

Sheep Interest.

Ohio Men and the Tariff.
(National Stockman.)

It was not our privilege to attend the late meeting of the Ohio Wool Growers' association, held at the State Fair, but it is a pleasure to note that it was marked by earnestness and a general determination on the part of those present not to recede in any degree from the position which had before been so firmly assumed and so solidly held respecting tariff legislation. Secretary Cowden read the circular letter of the secretary of the treasury, asking for information concerning the different industries of the country. The association decided unanimously to answer the circular, with information concerning their industry, and appointed the following committee for the purpose of compiling such information and furnishing it to Secretary Manning: President David Harpster, Pitt, Wyandot county; W. N. Cowden, Quaker City; E. J. Hiatt, Chester Hill; C. Caswell, Castalia; John Pow, Salem; and S. H. Todd, Wakeman. Albert Chapman of Vermont was unable to be present and address the meeting, and sent a letter of regret. G. B. Quinn of Washington county, also on the programme, sent an excellent address, which was read and ordered to be published. A miscellaneous discussion was indulged in. The association was addressed by Hon. C. G. Luce, Master of the State Grange of Michigan, and ex-Senator Brigham, both of whom advised organization and the presenting of an earnest front and a determination to succeed. The following resolution was unanimously adopted: "Resolved, That time and experience strengthen and confirm our conviction that our claims of the past are just, and that our interest will not be protected by anything less than the restoration of the wool tariff of 1867 or its equivalent." The committee who undertake to reply to Mr. Manning's circular have divided the State into districts, and desire the aid of wool-growers in securing the necessary data to report the cost of growing a pound of wool in Ohio.

Horse Department.

The steadily-growing popularity of the Morgan horse, and the increasing demand for animals bred from the best existing lines of that blood, with pedigrees that can be vouched for as authentic, has led the editors of this department to undertake the collection and verification as far as possible, of Morgan pedigrees from the time of the original Justin Morgan to the present. In connection with this work we are also investigating the pedigrees of all trotting horses that have proved their powers of endurance by trotting fifty or more paces and recorded races each. We have already received from original sources a large amount of important information in both these lines, much of which will be given in these columns. For the completion of our work, which will be published in book form, we want pedigrees, description and history of every meritorious stallion descended in direct male line from Justin Morgan that has ever been used for stock purposes. Blanks for this information will be furnished free on application. Questions of public interest concerning Morgan horses will be answered in this department. All communications in this department may be addressed to W. H. Biles, Rochester, Vt.

The Original Morgan's Pedigree.

WOODSTOCK, Vt., Aug. 26, 1882.
Editor Breeder and Sportsman: The Morgan breed of horses originated or were first bred in Vermont, and the founder of the breed was taken by Justin Morgan when a two-year-old colt, from Springfield, Mass., to Randolph, Vt. The colt in time was called the Morgan horse, and after awhile was given Mr. Morgan's full name. Thus it was the Morgan name was given to this breed or blood of horses, Mr. Morgan, whose name is so intimately connected with the Morgan horse, was born at West Springfield, Mass., in 1747. His father was only able to give him a common education. His health was poor inclining to consumption and he was not able to do hard work after he was twenty. He was an excellent penman and a very fine singer, and supported himself mostly by teaching singing, writing and common district schools. At about 30 he was married and the fruits of this marriage were one son and four daughters. The son, named after his father, was born March 15, 1776. It is evident that he took quite an interest in the horse, as he owned or kept Sportsman, a gray horse by Lindsey Arabian, from 1779 to 1782. In 1783 he advertises Dimond. As Dimond is given as the sire of the dam of the horse Justin Morgan the advertisement is of value, and is here given from the *Massachusetts Gazette* for April 29, 1783:

WILL COVER THIS SEASON at Captain Elias Bissell's stable in Randolph, and at Captain Josiah Cleveland's stable in Lebanon the famous Figure horse from Hartford, Connecticut, at 1/2s. for the season if paid down, or 1/2s. if paid in the fall, in cash or grain at cash prices. Said horse's beauty, strength and activity the subscriber flatters himself the curious will be best satisfied to come and see. Said horse will be in Lebanon the second Monday in May next, there to continue two weeks and then return to Randolph, so to continue at said Cleveland's and Bissell's two weeks at each place through the season. JUSTIN MORGAN, Randolph, April 8, 1783.

THIS YEAR, 1793, Mr. Morgan sold all of his real estate at Randolph and broke up keeping house. His children were found homes at Randolph. His son's and daughter Emily's home was with Daniel Carpenter. In 1794 Mr. Morgan's list, and the last one he has at Randolph, is just 20 pounds, and there can be no doubt but this 20 pounds is for a stallion. His list for 1795 was 27 pounds, and 8 pounds for 1790. Mr. Morgan advertises the Figure horse again the season of 1794. The following is the advertisement from Spooner's *Vermont Journal* for April 28, 1792:

THE BEAUTIFUL HORSE, FIGURE, will cover this season at the moderate price of \$1 the single leap, \$2 the season, if paid down or by the first of Sept. next; if not paid then it will be 1/2s. Said horse will be kept at the stable of Ezra Edmiston in Randolph and sent to E. Stevens in Royalton. He will be kept at Randolph till the second Monday of May, when he will be taken to Royalton, there to be kept every Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, then return to Randolph where he will continue Thursday, Friday and Saturday, and so alternately during the season. The subscriber flatters himself that the horse's strength, beauty and activity will bear examination by the curious. Constant attention will be paid at each of the above places. JUSTIN MORGAN, Randolph, April 21, 1794.

BEAUTIFUL BAY WILL COVER at my stable (for the benefit of the public) at 1/2s. the season, cash or grain next fall, and 1/2s. the leap, pay down. His sire was the imported horse Traveler, owned in New Jersey. His dam, Delaney's, imported racer. Ten pounds was offered for one of his colts at ten days old at Lanesborough, and

it is affirmed that he sired sixteen colts in one day at Springfield. He is in his prime, in fine order, bright bay, 15 hands high, traits and canters very light; the price is low and so is the price of shipping horses, one thing ought to be in proportion to another. SELAH H. NORTON, East Hartford, April 28, 1791.

The above is from the *Connecticut Courant* for May 9, 16 and 23. The *Courant* for June 6, 1791, states: "Beautiful Bay will not cover at East Hartford this season." It must be understood from this, that True Briton made the balance of the season of 1791 at some other place than East Hartford and as it is stated he did so well at Springfield, he may have been taken there.

March 12, 1788, Mr. Morgan sold his place at West Springfield, which consisted of a house, barn and two-thirds of an acre of land, to Abner Morgan, for £33, 17 shillings and 6 pence, and removed to Randolph. The month that Mr. Morgan removed to Randolph is not given. It was stated that it was in the spring of 1788. It is claimed he moved on an ox sled. That was the way they mostly moved at that time in Vermont. Some moved on horseback and some with a wheelbarrow and a hand-sled. The roads were poor and there were no wagons or horses. The horses were mostly used at that time in Vermont for riding them. They were ridden when visits and journeys had to be made and to the village, the church and the mill. Winters they were harnessed to the sled. As Mr. Morgan's name is not on the tax-list of Randolph for 1788, it he arrived in Randolph on or before the 20th of June he had no taxable property. At that time all stock excepting sheep were taxed. Clergymen and schoolmasters were exempt from paying a poll-tax, and a person to be taxed must be a resident of the place on the 20th of June. If Mr. Morgan arrived at Randolph after the 20th of June, 1788, his name would not be on the list for that year, if he had taxable property. His daughter Nancy was born at Randolph, Sept. 3, 1788. Mr. Morgan's list in 1789 was three pounds and fifteen shillings, with a deduction of one pound and sixteen shillings; this shows that he may have owned a yearling colt that year. He was chosen lister this year, and town clerk from 1790 to 1793. March 20, 1791, Mr. Morgan's wife Martha died and there can be no doubt but it was in the summer of this year that he visited Springfield, and made the journey on horseback. He made this visit to get money due him in Springfield, and his son says instead of getting money as he expected he had to take two colts, one a two-year-old stud colt, and the other a three-year-old gelding colt. His son said, too, that his father was very much opposed to taking the two-year-old colt, on account of his being so small and scrubby, and it was only after the intervention of the friends of the two parties that he consented to, and a lawsuit was prevented. This is one of the cases that often happen where one has to take against his wish what he don't want, and which turns out in the end a blessing in disguise. Mr. Morgan little thought at the time he did not want to take the little scrubby colt that the colt would be the founder of a breed of horses that would be for a time the popular blood, and that it would be given his name. The fact that Mr. Morgan owned and took the colt to Vermont is all that causes his name to be mentioned at the present time.

Mr. Morgan in taking the colt to Vermont saw so many good qualities in him that he was so taken with him that he informed his friends on arriving home that he was going to keep the colt for a stock horse. This his friends, many of them, advised him not to do on account of his inferior size. In 1791 a law was passed in Vermont that all stallions two years old and upwards should be set in the list for 20 pounds. This fact speaks well for the colt. Mr. Morgan, with his large experience with horses, would not have paid in his limited circumstances this large tax on a horse of low, obscure blood and origin.

In 1792 Mr. Morgan's list was 23 pounds, 13 pounds larger than in 1791. His wife's sickness and death and his going to Springfield must have lessened his property in 1791 several pounds, yet his list the next year is 13 pounds larger. The only reasonable explanation for it is that he was taxed for a stallion in 1792. The following is Mr. Morgan's advertisement for the Figure horse, from Spooner's *Vermont Journal*, April 15, 1793. The paper was printed at Windsor, Vt.

WILL COVER THIS SEASON at Captain Elias Bissell's stable in Randolph, and at Captain Josiah Cleveland's stable in Lebanon the famous Figure horse from Hartford, Connecticut, at 1/2s. for the season if paid down, or 1/2s. if paid in the fall, in cash or grain at cash prices. Said horse's beauty, strength and activity the subscriber flatters himself the curious will be best satisfied to come and see. Said horse will be in Lebanon the second Monday in May next, there to continue two weeks and then return to Randolph, so to continue at said Cleveland's and Bissell's two weeks at each place through the season. JUSTIN MORGAN, Randolph, April 8, 1793.

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Without knowing more, it is hard now to say what horse the Figure horse was. He may have been the horse Justin Morgan, but we think not. It is claimed on good authority that the three-year-old gelding colt was a grey stud colt, and was the Figure horse and was taken north from Randolph. Grey Figure was advertised to stand at Williamstown, Vt., in 1795. The advertisement states that he was six years old, 15 1/2 hands high and sired by old Grey Figure, an imported horse owned by Col. Hart of Pennsylvania. The Figure horse was in Lebanon the 20th of June, 1793, according to his advertisement, and it must mean Lebanon, N. H. Mr. Morgan did not pay a tax on two stallions at the same time. The United States law that was passed in 1763 taxing stallions \$10 was avoided by many by their saying they did not breed them. It looks more reasonable that the Figure horse was a horse that Mr. Morgan took to keep, the same as he did Dimond and True Briton.

Seventeen hundred and ninety-five is the year that Mr. Morgan, Sen., gave in 1842 as the year his father took the original Morgan horse to Vermont. He gave the year 1795 from memory and it was so accepted without any investigation. It is nothing strange that he made a mistake in the year as he had no data to refer to. He told his son, H. D. Morgan, now of Stockbridge, that he had made some wrong statements in regard to his father's horse. H. D. Morgan says he understood his father that the horse was taken to Randolph before his father broke up keeping house, and there can be no doubt that he was. Mr. Morgan's means were limited and he needed what was his due at Springfield to do the business he did at Randolph. He did not wait seven years before going after it. The grand lists of Randolph show that he owned no property there after 1794 or before June 30, 1795. Randolph must have been his place of residence after 1794, as it was the home of his children, and it will be shown that his residence was there at the time of his death.

Mr. Linsley states that Mr. Morgan supported himself after he broke up keeping house by teaching. This shows he would not have been encumbered with a stallion. His son said the horse was five years old the spring that his father died. Mr. Weir says that Mr. Morgan did not own the horse at the time of his death and there cannot be much doubt that it was the spring of 1795 that Mr. Morgan sold the horse, and he was five years old at that time. This is why Mr. Morgan's son made the mistake he did. He remembered that there was something done in 1795 in regard to the horse, and gave it that that was the year he was taken to Vermont, when it was the year that his father sold him.

The grand list of Randolph shows that Wm. Rice had a list at Randolph from 1792 to 1797. This shows that he removed to Woodstock in 1796 or 7. Mr. Morgan's son said his father's horse passed into the possession of Mr. Rice. Mr. Morgan died March 22d, 1798. It is stated by some that he died at Woodstock at Wm. Rice's, but the records in the Probate office in regard to Mr. Morgan's estate rather show that he died at Randolph. Spooner's *Vermont Journal* for April 19, 1799, contains the notice for the settlement of Justin Morgan's estate. The first volume of the records at the Probate office for the district of Randolph contains the appraisal of Mr. Morgan's property by the commissioner at the time of his death. The amount of property appraised is \$160.13. There is no horse or stock of any kind appraised. A saddle and bridle are appraised \$7; a whip, 17 cents; Bible and Testament, 25 cents; "Scott's Lessons," 20 cents; "Pope's Essay on Man," 70 cents; his clothing, \$23.06. The different articles of property are stated. The expense of last sickness is given. Dr. Bissell's bill, \$4.63; Aaron Stearns' bill for nursing, \$1.02. Messrs. Bissell and Stearns were residing at Randolph. A dividend of 18 cents is paid the creditors Nov. 18, 1800.

Mr. Linsley states that Mr. Rice let Robert Evans of Randolph have the horse in 1801 and that he let John Goss have him in 1804 and that Mr. Goss let his brother David at St. Johnsbury have him; that he was taken back to Randolph in 1811 and kept there and in the vicinity until his death. The following advertisement shows that the horse was kept at Randolph the season of 1807. It is from the *Weekly Wanderer* of May 4, 1807. The *Wanderer* was printed at Randolph:

THE MORGAN HORSE will stand this season at the stable of John Goss, in Randolph, May 1, 1807. It is claimed that he stood part of the time this season at Claremont, N. H. A private letter states that he was shown at the fair at Randolph in 1817. He died at Chelsea in February, 1819, or was killed. The cause of his death was a kick that he received from a mare hitched in the barn beside him, there being only a pole between them. This is a sad end of so remarkable a horse, who was the founder of a distinct family of horses.

After the Morgans had become popular, it was desired to know the origin and blood of their founder. It was claimed by many that he was taken from Canada, and was a French horse. The June number of the *Albany Cultivator* for 1842 contained Mr. Morgan's son's statement in regard to when and where he got the horse. The *Cultivator* was then a monthly. The next number, the July one for 1842, contained the statement of John Mayer, springfield, Mass., near Justin Morgan, previous to his removal to Vermont, and that the two-year-old stallion that he took with him to Vermont was sired by a horse called True Briton, or Beautiful Bay; that Justin Morgan kept True Briton at Springfield one season, and two years after he, John Morgan, kept him two seasons. In the January number of the *Cultivator* for 1846, is Frederick Weir's statement in regard to the origin of the Morgan horse.

From my correspondence with Justin and John Morgan and others I am able to state the pedigree on both sides of the Morgan horse. He was foaled in 1793 and was sired by True Briton or Beautiful Bay, then kept by John Morgan at West Springfield. The dam

of the Justin Morgan horse at the time he was sired was owned by Justin Morgan himself at Springfield, where he then lived.

The dam is described by Mr. John Morgan, who knew her as of the Wild-air breed, of middling size, heavy chest, very light bay color, bushy mane and tail, the hair on the legs rather long and a smooth, handsome traveler. Her sire was Dimond, a thick, heavy horse with a heavy mane and tail, hairy legs, and a handsome traveler. Dimond was kept by Justin Morgan at the time the dam of the Morgan horse was sired. His sire was the Wild-air known as the Church horse; his dam, the noted imported mare Wild-air, owned by Capt. Samuel Bart of Springfield, Mass. The Church horse's sire was Wild-air which was taken back to England."

The advertisement of Dimond shows that Justin Morgan kept Dimond the season of 1783, and that his sire was the Church horse. So much of what Mr. Weir says Mr. John Morgan wrote him is proved true, but the advertisement of Dimond does not sustain the Wild-air crosses and they cannot be considered true. Mr. Weir claims that John Morgan gave these Wild-air crosses in the letters that he received from him dated Jan. 9, 1845, and Jan. 31, 1845. Mr. Weir declines to let any one read these letters, or to have them published in full; only extracts from them have been published. This leads to the belief that they do not give the Wild-air cross as given by Mr. Weir and that this is the reason Mr. Weir does not want them published. The May number of the *Albany Cultivator* contains a second letter from Justin Morgan of Stockbridge, Vt., in which he states what Mr. Weir and already stated, that John Morgan kept True Briton the season that his father's horse was begotten.

The statements of Messrs. Morgan and Weir satisfied the public in regard to the origin of the Morgan horse. Mr. Linsley published his "Morgan Horses" in 1857. He stated what had been stated. He thought he had discovered an error in the Weir statement that "the dam of the Justin Morgan horse at the time he was sired was owned by Justin Morgan himself at Springfield, Mass., where he then lived." It was said then that the horse was foaled in 1793, and taken to Vermont in 1795, and this was an error, as Mr. Morgan removed to Vermont in 1788. But call it as it was, that the horse was foaled in 1789 and taken to Vermont in 1791, Mr. Morgan could have bred him. His Dimond mare was four years old in 1788. True Briton's advertisement showed he was at Springfield as early as April 16, 1788. Mr. Morgan could have bred his mare to him and moved to Vermont on snow. There have been years when one could have moved from Springfield, Mass., to Vermont on snow as late as the 1st of May.

In 1871 Mr. Wallace published his first volume of the "Trotting Register" and in it he states that True Briton was the sire of the horse Justin Morgan. Mr. Wallace does not admit the statement of Mr. Weir that the dam of the Justin Morgan was by Dimond. In the December number of his Monthly for 1875, Mr. Wallace goes over the ground at some length in regard to the origin of the Morgan horse, and he states: "He certainly was the progeny of True Briton." He says, too, that he has not been able to find any trace of evidence that Justin Morgan kept Dimond, thinks John Morgan kept the names confused, and that Sportsman was the sire of the dam of Justin Morgan instead of Dimond.

In 1878 it was discovered that John Morgan removed from Springfield to Lima, N. Y., in March, 1791, and it is claimed that he could not have known in regard to a colt that Justin Morgan took to Vermont in 1795. In 1879 the advertisements of True Briton for the seasons of 1785, 1788 and 1789 were found. These proved that True Briton was not the sire of Justin Morgan, as he was got in 1792. The True Briton colt that John Morgan knew of Justin Morgan's taking to Vermont, was one taken to Vermont in 1788, when he removed there, and was got in 1785, the season that Justin Morgan kept True Briton, and the original Morgan horse was another colt that Justin Morgan took to Vermont in 1795 that John Morgan knew nothing about. They would not admit that Justin Morgan's son made a mistake in the year that his father took the horse or colt to Vermont. It was the year 1795 for a certainty. Mr. Wallace accepted this theory, says the sire of the Justin Morgans is not known, and talks as though his blood was Dutch, because Mr. Morgan's son said his father called him a Dutch horse. They seemed to have forgotten the statement of John Morgan, that he kept True Briton the season he sired the colt that he knew Justin Morgan took to Vermont. The advertisement of John Morgan for True Briton, the season of 1788-9 showed that the colt he meant was not taken to Vermont in 1788, as the colt he meant was then born.

This grand list of Justin Morgan are soon found, and it is learned that when John Morgan removed to Lima, N. Y., he left a son John, of a few years of age, at Springfield; that the son visited the father at Lima when nineteen years of age; that the father visited Springfield; that his son removed to Belows Falls, Vt., in 1829, and to Windsor, Vt., in 1833; that he visited his father at Lima while living at Windsor, and his father must have learned from him in regard to the Morgan horses of Vermont, and it was how he was so well posted in regard to them.

Mr. Wallace published the third volume of the "Trotting Register" the last of the year 1879. He says nothing in it about the pedigree of the horse Justin Morgan. In 1882 Mr. Wallace publishes his fourth volume of the "Trotting Register." He is silent in it in regard to the pedigree of the horse Justin Morgan, and it stands now as he gives it in the first volume: "Justin Morgan, b. h., by True Briton." The time he was foaled and taken to Vermont should be corrected, for if he was sired by True Briton the season John Morgan kept him, he was not foaled in 1793 and taken to Vermont in 1795.

ALLEN W. THOMSON.

FARM FOR SALE!

Known as the "Old General Cook" farm, containing 25 acres more or less, situated in the south part of the town of Middlebury, 4 miles from the village, and only 2 miles from store, post office and church; is well watered and

BUILDINGS ARE IN GOOD REPAIR. There is a rider mill on the place in excellent running order, which will be sold with the farm if purchaser desires. Reason for selling: Poor health of my wife and change necessary to her recovery. Terms easy. For further particulars write to or enquire of

H. S. TUTTLEBY, Middlebury, Vt. Sept. 11, 1882.

NOTICE. The noted stock ram "H. C. Burwell 165" will make the season from now until Oct. 20, at the farm of H. C. Burwell, Bridport, Vt.

UNWASHED WOOL Wanted at 15 to 20 cts. for medium and 15 to 10 cts. for fine. ON MONDAYS. U. D. TWITCHELL.

WANTED—PERMANENT AND PROFITABLE POSITIONS—By an old and prominent Life Company, a few energetic and responsible men who will devote their entire time to the business, to act as General Agents. To such men rare inducements will be offered, including guarantees. All policies non-forfeiting and non-contestable by their own conditions after three payments. Endowment policies at life rates, new and popular plans. Experience not necessary, but experienced and successful men who desire to change will find it greatly to their interest to correspond with us before making any arrangements. Address, Drawer 633, Albany, N. Y.

E. W. HOPKINS, MONTPELIER, VERMONT, STATE AGENT FOR Charles Scribner's Sons NEW YORK.

ALLEN'S HAY FEVER AND THROAT TROUBLES. CURE NETRAGIA, SERVICIOUSNESS, BRONCHITIS AND ALLERGIAS—Sesquiterpene. Price 50c a box at Druggists or by Mail. Allen Cocaine Mfg. Co., 1254 Broadway, N. Y.

JAMES G. HAINES' GREAT HISTORY. Outlets all other books. Hon. J. W. Hobart, Vermont, has taken it up as another selection. In Mr. Haines' "Great History" will never put the Allen, who sold the whole." Hon. Allen, "I have never known it to be so good a history." Agents make from \$200 to \$1000 per month. Address, The Weekly Register, 200 South Street, New York.

INVESTMENTS. Seven per cent, net, payable semi-annually. First Mortgage Farm Loans negotiated and fully guaranteed by Thompson & Walton, Bankers, Harper, Kansas. Mortgages for sale by A. A. FLETCHER, Middlebury, Vt.

CELERY COMPOUND CURES. Diseases of the Nerves, Kidneys, Liver, Stomach and Bowels, and acts as a BLOOD PURIFIER AND TONIC To the General System.

CELERY COMPOUND Cures Malarial diseases, and all cases, and to all suffering from any form of complaint caused by malaria it is specially recommended, inducing a healthy action of the system, and restoring its form. CELERY COMPOUND Is a Nerve Tonic which never fails. It strengthens and quiets the nervous system, and promotes regular and healthy action of the organs. CELERY COMPOUND Is the best medicine for Kidney Complaints in the market. It contains all of the best remedies for these diseases, and never fails to cure. CELERY COMPOUND Immediately relieves and permanently cures neuralgia, sciatica, rheumatism, and all diseases of the stomach and bowels, with none of the evils attendant upon the use of powerful cathartics. CELERY COMPOUND Strengthens the stomach, and stimulates the digestive organs, making it one of the best cures known for dyspepsia, indigestion, etc. CELERY COMPOUND Will relieve and cure rheumatism and neuralgia. In acute and obstinate cases of rheumatism, add one-fourth ounce of Potassium iodide to each bottle, then use the medicine frequently according to directions, and it will cure you. CELERY COMPOUND Is the safest and most reliable remedy for all the diseases incident to females, as those named on the wrapper. CELERY COMPOUND Is prepared by an experienced and accomplished physician who has had 30 years' experience in compounding medicines. Its ingredients are purely vegetable, consisting of roots, herbs, barks, seeds and flowers, the virtues of which are given in the label of every bottle. It is the best medicine in the world for aged people, quacking, bracing and restoring the system.

CELERY COMPOUND Is sold at \$1.00 per bottle, or 25¢ per dozen, and may be obtained of every wholesale and retail druggist in the United States or of the proprietors, M. K. FAIRBANKS, Windsor, Vt. To introduce The Celery Compound in places where druggists do not have it in stock, I will, on receipt of two dollars, send two bottles to any address in New England, securely packed and express charges paid, to your nearest express office. A. G. FISHER, General Western Agent, 51 Walnut Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

CASTORIA for Infants and Children. "Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ASCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y. Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Rills Worms, Diarrhoea, Indigestion, Sour Stomach, gives sleep, and promotes digestion. Without injurious medication. THE CASTORIA COMPANY, 192 Fulton Street, N. Y.

Central Vt. Railroad.

"EASTERN" STANDARD TIME. COMMENCING JUNE 28, 1882. Trains will leave Middlebury as follows:

GOING SOUTH AND WEST. 3:36 a m NIGHT EXPRESS, from New York for Montreal, Ogdensburg and the West, stopping at Montreal daily except Mondays. 7:50 a m LOCAL EXPRESS—for Burlington. 3:18 p m EXPRESS MAIL, from Troy, New York, New London, Springfield, St. Albans, Montpelier, Burlington and the West. 6:10 p m EXPRESS, from New York Albany and Troy for Burlington, St. Albans, Montpelier, and the West. 9:57 a m GOING SOUTH AND EAST. EXPRESS, for Boston, Worcester, New London, Springfield and New York, also Troy, Albany and New York, via Sagor. Drawing Room car to New York, arriving 7 p. m.; also Pullman Drawing Room car, Rutland and Burlington, arriving 10 p. m. MIXED, for Rutland and intermediate stations. 10:20 p m NIGHT EXPRESS, for Troy, Albany, New York, Boston, a Sleeping car through to New York and also to Boston.

ADDITIONAL RAILROAD. Going South—6:35 a m—Mixed train leaves Ticonderoga for Lenoir Junction, arriving 8:30. Going North—5:50 p m—Mixed train leaves Lenoir Junction, arriving at Ticonderoga 7:20. Through Tickets for Chicago and the West for sale at the principal stations.

S. W. CUMMINGS, General Passenger Agent. J. W. HOBART, General Manager.

Farm Mortgages. We have sold first mortgages on improved farms for twelve years, and our record is NOT ONE DOLLAR LOST. Not a Single Foreclosure. Following is a brief description of a few recent mortgages on hand to-day. Interest and principal paid in full.

Number.	Amt. of Loan.	Appraised Val'n.
1,099	\$150	\$1,300
1,217	900	3,750
1,375	800	3,200
1,917	1,000	4,500

We will send the papers for examination on request, and refer to any bank in Rutland, Vt., Aug. 1, 1882. S. M. DORRIS' SONS, Rutland, Vt., Aug. 1, 1882.

LEGAL NOTICES. COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE—Estate of John M. King. The undersigned, having been appointed by the Hon. Probate Court for the District of Addison commissioners, to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against the estate of John M. King, late of Middlebury, in said district, deceased, and all claims exhibited in offset thereto, hereby give notice that he will meet for the purposes aforesaid, at H. D. Maynard's office in said Middlebury, on the 28th day of October and 11th day of March next, from nine o'clock a. m. until four o'clock p. m., each of said days, and that six months from the 11th day of September, A. D. 1882, is the time limited by said court for said creditors to present their claims to us for examination and allowance.

Dated at Middlebury, this 24th day of September, A. D. 1882. G. L. HARRINGTON, J. HENRY D. MANNARD, JAMES D. SULLIVAN, J. M. BAKER, Com'rs.

STATE OF VERMONT. District of Addison. Be it remembered, that at a session of the probate court holden at Middlebury, within and for said district, on the 24th day of September, A. D. 1882, Present, Hon. Lyman E. Knapp, Judge. Whereas, a certain instrument in writing, under seal, purporting to be the last will and testament of Moses J. Clark, late of Orwell, in said district, deceased, having been exhibited in said court, hereby give notice that we will meet for the purposes aforesaid, at the dwelling house of G. L. Harrington, in Middlebury, on the 28th day of October, and 11th day of March next, from nine o'clock a. m. until four o'clock p. m., each of said days, and that six months from the 11th day of September, A. D. 1882, is the time limited by said court for said creditors to present their claims to us for examination and allowance.

Dated at Middlebury, this 24th day of September, A. D. 1882. G. L. HARRINGTON, J. HENRY D. MANNARD, JAMES D. SULLIVAN, J. M. BAKER, Com'rs.

STATE OF VERMONT. District of Addison. Be it remembered, that at a session of the probate court holden at Middlebury, within and for said district, on the 24th day of September, A. D. 1882, Present, Hon. Lyman E. Knapp, Judge. Whereas, C. R. Abel, administrator of the estate of Justus Benson, late of Orwell, in said district, deceased, has this day presented to said court his petition in writing, setting forth that it will be necessary to sell a part of the real estate of said deceased, for the payment of the debts and charges of administration; and also that it will be beneficial to all parties interested therein to sell the whole of the real estate of said deceased, and therein making application of said court for license to make such sale. It is ordered, that all persons interested in the estate of said deceased be notified to appear before said court, at the probate office in Middlebury, in said district, on the 11th day of October, A. D. 1882, at 10 o'clock a. m., by publication of this order, three weeks successively previous thereto in the Middlebury Register, a newspaper printed at Middlebury, aforesaid, to show cause, if any they may have, why said license should not be granted, and if granted, what terms should be attached thereto.

Dated at Middlebury, this 24th day of September, A. D. 1882. G. L. HARRINGTON, J. HENRY D. MANNARD, JAMES D. SULLIVAN, J. M. BAKER, Com'rs.