

LINCOLN THEATRE

ALWAYS A GOOD SHOW.

Week days doors open afternoons at 1:45, show starts at 2:15 and 4:00. Evenings doors open at 6:45, show starts 7:15 and 9:00. Saturdays and Sundays continuous. Show starts 2:15, 4:00, 5:45, 7:30 and 9:15.

Our Pictures for Next Week

Sunday—

A Big Paramount Production

"BOOMERANG BILL."

Episode No. 11 "Hurricane Hatch," and a comedy "Gee Whiskers."

Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday—

Dream Street.

A D. W. Griffith Production

Thursday and Friday—

BETTY COMSON in

"The Law and the Woman."

Also a comedy entitled "Love and War," and the Pathe Topics & Review

Saturday—

Our regular big Saturday's program featuring EUGENE O'BRIEN in "Chivalrous Charlie," a side splitting comedy "No Brains," and as usual, SNUB POLLARD.

Tuesday and Wednesday, June 27th and 28th

A Fox Superspecial

FOOTFALLS

Thursday and Friday

GLORIA SWANSON

-IN-

UNDER THE LASH.

\$10 Auto Radiator Protection for \$2

Our Improved Radiator Shutter Is Operated from the DASH

Made of Waterproof Fiber Composition. Retains the Heat. Better than Metal. Doesn't Rust or Rattle.

SAVES GAS, BATTERY, FREEZING

MADE TO FIT ALL CARS. MAKES STARTING EASY

Send Us \$2, and Name of Car for One Complete, Postpaid

Town and County Agents Wanted. References: Dan's and Bradstreets

Essential Automotive Products Co. 511 W. 42d St., N. Y. City



Slenderize Your Figure Not Your Purse

If you are correctly corseted you are perfectly gowned

W.B. MIFORM CORSETS

are 100% CORRECT in QUALITY, STYLE and FIT

They will appeal to the economical woman who seeks

The Best Value for the Least Money

WEINGARTEN BROS., Inc. 47 West 34th Street, New York

"The Little Nurse For Little Ills"

Heal Cuts

Apply lots of antiseptic

Mentholatum

Sothes and heals gently and quickly.

GROWING RADISH IS EASY MATTER

Garden Does Not Seem Complete Without Short Row or Patch of Vegetables.

RICH SOIL MOST IMPORTANT

Almost Any Variety Is Good, Main Difference Being in Type of Root—It Is Cool Weather Plant and Grows Quickly.

The radish is practically a universal vegetable. It is now in the market the year around and rarely is there a garden planted without at least a short row or small patch broadcast to these pungent appetizers of the garden. There isn't a great difference in the various kinds of radish offered for sale by the seedsman and almost any of them will be successful. The main difference is in the type of root.

Stick a pencil blindly on almost any of them and order the one spiked and you will have good radishes if the garden conditions are suitable for growing good radishes at all.

In the South the radish can be grown outdoors almost all winter except in the colder sections, plantings being made every ten days or two weeks for succession. In the North it is the first vegetable to go into the ground in the spring; in fact, it should be planted as soon as the soil can be worked, as it is quite hardy and won't be hurt by a little frost.

It Is Cool Weather Plant.

It is a cool weather plant and must be grown steadily and quickly. Hot weather or a dry spell, either giving a check in growth, result in hollow, pithy roots, which are quite worthless. Cool and fairly moist conditions make the crisp, solid, toothsome radishes that everyone relishes in the early days of spring.

Of the white radishes, Icicle has attained great popularity and is a fine radish. It is excellent in the summer when other types are not at their best. In case of doubt, French Breakfast in the olive shade, Scarlet Globe in the round, and some of the 20-day specialties can be recommended. Any of the long scarlet types give much the same result, the improvement in the newer varieties being in regularity and uniformity of growth.

Radish soil must be rich and fine and deeply worked. It is best to have the manure dug in during the fall or if this has not been done it should be well rotted and well incorporated with the soil in the spring. Radishes will



If These Radishes Had Not Been Thinned They Would Not Have Been So Perfect in Shape.

grow almost anywhere if the soil is rich and in almost any sort of soil except clay. Clay soil needs to be lightened with ashes or sand and copious dressings of manure spaded into it if radishes are to do their best in it. Radishes may be sown broadcast provided the seed is not scattered too thickly or in rows as close together as six inches.

Clean Up Rubbish.

Clean up last year's garden if this was not attended to in the fall. All remnants of vegetables and flowers must be gathered together and burned. This will destroy the eggs of innumerable insects. Weeds should likewise be destroyed, but do not yet destroy mulches which have been placed over hardy plants and around shrubs. If you have not already sprinkled limestone over your garden area, this is a good time to do it so that the spring freezing and thawing and the early rains may help to disintegrate and carry the lime water into the soil to sweeten it. Lime is especially beneficial to grapes.

Later Garden Planting.

Later garden vegetables require less work and less anxiety, as a rule, than early vegetables. The soil should be neither too hard to prepare nor should it be so slow to germinate and start growing the plants as early plantings.

Advantage of Clover.

When the ground in cultivated fields becomes hard and dry in the growing season we should know that the soil is getting for humus. The best humus is made by growing clover.

MORTGAGES INCREASE WITH VALUE OF FARM

Gain During Last Decade Appears Almost Startling.

Growth Has Been Most Marked in Sections Which Have Made Greatest Progress—No Cause for Alarm, Says Bulletin.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

While the increase in farm mortgage indebtedness during the last decade appears almost startling, the increase is not in itself a cause for alarm, declares the United States Department of Agriculture in Department Bulletin 1047, Farm Mortgage Loans by Banks, Insurance Companies, and Other Agencies, a new publication prepared by V. N. Valgren and Elmer E. Engelbert and now ready for distribution. The increase, say the writers, is rather a logical result of increased market value of farms. The rise in these values, in turn, reflects better farm incomes during the decade than prevailed during the preceding years, these incomes being to a considerable extent invested in added permanent improvements in the form of buildings, fences, silos, and drainage and irrigation systems. According to preliminary reports for the census of 1920, mortgage indebtedness on farms operated by full owners amounted to \$4,012,711,213, as against \$1,723,172,851 in 1910. The information available concerning the amount and sources of farm mortgage loans in the United States is fragmentary, the bulletin points out.

A very large percentage of farm mortgages is the result of land transfers, the mortgage, like tenancy, forming a rung in the agricultural ladder to farm ownership. The size of the mortgage naturally tends to bear a direct relationship to the purchase price of the farm. To the extent that farm mortgages are the result of investments in productive permanent improvements and equipment by existing farm owners, they evidence progress and not regression. In general, the increase in farm mortgages during each decade since data were first gathered by the census has been most marked in sections which have made the greatest progress during that period. Even where improvements are paid for out of savings instead of with the proceeds of loans, the increased value and price of a farm is quite certain to result in a larger mortgage in case the farm is transferred to a new owner.

Copies of the bulletin may be had free upon application to the United States Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C.

IMPROPER PLACE FOR TOOLS

There Is Great Danger of Injury If Rake or Hoe Is Left Lying on Ground in Garden.

What may happen if a hoe or rake is left lying on the ground is shown in this picture. A rake with sharp teeth often bites through good shoe leather. When the carpenter is through working he carefully cleans his tools and puts them away in a box because he wants them to be in good condition



A Rake With Sharp Teeth Often Bites Through Good Shoe Leather.

for work the next day. A hoe or spade left overnight in the garden is sure to be rusted and in poor condition for use.

Garden tools not in use should be placed upright against the fence or house. At night they should be placed indoors.

SILAGE NOT EXPENSIVE FEED

It Is Cheap When Compared With Other Roughages Which Are Higher Than Grain.

Although many farmers believe that silage is an expensive feed, especially when the work in producing it is considered, it is a cheap feed, as compared to other roughages which are higher than grains this season. When corn was high many farmers used silage because they could save corn.

ROTATION URGED IN GARDENS

Farmer Should Avoid Planting Same Crop on Same Land for Two or More Seasons.

Remember that it is just as necessary to rotate for garden crops as for field crops; therefore, in the management of the garden keep this fact in mind and avoid planting the same crop on the same land two or more seasons.

BETTER CARE OF PIGS NECESSARY

Smaller Litters Are Reported in Many Parts and Crop Will Be Below Normal.

SOWS WERE IMPROPERLY FED

Besides Feeding Sanitation Is Big Problem for Grower—Young Animals Will Not Thrive if Permitted to Run Loose.

(Prepared by Information Service, Iowa State College, Ames.)

Small litters of pigs are reported in many parts this spring and indications are that the pig crop will be far below normal. This will mean that better care of the surviving pigs will be necessary if the nation's supply of animals is kept anywhere near the average.

The reason for the shortage of pigs is explained by the fact that, due to the cheapness of corn the past winter, it was fed in large amounts to brood sows, while tankage, or protein balancer, for the ration, was comparatively high priced and was not given to the animals in large amounts. As a result many of the sows are farrowing pigs that are weak.

Sanitation Most Important. In order to keep those pigs successfully farrowed, proper feeding is not the only problem of the farmer. Lack



The Number of Pigs Saved Will Pay for This House in a Single Year and You Have the Building Left.

of sanitation carries off more pigs than does improper feeding. Dr. K. W. Stouder, veterinarian at Iowa State college, has found that where pigs are allowed to live "anywhere" they will often develop into runts with dull nose and snuffles and soon die due to unknown diseases. A streak of wet weather will start pigs going backward, especially where they are allowed muddy quarters. Soon infections break out in their gums or jaws and faces become distorted and "bull nose" is the result. When the infection causes the cutting off of the wind by pressing on the nostrils "snuffles" results. Often this infection gets down into the stomach and intestines and death is not far away.

Often a pig, although the sow is furnishing plenty of good milk, becomes thin and scrawny and soon dies. Although many names have been given this disease, Doctor Stouder says that it is the result of "fifth infection." The germs which cause the trouble are frequent in old manure piles and wallows where bacteria thrive.

Experiments with pigs show that where the pigs are allowed to run on good blue grass pasture the majority of the litter survive, while pigs confined to yards where they have to run through mud and under sheds die in 50 per cent of the cases before they get their growth.

Movable Hog House Favored.

The farmer who has a large number of pigs can well afford to build a movable hog house. Such houses designed by the Iowa experiment station at Ames, have been used for a number of years and have proven their worth. Recently requests for plans were received from Italy where some farmers had heard of the house and wanted to try them. These houses are inexpensive, easily kept clean and can be pulled from one field to another. They can be turned so that sunlight is allowed to enter and are arranged so that plenty of ventilation is provided for. The feature of the house is the manner in which sunlight is allowed to enter through the top.

The movable hog house is also easily disinfected at any time and if several are used the hogs and pigs can be transferred from one to another while cleaning is being done.

Rotation of hog pastures prevents infestations by parasites, such as worms which get into the soil and affect the entire herd.

CHEAP SEED MOST EXPENSIVE

Poor Strain of Alaska Peas Sown in Maryland and Delaware Resulted in Loss.

It pays to know the parentage and quality of seed. In 1920 some 1,700 acres of a poor strain of Alaska peas were sown in Maryland and Delaware resulting in loss to the farmers as this strain when canned became dark and of course was not of much value for the market. Cheap seed is often most expensive.—Betty Cady, associate horticulturist, University Farm, St. Paul.

Order of Publication.

State of Michigan—The Probate Court for the County of Shiawassee.

At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Shiawassee, held at the Probate Office in the City of Corunna, on Thursday, the 13th day of April in the year one thousand nine hundred and twenty-two.

Present—Matthew Bush, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Helen A. Ward and Minnie A. Ward, also known as Minnie R. Ward, minors.

On reading and filing the petition of Charles Ward praying this Court to appoint him guardian of the person and estate of said minors.

It is Ordered, That the 15th day of May next at nine o'clock in the forenoon, at said Probate Office, be assigned for hearing said petition.

And it is Further Ordered, That a copy of this order be published three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing, in The Owosso Times, a newspaper printed and circulating in said County of Shiawassee.

MATTHEW BUSH, Judge of Probate.

By CLARABEL GALLOWAY, Probate Register.

Order of Publication.

State of Michigan—The Probate Court for the County of Shiawassee.

At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Shiawassee, held at the Probate Office in the City of Corunna, on the 12th day of April, in the year one thousand nine hundred and twenty-two.

Present—Matthew Bush, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Charles L. Paris, deceased.

Asa T. Wright, the executor of said estate, having rendered a final account to this Court.

It is Ordered, That the 15th day of May next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, at said Probate Office, be appointed for examining and allowing said account.

And it is Further Ordered, That a copy of this order be published three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing, in The Owosso Times, a newspaper printed and circulating in said County of Shiawassee.

MATTHEW BUSH, Judge of Probate.

By CLARABEL GALLOWAY, Probate Register.

Order of Publication.

State of Michigan—The Probate Court for the County of Shiawassee.

At a session of the Probate Court for said county, held at the Probate Office in the City of Corunna, on Saturday, the 22nd day of April, in the year one thousand nine hundred and twenty-two.

Present—Matthew Bush, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of John Buck, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of John H. Buck praying that administration of said estate may be granted to the petitioner or some other suitable person.

It is Ordered, That the 22nd day of May, next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, at said Probate Office, be assigned for hearing said petition.

And it is Further Ordered, that a copy of this order be published three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing in The Owosso Times, a newspaper printed and circulating in said County of Shiawassee.

MATTHEW BUSH, Judge of Probate.

By CLARABEL GALLOWAY, Probate Register.

Commissioners' Notice

In the matter of the estate of William Smith, deceased.

We, the undersigned, having been appointed by the Hon. Matthew Bush, Judge of Probate in and for the County of Shiawassee, State of Michigan, Commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against said estate, do hereby give notice that we will meet at the State Savings Bank in the City of Owosso in said county, on Wednesday, the 19th day of July, A. D. 1922, and on Tuesday, the 19th day of September, A. D. 1922, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of each of said days, for the purpose of receiving and adjusting all claims against said estate, and that four months from the 15th day of May, A. D. 1922, are allowed to creditors to present their claims to said Commissioners for adjustment and allowance.

Dated the 15th day of May, A. D. 1922.

WORTHY HART, ORVILLE FREEMAN, Commissioners.

9-12

Order of Publication

State of Michigan—The Probate Court for the County of Shiawassee.

At a session of the Probate Court for said county, held at the Probate Office in the City of Corunna, on the 12th day of June, A. D. 1922.

Present—Matthew Bush, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Bridget Kenney, deceased.

On filing the petition of Margaret Kenney praying for the probate of the will of said deceased now filed in this Court.

It is Ordered, That the 10th day of July next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, at said Probate Office be appointed for hearing said petition.

And it is Further Ordered, That a copy of this order be published three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing, in The Owosso Times, a newspaper printed and circulating in said County of Shiawassee.

MATTHEW BUSH, Judge of Probate.

By CLARABEL GALLOWAY, Register of Probate.

13-15

SERVICE

There are innumerable ways in which a Bank can be of genuine service to you and to your friends.

This will develop through a better acquaintances, and we trust that you will always feel at home here, and never hesitate to make known your desires for any form of service that comes within the scope of modern banking.

Our banking office is a convenient place to meet your friends.

Citizens' Savings Bank Owosso, Mich.

All kinds of Job Printing Done at The Times Office