with the business of the session as rapidly as possible. The committees will all begin their labors this week, and as all of them have more or less bills on hand which were introduced at the extra session there will be no lack of material for the house to work on after the committee hoppers have begun to grind.

Some Sensations in Prospect. The appropriations committee has been at work for ten days and Chairman Cannon expects to pass at least two of the regular budgets before the holidays—the legislative, executive and judicial and the pensions appropriation bills. Among the early general measures to receive consideration will be the bankruptcy bill. Beyond doubt there will be several resolutions of inquiry during the week which may be more or less sensational, and some of the radical pro-Cuba members will attempt to get consideration for a Cuban resolution before the foreign affairs committee can act. Representative Livingston, of Georgia, is one of these. But owing to the nature of the house rules all these hasty efforts will prove abortive, and the resolutions will probably take their regular course.

Three Hundred Bills in the Senate. There was nothing except indisposition on the part of members to prevent the senate entering promptly upon its work upon convening today, as there was a calendar already made for it with about 300 bills reported from committees during the special session. But it is not customary for the senate to be in a hurry about most things. The regular routine of opening was duly observed; the committee to notify the president that the senate was ready for business was appointed, performed its duty and reported. The president's message was received and read, and what may happen before adjournment is reached had not developed at this writing. The indications are now for a little more activity than usual during the pre-holiday session. This is largely due to the fact that the supporters of the administration and advocates of annexation are very anxious to secure the earliest possible consideration of the treaty with Hawaii.

Long Session of Congress Begins. Washington, Dec. 7.—Nothing sensational occurred at the opening of the Fifty-fifth congress Monday. In both house and senate the galleries were filled with a curious crowd, and both houses were full on the floor. The senate was made gay with floral tributes sent to the desks of senators by their friends. The body was duly called to order, a committee appointed to inform the president that such was the fact and in due time the message arrived and was read and was listened to with attention. After the reading the senate adjourned.

In the house Dingley, Bailey and Grosvenor were selected as the committee to call on the president and notify him that the house was in session. Then the message was read, receiving a round of applause at the close. Then in honor of the memory of Senator George, of Mississippi, and Representative Wright, of Massachusetts, deceased during the recess, the house adjourned. There were a number of bills introduced, among them one to establish the postal savings bank system.

Washington, Dec. 8.—In the senate yesterday 108 bills, many of them for private pensions, were introduced with several joint resolutions. Money, the new senator from Mississippi, was sworn in. A discussion as to right of way for Lodge's immigration bill was pending at adjournment.

The house, after a spirited debate, divided the president's message among the committees. Grosvenor made an attack on the civil service reform law, which was warmly defended by Johnson of Indiana, who charged Grosvenor with being derelict in his duty to the Republican party, which he said had repeatedly endorsed the law.

City Elections in Massachusetts. Boston, Dec. 5.—Seventeen of the thirty-two cities of the commonwealth held their municipal elections yesterday. In a majority of cases the Republicans were successful in electing their mayor and securing control of the city government, although the results show that the idea of independent or non-partisan control of municipalities is steadily growing in favor.

# MESSAGE OF THE PRESIDENT.

Salient Points of the Document That Was Read to Congress Monday.

Washington, Dec. 7.—President McKinley's message to congress begins with the currency question, and his recommendations in that respect, outside of an approval of Secretary Gage's banking plan, is contained in the following: "I earnestly recommend, as soon as the receipts of the government are quite sufficient to pay all the expenses of the government, that when any United States notes are presented for redemption in gold and are redeemed in gold, such notes shall be kept and set apart and only paid out in exchange for gold."

In regard to Cuba he takes substantially the same position as that assumed by President Grant during the previous revolution. His conclusion of the whole matter is that, as Spain has now evidently begun a policy of real reform for the island, which proposes reasonable terms of settlement of the long-existing trouble, the government of the United States should not interfere, until it is evident that this policy is not accomplishing the results desired.

The president strongly recommends the ratification, by the senate, of the treaty providing for the annexation of the Hawaiian islands. In considering other governmental affairs, the president extols the work of the bimetallic commission; recommends immediate legislation for the improvement of the conditions in Alaska; advocates the establishment of a special commission to investigate the causes of, and remedies for, yellow fever; discusses the sale of the Pacific railroads, and favors the maintenance and possible extension of civil service reform. He urges congress to observe the strictest economy in appropriations.

## CRISIS REACHES HAYTI.

It Is Brought There by a Couple of German Warships.

Port au Prince, Hayti, Dec. 7.—The trouble between Germany and Hayti, the result of the arrest and imprisonment of Herr Lueders, an alleged German subject, reached a crisis yesterday. Two German cruisers entered this port during the morning, and an ultimatum from the German government was delivered to the Haytian government, giving the latter eight hours in which to grant the demands of Germany for an indemnity to Herr Lueders. The members of the diplomatic corps here believe the government of the republic has decided to accept the conditions of Germany. In anticipation of trouble the citizens of German nationality sought refuge Sunday on board two steamers which were at this port, and the French steamer Ville de Marseille has been requisitioned by the French minister in order to serve as a place of refuge for French citizens. The Ville de Marseille has arrived here direct from Porto Rico. The population of this place is in a state of great excitement, but the Haytian government has strong forces of troops at its disposal and is resolved to maintain order.

RECOGNIZED BY HIS MOTHER. President McKinley's Dearest Wish Has Been Granted at Canton.

Canton, O., Dec. 8.—The president and Mrs. McKinley arrived yesterday morning. The fondest hopes the family has cherished since the affliction came was that the president might be permitted to be present when the inevitable dissolution came and that the mother might again realize his presence and he know that he had been recognized. These hopes have been granted them and they now patiently and resignedly await the end.

The scene in the sick room when the president arrived was touching and pathetic. He gazed upon the dearly-loved face, showing only an emotion of joy when the mother's eyes opened and her face lighted up with a smile of recognition and of greeting. Then as he stooped to kiss and caress her he felt the tender entwining of her arm about his neck. The president remains almost constantly at the bedside.

## Haytian Incident Closed.

New York, Dec. 8.—Advices from Port au Prince, Hayti, say that President Simon Sam has agreed to all the German demands and saluted the German flag, the salute being returned by the two German school ships now in the harbor and which was all the naval force Germany sent here. What this "columb down" may mean for President Sam is in the future. It may mean a revolution, for the people are anything but pleased with the humiliation of the German affair, which, however, may be considered closed.

## End of the Railway Hearing.

Washington, Dec. 4.—The hearings of railroad men before the interstate commerce commission in the matter of extending the time for the equipment of railway cars with safety appliances have come to an end, but there will yet be some testimony given under oath. It is hardly probable that the commission will extend the time more than three years, and it may only extend it a year at a time, requiring each railway to do a proportionate amount of equipment each year on pain of having the penalty applied.

## Detroiters Go to Meet the Yantic.

Detroit, Dec. 8.—A party of 150 men, including members of the Detroit division of the Michigan naval reserve, local officials and prominent citizens, went down to Lake Erie yesterday afternoon taking a saluting gun and brass band in anticipation of meeting the U. S. S. Yantic, which is to be the training ship and headquarters of the naval reserve. They could not find her and returned disappointed.

## Defaulter Sentenced to Prison.

Chicago, Dec. 6.—George Bogart, the defaulting city clerk of Evanston, has been sentenced to an indefinite term in the penitentiary.

# THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

IMPORTANT HAPPENINGS GIVEN IN CONDENSED FORM.

News Items Caught from the Wire and Given in Brief Paragraphs for the Benefit of the Busy Readers—Crimes, Casualties and Other Matters.

## Thursday, Dec. 3.

Earthquake shocks doing no damage were felt at several points in Kansas yesterday.

J. A. R. Elliott, of Kansas City, ex-champion wing shot of America, was defeated in a 100 live-bird shoot by Frank Parmelee, at Omaha—\$1 to \$7.

Tommy Ryan and Billy Stiff, of Chicago, have been matched to meet again at twenty rounds.

It is stated at New York that the attempt of the silver smelters to combine for the better management of their business interests has failed.

Judge Day, now assistant secretary of state, will soon retire from public life to resume the practice of law at Canton, Ohio.

Over 3,000,000 tons of ore were received at Ashtabula, O., in 1897. This surpasses all records ever made in one year by any ore-receiving port in the world.

## Friday, Dec. 3.

The Dreyfus-Esterhazy affair is expected to result in a large crop of duels at Paris. Emile Zola is already involved in a quarrel with the editor of The Journal.

A bill has been introduced in the senate of Virginia to abolish foot ball where an admission fee is charged.

The city council of River Falls, Wis., has made an appropriation to aid the students of the normal school, recently burned, until better accommodations can be had.

A heavy fall of snow occurred throughout South Dakota yesterday, ranging from six to twelve inches in depth.

The three great cracker trusts are reported to have agreed on a plan of consolidation.

The president has appointed Blanche K. Bruce, of Mississippi, to be register of the treasury.

## Saturday, Dec. 4.

Town Clerk Mark H. Wood, of Barrington, R. I., has been found guilty by the Congregational church society of spanking his wife.

Mrs. Marie Louise Van Vleck, wife of the millionaire oil operator, of Buffalo, is suing her husband for divorce. They have lived apart fifteen years.

The Hartford Times says that two ripe strawberries were picked in Winsted, Conn., on Nov. 16.

Jack pine is now being manufactured into lumber and it sells well and is even better than Norway.

William Louis Winans, whose will has been filed for probate at Baltimore, left an estate valued at \$20,000,000.

John S. Morgan, the murderer of a family, who was sentenced to be hanged Dec. 18, escaped from the jail at Ripley, W. Va.

## Monday, Dec. 6.

It is announced that gold has been discovered in the Matillavare mountain, six miles north of Over-Torne, at the north end of the Gulf of Bothnia, in Sweden.

The United States Cuban propaganda appeals to its partisans to bring pressure on congressmen in behalf of the Cuban rebels.

A disastrous prairie fire raged in the county near Guthrie, O. T., entailing serious loss to farmers. It was finally stopped by a creek.

The Japanese foreign office has instructed Minister Kato in London to engage a professor on the science of ship building in England.

Secretary Sherman was so much improved Saturday that he transacted business at home, but he did not venture out, owing to inclement weather.

The railroads centering in Omaha report from six to eighteen inches of snow along their respective lines.

## Tuesday, Dec. 7.

Aloah Bradish, a veteran western artist, who is now exhibiting his pictures in Chicago, had sittings from Washington Irving and Daniel Webster.

Residents of northern Minnesota claim to have seen an airship early Sunday morning.

The Lick observatory eclipse expedition from San Francisco has arrived at Bombay and it will proceed inland to select an observing station.

Kangaroos are being exterminated in Australia nearly as fast as the seals in the Behring sea.

Dr. Joseph Stolz, at Isalah temple, Chicago, spoke emphatically against the movement to restore a Jewish state in Palestine.

## Wednesday, Dec. 8.

Judge Horace Buck, associate justice of the supreme court of Montana, committed suicide at Helena, Mont., because of bad health.

# GAGE SEES DEFICITS.

One for the Year of \$28,000,000 and Over \$21,000,000 for Next.

Washington, Dec. 8.—A notable thing about the report of Secretary Gage, of the treasury, is that he figures out a deficit not only for the current year, but also for the next year. He estimates the deficit for the current fiscal year at \$28,000,000 and for next year at \$21,047,885. With reference to the tariff he says: "It is confidently believed that when in full operation it will afford ample revenue for the ordinary needs of the government, while adequately protecting our manufacturing and agricultural interests. But the important part of Secretary Gage's report relates to the something necessary to be done to put the currency on a different basis.

Upon this point he recommends the establishment of a division in the treasury department to be designated the issue and redemption division. To this should be turned over all matters relating to the issue and redemption of currency; it should be furnished with \$120,000,000 in gold set over from the general fund of the treasury, with all the silver dollars now held for redemption of silver certificates and with \$200,000,000 in legal tender notes of the United States to be disbursed only in exchange for gold. This is the plan referred to in the president's message.

As to the currency he recommends that the organization of national banks be permitted with a minimum capital of \$25,000 in places of 2,000 inhabitants, that the rate of taxation on circulation be reduced to half of 1 per cent, and that the banks be permitted to issue notes to the par value of 2 1/2 per cent, refunding bonds (the issue of which he advises) when deposited with the treasurer of the United States, or greenbacks, treasury notes or silver certificates similarly deposited to a total amount of \$200,000,000.

And here the secretary makes the following recommendation: "After said banks have deposited such bonds, greenbacks, treasury notes or silver certificates to the amount of 50 per cent, of their capital they shall be permitted to issue bank notes in addition to the 50 per cent, thus provided to the extent of 25 per cent, of such deposit, which said 25 per cent, may be unsecured by any direct pledge of security, but issued against the assets of the bank." Gage would extend the government guaranty to all national bank notes, whether issued against deposited security or against assets.

To secure the government against loss he would impose a tax of 2 per cent, per annum on the unsecured circulation for a "safety fund," and also make the government's claim a first lien upon all assets in case of failure of the issuing bank. All national bank notes to be of the denomination of \$10 and upward. The secretary argues the expediency and safety of his plan in extenso, basing it primarily on the recognized necessity for a reduction in the volume of the demand liabilities "now constituting a menace to the public treasury."

## Needs \$469,647,885 to Run Us.

Washington, Dec. 7.—Secretary Gage yesterday transmitted to congress the estimates of appropriations required for the service of the fiscal year ending June 30, 1899, as furnished by the several executive departments. The total amount called for by the estimates is \$462,647,885, which is about \$22,000,000 in excess of the appropriations for 1897, including deficiencies and miscellaneous, and about \$41,000,000 more than the estimates for 1898.

## Lake Steamer Burned.

Chicago, Dec. 7.—The steamer George W. Morley, of Cleveland, was burned on the beach at Evanston. Her crew of thirteen men got ashore without difficulty.

## JUDGE BUCK KILLS HIMSELF.

He Was an Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of Montana.

Helena, Mont., Dec. 8.—Judge Horace R. Buck, associate justice of the supreme court of Montana, shot himself through the right eye about midnight at his home in Lenox, a suburb of Helena. He had spent the evening with a party of friends at a neighbor's house, seeming very cheerful. After chatting for a while with his family he went to his room, and soon afterwards the shot that ended his life was fired. His wife ran upstairs and found him lying on the floor dead.

The judge had been breaking down in health for some time and it is expected he was seized with a sudden impulse to end his uneasiness. He was 54 years of age and a native of Vicksburg, Miss., and a graduate of Yale. He came to Montana in 1872.

## WEDNESDAY, DEC. 8.

Judge Horace Buck, associate justice of the supreme court of Montana, committed suicide at Helena, Mont., because of bad health.

The Iowa Episcopal convention is in session at Des Moines.

Wilhelmina, queen of the Netherlands, will take the oath of accession to the throne on Sept. 6, 1899, in the new church at Amsterdam.

Governor Atkinson, of Georgia, has vetoed the anti-foot ball bill.

Prince Henry of Prussia visited Prince Bismarck at Friedrichsruhe today in order to obtain his views upon the Chinese situation.

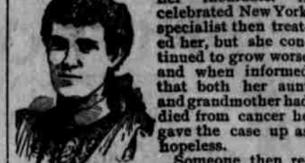
The Mankato, Minn., knitting mills made an assignment. Liabilities, estimated, \$35,000; no figures on the assets.

John Meshik has been convicted at Minneapolis of murder in the first degree for killing John C. Lemke Oct. 22 last.

Prince Gurovseff, the Russian minister at Brussels, will succeed Baron von Moresheim as Russian ambassador to France.

# Cancer Of the Breast.

Mr. A. H. Crausby, of 158 Kern St., Memphis, Tenn., says that his wife paid no attention to a small lump which appeared in her breast, but it soon developed into a cancer of the worst type, and notwithstanding the treatment of the best physicians, it continued to spread and grow rapidly, eating two holes in her breast. The doctors soon pronounced her incurable. A celebrated New York specialist then treated her, but she continued to grow worse. When informed that both her aunt and grandmother had died from cancer he gave the case up as hopeless.



Someone then recommended S.S.S. and though little hope remained, she began it, and an improvement was noticed. The cancer commenced to heal and when she had taken several bottles it disappeared entirely, and although several years have elapsed, not a sign of the disease has ever returned.

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The Weekly Tribune will be handsomely printed during the year. The editor issues every Wednesday, and presents an excellent compendium of the contents of the daily, but adds special information from the municipal elections. Its weekly visits bring to the bedside a fund of sound information, which every man needs for himself, and an influence for good, which he needs for his family. The Tribune is invited to make up club for the paper in their localities.

The Semi-Weekly Tribune is issued every Tuesday and Friday. The Tribune is published every day, and is enriched by the addition to each Friday's paper of a handsome pictorial supplement of 20 pages, in which are printed a profusion of "half-tone" and other pictures of great beauty and artistic merit. This supplement is dignified and able, and not only most entertaining, but immense educational upon the minds and tastes of the family. An increasing number of subscribers indicate public approval of this feature of the Tribune. Sample copies of Friday's paper free.

The Tribune Almanac for 1898 now in preparation, will contain several features of value, not included in previous numbers, among them the new Constitution of the State of New York, providing for non-partisan municipal elections. The Tribune's digest having been approved by Joseph H. Choate, a prominent member of the Constitutional Convention; the Constitution of the United States; the Digest of the Tariff Bill, rates compared with Wilson Bill, the Reciprocity clauses in full; a history of the Greco-Turkish war; the principal events of 1897, etc., etc. The regular features will be retained, viz: Jurisprudence returns for 1896 and 1897, in detail; platforms of all parties; an extended array of statistics of trade, manufactures, money, production of precious metals, manufactures, public debts, pensions, railroads, shipping, etc.; names of the principal officials of the United States and the several States, with their salaries; an abstract of the latest principal laws of Congress and the State Legislatures; and a great multiplicity of other valuable matters, to which every intelligent man wishes to refer annually. 25 cents a copy. Copies may be ordered in advance. The Almanac will be out early in January.

A large number of Pamphlet Extras, some of them of great interest, have been printed by The Tribune. A circular describing them will cheerfully be sent to any one inquiring by postal card. THE TRIBUNE, NEW YORK.

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- No. 16 " Colds and Grip.

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