

LIVING STILL HIGH

How much do you pay out each week for your groceries, your meat, your rent, your clothing and about fifty other things? Is it possible you are making the great mistake of not paying out something to a savings account? At the end of the year you have nothing to show for your meat, groceries, rent and clothes. Start a Savings Account at once and this insures yourself against want in future days.

THE STATE SAVINGS BANK
Owosso, Michigan

THE OWOSSO TIMES

EDMUND O. DEWEY, PROP.

OWOSSO, MICH., FEB. 1, 1918.

TURN CASH INTO GUN FIRE

By Frank A. Vanderlip

We fought and won the Spanish war with 150,000 soldiers and a \$200,000,000 bond issue. In men under arms we now have ten times that number. We issued ten times that amount of bonds in the first Liberty Loan. We are proposing to spend and loan to the allies in the first fiscal year of the war \$19,000,000,000. From now until the end of this fiscal year the treasury anticipates needing \$300,000,000 a week—that is, the treasury has got to fight financially a Spanish war every four days. That indicates a money measure of the size of this work, but that is not the real measure. We have just seen that one might have plenty of money, but an empty coal bin. In just the same way the government can have plenty of money, but an unequipped army. This army cannot be equipped as modern warfare demands if the man power of the country is at the same time called upon to produce all of our ordinary comforts and luxuries. It is as plain as two and two that all of us must make personal sacrifices, must give up comforts and luxuries, even necessary expenditures that can be postponed, if there is to be labor and material enough to equip the army in time for it to fight while it will do some good to have it fight.

In war the only effort that is of any value is that which ultimately translated into gun fire on the field of battle. The gun fire that will win this war cannot be delivered until all America recognizes individual responsibility, until the whole people join in the effort by giving up things that they can do without, so that the labor that would have been employed in making those things can do work that will ultimately result in gun fire. The government has offered the opportunity to translate at once every one's personal patriotism into the sort of help that will win the war. Forego buying something that is unnecessary; loan the money you would have used to the government by buying \$5 war savings certificates. You will thus have released labor, you will have given credit to the government, you will have acquired the best security in the world, a United States government bond.

Find Seed Corn is Poor in Quality as Well as Scarce.

East Lansing, Mich., Jan. 31.—Field men of the Michigan Agricultural college who for weeks have been scouring the state in an effort to round up a supply of seed corn for the many districts in Michigan which have none, have found that careful testing of all ears intended for planting will be necessary this spring if farmers wish to avoid the planting of much dead corn and the attendant loss that will follow.

"Alarming results have been obtained from germination tests of samples taken throughout the state," the department of farm crops declares. "In 9 samples of old corn tested, only 61.3 per cent of the kernels grew; in selected and dried corn the results were hardly better, for in 27 samples tested just 69.2 per cent of the kernels grew; in 9 samples of early selected and dried corn, the per cent of germination was 3.5. All other corn proved to be almost worthless for seed, for in 13 samples of corn selected late only 30.1 per cent of the kernels germinated while in all samples of field corn, the per cent of germination was but 10.5. With 8 samples selected from inside the shock the per cent of germination was but 6.47; in 8 samples of corn from outside the shock only 4.9 per cent of the kernels germinated, while in 43 samples of crib corn only 20.8 per cent of the kernels grew.

"These results show that corn from shock is ruined for seed and but little corn in the crib is fit for planting. Only the corn harvested early and properly dried will make good seed and much of this is of surprisingly low germination this season. All corn to be used for seed should be worked over with the ear germination test. Dead ears and ears of low germination must be weeded out. In many cases crib corn may be worked over to supply sufficient good seed for planting. The ear test will pick out the ears that will grow."

SALE OR EXCHANGE—2,480 acres out over hardwood land, gravelly clay loam soil. Good productive farms adjoining near Rose City, Ogemaw county, Mich. Address: John York, 102 Belmont Ave. Detroit, Mich.—Ady

Two Views of the Beet Sugar Dispute

(From official correspondence.)

(Excerpts from a letter from M. J. Bialy, Secretary, Treasurer and Manager of the West Bay City Sugar Co., to Mr. Prescott, following the Saginaw Conference.)

I regret very much it is not possible for us, as a manufacturer, to accept the arbitrary terms submitted by the Sugar Beet Growers' Committee in relation to the price of beets for the coming season. Their demands to us for a price of \$10.00 per ton flat absolutely, without any consideration of any concession on their part whatever, went beyond our ability to see our way clear to pay same, based upon the price of sugar as intimated by the U.S. Food Administrator for the season in which the crop now in consideration going grown would produce the sugar.

We desire to thank you particularly for your kindness and the very honorable manner in which you submitted the matter to all present and the part relative to the growth of the crop and the production of the sugar; under the existing abnormal condition of the present year and also to particularly thank you for your kindly suggestion for a compromise between the price offered by us (under our present contract) of \$8.00 per ton and their price (as demanded by them) of \$10.00 per ton. With your suggestion that the same should be compromised upon a basis of \$9.00 per ton and after consideration of the matter by the members representing the manufacturers of sugar and the growers of beets, the manufacturers agreed to accept your suggestion, notwithstanding the fact that we consider the price beyond our ability to pay, but as a matter of fairness and if permitted to use the term patriotism, we agree to make use of this figure and endeavor to procure enough acreage under our contract for the coming season upon this basis notwithstanding the fact that the farmers' committee absolutely refuse to accept the suggestion you have made.

I have every faith to believe that the farmers will be satisfied as to the contract, as it will be changed to \$9.00 and the Food Administration of the United States, under whose authority we are working, with your supervision, and the good ideas you have expressed in matters of this kind will result in procuring a supply of acreage, which with a good season for the growth of the beets will result in a satisfactory production of sugar to the benefit of all concerned.

(Excerpts of a letter Food Administrator G. A. Prescott sent to Herbert Hoover, Washington, following the Saginaw conference.)

On receipt of your telegram in regard to the meeting with the sugar manufacturers and the beet growers of Michigan, I sent out a request for a meeting in Saginaw Tuesday night, January 22nd, and asked me to attend.

The meeting was held and I regret very much to say that there was absolutely nothing accomplished. During the afternoon preceding the meeting I had a conference with Mr. Cook of the beet growers' committee and hoped that some good results could be obtained. The beet growers' committee insisted on \$10.00 flat rate, also wanted to insert a clause in every contract that one cent per ton should be deducted from all growers of beets and placed in the fund for the association work. Inasmuch as only a small number of the growers are members of the association, the manufacturers thought this unfair and absolutely refused to comply with the request.

The manufacturers also thought that they could not pay \$10.00 per ton for the beets on a flat rate. The chairman insisted the growers would not take \$9.99; they would not change their position in the least and if they did not receive this, would grow no beets, and also stated that they would advise the members of their association not to do so. This last statement was very foolish and did not tend to harmonize matters to any great extent.

After I found that they could not get together I advised a compromise and asked the manufacturers to agree to a flat rate of \$9.00 a ton with the understanding that if the price of sugar was increased above 8c that the growers should have their proportion of the increase. After a conference the manufacturers agreed to accept this compromise but the growers committee refused absolutely to make any change. I told them that I did not want to insist on their doing so but I did appeal to their patriotism and tried as best I could to get both sides to try to get together. Just before the meeting was called, a representative from the Wisconsin Grange appeared and stated that he understood that Mr. McCormick, representing one of the sugar factories in the upper peninsula of Michigan, had agreed to pay \$10.00 flat to his growers for the coming season. This, of course, would have an influence on the growers committee represented at our meeting. The difference in the freight would help Mr. McCormick somewhat but not to any great extent.

I regret very much, indeed, to give you this report and hope yet that some way will be found to bring the parties together but am frank to confess that at present the outlook is not good.

Randell Brothers, mfrs. of creamery butter, need your butterfat. Try us. We pay 50c this week. Open Saturday nights.

All important county news in THE TIMES at \$1 per year.

New Food Regulations.

(Continued from page one.)

wheat flour to one pound of other cereals, this being the same proportion in which the retailer sells to the consumers, unless the wholesaler satisfies himself that the substitutes have been already purchased from another source.

Retailer's Prices

"A ruling has been made that, in making any combination sales under this program, dealers shall name a price for each of the articles so sold which shall not represent more than a normal pre-war profit on any one of the articles sold.

"6—Millers of flour are to distribute their output through their customary channels and markets in such a manner that each city, town and district may receive its usual proportion. The wheat millers have been required to produce one barrel of flour (196 lbs.) from 264 pounds of wheat. This is a white flour and represents from two per cent to four per cent, higher extraction than from last year's harvest.

Wheatless-Days and Meals

"6—To assist further in conservation, Monday and Wednesday of each week are to be observed as wheatless days, and one meal every day to be observed as a wheatless meal. This applies both in the home and in the public eating place, and on such days and meals no crackers, pastries, macaroni, breakfast foods or other cereals containing wheat should be used. The only exception to this is such small amounts of flour as may be needed for thickening soups or gravies or as a binder in corn bread or other cereal breads.

"7—On wheatless days and at wheatless meals, the food administration urges that bread baked in the home be other than wheat bread. Where bread is purchased either for use in public eating places or in the home, victory bread should be used, if no wheat substitutes can be found.

"The federal food administrator in each state will announce the meal to be observed as a wheatless meal in his state. If no meal is designated the United States food administration prefers that the evening meal be wheatless.

Meat and Pork Products

"8—It is further desired, in order that meat and pork products be conserved that one meatless day (Tuesday) in every week, and one meatless meal in every day, be observed, and in addition, two porkless days (Tuesday and Saturday) in every week, be strictly kept. By 'meatless' is meant without hog, cattle or sheep products. On other days use mutton and lamb in preference to beef or pork. By 'porkless' is meant without pork, bacon, lard or pork products, fresh or preserved. Use fish, poultry and eggs.

"9—For local situations where exceptions are necessary application should be made to the state food administrators."

BURTON GLEANERS

INSTALL OFFICERS
Burton, Jan. 26.—Burton Arbor No. 235, Ancient Order of Gleaners, installed the following officers at a special meeting January 24th, held at the home of Companions Harvey and Grace Bueche. A pot luck dinner was served.

Chief Gleaner—Harvey A. Bueche.

Vice Chief Gleaner—Justice A. Babcock.

Chaplain—Grace M. Bueche.

Secretary-treasurer—Chas. S. Piddington.

Conductor—Leo C. Christmas.

Lecturer—Ella V. D. Babcock.

Inner Guard—Andrew J. Austin.

Outer Guard—Charles W. Austin.

Field Foreman—Andrew J. Austin.

The will of the late Sarah A. Evans of Owosso township, was presented for probate at the office of Judge Bush Friday afternoon. Mrs. Evans died December 28. The will was made June 8, 1917 and appoints her sons, Vern and Bert Evans as the executors. The will bequeaths certain properties consisting of real estate and stock in the Owosso Savings Bank, the Citizens Savings banks and the Union Telephone company to her sons and grandchildren.

The New Haven A. O. G. ladies met at the home of Mr. and Mrs. C. J. White Friday and organized a Red Cross Society. The guests numbered forty-seven. The ladies got busy after the well filled baskets were spread, and served. Each lady took her share of sewing and the afternoon closed with ten suits of pajamas made. Mrs. Will Bowhay was elected president and Mrs. C. J. White secretary. The next meeting will be held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Carl Richardson on Thursday, Feb. 7. Every one wishing to help along with the work is invited.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Pritchard*

FARMERS—It pays to sell your cream and feed the skimmed milk. We pay 45c C. O. D. for butterfat at Owosso or at our Oakley creamery. RUNDELL BROTHERS

Allens Must Register.

All aliens over 18 years of age must register at the office of the Chief of Police at the city hall, sometime from Feb. 4 to Feb. 9. Bring four photographs \$23.—Adv

Judge Collins held for further evidence

the divorce case of Sadie vs. John Willard of Fairfield township, at a session of the circuit court, Saturday. A decree of divorce was given Lucy E. from Albert E. Lindsey, residents of Middletown.

At the annual meeting of the State Bank of Perry the following officers were elected: Pres., C. M. Spalding; vice-president, John Olcott; cashier, R. L. Spalding; directors, C. M. Spalding, John Olcott, R. L. Spalding, L. C. Watkins and Eugene Botsford.

M. G. Jones of Bennington township, formerly principal of the Owosso schools, is much improved today after a week's dangerous illness resulting from perforation of the bowels and internal hemorrhages caused by a strain the week previous. He did not consult a physician at the time of the strain, but when he and Mrs. Jones came to Owosso Saturday to spend Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Nichols, he called at Dr. Phippen's office, fainting on his arrival there, and after being revived fainted again and his life was despaired of. He was taken to the Nichols home and hopes of his recovery are now bright. His father and brother arrived Tuesday from New York state.

Charged With Burglary.

Erman Clark, a laborer of this city, and Mrs. Hazel Walker, who claims Ovid is her home, are in jail in default of bail fixed at \$1000 and \$500 charged with robbing the Byerly grocery store in West Owosso Tuesday morning of groceries valued at \$50. The groceries were found in the rooms occupied by the man and the woman above the store, and tracks were found from the back of the store where the window had been broken and the door opened to the rooms. The goods stolen were tea, also, meat, walnut meats, cigarettes and \$1.25 in money.

Clark arraigned before Justice Fiegel waived examination and was bound over to the circuit court for trial. The woman will have an examination today.

TOLEDO AUTO SHOW

Patriotism will be the keynote at the annual Auto Show to be held in the Terminal Auditorium from February 11 to 16 inclusive.

General Manager H. V. Buelow, manager of the Terminal Auditorium who has been placed in charge of the tenth annual Toledo Auto Shows Company, is leaving nothing undone to make the big show a success.

"War conditions will in no wise interfere with the success of the coming show," declared Manager Buelow today. "The public is just as anxious to view high class and new cars as they were before the world war took up attention and energy. There will be hundreds of high class pleasure cars on exhibition. The women folks will have their heart's desire surfeited in the number of handsome and luxurious electric that will be shown."

In addition, Manager Buelow says, there will be a huge display of auto trucks. This feature of the show is expected to attract every business man as well as the general public. The prominence to which the automobile truck has risen since the United States entered the war has gained for it attention also most equal to the pleasure car of most durable design.

Practically every manufacturer of motor trucks will have one or more of their product on display. Army officers who are using them daily in transporting supplies overland in order to relieve the congestion of the railroads recognize their value. Heavy trucks for army use will be on display. There will be others that have been through long hauls over almost impassable roads that will show their durability.

The Terminal Auditorium where the show will be held has larger floor space than famous Madison Square Garden. Although most of the space was contracted for by members of the Toledo Auto Shows Company there still are a number of choice spaces where independent dealers expect to show their wares.

While the thousands of visitors to the show are passing through the various exhibits they will be entertained each afternoon and night by a hand concert which will be augmented by vocalists of national reputation. Every convenience for entertainment of ladies is being arranged by Manager Buelow and his staff.

Public Health Notice.

Whooping cough is unusually prevalent in Owosso this winter. All cases must be reported to the health officer. Parents are hereby warned that children having it must be kept strictly at home and not allowed to be on the public walks. W. E. WARD, Health Officer.

SALESMEN WANTED to solicit orders for lubricating oils, greases and paints. Salary or Commission. Address The Harvey Oil Co., Cleveland, Ohio.

Auto Radiator, Body Repairing

ALL WORK GUARANTEED

BERGMAN BROS.

Bell Phone 13 FENTON, MICH

Commissioner's Notice.

In the matter of the estate of Lucretia L. Beebe, deceased.

We the undersigned, having been appointed by the first Matthew Bush, Judge of Probate in and for the County of Shiawassee, State of Michigan, commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against said estate, do hereby give notice that we will meet at the Owosso Savings in the City of Owosso in said County, on Friday, the 29th day of March, A. D. 1918 and on Wednesday the 27th day of May, A. D. 1918 at ten o'clock in the forenoon of each said days, for the purpose of receiving and adjusting all claims against said estate and that four months from the 28th day of January A. D. 1918 are allowed to creditors to present their claims to said commissioners for adjustment and allowance.

Dated the 23rd day of January, A. D. 1918.

JAMES H. LAVERGNE, WORTHY S. COOPER, Commissioners

63-41



Those old-fashioned flatirons of yours—they are a tiresome pair. It's bad enough to have only one of them around, but you have to have two—one heating while the other is cooling off, otherwise you would never get through with your ironing.

When our great-grandmothers called them sad irons—they were rightly named. They are the cast-iron symbol of many generations of sad ironing days, and are entirely out of place in our comfortable modern households.

So throw them away and get a

G-E Electric Flatiron

which will enable you to do a week's ironing for fifteen cents worth of electricity. No wasting of heat, no wear and tear of clothes, no tiring of the body and no worrying of the mind. We handle the Guaranteed Iron.

Consumers' Power Co.

Always—AT YOUR SERVICE—All Ways



How Does a Soldier Feel in a Life-and-Death Crisis?

He was caught—like a rat in a trap—with only one chance in a million of coming out alive. He thought of—
What does a soldier think of in a life-and-death crisis? How does he feel? What does he do? What is the millionth chance that he takes to escape? While trembling and hot from the experiences they have gone through, over two hundred men—airmen, trench raiders, submarine commanders, grenade throwers—have told what they saw, heard and felt. To read these stories of personal adventure is to get an entirely new viewpoint of the war.

A Close-Up of the War

Newspapers and magazines treat the war along broad, general lines—they speak of nations and armies. But these stories tell you about the most daring, audacious and heroic deeds of MEN—individuals. They tell of exploits which even now you think never could happen. No professional author in the history of literature could tell such stories, for no man's imagination could think them up. Yet each of these stories is true—and so startling that the mind simply stands aghast at wonder. They would thrill a man with blood as cold as a fish.

"True Adventures of the Great War" 6 Volumes Free!

The Review of Reviews has collected these two hundred and more stories in six handsome volumes, containing altogether 1200 pages, profusely illustrated. Every one of these stories is absolutely genuine as to the facts related; every one of them is told in the words of the person who is the hero or heroine of the exploit, and now, for a limited time, you can secure these six volumes free, with a two-year subscription to the Review of Reviews.

Now, and during these next few years, as never before, every intelligent American will need the Review of Reviews. The world is on the verge. It is in the throes of social, industrial and political changes that are epoch-making. One cannot form an opinion on these revolutionary events, one cannot base his actions intelligently upon them—unless he understands the real war situation, unless he knows the facts, all the facts, as known. It is genuine patriotic duty in these coming days of trial for every citizen to know comprehensively what is happening in the world around him.

Send No Money

The subscription to Review of Reviews is absolutely free. The six volumes described above will be given in addition, absolutely free. So that no one may get in the dark, the books will be sent first for examination, all charges prepaid, and if they do not come up to expectations, they may be returned within five days. The subscription to this set will be offered free with a two-year subscription. Immediate acceptance of this offer is, therefore, advised. If you are at all interested. Mail the coupon now.

Review of Reviews, 142 Broadway, New York, N. Y. Please send me the six volumes of True Adventures of the Great War—FREE—Entirely free with a two-year subscription to Review of Reviews. I agree to return the six volumes in 5 days if I am not satisfied with them, or I will send you \$2.00 in 5 days and \$1.00 a month for six months thereafter, making a total of \$10.00 which is the regular price of the magazine plus the cost of partially encased binding and shipping six volumes.

Name _____
Address _____
City _____ State _____

TENTH ANNUAL

Toledo Auto Show

TERMINAL AUDITORIUM

Occupying Entire Building

February 11th to 17th, INCLUDING SUNDAY

25c — ADMISSION — 25c

10 a. m. to 10:30 p. m. Daily Special Musical Features Daily