

FLOWERS.

Flowers, of all created things, the most simple, and most supurbly comely things for childhood, ornaments of life, and companions of the cold corpse! Flowers, beloved by the wand'ring, and studied by the deep-thinker of science! Flowers, that unceasingly expand to heaven their grateful, and their cheerful looks—partners of human sorrows; fit emblems of the victor's triumphs, of the young blushes; welcome to the crowded and graceful upon solitary graves! Flowers are in the volume of nature, what expression 'God is love' is in volume of man. What a desolate place would the world without a flower! It would be a without a smile—a feast without a wine. Are not flowers the stars of the earth? One cannot look closely at the flowers of a flower without loving it. They are the creation, and they are the means of man's love to his fellow-creatures; for they first awakened in his sense of the beautiful and good. They are the flowers of his intellect, and great beauty; for they lead us to the great and superior to all selfishness, that they are pretty lessons in the book of instruction, teaching man to live not by bread, or from bread, but that he hath another, than an animal.

Dead Napoleon.—The following account of the manner in which the body of the late Emperor was made ready for the tomb, will, we suspect, to many of our readers, be new. It is copied by a London paper from the Ceylon Chronicle, and is of that latter journal vouches for its authenticity.

General Millington's Memorandum.—On the 6th of May, 1821, I was ordered to attend divine service, to be in coffin for Gen. Napoleon Bonaparte. On Monday the 7th, I was ordered to attend the funeral of the late General Bonaparte, for the purpose of preparing the body of General Bonaparte in the tin coffin, which was performed in the following manner, in presence of his Bertrand and Montholon, Mad. and the French chaplain, the French Consul, Mr. A. Darling, Dr. Rushop, H. regiment of foot, several of the French Legion, and Samuel Ley, private in the Legion. The body of the late General Bonaparte, in full dress, was placed in a tin coffin, which was lined with white silk and cotton. His cocked hat was laid across his thighs, and on the right of his coat was a gold star and several pieces of coin, of various and different value, were also put into the coffin. His heart was deposited in a silver urn, or urn filled with spirits, to be used as a lid or cover of the same. A watch was placed between his legs. A silver mug was placed in a silver mug which there was spirit, which was also in the coffin. A silver plate, knife, fork, spoon, and a silver cup were also deposited in the coffin. Subsequent to placing the body of the general in the coffin, the tin coffin being lined with white silk and cotton, was put in its place, and the coffin was closed. The General Bonaparte and all the mentioned articles. This tin coffin, with its contents, was then enclosed in a baggy coffin, and they were enclosed in a coffin, which made in all three coffins. [ABRAHAM MILLINGTON, sergeant of artillery.]

Friendship.—How tiresome do all the cares of the world appear, when compared with the happiness of a faithful, tenacious, and enlightened friendship? How do we shake off the soul, where our emotions are free, and feelings generous, and our sentiments unbiassed; where mutual confidence of thoughts and actions, pleasures and pains, uninterrupted; where the heart is led with joy on the path of virtue, and the mind comforted by happiness into the bowers of truth; every thought is anticipated before it comes from the lips; where advice, counsel, and succor, are reciprocally given in all the accidents and misadventures of life? The soul thus animated by the arm of friendship, springs from its bosom, and views the irradiating light of hope breaking on its repose. The tear of sorrow steal down the cheek of one—the other with affection tenderly away. The deepest sorrows resist the consolation which flows from the intercourse of hearts so tenderly, so closely united? The only misfortune of which they have any fear is the loss of each other, separation and death. Zimmerman.

EXERCISE OF THE LAW.—The trial of Wilson, who, it may be remembered, was Speaker of the Arkansas House of Representatives during the last session, and down from his Chair and slew T. T. Anthony with a Bowie knife, floor of the House, took place a few days ago. The verdict of the Jury was guilty of murder but excusable homicide. Louisville Journal.

Misses in Mississippi. The Grand Jury, Advertiser of the 26th ult. says: Citizens of Canton, Madison county, in late, recently held a public meeting, at which they passed resolutions to suppress the game of gambling, and drive the gamblers from the precincts of their town.

FEMALE INFLUENCE.

The influence of woman is bounded by nothing short of the limits of the universe. She must have her share from China—her silver from the bowels of the earth. The back of the innocent kid must be stripped to supply her with shoes; and the jaws of the great whale are broken to render her upright. Nor is her influence confined to merchandise alone. Every one knows that she makes fashion hop and skip like young rams, turn a dozen somersets in a month, and become today so different from what it was yesterday that it is surprised at its universality. Woman—imperial woman now commands that sleeves as large as Lauriate's balloon shall hide the form of their arms—now that those delicate limbs shall be squeezed into slender bags which almost show every particular vein which runs beneath the surface. Again, what is not her influence over men? To say nothing of the hangings, drawings, and poisonings which have been accomplished for her sake, how often have men pointed the fatal pistol or steel at each other's breast to establish their claims to her love. Of her fluency of speech it is needless to talk. What man can hold an argument with her? She can silence the closest reasoner by not giving him an opportunity to speak; and if she cannot compel him to be a listener, she can at least make him a silent hearer. Who that thinks of these things can doubt that woman exercises a tremendous influence upon the destinies of the world? Who but must bow before her importance in the scale of beings? Truly nothing can match a woman but another woman. Boston Pearl.

Arrest of another gang of Counterfeiters.—Our vigilant officers of Police, Messrs. Homan, Merritt, and Sparks, have been for some weeks on the qui vive for a gang of counterfeiters who have long infested the city and vicinity, and have at length succeeded in discovering the fountain head.

Two young men, Alexander Seely and Madison Hawks, already arrested, are, it seems, the chief actors in the drama, and are charged with the issue of counterfeit \$5 on the Bank of New York, and \$3 on the Utica Bank, and also with the crime of several daring burglaries recently committed in this city. The officers some time since were informed that suspicious looking persons were frequently seen going into a store in Dey street, where Seely was employed as a Clerk, after the owners had left for the evening, and there remain to a late hour at night, the store being closed and locked inside. The officers, by keeping strict watch of the premises were convinced, that some villainy was on foot, and on Thursday one of them overheard Seely say to Hawks, "it is nearly completed and will be given out to night." Hawks was then watched and followed to a secure distance from the neighborhood, when he was arrested, and in his possession was found a large amount of goods which had been stolen from the neighborhood of the rendezvous of villainy.

A Novel Case.—A man was arrested in this village on Tuesday last for stealing a two dollar Rochester shin-plaster. A Court of special sessions was organized, and the light fingered gentleman arraigned for trial. The fact was proved, we believe, to the satisfaction of every one present, that the prisoner had stolen the "thing" in question. Having established this fact beyond all doubt, the testimony in behalf of the people was here closed. The counsel for the prisoner now moved the court to discharge his client from arrest, on the ground that he had committed no crime known to the laws of the state; the issuing of these shin-plasters by the Corporation of Rochester was against the express provision of the statute; that they were void from their inception, and not collectable by law; and that, therefore, the prisoner could not, by the laws of the State, be convicted for stealing what was emphatically nothing. The court, after an examination of the authorities, came to the same conclusion, and the prisoner was discharged. —Batavia (N. Y.) Times.

Go to work. It is the law this year—a law not indeed made by our political Legislature, but enacted by the House of public opinion, concurred in by the Senate of public patriotism, and approved by the Executive of public justice, that every citizen of Maine, who has elbow grease enough left to wield a hoe, from farmers and editors down, down to merchants and lawyers, shall go to work and plant a piece of land. If he is so poor as not to own a farm or a good garden spot, it is his duty to hire or beg the use of a patch to be devoted to potatoes, corn, mangel wurtzel, carrots or some other edibles for man or beast. This is the true way to terminate these hard times. He who produces something from the earth, does just so much to make the times easier; he who produces nothing, deserves to complain in earnest of his poverty. [Gospel Banner.]

COPY RIGHT LAW. We understand that several suits have been instituted in the District Court of the United States, against Authors and Publishers, for inserting, on works recently published, a notice that they had been entered for Copy Right, without having so entered them. The penalty is \$100. [United States Gazette.]

A HINT.—Those young ladies who endeavor to imitate that ugly little insect, the wasp, by pinching their waist till the thumb and finger may span it, are sure to please one class, and only one—the medical profession—for from such folly springs various diseases, and fee for medical advice is the consequence.—Post.

Treasury Notes.—The new emissions at 6 per cent interest begin to appear, and now sell at par of Bank paper in New York. It is a remarkable fact, however, of these Notes, that New York is the only city now, where these Notes are at a specie par, the chosen Government test of its own currency! It is remarkable too, that a Government which discredits specie paying Bank Notes, is obliged to add 6 per cent interest to its own Notes, to make them of a par value of the Notes it discredits, which bear no interest at all! It is remarkable again, that a Government which has been nine years in pursuit of a gold and silver currency, is ending that pursuit in the creation of \$20,000,000 of "irredeemable paper" which is under specie par in 25 of the 26 States. Indeed there could not be a better circulating medium upon the charlatancy of the Administration of the Government, than this circulating medium it has created.—of Post Notes, redeemable one year after date, bearing upon it interest, which none even of the "Rag Barons" here, will receive in deposit.—N. Y. Express.

Interesting Pension Case.—Among the large number of Pension bills that were passed in the House of Representatives last Saturday, was one in which the pension was claimed under peculiar circumstances. It was that of Benjamin Gannet, who claimed a pension in right of his wife, Deborah Shurtleff, who enlisted in April, 1781, in one of the Massachusetts regiments, and served two years in the war of the Revolution after which she was honorably discharged having been seriously wounded at Tarrytown, in 1783. She married, received a pension, as in the case of widows of Revolutionary soldiers. The bill passed without any opposition.—N. Y. Jour. of Com.

FROM SPAIN.—A movement has occurred in the North of Spain, which may be productive of important consequences. Murragary, a man about thirty years of age, of good family and education, owning extensive iron mines, and formerly attached to General Quesada, has raised the standard of independence in the Basque Provinces, and issued a proclamation to the Navarrese and Guipuscoans. Murragary had 400 men under him on the 13th instant, mostly persons connected with wealthy and noble families.—His band had taken an oath to separate themselves from Don Carlos, whom they denounced as the author of the desolation of their country. A body of Carlists, under General Ikerri, had attacked Murragary, but were repulsed; and it was deemed probable, that a union of the Northern Provinces with a Junta at Vastegui would be established. The military operations in other provinces have lately been favorable to the Queen.

GREENACRE OUTDORE.—Accounts from Bagueres (Haunts Pyrenees), the 25th of March, state that the arrondissement of Bagueres de Bigorre has just been the theatre of an atrocious crime. A man has been murdered, first by means of a heavy mallet for splitting wood; then bled from the throat; and finally dispatched by repeated blows of a hatchet. The limbs were then separated from the trunk, the trunk enclosed in a charcoal sack, and the whole, after being carried across precipices to the highest of the mountain, thrown into a deep hole of the depth of 150 feet. The unhappy victim lived with his wife, a young woman of 22, and his mother-in-law, in a dilapidated cottage, situated in the wildest part of the common, called the Haute Nortez. He had for some time lived on bad terms with these two women, on the subject of some disputes a boot property, intermixed with some jealousy of another female; and they appear to have determined, with the most deliberate premeditation, to get rid of him by violence. Both assert their claims to the largest share in the murder. Both with unprecedented sang froid have detailed all the frightful minutiae of the event, which surpass in horror all that has been recorded of similar deeds of blood. These two women are at present under the hands of justice in the prison of Bagueres. The unhappy victim of their revengeful atrocity, was a Spaniard.—Constitutionnel.

THE YOUNG FRENCH PRINCE.—The Prince de Joinville seems laudably anxious to inform himself of the true condition of our country, her arts, manufactures, and resources. During yesterday he visited several of our public institutions, and in the course of the morning, examined the steam paper mill and extensive printing establishments connected with the office of this paper. He is modest, unassuming, and gentlemanly in his manners and deportment.

The Prince was accompanied by the French Consul for Philadelphia, and several officers of the French navy.—[Philad. Inquirer of yesterday.]

A Cow in School.—On Wednesday, as two boys were driving a cow up Rutland street, the animal, becoming unruly, made its way into St. George's girls' school, and dexterously managed to walk up 19 stairs into the school room. There were nearly 100 little girls in the room, whose screams and cries made the cow more unruly and vicious, but fortunately she did not injure any of them, although she dodged them for nearly three quarters of an hour. The animal was with much difficulty finally induced to descend the stairs, and release the little flock from their terrors.—Derby (Eng.) Rep.

A Hint for Florists.—It is stated as a singular fact that if a plant is drooping or dying in a hot house, it is almost sure of recovery if you place a plant of chamomile near it.—Pennsylvania.

FOR TROY, ALBANY, OR



The Western Country,

Via Brattleboro and Bennington.

LEAVES Chase's every morning (Sundays excepted) at 3 o'clock, and arrive at Troy and Albany same evening, where it intersects the great Western Canal, Steamboats for New York, Rail-road for Ballston and Saratoga Springs, Stages, Packets, &c. Passengers arriving at Troy or Albany, can procure passage for the West at almost any hour of the day, either by Stages, Packets or Rail-road.

This line also, leaves Baker and Walker's Stage office, Albany and Troy, for Bennington and Brattleboro, daily, Sundays excepted. An accommodation Stage will leave Albany for Bennington every morning at 10 o'clock, on the arrival of the Boat from New York, and Rail-Road from the West. Passengers going East, who arrive at Albany in the morning and take the Stage for Bennington, will not be subjected to riding in the night.

At Brattleboro, this line intersects with four different stage routes to Boston, and two for Lowell; also, Stages to Concord and all parts of New Hampshire, and the Connecticut River Line of Stages for Walpole, Bellows Falls, Charlesown, Hanover, and Haverhill. Passengers can go from Albany through to any of the above towns in two days.

Baggage Wagon to Troy.

A **BAGGAGE WAGON** will leave Brattleboro for Troy on Monday of each week, and will take Freight to Troy for 62 1-2 cents per hundred. Families from the vicinity of Brattleboro, going West, can have their effects carried to Troy and there stored or freighted, as directed. For further information, call on Dickinson & Curtis, River street, Troy, or the Agent at Chase's Hotel, or S. H. Bridge, Brattleboro. April, 1838. 33

Fashionable Millinery AND **DRESS MAKING.** MISS LUCY L. MILLER, RESPECTFULLY informs the Ladies of Newfane and vicinity, that she has opened a shop in Williamsville, and has commenced the MILLINERY and DRESS MAKING BUSINESS. She has received the latest FASHIONS, and will attend to all orders in the above business.

Leghorn, Florence, and Straw Bonnets. Repaired and Trimmed on short notice, and in the most approved style. A share of public patronage is solicited. Williamsville, May 14, 1838. 6w37

Cabinet Furniture, Chairs, Feathers & Painting.

THE subscriber continues to carry on his **CABINET, CHAIR, and PAINTING** business, in all their several branches, at his shop one door south of Dutton, Clark & Co. Instruction given as usual in all the branches of the Art of Painting Imitation Wood. All attended to promptly at low prices, as at any other place.

FEATHERS constantly for sale of the first quality, and prices as low as the lowest. Those wishing to pay Cash for any of the above articles will do well to call. ANTHONY VAN DOORN. Brattleboro, March, 1838. 1f26

PAINTING, &c.

HOUSE and Shop Painting—also, **Papering, White Washing, and Glazing,** done by the subscriber. He returns his thanks to the public for past patronage, and hopes still to merit a continuance. Paints mixed cheap and good. All work will be done in a workmanlike manner, and cheap. Please to call. **Shop over E. Furness's.** ALEXANDER CAPEN. Brattleboro, Feb. 1838. 1f23

PAINTING.

THE subscriber has removed to the building opposite G. Bugbee's Hotel, where he will attend to all kinds of **ORNAMENTAL and CHAIR PAINTING; Wood, Stone, and Marble Imitations.** ALSO **SIGN PAINTING and GLAZING.** HOUSE PAINTING & PAPERING, in this and other towns in the vicinity.

PAINTS mixed as usual and warranted to dry well. **BOILED OIL.** Japan, and Putty, kept on hand for SALE. A good assortment of **Cabinet Furniture & Chairs,** for sale at low prices.

Cabinet Furniture taken in exchange for Painting Chairs. Old Furniture Repaired and Varoished. F. VAN DOORN. Brattleboro, March, 1838. 1f26

BOOK BINDING.

OLD BOOKS Rebound, PAMPHLETS, PERIODICALS, NEWSPAPERS, &c. &c. &c. bound to order on short notice and on reasonable terms, in a superior manner.—**BLANK BOOKS** of every description ruled to pattern and bound to order.

ALL Orders sent by Mail or otherwise, will meet with prompt attention by the subscribers, at the BRATTLEBORO BOOK BINDERY, PECK & POMEROY.

N. B. 500 Doz. EGGS wanted for Cash. Jan. 1838. 3mo20

Hall & Townsley

HAVE just received from New York, a very general assortment of **GOODS** comprising almost every article usually kept at a country Store—all of which are offered for sale on reasonable terms, for CASH, at almost all kinds of Produce or good credit. Brattleboro, May 23, 1838. 39

Drugs and Medicine.

WILLISTON & TYLER, HAVE recently replenished their Stock of **MEDICINES** with a careful selection of the most approved articles now in use.

—Also,—**Surgeon's Pocket Cases** of Instruments, Lancets, Tooth Keys, Forceps, &c. &c. Physicians and Families supplied with pure Medicines on the most favorable terms.

—Also,—a new supply of Dye Stuffs, Dye Woods, Indigo, &c. May 9, 1838. 6w36

THE Stage Fare from East Townshend, Vt. to Lowell, Worcester, and Boston, via Brattleboro, is now reduced from former prices. Also, to Springfield, Mass. WM. M. BROOKS, Agent. May, 1838. 39

THE subscribers offer the services of two good Jacks at the stable of J. Smith, Brattleboro, and will pay the highest price for stables at 4 1-2 months old. SMITH & LYMAN. May 22, 1838. 38

Hard-Ware Goods.

BENCH PLANES, Moulding tools, Cast Steel Augers and Bits, Plane Irons, Raps, Files, Chisels, Gauges, Hand and back Saws, &c. Cast Saws and Carpenter's tools generally. Glass Commode Knobs; Draw Chest and trunk Locks; Screws, Butts, Brads, English Brass Kettles, Saddlery and Harness Trimmings, Carriage lace, Shoe-thread, Kid, Moroccoes and Bindings, just received for sale by WILLISTON & TYLER. May 9, 1838. 6w36

GEO. B. BLAKE & CO. IMPORTERS OF DRY GOODS AND DEALERS IN WOOLLENS, No. 88 Milk-street, nearly opposite Kilby-street, BOSTON, MASS. Geo. B. Blake, Jan. 15, 1838. 1y2

STATE OF VERMONT.

District of Marlboro, ss. THE Probate Court for the district of Marlboro, to all persons interested in the estate of APOLLOS CLAPP, late of Vernon, in said district, deceased, testate,

GREETING. WHEREAS, Cyrus Washburn, executor of the last will and testament of the said deceased, proposes to render an account of his administration of said estate, at the Probate Court to be held at Col. Chase's Inn in Brattleboro, on the last Wednesday of July next;—Therefore you are hereby notified to appear before said Court at the time and place above named, to shew cause, if any you have why the said account should not be allowed. Given under my hand and the seal of said Court at Brattleboro, in said district, this 29th day of May, A. D. 1838. DANA HYDE, Judge.

STATE OF VERMONT. **District of Marlboro, ss.** THE Probate Court for the district of Marlboro, to all persons interested in the estate of EBENEZER SCOTT, late of Vernon, in said district, deceased, intestate,

GREETING. WHEREAS, Cyrus Washburn, administrator of the estate of said deceased, proposes to render an account of his administration at the Probate Court to be held at P. Chase's Inn in Brattleboro, on the last Wednesday of July next;—Therefore you are hereby notified to appear before said Court at the time and place aforesaid, to shew cause, if any you have, why the said account should not be allowed. Given under my hand and the seal of said Court at Brattleboro, in said district, this 29th day of May, A. D. 1838. DANA HYDE, Judge.

American Truss.

JACQUITH'S PATENT. More Testimony in Favor of Jaquith's Truss, from Washington City, D. C.

I have examined Jaquith's Truss and believe it better adapted for the cure of Hernia than any other instrument of the kind that has yet come before the public, and recommend them to all afflicted with that disease, as an article well calculated to give them relief. ALEX. M. WILLIAMS, Physician to the Washington Infirmary. Washington City, D. C. Dec. 20, 1837. I fully concur with Doct. Williams in the above opinion in regard to Jaquith's Truss. THOS. R. MILLER, M. D. Washington City, Dec. 21, 1837. I have in several cases applied Jaquith's Truss, and conclude with Dr. Williams and Miller, in their opinion of the same. J. P. VAN TYLER. Washington City, Dec. 21, 1837. Certificate from Rev. Joseph Marsh, Hinsdale, N. H. Agreeable to your request that I would make a statement relative to the Truss obtained at your shop, I do hereby certify that for two or three years past I have been afflicted with the Hernia, and have at times suffered much pain thereby, and that by the application of Jaquith's Truss, I was immediately relieved of that pain, and have been as I trust, after wearing it a few weeks, effectually cured. Physicians and other gentlemen who take an interest in improvements which tend to alleviate human suffering, are invited to call and examine the Truss manufactured and for sale by JOHN BURNHAM, Jr. one door south of the High School. Brattleboro, April, 1838. 32

SILK DYEING.

A. E. DWINELL, having received an Agency for the above business, will receive Goods at his Store for Dyeing—such as Silk and Merino Dresses, Shawls, Veils, Hdkfs, Ribbons, Merinos, Silks, Linen and colored Goods, &c. &c. Brattleboro, May 2, 1838. 35

Spring Goods.

AUSTIN BIRCHARD HAS just received from Boston a fresh supply of **SPRING GOODS**, which, added to his former stock makes his assortment very full and complete—

Consisting in part of the following articles: Black, blue, elate, bottle and invisible green, brown, dahlia, drab and mix'd

Broadcloths and Cassimeres. Plain, ribb'd and corded BUCKSKINS; Light and dark Vestings, an elegant assortment; Eng. French and American PRINTS, at greatly reduced prices; Printed Jaconets and French Muslins, small figures, and very elegant;

French, Eng. and Scotch Gingham; Plain, fig'd, corded and plaid Cambricks; Fine Bishop's Lawns; book, Swiss, mull, and Cambrick Muslins; 4-4 bobinet Laces; Footings; thread Laces; edgings and insertings; Elegant Black Lace VELTS; White, black, and green blond gauze do; An elegant assortment of Bonnet and Cap Ribbons; plain Satin and Taffeta do; Black Italian, gro de Swiss, gro de Bulin and gro de Noy, Silks; Brown, green, ash and Fawn col'd, Po de Soi, Bulin and Gro de Nep Silks, rich and elegant.

White and col'd Satins and Flounces; An elegant assortment Fancy Hdkfs & Shawls; Black Italian, Eng. and French Gravate; Flagg and Pongee Hdkfs; Linen Damasks; Black Silk Veltets; do Satine; Irish Linens; Bleached, brown and col'd Table Cloths; Napkins; Russia Diapers; Crash; Ladies and gent. Gloves and Hose; A full assortment DRILLINGS, FRENCH LINES, CANTON, &c. &c. for gent. and youths' summer wear, all at the most reduced prices; Bleach'd Cottons; 8 bales Sheetings and Shirtings; Bad Ticking; Twill'd Cottons; Wadding; Batting; Wicking; Cotton Yarn; &c. &c. &c.

The above with a great variety of other desirable goods which we have not time to particularise, have been purchased at a very small advance from the lowest package prices, and will be offered for sale at corresponding low rates in exchange for Butter, Cheese, Grain, Tow Cloth, Fleeced Wool, &c. and on short approved Credit. Purchasers are respectfully invited to call and examine before they buy—and they may rest assured they will find it for their interest to do so. Fayetteville, May 7, 1838.

Teas, Groceries, &c.

7 Chests Fresh Teas; 3000 lbs prime Codfish; Bbls Mackerel, per next Boat; Cannedish, common Junk, &c. &c. &c. and Spr hand

3000 lbs. do. low priced, for washing Sheep; Lard and brown Sugars; Spices, &c.; with a general assortment of Wines, Spirits, &c.; Course and fine Salt; 6 by 8 and 7 by 9 Window Glass; Also, a full supply of Nails, Iron and Steel, expected per the first Boats; Also, a full assortment Paints & Oils on hand. Also, Crockery, Glass and China WARES; Hard and Hollow do; Cast Steel and Iron Shovels; Hoes; Axes, &c. For sale by AUSTIN BIRCHARD. Fayetteville, May 7, 1838. 6w37

Stage Fare Reduced.

Fare reduced on the Connecticut River Line of Stages from Brattleboro to Hartford, and from Brattleboro to Hartford.

THE old Mail line leaves Brattleboro for Hartford, every morning, Sundays excepted, at 3 o'clock. Fare \$4.25. The Telegraph Mail leaves for Hartford, at 6 o'clock, A. M., daily.—Fare \$5.50. For Haverhill, N. H., the old Mail line leaves at 4 o'clock, every morning, Sundays excepted.—Fare \$4.50. The Telegraph Mail leaves for Haverhill, at 11 o'clock, A. M., daily.—Fare \$6.00.

Extras will be furnished when necessary for all stages on the above line. L. FARR, Proprietor. Brattleboro, April 20, 1838. 34

PERIODICALS.

N. Sleeper, of Chelsea, Vt. WOULD respectfully give notice, that he is Agent of the following periodicals for the state of Vermont, namely: North American Review, Reprint of the Four Quarters, N. Y. Review, American Journal of Science and Arts, American Biblical Repository, Literary and Theological Review, American Jurist and Law Magazine, Christian Examiner, Boston Quarterly Review, National Portrait Gallery of Distinguished Americans, American Monthly Magazine, Bentley's Miscellany, Knickerbocker, Museum of Foreign Literature, Science and Arts, Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine, U.S. Magazine & Democratic Rev'n, Law Library, Annals of Education, The Metropolitan Magazine, Journal of the Franklin Institute, Gentlemen's Magazine; Family Magazine, Parley's Magazine for Children, The Lady's Book, Ladies' Companion, Sunday School Teacher, Horticultural Register, Magazine of Horticulture Botany, Library of Health, Religious Magazine, Christian Spectator, Southern Literary Messenger, Select Medical Library and Electric Journal of Medicine, edited by John Bell, M. D. Monthly, American Medical Library and Intelligence; edited by Robley Dunglison, M. D. Semi-monthly, American Journal of Medical Science, Quarterly, British and Foreign Medical Review, Medical Chirurgical Review, Boston Medical and Surgical Journal, Medical Examiner, Wallie's Select Library & New York Mirror;—and he will furnish any of the above works at the shortest notice, to order, or any one wishing to be furnished with back numbers, can be accommodated by calling two doors north of the Methodist Church, Main St. Chelsea village. March 1, 1838. 6mo29