

The Yazoo Democrat.

S. S. CALHOON & CO., Publishers.

FOR THE SOUTH.

TERMS—Three Dollars per annum, in advance.

VOLUME I. YAZOO CITY, MISSISSIPPI, SATURDAY MORNING, JUNE 4, 1859. NUMBER 40.

Professional Cards.

DR. H. PEAKE,
OFFICE—One door North of the "Telegraph Office,"
MAIN STREET.
After 10 o'clock, P. M., may be found at
the residence of Mr. S. H. Wilson.
Yazoo City, April 30, 1859. (1y)

PHILLIPS & CALHOON,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
Yazoo City, Miss.,
Will practice in all the Courts of Yazoo, and
the Circuit Courts of the adjoining counties.
Business entrusted to their care will be
promptly attended to.
Office near the Court House,
April 9, 1859.

DR. KIDD & WILSON,
YAZOO CITY, MISSISSIPPI.
Dr. Wilson has removed his residence to the
late residence of J. N. Ratcliff, opposite S.
H. Wilson's. Office with Dr. Kidd.
Yazoo City, January 16, 1859. (1y)

Instruction in Music.
PROF. J. BOEHMER offers his services
as teacher of Vocal and Instrumental
Music, Through Bass, &c., to the people
of Yazoo City and the community at large.
Piano, Organ, Melodion, &c., &c., tuned and
repaired.
Yazoo City, January 1, 1859. (18-1f)

A. M. HARLOW,
Attorney at Law,
LEXINGTON, HOLMES CO., MISS.,
Will practice in the Probate and Circuit
Courts of Yazoo and Holmes Counties;
and, also, in the High Court of Errors and
Appeals at Jackson. (Oct. 2, 1859)

D. W. SANDERS,
Attorney at Law,
LEXINGTON, HOLMES COUNTY,
Mississippi.
September 11th, 1858. (1y)

HAMER & HENDERSON,
Attorneys at Law,
YAZOO CITY, MISS.,
WILL give prompt attention to all business
entrusted to them in the Circuit and Probate
Courts of Yazoo, Holmes and Madison, and the
Superior Courts held at Jackson.
Sept. 1, 1858. (1-y)

BURRUS & ARMISTEAD,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
YAZOO CITY, MISS.,
Sept. 1, 1858 (1y)

W. S. EPPERSON,
Attorney at Law, Yazoo City, Miss.,
And Commissioner for Louisiana
WILL practice in the Courts of Yazoo, and the
other counties composing the Fifth Judicial
District, and the Courts at Jackson.
Office near the Court House. (1y)

R. S. G. PERKINS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Yazoo City, Mississippi
WILL practice in the Circuit Courts of
Leske, Atala and Holmes counties, and
several courts in Yazoo County, and the Court
held at Jackson.

BROOKE & SMEDES,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW, VICKSBURG,
Miss., will continue to practice their
profession in the Circuit, Chancery and Probate
Courts of Warren county, at Vicksburg,
Washington county, at Greenville; Bolivar
county, at Wellington; Issaquena county, at
Tallula, and the Supreme and Federal Courts at
Jackson. (Sept. 1, 1858)

D. H. HOLMES, M. D.,
H. YANDELL, M. D.
H. J. HOLMES, M. D.,
H. YANDELL, M. D.
H. J. HOLMES, M. D.,
H. YANDELL, M. D.
H. J. HOLMES, M. D.,
H. YANDELL, M. D.

HENRY LAURENCE,
DENTIST,
Office on Main Street, Yazoo City,
REFERENCES:
Drs. Leake & Barnett, Yazoo City.
E. Townsend, M. D., Philadelphia.
J. W. McClellan, M. D.,
J. W. Smith, Dentist, New Orleans
F. H. Knapp,
J. C. Nott, M. D., Mobile.
Yazoo City, September 1, 1858.

JOHN R. GREEN & CO.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Perfumery,
FINE TOILET SOAPS,
FINE Hair and Tooth Brushes,
FANCY AND TOILET ARTICLES
Dental and Surgical Instruments,
WASHINGTON STREET,
Vicksburg, Miss.
Orders from Merchants, Physicians and
Planters solicited.
(Oct. 16, '58 1y)

PATRICK MAHER,
Plaster and Ornamental Plasterer,
(NEAR THE BAPTIST CHURCH),
Yazoo City, Miss.,
Respectfully solicits the patronage of the
public.
(Dec. 4, '58 1y)

To Land Speculators.
J. D. SIDDON,
LAND LOCATOR AND SURVEYOR,
WILL give prompt attention to all orders of
survey in Holmes, Yazoo, Washington,
Bolivar or any adjoining county. Will also
give attention to the buying and selling of lands,
and paying of taxes for persons that live remote.
Address, Lexington, Mississippi.
March 24, 1859. (30 days)

Advertisements.

LYON'S MAGNETIC POWDER
Will destroy Garden Insects, Cockroaches,
Bed Bugs, Fleas, Ants, Moths, and all
pests of the vermin kind.
The importance of a reliable article of this kind
is inestimable. In warm weather all mature teens
with these annoying foes. This powder is the
only article ever discovered which will exterminate
them. A company of botanists, from the Horti-
cultural Society of Paris, while amidst the ferns
of Asia, observed that all insects lighting upon a
certain kind of plant very soon dropped dead.
This fact was made use of to guard their night
camps from these intruders. Quantities of the
plant were brought home by Mr. E. Lyon, and
found a positive insect destroyer in every experi-
ment. It is simply a powdered leaf, chemically
prepared to resist the effect of age and climate.
Medals and Letters Patent have been obtained
from the Governments of England, France, Ger-
many, and Russia, from the World's Fair, and
numerous medical and horticultural colleges and
societies.
Letter from the President of the U. States.
EXECUTIVE MANSION,
WASHINGTON, 31st Jan., 1858.
"Mr. EMANUEL LYON.—Dear Sir:—I have the
pleasure to inform you that the Royal Commission
of the World's Fair, at London, have awarded you
a Medal and Certificate for the great value of
your Magnetic Powder, for exterminating insects,
&c. MILLARD FILLMORE, Chairman."
The above was accompanied by a certificate of
Prince Albert.
IT IS FREE FROM POISON.
NEW YORK, October 1st, 1858.
Mr. E. LYON.—Dear Sir: We have analyzed and
tested your Magnetic Powders and find them per-
fectly harmless to mankind and domestic animals,
but certain death when inhaled by bugs, ants and
insects. JAS. R. CHILTON, M. D., Chemist,
LAURANCE KIDD, Prof. Chem.,
New York Hospital.
Mr. John L. Rume, Superintendent of the New
York Hospital, says, "he has expelled all the
bugs, ants, roaches, moths, &c., with Lyons'
Powder, and finds it of immense value."
Every gardener must have a direct interest in
an article of this kind. Reference can be made
to the Astor, St. Nicholas, and Metropolitan Hot-
els; to Judge Meigs, President of the American
Institute; James Gordon Bennett, Gen. Winfield
Scott, Cyrus W. Field, L. M. Pease, of the Five
Points Mission, etc., etc. Judge Meigs says,
"This discovery of Prof. Lyon is of national
importance. The Farmers' Club have tested it
thoroughly. It will destroy locusts, grasshoppers,
ants, moths, bugs, and all vermin. Garden plants
can be preserved, and houses made pure."
Arrangements are now made through Messrs.
BARNES & PARK, of New York, to have it sold
throughout the world. Many worthless imitations
are advertised. Be cautious!
NEW YORK, November 8th, 1858.
"In retiring from business, I have sold all my
Insect Powders and Pills, Letters Patent, and the
secrets pertaining thereto, to Messrs. BARNES &
PARK. This Powder is a discovery made by
myself, and brought from the interior of Asia, and
is unknown to any other persons. The genuine
and effective article is put up in tin cans, and
will continue to bear my name. E. LYON."
Rats and mice cannot be reached by a powder
and are killed by a Magnetic Pill. Order them
through any merchant.
"This Lyon's Powder kills insects in a trice,
But Lyon's Pills are mixed for rats and mice.
Sample Boxes, 25 cents; regular sizes, 50 cents
and \$1.00. Follow directions. Use freely and
thoroughly.
13 & 15 Park Row New York.
BARNES & PARK,
Also the Mexican Mustang Liniment. (6mo)

DR. BRUNON'S BITTERS
Have, from their excellent qualities, been recom-
mended by the MOST EMINENT PHYSICIANS
as a most valuable and never-failing remedy for
DYSPEPSIA, DIARRHEA, HEARTBURN, BILIOUSNESS,
LIVER COMPLAINTS, BLOOD DISEASES,
&c., &c., &c.
Are also a sure and certain preventive against
FEVER AND AGUE, CHOLERA, SUMMER
COMPLAINTS, &c.
and is the most efficacious TONIC AND APPE-
TITE CREATING COMPOUND ever offered to the
public.
By the use of these Bitters, ALL DISEASES
OF THE BLOOD will be thoroughly eradicated,
and all those who are suffering from early decay
and PROSTRATION OF THE PHYSICAL EN-
ERGIES will be restored to a ROBUST AND
VIGOROUS STATE OF HEALTH.
THE DIGESTIVE ORGANS will be stimulated
and permanently strengthened, APPETITE will
be created, and the DEBILITATED SUBJECT
RESTORED TO NEW LIFE.
This remedy has a very agreeable taste, and
will be taken readily by children as well as
adults.
All persons suffering from any of the above
complaints are invited to try DR. BRUNON'S
BITTERS.
Dose.—For an adult, a small wine-glassful 3
times a day; for a child, a small tea-
spoonful twice a day.
K. CRUGER,
Sole Agent for the United States,
742 BROADWAY, N. Y.
Sold at 50 cents per bottle, \$5 per dozen, \$2 50
per gallon; extra Bitters for Bar-rooms, by the
gallon or barrel, at the low price of \$1 25 per
gallon; fine Stoughton Bitters, \$1 25 per gallon.
For sale by all Druggists and Grocers.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL AT
742 Broadway, N. Y.
Sent by express to all parts of the United
States on receipt of orders.
March 5, 1859.

PIANOS! PIANOS! PIANOS!
H. GALES & CO.'S Full Iron-
Frame Piano Fortes. Every-
body is respectfully invited to go to
H. J. Tyler's Jewelry Store, and see and hear
those magnificent-toned Pianos, which are ac-
knowledged by thousands to be the finest Pianos
in the world. They are manufactured expressly
for the Southern climate, and have stood the test
for the last 20 years. They are made with the
full Iron-Frame and felt hammers, producing a
purity and brilliancy of tone unsurpassed by any
makers in the world.
Piano Covers and Stools, Melodions, &c.,
always on hand, for sale. S. R. CHILDS,
Yazoo City, April 30, 1859. (1y)

Shingles! Shingles!!!
I AM prepared to furnish Shingles in any quan-
tity to suit purchasers. Persons wishing
shingles, will please call and examine before
purchasing. My shingle yard is opposite the
public. JOHN SMITH,
Yazoo City, Sept. 25, 1858.

Advertisements.

Wood, Eddy & Co.'s
SINGLE NUMBER LOTTERIES.
(CHARTERED BY THE STATE OF GEORGIA.)
CAPITAL PRIZE \$50,000!
TICKETS ONLY \$10!
Wood, Eddy & Co., Managers,
SUCCESSORS TO S. SWAN & CO.
The following Scheme will be drawn by Wood,
Eddy & Co., Managers of the Sparta Academy
Lottery, in each of their Single Number Lot-
teries for JUNE, 1859, at AUGUSTA, GEO., in
public, under the superintendence of Commis-
sioners.

CLASS 23
Draws Saturday, June 4, 1859.
CLASS 24
Draws Saturday, June 11, 1859.
CLASS 25
Draws Saturday, June 18, 1859.
CLASS 26
Draws Saturday, June 25, 1859.

ON THE PLAN OF SINGLE NUMBERS
50,000 Tickets!
Five Thousand Four Hundred and Eighty-
Five Prizes!

Nearly One Prize to Every Nine Tickets!
MAGNIFICENT SCHEME,
TO BE DRAWN
EACH SATURDAY IN JUNE!

1 Prize of.....\$50,000	1 Prize of.....\$1,500
1 " ".....20,000	50 Prizes of.....500
1 " ".....10,000	100 " ".....200
1 " ".....5,000	100 " ".....100
1 " ".....2,000	100 " ".....50
1 " ".....1,000	100 " ".....25
1 " ".....500	100 " ".....10
1 " ".....250	100 " ".....5
1 " ".....100	100 " ".....2
1 " ".....50	100 " ".....1

APPROXIMATION PRIZES.
4 prizes of \$100 apiece to \$50,000 prize are \$1,600
4 " " 300 " 20,000 " " 1,200
4 " " 250 " 10,000 " " 1,000
4 " " 225 " 5,000 " " 900
4 " " 200 " 4,000 " " 800
4 " " 150 " 3,000 " " 600
4 " " 100 " 1,500 " " 400
5,000 " " 20 are 100,000

5,485 Prizes amounting to.....\$320,000
Whole Tickets \$10; Halves \$5; Quarters \$2.50
Remember that every Prize in the above
Scheme is drawn, and payable in full without de-
duction.
Certificates of Packages will be sold at the
following rates, which is the risk:
Certificate of Package of 10 Whole Tickets, \$80
" " " 10 Half " 40
" " " 10 Quarter " 20
" " " 10 Eighth " 10

SPARTA ACADEMY LOTTERY.
CLASS NO. 359.
Draws Wednesday, June 29th, 1859.
ON THE THREE NUMBER PLAN.
75 Numbers—12 Drawn Ballots.
NEARLY ONE PRIZE TO EVERY 2 TICKETS.
One Grand Prize of \$36,000!

1 Prize of \$19,170!	4 Prizes of \$2,000!
2 Prizes of 10,000!	20 Prizes of 1,000!
2 Prizes of 8,000!	130 Prizes of 250!
&c., &c., &c.	&c., &c., &c.

27,814 Prizes amounting to \$513,190!
Whole Tickets \$10; Halves \$5; Quarters \$2 50

In Ordering Tickets or Certificates.
Enclose the money to our address for the
Tickets ordered, on receipt of which they will
be forwarded by first mail. Purchasers can have
tickets ending in any figure they may designate.
The List of Drawn Numbers and Prizes will be
sent to purchasers immediately after the
drawing.
Purchasers will please write their signa-
tures plain, and give their Post Office, County and
State.
All Prizes of \$1,000 and under, paid
immediately after the drawing—other prizes at
the usual time of thirty days.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.
Those who prefer not sending money by mail,
can use
THE ADAMS EXPRESS COMPANY,
whereby money for Tickets, in sums of Ten
Dollars, and upwards, can be sent us
AT OUR RISK AND EXPENSE,
from any city or town where they have an office.
The money and order must be enclosed in a
"GOVERNMENT POST OFFICE STAMPED
ENVELOPE," or the Express Company cannot
receive them.
All communications strictly confidential.
Address Orders for Tickets or Certificates to
WOOD, EDDY & CO., Augusta, Ga.,
or, WOOD, EDDY & CO., Atlanta, Ga.,
or, WOOD, EDDY & CO., Wilmington, Del.
A list of the numbers that are drawn
from the wheel, with the amount of the prize that
each one is entitled to, will be published after
every drawing, in the following papers:—Augusta
(Geo.) Constitutionalist, Mobile Register, Nash-
ville Gazette, New York Weekly Day Book,
Richmond Dispatch, Paulding (Miss.) Clarion,
and New York Herald. (Oct. 30, '58-1y)

Notice of Dissolution.
THE Copartnership heretofore existing between
Mrs. Fannie E. Thomas and Peter B. Cook
in the Drug and Book business in Yazoo City,
under the firm name and style of P. B. Cook
& Co., is this day dissolved, by Mrs. Fannie E.
Thomas having sold out all her right, title and
interest in said Drug and Book Store.
PETER B. COOK,
FANNIE E. THOMAS,
March 31st, 1859.

New Firm.
I AM undersigned, having this day bought the
entire interest of Mrs. Fannie E. Thomas in
the Drug and Book business, in this City, will
continue in said business at the OLD STAND,
where we will be ALWAYS ON HAND to attend to
the wants of our old friends and customers in
particular and the public in general. Thankful
for past favors, we hope by personal attention
and promptness in our business, to merit continued
patronage.
PETER B. COOK & CO.,
Yazoo City, April 1st, 1859. (18)

Notice.
ALL persons wanting their lands surveyed will
please address me at Yazoo City, giving the
numbers of their lands, so that I can procure the
field-notes before going to their houses.
W. R. PHIPPS,
Deputy Surveyor of Yazoo County,
Yazoo City, January 24th, 1859. (1y)

Poetry.

[FOR THE DEMOCRAT.]
MARY'S IMPROMTU.
BY CHARLES E. BUNNE
When first you told me you loved me,
The choir in the brown gauzed grove—
The echo as it blithely scooped me—
All challenged me to say I love.
Then off to play at "hide and seek"—
Then back they turned, with restless ringlets,
To play among my curls a trick,
You tied some ivy 'round the ringlets,
But then—you stooped to kiss me quick,
To kiss me quick,
You stooped to kiss me quick.
May 30th, 1859.

[FOR THE DEMOCRAT.]
TO M.
Oh! would there were some distant isle in the
ocean,
Beneath whose cool shades bloomed the myrtle
and rose:
Fit home for this life, I would take as my portion,
To hide from such sorrows my heart only
knows.
To hide, &c.

When even was come, to the surge I would listen,
And welcome the waves as they break on its
shore,
As pure as the tear in thy blue eye did glisten,
At parting, alas! I'll behold thee no more.
At parting, &c.

Oh! then the day god 'neath the wavellet was
sinking,
When the zephyrs lay soft and asleep on the
sea;
My soul of the lost, yet the lov'd, would be
thinking,
Ah! mem'ry, in spite, would steal back unto
thee.
Ab, mem'ry, &c.

Of ocean shells white I would build me an altar,
Where morning and evening I'd offer my vow,
At its shrine my devotion never should falter,
But years, when they'd pass'd, I would love
as now.
But years, &c.

When night came, I'd rest with the stars o'er me
gleaming,
Though lonely, I'd feel as if not all alone;
As my hours mov'd by I would be dreaming,
Of moments once blissful, alas! that are gone.
Of moments, &c.

I would, lovely island, I would I could find thee,
On thee I would make for the future my home;
This land, though my birth-place, has nothing to
bind me,
From thy floral bosom I never would roam.
From thy, &c.
May 24th, 1859. BENTON.

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.

COUNCIL CHAMBER,
Yazoo City, April 11th, 1859.
(New Board—First Regular Meeting.)
At the first regular annual meeting of the
Board of Council of Yazoo City, Edward
Bowman, Fountain Barksdale, John H.
Evans, W. C. Flemming, H. B. Kidd, H. C.
Tyler, John Warnack and John H. Wes-
ling, members elect, appeared, and, after
being sworn in by the Mayor, took their
seats.

On motion, Edward Bowman was called
to the chair, and the Board then proceeded
to elect a President, whereupon, by the first
ballot, Edward Bowman was duly elected
President of the Board.

The Board then proceeded to the election
of a City Clerk. On the first ballot it ap-
peared that S. S. Calhoun was the declared
choice of the Board, who immediately took
the oath and entered upon the discharge of
his duties.

Mr. Barksdale offered the following reso-
lution:
Resolved, That the thanks of this Board
are due, and are hereby presented to John
Brumfield, for the efficient and satisfactory
manner in which he has discharged the
duties of City Clerk, during the term he has
held that office.

Which resolution was unanimously adopt-
ed.
An election was held for City Marshal,
which resulted in the unanimous choice of
A. B. Johnson, on the first ballot by the
Board.

On motion, the Board then proceeded to
elect a City Treasurer, and, on the first bal-
lot, Mr. C. Hollingsworth was declared to be
duly elected.

The Board then proceeded, on motion, to
elect a City Physician, to which office E. L.
Bower was declared duly elected by the first
ballot.

An election of Wharf Master was held,
whereupon M. R. Mobley was duly chosen.
On motion the Board proceeded to elect a
Market Master, and, on the first ballot, A. B.
Johnson was declared elected.

On motion an election was next held for
Hospital Physician which resulted in the
choice of Dr. W. J. Leake.
On motion an election of City Sexton was
held, and Peter Kline declared elected on
the first ballot.
On motion, the Board proceeded to elect
a City Druggist, which resulted in the choice
of the firm of Thompson & Gray, with the
understanding that said firm is to receive
the sum of one hundred dollars for its med-
icines, excluding, however, brandies and
wines.
Mr. Evans offered the following Resolu-
tion:
Resolved, That the Board elect a City
Printer, to serve for one year from this date,
who shall receive as compensation for his
services, the sum of one hundred dollars,
and that it shall be the duty of said City

Printer to print and publish all the proceed-
ings of this Board, and all other matters
and things required to be printed and pub-
lished by the Charter and Ordinances of
Yazoo City, and to be paid quarterly for
his services.

Mr. Barksdale offered the following amend-
ment: "Strike out 'one hundred,' and in-
sert 'seventy five,'—which was adopted
by yeas and nays—yeas 6, nays 2.
And the resolution, as amended, was
adopted.

In accordance with the resolution, the
Board then proceeded to elect a City Prin-
ter, which election resulted in the choice of
H. P. Garrison on the terms specified in the
amended resolution.

The following account was presented, and
on motion, allowed, to-wit:
GENERAL FUND.
Samuel Hightower,..... \$40 00
On motion, the Board then proceeded to
the election of a City Watchman, which
resulted in the choice of Samuel Hightower.
On motion of Mr. Board then adjourned
to Wednesday evening, April 13th.

EDWARD BOWMAN, Pres't.
S. S. CALHOON, Clerk.

COUNCIL CHAMBER,
Yazoo City, April 13th, 1859. }
(Adjourned Meeting.)

Present—Edw'd Bowman, President; F.
Barksdale, J. H. Evans, W. C. Flemming, H. B.
Kidd, H. C. Tyler, J. Warnack, J. H. Wesling,
Councilmen.

The minutes of last meeting were read
and adopted.
The President announced the following
standing Committees:
Accounts and Finance—F Barksdale,
John H Evans, H C Tyler.
Ordinances—H B Kidd, F Barksdale,
Hospital—H C Tyler, John Warnack,
W C Flemming.

Cemetery: John H Evans, W C Flem-
ming, John Wesling.
The Bond of S S Calhoun was read, and
the yeas and nays being called, was unani-
mously approved.

The bond of A B Johnson was read and
unanimously approved.
The bond of C Hollingsworth was next
read by the President and unanimously ap-
proved.

The bond of E L Bower was read unani-
mously approved.
The bond of M R Mobley was next read
and the yeas and nays being called, was
unanimously approved.

Dr. Kidd offered the following resolution:
Resolved, That the resolution, adopted at
a former meeting of this Board, exempting
the fishing boat, commonly known as Brown's
from wharfage, be repealed.

Which resolution, on motion, was adopted.
The bond of Peter Kline was then read
and unanimously adopted, upon the calling
of the yeas and nays.

On motion of Mr. Barksdale, a resolution
offered by him to the following effect, was
adopted:
Resolved, That the Clerk be instructed to
record the Bonds presented to this meet-
ing, and deposit the same in the Bank of J
J Michie & Co., as soon as practicable.

On motion the Board adjourned.
EDWARD BOWMAN, Pres't.
S. S. CALHOON, Clerk.

WHY WE ARE DISUNIONISTS.

The Charleston Mercury has a long and
very able article on the subject of disunion,
says the True Southron, in which it proves
irrefragably that the Black Republican is
the strongest union party in the country—
that is, for preserving the Union, because
the Union gives it the power to oppress and
plunder the South. The Mercury goes on
to show how Southern men who love their
own "land of sun and flowers," are forced
to become disunionists. We adopt every
syllable of its article. It says:

So much for the disunion of the Black
Republican party. Let us now understand
the disunion of the Mercury and the thou-
sands of States Rights men throughout the
cotton States of the South. Why are we
disunionists? We have never advocated
disunion as an end or desirable in itself.
We are not blind to the position of the
United States before the world. We under-
stand its external greatness, its prospective
power and mighty influence for good amongst
the despotic governments of civilization.

We feel the advantages of free trade and
unrestricted intercourse amongst the peoples
of the confederated States. Under the
Union of the Constitution—with the rights
and protection it was intended to guarantee
—with just and equal taxation—with the
expenditure of the common treasury for
purposes prescribed—with our institutions
free from interference and protected—with
equality, justice and security in the common
territories and everywhere, as our rights and
their duty requires—we should cling to the
Union as an admirable form of government,
to be loved and cherished. We should be
ready to battle for its continuance. But
the Union which our ancestors gave us is
not the Union of the present day. Through-
out the North false views of the powers of
the government obtain—mobocracy, latitu-
dinarism, agrarianism, are rampant. The
lines of demarcation between the powers
reserved by the sovereign States and those
granted to the General Government for
purposes specified, are lost sight of, and the
untrammeled will of the Northern majority
is held up as the oracle of liberty and law
of the country. The barriers of State
rights, which alone secure the institutions
of the South and confine the General Gov-
ernment to its proper sphere, are disregarded
and scorned. Unscrupulous sectionalism
lifts its head in stern menace to our interests
and domestic peace, our institutions and
liberty.

Northern politics denounce us as Chris-
tians. Their schools and colleges teach our
immorality. Their press pours out bitter-
ness and scorn upon our people, and treat
with ridicule and contempt our pretensions
to equality. By the action of the General
Government, in its legislative and adminis-
trative capacity, we are cheated of our rights
in the common territories, and driven from
any participation in lands for which we paid
dearly, both of blood and taxes. We are
plundered by tariffs, laid, on one hand, to
make us purchase Northern harbors, rivers
and roads, in pensions and bounties. We are
plundered, swindled, vilified and degraded.
We are not the equals of the North. We
are now not homogeneous peoples. No two
peoples on the earth are more distinct and
separate. Few have greater causes for dis-
like. The Union now exists as a bond of
inequality, in which the North is rising to
mastery—the South sinking to provincialism
and ruin. Self-preservation urges the South
either to restore the Union to what it should
be, or to retire from its bondage and form
an independent government.

This conclusion has been forced unwilling-
ly upon a very large portion of the people
of the South. They have watched the
progress of sectionalism at the North, and
see nothing to hope for from that source.
They have studied the condition of the
contest between the conservatives and the
black republicans of the North. They derive
no comfort from that quarter. They can
see no inducement, no motive powerful
enough to stay the march of Northern ag-
gression. The scruples of the North have
been relieved by the inculcation of the false
doctrine that "government exists for the
greatest good of the greatest number," and
that "the majority must govern unchecked."
Interest, ambition, sentiment—all point in
one direction—northern domination and its
exercise over the South. Justice and peace,
which are the sole objects of government,
are lost to view. The paper constitution
and good faith in regard to its terms are
valueless and wholly unequal to the emer-
gency. Those who stem the current of
Northern opinion must sink there.

The only principle, and the only motive
which could restrain the people of the North
in their headlong career, is that presented by
the disunionists of the South. This consti-
tutes a direct, touching, insurmountable
appeal to the interests of the North. Could
the Northern people be made to feel the
likelihood of disunion, with all the concomi-
tant evils to their prosperity, they would
shrink from the precipice to which they are
unwisely plunging; they would give up im-
perpetual, fanatical crusades upon the insti-
tutions of the South; they would then pay
their equal share of the expenses of the
government; they would be satisfied with
the great advantages derived, justly and
constitutionally, by internal free trade and
free intercourse; they would give up lar-
gesses for internal improvements, and boun-
ties to favored classes to which they have
no legal or moral right. The disunionists
of the South are really the best friends of
the constitution and the Union. As matters
stand, the constitution has been overturned
by a gradual and practical revolution. Those
persons miscalculate the spirit of the South-
ern people who found their hopes of the
Union on the downfall of southern rights.
They are practically, and to all intents and
purposes, the real disunionists. Those who
encourage northern aggressions, either ac-
tively or passively, encourage that which
must end in the disruption of the Union.

The best friends of the Northern democ-
rats are the disunionists of the South.
They alone could afford an issue at the
North on which a genuine democracy would
have risen to power and extinguished black
republicanism. If the fate of the Union is
sealed, it is because the people of the North
believe disunion at the South to be idle
braggadocio. The South has been delinquent
in not using her power to protect her rights
and enforce the constitution against northern
aggression and injustice. She has taken
from real democrats at the North the only
means of sustaining themselves and securing
the South. We despair of the preservation
of the Union, because we believe that sec-
tionalism has progressed so far without hin-
drance, that nothing short of a dissolution
of the Union can bring the people of the
North to their senses.

These are the grounds on which we are
disunionists, and this the extent.

LETTER FROM HON. JAMES B. CLAY.
The Old Line Whigs of Shelby county, Ken-
tucky, addressed a letter to Hon. James B. Clay,
asking his advice as to the course they ought to
pursue in the contest now going on in that State.
Mr. Clay sends them an able and interesting
reply, censuring the conduct of some of the pre-
sent leaders of the Opposition towards his illu-
strious father, and closing with the following lan-
guage: