

the reply and sending it to the said American merchants, Sturgis and others, for their obedience, until all the particulars, I issue this edict, that all merchantmen who come to Canton to trade may fully know its contents; let them accord their obedience.—When your ships arrive and have proceeded to the Bogue, let them wait until the boats from the admiral have examined that there be nothing contraband, nor any warlike weapons on board, when the pilot will carry them to Whampoa. They are not to anchor within the Chain passage, nor are they to loiter and grope about, delaying their entrance. It is right that all be obedient and not oppose. A Special Edict.

Taonkwang, 19 year, 8 month, 11 day—Sept. 18, 1839.

Loco Focoism.—How it Works. We lately conversed with a highly respectable gentleman from Wayne county, who informed us that throughout Western New York the "pressure" is felt by the farmer to a degree hitherto unparalleled in this country. "Literally," said our informant, "there is no money in that section of the State. The barns of the farmers are full of grain, but there are no purchasers. It cannot be sold at any price for cash, because there is no cash. It cannot be sold on credit, for the merchants worthy of being trusted, are too prudent, in these times, to incur any pecuniary responsibilities beyond those which are imposed upon them by stern necessity. The consequence of this state of things is that notwithstanding their abundant crops, the farmers cannot raise sufficient money to pay their taxes; and hence the petitions pouring into the Legislature from all quarters of the State, praying that the season of collection be postponed."

"I have seen," continued the gentleman, "a field of corn sold under an execution, and bid off at FIVE CENTS per bushel! I was present at a constable's sale a few weeks ago, where a lot of twenty bushels of wheat was sold for ONE DOLLAR! I was," said he, "assignee of a merchant's stock, (the usual assortment of goods found in a country store) valued at \$3600. The sheriff had an execution levied on the goods at the time of the assignment, for \$500. We were all satisfied that by a cash sale of the entire stock of the value of \$3600, \$300 could not be realized, and I was therefore desired to hold the goods as assignee, to sell them at private sale on a credit, and to apply the first proceeds of such sale to satisfy the execution! This," added our informant, "is a fair specimen of the state of things in Western New York."

Our readers will admit that this picture is sufficiently gloomy—will it be brightened or darkened by the operation of the Sub-Treasury, and the destruction of all paper circulation? Farmers of Western New York look to it. "The fault is not in our stars, but in ourselves that we are underlings." The remedy is in your own hands. Burst the chain of party, consult your own and your country's interest, and you right the common wrong. If these hard times, the result of the deadly stabs which have been inflicted on the currency of the country by a corrupt and reckless Administration, shall induce but few or even few farmers in each town to abandon Mr. Van Buren, the revolution will be complete—prosperity will again visit the land, and the toil of the husbandman, as well as the enterprise of the merchant, and the industry of the mechanic, will receive its fair reward.—*Albany Week-Gazette.*

Thrilling Incident.—We extract the following from the "Lancaster Gazette." It transpired at a great meeting of the people of Fairfield county, who were favorable to the election of Gen. Harrison, Liberty and reform. There were more than a thousand persons present. Mr. Henry Stanberry addressed the audience and was repelling the charge of cowardice urged against Harrison by the Van Buren party, when he emphatically asked, whether there were not present those who fought with the gallant General?

This call was responded to by a venerated patriot, bending under the accumulation of seventy five years. The old man, trembling under his infirmities of body, roe—his now sluggish blood became warmed—his dimmed eyes kindled with indignation, and with a voice braced up by the law of truth and justice, the old man said: "Forty two years ago, I served with Harrison under Mad Anthony in fighting and whipping the Indians, and I saw him always where danger was the thickest, and where duty called. I know him to be brave, and he who says otherwise says false." And yet another aged soldier rose up to bear testimony to the bravery and patriotism of this venerated patriot in arms. "I too fought under Wayne forty-two years ago, side by side with the brave and gallant Harrison, who was then little more than a stripling boy, but a full grown man in deeds of daring and of valor. I know him to be a soldier and a soldier's friend; and how well I may have served my country on that occasion let this tell." The venerable old man here pointed to a scar left by a wound received in that campaign. The effect was electrical; a thousand voices responded to the statement of these venerated soldiers, and gave a pledge of their confidence in and attachment to the bravery and patriotism of Gen. Harrison.

Sprung a Leak!—Lake Jackson, a considerable body of water near Tallahassee, in Florida, has disappeared. The lake must have sprung a leak. There seems to be a fatality attending every thing called Jackson. Every ship or steamer called by that name meets with disaster, and the whole country nearly went to ruin under the same name.—*N. Y. Com.*

Slaughtered by Mr. Ira Corse, of Wilmington, three weeks since, a Cow,

| | |
|---------------------|----------|
| Weight, as follows, | |
| Hide and Beef, | 720 lbs. |
| Rough Tallow, | 160 " |
| Kidneys, | 70 " |
| | 968 " |

A LESSON FOR DEMAGOGUES.

The state of affairs in Pennsylvania is instructive and salutary. For years, the demagogues in & out of that State have lived on denunciation of the United States Bank. It has been their meat and drink. They have denounced its incorporation by the State as an act of fraud & treason—they have threatened to "strew salt on its foundations"—and have made their battle for years almost wholly on the ground of exterminating hostility to that institution. Their presses have reeked with the most astounding tales of its rottenness and corruption—how true or false we pretend not to judge, but if true, such as should ensure its universal condemnation.

At length the Bank, most unluckily for them!—has fallen completely into their power. There is no barrier between it and their (pretended) vindictive hatred. The Governor and both branches of the Legislature are of their own faith—the chosen champions of the "Anti-Bank" party. The Bank, by a remarkable coincidence, is in an unprotected condition—in a state of Suspension. It cannot resume at present. Not only, therefore, may its charter be repealed, if the "Anti-Bank" party desire it, but it stands ready to surrender if the State will agree to repay the bonus it has paid for its charter. Of course, that is no obstacle. None but highwaymen would think of reclaiming the privileges guaranteed to the Bank without returning the consideration for which they were granted.

Where now is the "Anti-Bank" Party? Following up the advantage they have so opportunely gained? Repeating or resuming the Charter of the Bank? Very clear of it! After making a valorous show of wrath—a mere feint of extermination—and finding both the Bank and their opponents disposed to let them have their own way, they take the back track! They abandon the Repeal of the Charter, postpone the Redemption of Specie Payments, and borrow \$400,000 of this very "Monster" to pay their own debts! Their Governor comes out with a Message, evidently concocted in full conclave, against the whole business, instructs his liege followers that, though they may declaim like demagogues to get power, they must act upon their responsibilities when they have got it. Such is the humiliating position—the naked exposure of the Loco-Foco imposture in Pennsylvania!—*Albany Daily Journal.*

The Lexington.—The New York Courier and Enquirer gives the following substance of what Mr. Crowley, the second mate, would have stated before the inquest, if the verdict had been delayed for the reception of his testimony.

That on the alarm of fire being given, he immediately proceeded to the spot whence it came, and there discovered six bales of cotton on fire, which had not then spread to any part of the wood work. That he immediately handed up to Capt. Manchester, who was on the promenade deck, three pails of water, and then with the deck hands and waiters continued to draw water and throw it on the fire; they did so without any confusion and with the most strenuous exertion, until they were driven away by the strength of the flames. That Capt. Child was among them, aiding and directing, and that it was not until all hopes of saving the boat were gone, that Capt. Child, in reply to an inquiry from some of the passengers of "what was to be done," replied in a collected manner, "Gentlemen, take to the boats," and then went off himself, which was the last time Mr. Crowley saw him. Crowley also states that before leaving the wreck he saw one of the quarter boats launched by some of the passengers, and called out to them "to put the plug in the boat," that he assisted one of the passengers to throw overboard "the hawser tub," and another "the chafing board," that he himself, at last threw over "a side plank" and jumped on it; soon afterward, swam to a bale of cotton which floated near him. While on this bale of cotton, he never lost his presence of mind, or his hope of escape, and noted the different points of land which he knew, as he floated past them.

On Tuesday—the morning after the misfortune—he saw the sloop Merchant pick up one or two of the persons who had been on board, and endeavored, by holding up his waistcoat, to attract their notice, but unavailingly; when the night of that day came on, he thought himself near Faulkland Island, and expected to drift ashore there, but finding himself exhausted, he, miraculous to state, composed himself on his bale of cotton, went to sleep, and slept soundly until morning. This part of his story seems almost incredible, but it has been repeated to us by two individuals, who had it from his own lips, and who say that, from his manner of relating it, they have no doubt of its truth.—Much revived by his sleep, he continued through the following day to make every exertion that his situation permitted to reach the land, which, however, he did not do until night. When he landed, he scaled the high bank on the shore, and was on the point of sitting down to rest himself, when a light at a short distance attracted his notice; he immediately got up, walked in the direction of the light, and reached the hospitable mansion of Mr. Huntingdon, at the moment his son had just arrived there from Huntingdon, and was relating to his parents the particulars of the loss of the Lexington. His unexpected appearance in the little family circle, pale and wretched, with his waistcoat wound round his head, naturally created a sensation; but he had scarce time to tell that he was one who had escaped from the scene of death, ere he received all the careful attention his situation required. His feet were badly frost-bitten, but in a few days he will, no doubt, be sufficiently recovered to reach the city.

Imprisonment for conscience sake.—Mr. Charles Stearns, of Greenfield, Mass. a clerk in the Anti-Slavery Depository in this city, was yesterday imprisoned in the Hartford County Jail, for refusing on account of conscientious scruples in regard to military warfare to pay a fine imposed upon him by Captain Merriman, of the Hartford Invincibles, for neglecting to perform military service last autumn.—*Hart. Courant.*

The Farmer of North Bend.—Some gentlemen a few days since visited the veteran, at his farm at North Bend, and found him, hail in hand, thrashing out wheat in his barn. This is the man whom office holders and destructives affect to despise.—He is the people's man, for he is one of them. He will thresh the little magician out of his magic, next November.—*Louisville Gazette.*

There's aristocracy for you—just such as a plain, republican people like. Contrast it with the democracy of Mr. Van Buren, rolling through Pennsylvania Avenue in his English coach, drawn by full blooded horses, and attended by servants in livery. The one earning the honest bread that sustains the hale old friend of the people and his country by the sweat of his brow—the other rioting on the people's money—spending foreign affluence and extravagance—sending his sons abroad to learn courtly customs—and despatching messengers to Europe to study the Monarchies and Despotisms of the Old World, for the purpose of engraving their slavish features into the glorious Republican Government established by the sages and patriots of '76, among whom ranked high the father of the venerable thrasher of North Bend.

What farmer—what free laborer can hesitate in his choice? Who does not prefer the humble thrasher, honest, faithful and capable as he has proved himself to be, by serving his country some thirty years in the field of peril and in the most responsible civil stations, without a blot or tarnish on his fair fame. The rich office holders may sneer at the "log cabin" and "threshing" candidate as they please; the people will take care of their friend and fellow laborer.

Cleveland Herald.

The Effects of Tory Slander.—The Ohio Freeman, hitherto a strong loco loco paper, thus indignantly rebukes the calumny with which the Van Buren party are pursuing General Harrison:

"O, it is cruel, too cruel, and too unjust for the patience of a generous people to hear one of the truest and bravest, and most worthy of their countrymen, traduced in character—his services defamed—and all the proud and noble darlings of his youth and prime of life, set at naught by the foul tongue of political slander! I am no partizan—and there are many others, who, like myself, have become politically heartsick! But we can stand another campaign, and we will stand another campaign, if it must needs be, in defence of the honest soldier who stood by us and our country, before many of those traducers were born, or found a peaceful asylum on her shores!"

Working Cows. The experiment of "ploughing with the heifer," has not yet been fairly tried among us. It is believed that a team of Cows properly managed will do all the ordinary work of a small farm and furnish as much milk as if the animals were not worked. The Maine Farmer publishes the result of an experiment in working cows, made by a Mr. Hoyt of Amesbury, Mass., many years ago. He was a small farmer, cultivating only twenty-five acres, from which he derived a support for himself and family. For breaking up and his other heavy operations, he usually obtained a stronger team, but performed the ordinary work on the farm with his two cows. He worked them three hours early in the morning and three more late in the afternoon, permitting them to rest during the interval, feeding them generously all the while, and milking them three times a day. It was a common remark that they furnished more butter and cheese than any other two cows in town. The experiment deserves a careful trial.—*Wor. Egis.*

It is stated that twenty four manufacturing establishments at Paterson have entirely suspended their operations, and that the men, women and children who were lately employed in them, are entirely idle, and very many of them literally dependent upon charity, for their scanty allowance of daily food. Truly does the New York Times remark that New Jersey is doomed to groan beneath the blasting effects of federal misrule without being permitted to have a fair hearing upon the floor of Congress. And what is said of Paterson is also true of every other manufacturing district in the country. It is no marvel, therefore that the Farmers do not find a market for their produce.—*N. Y. Whig.*

John Neal, in a racy article written for the New York Tatler—to which he is heretofore to be constant contributor—says:—

"Build a boat tomorrow, of Lucifer matches and brown paper; hang out a sign forty feet long; let the newspapers well; warrant her to make the quickest passage ever known—like that of the Lexington—it matters little where—and you will see her crowded and crammed, fore and aft, with the wealthiest merchants, the most active and stirring politicians, and the most prudent men of business to be found in our whole community—as if a single half hour were a matter of life and death, to men who waste double the time every day at their dinner table."

Loco Foco objections to General Harrison for President.—1st, He is poor; 2d, He lives in a log cabin; 3d, He eats corn bread; 4th, He drinks hard cider; 5th, He ploughs his own fields, and labors with his own hands, and 6th, Although tees, and hundreds of thousands of dollars of the people's money have passed through his hands, he has never stolen a cent.

PENNSYLVANIA.—The loan to enable the State of Pennsylvania to pay the interest on its loans on Monday last week, was obtained from the three following banks, viz: Bank of the United States \$400,000; Pennsylvania Bank \$200,000; and Girard Bank \$200,000. We are happy to learn, for the credit of the State, that the interest was paid in specie or its equivalent. It seems to be anticipated that, as the result of this loan to the State, or of some understanding upon which it was obtained, that the legislative measures for securing the banks to immediate specie payments, will not be pressed.

JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT.—By a reference to our advertising columns, it will be seen that this valuable Medicine is offered for sale in this city, by E. W. BELL, Agent. We esteem it a pleasure to be able to recommend this medicine, as the best calculated for the purpose of curing coughs, colds, sore throat, asthma, and all affections of the lungs. From a long personal acquaintance with Dr. Jayne, we know that he is no quack, and his medicines are not nostrums of that modern cry-up, but are the result of his long experience as a practising physician, and the expense of great labour.—*Hartford, Ct., Daily Review.*

Brighton Market—Monday, Feb. 10, 1840.

(Reported for the Daily Advertiser & Patriot.)
At market 347 Beef Cattle, 610 Sheep.
Prices—Beef Cattle—Our quotations last week for first quality should have been 75 instead of 75, as reported. We quote this week, first quality \$7; second \$6 25; 3rd \$5 75.
Wool—Very low at market, and no sales were noted.
Sheep—Owing to the large number at market last week prices did not much advance. We quote lots at \$2 50, \$3 75, and \$6.
Swine—None at market.

MARRIED.
In Townshend, by James Taggart, Esq. Mr. Lake Coy, to Miss Julia Fuglee, of W. Whitehill, Vt.
In Guilford, Feb. 10th, by Dr. Stearns, Mr. Joseph Green, to Miss Malissa Gooding, both of G.
In Vernon, 11th inst. by Levi Stoddard, Esq. of Brattleboro, Mr. Rowell S. Wood to Miss Annanda A. Lee, both of Vernon.
In that town, 12th inst. for one had fault.
We read of a wife who changed to salt; Miracles yet continue good.
For human flesh has turned to wood.
At Vernon, 20th ult. by C. Washburn, Esq. Mr. Geo. A. Alexander, of Greenfield Village, Mass. to Miss Sarah Reed, of Northfield, Mass.
In Montpelier, 3rd inst. C. L. Knapp, Esq. to Miss Fanny Carter.

DIED.
In Danversport, 23d ult. typhus fever, Cynthia Mann, daughter of Mr. Stephen Mann, aged 19 years. Printers in Mass. are requested to notice.
At Port Gibson, Miss. 10th ult. Mr. John Wells, formerly of Vermont.
In Northfield, 25th ult. Mrs. Selma C. John, wife of Mr. George W. Holton, aged 48 years and 10 months. She had been married only 10 months.
In Colerain, 5th inst. Mrs. Jane Strong, wife of Mr. Elijah Strong, aged 24.
In Wendell, 6th inst. Widow Sarah Wilson, aged 81.
In Colerain, 4th inst. Mr. Solomon Gleason, a very worthy citizen. He had been to a neighbor on business, and was returning home, when he was taken in a fit and expired in a few hours.
At Hartford, Ct. 2d inst. George S. Root, Esq. aged 44 years, a resident of Chesterfield, N. H. An honest man, the noblest work of God.

In Three Rivers, L. C. 23d ult. after an illness of a few days, the notorious Stephen Burroughs, one of the earliest settlers of the Eastern Townships in this Province.
In Huntington, 20th ult. Mr. Ronaldus Walbridge, aged 38.
At Standish, Maine, of consumption, Jan. 20th, Sophia P. Eaton, wife of Iley Clark Perry, and daughter of Mr. Simon Eaton, of Brattleboro Vt. in the 35th year of her age.
Mrs. Perry was extensively known in her native state as a faithful and successful teacher of youth. During the last term of her teaching in the Academy of her native village, there was a season of deep religious interest, which resulted in the conversion of a large number of her pupils, and which fixed a lasting impress upon the character of her piety.
In all the various relations of life she discharged her duties with a modesty and a fidelity which secured her the confidence and affection of all with whom she was acquainted. She was much desired by a large class of Infant Sabbath School scholars, taught by her the last summer of her life.

FREE DOM FOR THE AFFLICTED!
DEATH to Consumption! The Bane and the Antidote! What is the bane?—That formidable destroyer of mankind—Consumption! What then the antidote?—That excellent vegetable medicine, Dr. Taylor's Balsam of Liverwort. This medicine is renowned throughout the U. S., and is generally known as the great destroyer of Consumption. It is the result of long and close application, and the offspring of true science. We have here no panacea, born of the superstitious brain of some trembling old woman, hobbling into the grave, with a bag of phantasies and fears, and mingling incantations, charms or prayers. No! It is the combination of approved herbs, mingling the excellent qualities of each into one sanative whole! How purely and brightly shines the useful and blessed labor of the scientific researcher, drawing from the great store house of nature, materials to alleviate the pangs of suffering humanity! We all know there are quack nostrums in abundance, but beware of casting sweeping condemnations upon all specifics, lest you cast away some pearls. Give but this medicine an impartial investigation, and we ask no more. Its super-eminent usefulness shall then appear to your entire satisfaction! It has already achieved wonders in its prosperous career. In it is embodied a Hercules destined to destroy its Hydra, Consumption, with its thousand heads! Consumption is truly a formidable disease, and medical science has grappled long and ardently with it in vain, until Dr. Taylor's Balsam of Liverwort was discovered 7 years since. It is now completely under the power of this medicine. After all that can be said, the truest and most effective will be its most eloquent eulogist—its effects will prove its ornament, and its results leave it an undying name. Only be sure you get the original and genuine.

CONSUMPTION!—That fell destroyer which vents its avers of thousands annually! How shall we avert its fatal progress, before it seizes upon the vitals of life? I answer at once—take some suitable medicine to arrest the disease, before it advances too far. How very many do we see in the world, whose delicate frames look scarcely able to support even a short existence—by the timely care and proper means they make use of, of times far outlive the most robust, who neglect the timely use of proper remedies. At the head of all remedies, stands Dr. Taylor's Balsam of Liverwort, which should be the first to be used in all cases.

THE CRISIS!—Whether persons will any longer die off like dogs, day after day, from neglect—or to save a trifling expense—whether they will use the sovereign remedy, Dr. Taylor's Balsam of Liverwort, and be saved. This is indeed momentous! Let every person be convinced of the merits of this medicine—of its capability to perform all it is represented to do—and then, without a moment's delay, use it. Go and see those who have been saved from an untimely end by its merits. This is proof undoubted.

The above medicine is for sale by Messrs J. C. STONE & CO., Green River, Vt. General Agents for Windham County;
SUB AGENTS,
S. F. THOMPSON, Townshend,
BIRGE, BRACKETT & Co. Brattleboro,
J. RICE, Jr. & Co., Guilford,
T. O. SPARHAWK, Greenfield, Mass.
Feb. 12, 1840. tfow24

BLAKE & LAWRENCE have on hand, a few of the improved CYLINDER CHURNS, for sale. Those wishing for the above article are requested to call and examine for themselves, as they are an excellent article.
Feb. 13, 1840. 24

Missionary Herald.

THIS work is published monthly by the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions. It holds a high rank among the periodicals of the day. The great value of this publication ought to secure for it a wider circulation in the community. People of all classes and professions, will find it interesting and instructive. Besides the religious intelligence, it gives much information concerning parts of the world which have hitherto been little known—their geography, history, manners and customs, &c. &c. No other publication have hitherto been almost unknown. They who take this work will not only find themselves amply repaid by the perusal of its contents, but will also aid the Board in their benevolent object of evangelizing the world.

The above work can be had of the subscriber, who has been appointed Agent. Those who have not money, produce of most kinds will be received at its cash value. Price 1.00 per year. A. E. DWINELL.
Brattleboro, Feb. 8, 1840. 24

300 S A P B U C K E T S, for sale by J. C. STONE & CO. Green River, Feb. 13, 1840. 24

J. WOODBURY, MANUFACTURER OF Bass and Double Bass VIOLS, BRATTLEBORO, VERMONT.

Wm. F. Robinson, WOULD inform the inhabitants of Brattleboro and vicinity, that he has taken a room in Barnham's Building, near the Unitarian Meeting-house, where he will manufacture RIFLES and PISTOLS of all kinds, to order. Also REPAIRING, of all kinds in his line done at short notice. Having had a number of years experience in the business in different parts of the United States, he flatters himself that he shall receive a good share of patronage.
Brattleboro, Feb. 12, 1840. 24

Read This! THE subscriber gives notice that he has received a fresh supply of English, American, and W. K. COODS,

at "No. 1 Merchants' Row," which he will sell cheap for READY PAY, or approved credit. A good assortment of Buffalo Robes; Cooking, Parlour and Box STOVES, "Cheap as the Cheapest." A few Palm Leaf HATS, if well braided, will be received in payment for goods if offered soon. Also produce will be received at all times for goods, or in payment of debts.
N. B. Those of his customers who are indebted and unable to make payment at present, will confer a favor by calling and settling their accounts.
P. R. CHANDLER.
Putney, Feb. 31, 1840. in24w23

Selling at Cost.

HENRY WHEELLOCK has a general assortment of Superior and FASHIONABLE GOODS, many of which he will sell at COST for CASH, and for such other pay, or terms, as cannot fail to give satisfaction. Cook Stoves, Carpeting and Matting, on commission.
Williamsville, Feb. 3, 1840. 23

Windham County Mutual Fire Insurance Company.

THIS Company was organized the 14th day of August last, since which time the Directors have effected insurance upon property of different kinds, in this County, to a much larger amount than was anticipated at the period of its organization. Applications for insurance upon extra hazardous property, like Tanneries, Paper Mills, and Factories, have in all cases been rejected.
Amount of property insured, \$153,381 66
Amount of premium notes received, 10,169 81
Amount of 3 per cent. received on premium notes, 305 04
No. of Policies issued, 303.
Eight applications, amounting to \$8500, already remain in the office of the Secretary, upon which, when approved, Policies will be issued, which will increase the amount of property to \$161,881 66, and the number of policies to 310.

Only 30 Stores, Taverns, Shops and Mills have been insured, which, it will be seen, is less than one tenth of the whole number of policies issued. Nine tenths and more of the property insured by this Company, consists exclusively of dwelling-houses in villages, farm-houses, together with barns and sheds, including the hay, grain, and ordinary produce of the farm.

The State Company, at its annual meeting in October last, passed a resolution instructing its Directors to cancel all policies which might be forwarded to the Secretary for that purpose, so that any individual member of said Company who is desirous of changing his insurance, can readily effect the same by transmitting his policy by mail to the Secretary, at Montpelier, accompanied with a request that the same be cancelled, and simultaneously prepare and forward through some agent, an application for insurance at this office.

At least four-fifths of the policies issued by this Company since its organization in August last, have been taken by the inhabitants of Rockingham, Westminster, Putney, Newfane and Wilmington. If the proverbially prudent and careful farmers and house-holders of these wealthy towns have acted wisely in this respect, to all others in different sections of the County, we would respectfully say, "Go thou and do likewise."
By order of the Directors,
MARSHALL NEWTON, Secy.
New Fane, Jan. 25, 1840. 23

Rohan Potatoes. A FEW Bbls. of the celebrated ROHAN POTATOES, for sale by HALL & TOWNSELY.
Feb. 1, 1840.

SELLING OFF AT COST. JOEL RANNEY is desirous of Closing his Business in this section of the County, and will sell his entire Stock of Goods comprising a general assortment usually kept in a country Store, at COST, for CASH only.
N. B. All Persons having unsettled accounts are requested to call and SETTLE; and all indebted to make immediate Payment.
JOEL RANNEY.
Guilford, Jan. 28, 1840. 22

75 pr. Mens and Boys warranted thick BOOTS, for sale at cost, by E. W. PROUTY.
Feb. 5, 1840.

Coffin's Book Keeping,

BY SINGLE AND DOUBLE ENTRY. THIS work is designed for Common Schools, and contains all that is necessary to fit a person for the counter of the merchant, or the operations of the mechanic and farmer. Of this work, it is remarked, that "It takes away the mysteries that have enveloped the subject, and presents it in a way that is intelligible and interesting to all ordinary capacities." Another thing to recommend it, is the low price at which it is sold, being about 50 per cent cheaper than most of the works on this subject, and yet this Book contains all that is necessary to make a thorough and accomplished accountant.
For sale by the Publishers, PHELPS & INGERSOLL, Greenfield, Mass. Also by J. STEEN, Brattleboro, Vermont.
January 30, 1840. Swins22

The Valuable Series of Standard School Books

CONSISTING OF THE FRANKLIN PRIMER, THE IMPROVED READER, THE GENERAL CLASS BOOK and the POPULAR READER.
After the experience of years in the use of these Books, it is now admitted by experienced Teachers, and our most distinguished literary men, that in their adaptation to the wants of Common Schools, they are among the best published in the United States. Not excelled by any.
For sale by the Publishers PHELPS & INGERSOLL, Greenfield, Wholesale and Retail, Also in Brattleboro, by JOS. STEEN.
January 28, 1840. Swins23

REMOVAL.

THE subscriber has removed to the Building south of the Bank, (entrance first door north of the Ve. mont House,) where he will pay particular attention to SIGN, ORNAMENTAL and IMITATION PAINTING.
He will furnish as good workmen as can be found in the country, to do House Painting, Papering, Glazing, &c. on the most substantial terms, in this and other towns. Cabinet Furniture and Chairs taken in exchange for painting chairs.
FREDERICK VAN DOORN.
Brattleboro, Jan. 1840. 20

VALUABLE INFORMATION.

THE INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS are a certain cure for disease in its every variety of form, because they thoroughly cleanse the stomach and bowels, induce a proper discharge by the lungs, skin and kidneys, and stimulate the blood to purify itself. In other words they open all the natural outlets and leave NATURE (THE GRAND PHYSICIAN) free to drive disease from the body. The above outlets, or drains, are the common sewers of the body, through which all morbid and corrupt humors (the cause of disease) are carried off, and the system is kept open, and discharge freely their allotted portions of impurity, the body will continue in health; but when from eating improper food, breathing impure air, sudden transitions from heat to cold, over exertion or any other cause, the bowels become clogged, the pores of the skin become closed, or the kidneys fail to perform their functions properly, the impurities which should be drained from the body by those outlets, will be retained, and continue to accumulate until the body becomes literally loaded with disease.

If the channels of our mighty rivers should become blocked up, would not the accumulated waters flat near outlets, or the country become inundated! Just so with the human body; if the natural drains be once closed, the stagnant and corrupt humors will find vent in the various forms of disease such as Fevers, Small Pox, Measles, Rheumatism, Gout, Dropsy, &c. &c. Death will end our sufferings. Therefore, when sickness at the stomach, pain in the back and side, quick pulse, burning skin, or any other unpleasant symptoms, indicate that one or more of the natural drains are not discharging freely, and that the constitution is about to commence a struggle for the restoration of health, no time should be lost in administering a few brisk doses of the Indian Purgative (Indian Vegetable Pills). By so doing, all the impurities of the body will be restored to order, and the foul humors (the cause of every inflammation or pain we suffer) will be removed in so easy and natural a manner, that the body will be restored as if by a charm.

The above Pills may be taken at ALL times, and under ALL circumstances, with perfect safety. They are ALL constitutive and all ages, and are natural to the human constitution, and consequently, they never injure even the most delicate. Like our food, they are digestible; therefore they enter into the circulation and impart an energy to the blood, which enables it to flow with freedom to the extremities, consequently, they never close the skin pores. They are true and perfect purifiers of the blood, because they drain all corrupt humors from that life-giving fluid. They impart strength and vigor to the whole system, and their effects are always beneficial; because they only remove those humors which are opposed to health. They aid and improve digestion, and sound sleep follows their use; because they cleanse the stomach and bowels of those slimy humors which not only irritate and excite the nervous system, but paralyze and weaken the digestive organs. In short they possess all the good properties that can be claimed for any medicine, and what is very remarkable, it is utterly impossible to use them without benefit.

More than twelve thousand persons can be referred to who have been cured of complaints apparently of the most dangerous character, solely by the use of the INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

OFFICE and general Depot for the sale of the above PILLS in New England, 150 TRINITY STREET, near Court Street, Boston, where they can be had at Wholesale or Retail.
AGENTS have been appointed for the sale of the Pills in most every town in New England.
All letters relative to the Pills must be addressed thus: "N. E. OFFICE N. A. COLTROT OF BRATTLEBORO, 150 TRINITY STREET, Boston, Mass." 15
BIRGE, BRACKETT & CO. Agents for Windham County.

Hats, Caps and Furs.

NEW style Brush, Nutri and Napi Hats; with every style and quality of Fur, Worsted and Cloth Caps; Buss; Fur Capes; Gents. Fur Collars; Swans Down and Fur Trimmings for Cloaks; just received and for sale, at very reduced prices, by
Dec. 25. E. W. PROUTY.

Gold and Silver Work.

D. B. THOMPSON offers for sale as cheap as the cheapest,—Silver Table, Tea, Salt and Desert Spoons—Sugar Tongs and Cream Spoons—Gold Beads—Gold Finger Rings—Ear Rings and Broom Pins—Silver Spectacles—Silver French Cases—Silver Thimbles—English and French WATCHES—Connecticut CLOCKS.

WATCH & CLOCK REPAIRING. Watches and Clocks carefully Repaired and Warranted.

INDIA RUBBER WEBB SOCKS, for keeping FEET DRY OF WARM; an elegant article. Just received and for sale at
CHAS. C. FROST'S.

Vermont Registers,

AT THE BRATTLEBORO BOOKSTORE
Wanted in payment for the Phoenix,
GREEN Maple, Beech and Birch Wood, Rye, Corn, Oats and Money, if delivered soon. Delinquent subscribers are once more requested to settle up.
Feb. 13, 1840.