

would be 44 deg., which is one less than the north line of Vermont, and would correspond with that of Sackett's Harbor, in N. Y.; while experience proves that the same latitude in the valley of the Mississippi has a much milder climate than on the Atlantic slope. The garden at the Fort, when I was there would bear comparison with almost any in this vicinity.

I have thus given you a hasty account of the scenes which I witnessed, and if your readers experience a thousandth part of the pleasure in reading my description, which was afforded me by this delightful excursion, I shall not regret the trouble of penning this imperfect sketch. Those who have never made the trip to St. Peter, have denied themselves a high degree of rational pleasure which they might have known, and those who anticipate making it have a gratification in reserve such as they have seldom experienced.

Respectfully yours, J. C. H.

Vermont Phoenix.

Western Elections.

KENTUCKY.—Lexington district, Garrett Davis 790 ahead, and is probably elected over Thos. F. Marshall, who consented to be the Loco candidate out of spite to Mr. Clay.

In the Louisville district the election is close; but Thomason, Whig, is probably elected over Nuttall, Loco, by a small majority.

In the 10th district, Gaines, Whig, has probably defeated Tibbatts, Loco. Tibbatts was in the last Congress.

INDIANA.—But few returns are in from this State, but so far as has been heard, it looks a little equally. C. B. Smith, Whig, is re-elected by more than 1000 majority. In the Madison district, Henley, (Loco) beats Martin, (Whig). T. Smith (Loco) is elected to Congress over Eggleston, (Whig) in the Third district.

In many parts of Indiana, the Locos and abolitionists amalgamated, forming mixed tickets. This State has probably gone for the Locos. It will be recollected that it voted for Polk last fall.

P. S. Owen, agrarian loco foe, in the First District, has some prospects of being permitted to stay at home. The contest between him and Wilson (Whig) is close—but the sky looks fair for the latter.

NORTH CAROLINA.—Dublin (Loco) is undoubtedly elected in the Raleigh district. In the Camden district, Col. Biggs has gained on the Whigs, and may be elected.

The returns are so few and incomplete, that little reliance can be placed upon them. Next week we shall be able to tell the whole story.

Arrival of the Steamer Great Britain.

This immense iron steam ship, Capt. Hosken, arrived at New York Sunday afternoon, Aug. 10th, having left Liverpool the 26th July. The New Yorkers had all been on the qui vive, and when she made her appearance, thousands crowded the New York and Brooklyn shores to obtain sight of the floating monster as she came to her moorings, at Clinton street. Her engines are said to have worked well, and were not stopped at all in crossing the ocean. She is said to be the largest and most magnificent specimen of naval architecture ever put afloat since the days of Noah. Her length is 320 feet—her breadth 50; capacity 3000 tons; draught of water sixteen feet; her engines are 1000 horse power. Her peculiarities are, her size—the unusual extent to which iron is employed in her construction—her screw propeller—her peculiar construction—her four decks, and six masts. The Great Britain has 90 staterooms with one bed each, and 113 with two beds in each; she can accommodate 232 passengers with single beds. She brought out 45 passengers.

The news from Europe, though not exciting, is quite favorable. Cotton holds its price with large sales—Provisions are firm.

Earl Grey, father of the reform act, and for four years prime minister, died on the 17th ult., aged 81—Viscount Canterbury (17 years Speaker of the Commons as Mr. Mansfield) died on the 20th ult., aged 66. An attempt has been made in Parliament to repeal the duties on Butter and Cheese, which was resisted by Sir Robert Peel, and defeated. There has been a debate on New Zealand, but with no definite result. A bill to enable the Jews to hold certain offices will probably pass.

One hundred English female convicts have recently embarked for Van Dieman's Land.

The King of Holland had arrived on a visit to Victoria and Prince Albert.

There has been another terrible conflagration in Smyrna—the misery and ruin far exceeding the last.—The Armenians are said to be completely ruined. Many thousands are compelled to live out in the open air in the gardens, fed by charity.

The Bey of Tripoli has declared war against the Bey of Tunis. So says a French paper.

Intelligence from Syria represents that country as being greatly disturbed. The Druses were roving in quest of plunder, pillaging all travelers who came within their reach.

THE UNIVERSITY OF VERMONT.—The Commencement of this institution was held at Burlington, on Wednesday of last week. The address of Dr. Caruthers before the Society for Religious Inquiry, and the oration of the Rev. Mr. Shedd before the Phi Sig. and University Institute, the Burlington Free Press says, were performances of surpassing excellence. There were 24 young men in the Graduating Class, who received the degree of A. B.

A gentleman from New York has recently visited Northampton, Mass., with a view of locating a Water Cure establishment at that place. The water of Mill river is said to be well adapted to the purpose.

THE Whigs of Maine, in State Convention at Portland, have nominated for Governor, Freeman H. Morse, of Bath, the able representative in the last Congress from the Comet district.

The lands belonging to the estate of John Randolph, of Roanoke, Va., are to be sold at auction in October, numbering some 3,220 acres, and very valuable.

THE HUTCHINSON FAMILY are down on Cape Ann mingling their sweet music with the roar of old ocean.

Our vicinity has been blessed with grateful showers of rain within the last few days. The crops had previously suffered severely from the long continued drouth, and intensely hot weather, the potato crop, especially, had received immense injury.

A new Professorship has been established in Williamstown College, (Mass.) having been endowed by the very liberal donation of \$30,000 from Amos Lawrence of Boston. It is to be called the Lawrence Professorship. Mr. L. has recently added \$1,600 more for establishing a Conservatory and Botanic Garden.

\$16,390 were received by the American Bible Society during the month of July. The number of Bibles and Testaments issued during the same month was 43,927.

From the N. O. Picayune of August 3d.

From Texas.

The fast running steam packet Alabama, Capt. Windle, arrived yesterday morning from Galveston, bringing with it a large number of papers from that city up to Wednesday last, the 30th ult.

From all accounts, it would seem that the Texas Convention is progressing rapidly with the business before it. It is thought that the members will get through with every thing by the middle of this month, August. The seat of government, it is said, will probably be continued at Austin for the next four or five years.

Below we give an extract of a letter from Capt. Grieco, of the Urdine, giving an account of the landing of the U. S. troops in Texas. It is dated, Arkansas Bay, July 23, 1845.

On Saturday, the 25th inst., the American flag was first planted in Texas by authority, upon the south end of St. Joseph's Island, upon which I am landing the troops from the Alabama, inside the bay. There are now 500 men encamped here, and the scene is full of interest. The other vessels with troops are not expected to arrive for several days.

The various committees in the Convention at Austin have reported the different provisions for a Constitution of the State of Texas, and these are published at length in the Civilian of the 30th ult.

We give some of the more interesting articles and sections as they appear in that paper, premising that the editor thinks that various alterations will be made in many of them before their final passage. The following articles from the "Bill of Rights," may not be uninteresting:

3d. No religious test shall ever be required as a qualification to any office of public trust under this State.

13th. No bill of attainder, ex post facto law, or any law impairing the obligation of contracts, shall be passed; nor vested rights be divested, unless for purposes of public utility, and for adequate compensation previously made.

14th. No person shall ever be imprisoned for debt.

15th. Perpetuities or monopolies are contrary to the genius of a free government, and shall never be allowed; nor shall the law of primogeniture or entailment ever be in force in this State.

In the "Executive Department," the first section says that "The supreme executive power of this State shall be vested in a Chief Magistrate, who shall be styled a Governor of the State of Texas."

Sec. 4.—The Governor shall hold his office for the term of four years from the time of his installation, and until his successor shall be duly qualified; but shall not be eligible for more than four years in any term of eight years; he shall be at least thirty years of age, shall be a native citizen of the United States, or a citizen of the State of Texas, at the time of the adoption of this Constitution.

The 5th section of that part of the Constitution having reference to the "Judiciary" department of the State is as follows:

The Governor shall nominate, and, by and with the advice and consent of two-thirds of the Senate, shall appoint the Judges of the Supreme and District Courts.

The editor of the Civilian is of the opinion that this section will become a law, thus taking the election of the Judges from the hands of the people.

The 1st section of the "Legislative Department" provides that "every free white male citizen of the United States, who shall have resided in Texas one year preceding an election, and the last six months in the county or town in which he offers to vote, shall be a qualified elector. Indians not taxed, and Africans and descendants of Africans, excepted."

No minister of the gospel or priest shall be a member of the General Assembly.

The first election to be held on the first Monday and the last Monday in November, 1846, and the election shall be held on the same days in November every two years thereafter.

The Civilian says that it appears to be understood that a majority of the members of the Convention are in favor of inserting a clause in the Constitution to prevent banks.

On the frontiers of Texas all would appear quiet—we see no account of Indian disturbances in any quarter.

A letter from New Orleans, of the 28th ult., from an intelligent gentleman who had just returned from Galveston, states that the Convention at Texas would probably close their labors during that week, and would form a State Constitution which would prove acceptable to the Congress of the United States; that, in fact, its leading principles had been agreed upon before the 12th of July.

There were no reports of Mexican troops having appeared upon the frontier; but it was the opinion of some, well acquainted with the character and policy of the Mexicans, that the intelligence of Texas having ratified the resolutions of the United States would become the signal for the advance of the Mexican troops and the commencement of hostilities.—Union, Friday.

STATE SABBATH CONVENTION.

An extract from the minutes of the General Convention of Vermont, held at Burlington, June 1845.

"The Committee to whom the resolutions on the subject of promoting the better observance of the Sabbath were referred, made their report, as follows: "That they recommend the appointment of a committee of three, to consider the expediency of calling a convention on the subject of sanctifying the Sabbath as a Divine commandment, for its influence on the physical and spiritual well being of man; to correspond with other persons and bodies on the subject; and if they judge best, to call a Convention at such time and place as they shall think expedient, and to make suitable provision for its constitution and exercises."

Which report was accepted and adopted; and Messrs. Greely, Leavitt and Bishop, were appointed as this Committee."

In view of the foregoing action of the General Convention, the undersigned do extend an invitation to the friends of the Christian Sabbath, to meet in Convention at Montpelier, the third Wednesday of August, at 10 A. M. in the Brick church, to consult upon the best ways and means—by example, the universal diffusion of information, and all kind of moral influences—of promoting the observance of the Lord's Day.

JNO. GRADLEY, Sec. of Convention.
H. F. LEAVITT, Com. of Convention.
NELSON BISHOP, Sec.

Also the following gentlemen have permitted their names to be affixed to the call.

His Excellency, Wm. Smith, Hon. Jacob Collamer, Hon. Paul Dillingham Jr., Rev. E. J. Scott, Hon. Zimri Howe, Hon. Erastus Fairbanks, Rev. Geo. B. Manser, Hon. L. F. Redfield, E. P. Walton, Esq., Hon. Alva Sabin, Zenas Woodbury, Esq., Thos. Reed, Esq., O. H. Smith, Esq., Hon. Horace Eaton, Hon. Horatio Seymour, Hon. John Conant, Silas H. Hodges, Esq., Hon. Daniel Kellogg, Hon. Charles Coolidge.

The Committee earnestly hope, that the various religious communities of the state will be fully represented in the Convention; and they would inform all who attend from abroad, that by calling at the Store of J. W. Howe, they will be directed to families who will cordially entertain them.

It is expected that Rev. JUSTIN EDWARDS, D. D. Secretary of the American and Foreign Sabbath Union, will be present at the meeting.

Why is a Post-Master's clerk like a man attacked by a highwayman?
Do you give it up?
Because he is obliged to stand and deliver!

Correspondence of the N. Y. Tribune.

BALTIMORE, Saturday Evening, Aug. 9, 1845.

Our City to-day has been in a fever of excitement on account of an order said to have been received by Major Ringgold at Fort Mifflin, to keep his troop of Flying Artillery in readiness to march for Texas at a moment's warning. A similar order is said to have been forwarded to all the various military stations on the seaboard, and as it has remained on the bulletin boards all day without denial, is believed to be correct. It may therefore be anticipated that Government has received some important official intelligence relative to the movements of Mexico, which has not yet been made public.

WARLIKE.—Orders were received on Saturday, (Aug. 9th), requiring Capt. Duncan, of the 1st Regt. (Hamilton), a few miles below our city, to be in readiness at a moment's warning with his company of Flying Artillery to march for Texas. It will require two small vessels to transport this company with their horses. Their destination is at the mouth of the Aransas.—N. Y. Tribune.

MARRIED.

In Guilford on the 12th inst., by Rev. L. J. Fletcher, Mr. ALVIN HOWE, of Marlboro, Mass., to Miss REBEKAH HILLS, of G.

DIED.

In Townshend, Vt., August 5, Joseph Tyler, Esq., aged 74. Prayers in Mass will please notice.

In Guilford, July 24, Mrs. Mary Ann, wife of John M. Thurber, aged 24 years. Thus in the short space of eight days, is an infant son deprived of the fostering care of a kind and tender mother, a husband of an amiable and beloved companion.—Numerous relatives, a large circle of friends and acquaintances mourn their irreparable loss, but not as those without hope.

In Fayetteville, Aug. 4, of disease of the bowels, Theodore C., son of Samuel Holland, Jun., aged 11 months and 22 days.

In Broome, Lower Canada, June 4th, Mrs. Laura A. Knowlton, wife of Luke M. Knowlton, Esq., aged 35. June 28th, Franklin Wheeler, infant son of Luke M. and Laura A. Knowlton, aged 1 week.

In Winchester, Hon. Joseph Weeks, formerly member of Congress, aged 72.

At Saxton's River, July 6, Mrs. Lucy, wife of Jedotham Russell, aged 53.

July 14, 1845, Gratia, wife of Alfred Green, Jr., aged 30 years.

August 1, 1844, Amanda Carley, aged 25 years.

January 17, 1845, Sophia, wife of Ira Ballou, of North Adams, Mass., aged 24 years.

February 19, 1845, Laura, wife of Ezra G. Bemis, of Rowe, Mass., aged 30 years.

July 2, 1845, Hannah Carley, aged 13 years.

Aug. 5, 1845, Abigail Severance Carley, aged 20.

The six above named were daughters of Mr. Rufus and Sally Carley of Whitingham, Vt. The four last named died of consumption.

"Hope looks beyond the bounds of time,
When what we now deplore,
Shall rise in full immortal prime,
And bloom to fade no more."

J. ROBERTS, Secretary.

Townshend, August 11, 1845. 51

New Arrival of Rich JEWELRY.

THE subscriber has this day received a splendid assortment of Rich Jewelry, consisting in part of GOLD CHAINS, BREAST PINS for Ladies and Gentlemen's use, Rich Gold BRACELETS, LOCKETS, and RINGS, Gold PENS and PENCILS, FANCY GOODS, &c., &c.—all of which, together with his large assortment now on hand, will be sold at prices much less than can be bought in Boston or New York.

H. D. BRACKETT.

Brattleboro, Aug. 13. 51

SAXTON'S RIVER SEMINARY.

THE Fall Term of this now flourishing Institution will commence Wednesday Sep. 3, and continue eleven weeks. R. V. WASHINGTON, A. M., Principal; Miss HELEN M. WHITTELEY, former Preceptress in the Randolph Academy, Preceptress; L. E. SHERRAN and C. R. MOOR, assistants; Mr. JOSEPH GOODRICH, Jun., teacher in Vocal Music. The regular Tuition will vary from \$3 to \$4 dollars.—Music, Drawing and Painting extra. No additional charge will be made for attendance upon the extensive course of Lectures, or for instruction in Vocal Music.

R. A. SEVERANCE, Sec.

Saxton's River, Aug. 12, 1845. 5w51

Dummerston High School.

THIS School, for the Fall Term, will commence Monday, the 25th inst., under the tuition of Mr. Dana Miller, A. B. Instruction will be given in those branches usually taught in Academies. Those wishing to board themselves can obtain rooms near the school.

TUITION per Term.—English, \$3.00; Greek and Latin, \$3.50.

Dummerston, August 12th, 1845. 51

Brattleboro Academy.

THE Fall Term of 11 weeks will commence on Thursday, the 28th of August. The course of instruction will be thorough, and the discipline such, it is hoped, as will secure the highest good of the students and meet the entire approbation of the public.

Music, Drawing, Painting, and the French will be taught by one fully competent to the business.

R. HARRIS, Principal.

West Brattleboro, Aug. 13, 1845. 51

NEW GOODS.

WILLISTON & TYLER ARE this week receiving from Boston many new articles of

Hardware, Paints, Medicines, Dye Stuffs, and GROCERIES.

Making their assortment now very complete. August 13, 1845. 6w51

Brighton Market—Aug. 11.

[Reported for the Boston Morning Chronicle.]

At Market, 1050 head of Beef Cattle, 8 yokes Working Oxen, 42 Cows and Calves, 3400 Sheep, and about 1200 Swine.

Prices.—Beef Cattle.—We quote extra Cattle \$5.50; first quality, \$4.75 to \$5.00; second quality, \$4.25 to \$4.50.

Working Oxen.—But few at market, and sales not noticed.

Cows and Calves.—Dull.—Sales were made at \$14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100.

Sheep.—Dull.—Old Sheep.—Sales made at \$1 33, and \$2.50. Lambs from \$1 17 to \$1 75.

Swine.—We noticed one lot of old Hogs at 5c. Lots at wholesale \$1 1-2 to \$1 1-2 for Sows, and 5c. for Barrows. At retail, 5c. for Sows, and 6 to 6 1-2 for Barrows, less than 100 lbs.

N. B. About 200 head of Cattle remain unsold at 4 o'clock. We noticed a lot of 125, mostly Steers, taken at 2 cts. per lb., (live weight), in lots of 10, 15 and 20 each.

Hens.—Duty twenty per cent.—The growing crop in the New England States is represented as looking well, with a fair prospect now of a good yield. But few of the last crop in market; recent small sales at 12 1-2 to 13 cts. per lb. for last, growth 1844.

Wool.—Fleece Wool of the new clip continues to come in freely, and sales of several small lots have been made during the past week, at a little under our quotations. Pulled Wool continues dull.

Prime Saxony Fleeces, washed, lb. 38 to 40
American full blood do. 35 to 36
do 3-4 do. 33 to 35
do 1-2 do. 31 to 33
do 1-4 & com do. 28 to 30

Spanish Sheep, R F and S
Smyrna do washed 20 to 25
do do unwashed 10 to 15
Bengali unwashed, 6 to 12

Saxony, clean, 7 to 10
Buenos Ayres, unpicked, 10 to 14
do do picked, 35 to 38
Super Northern pulled Lamb, 34 to 35
No 1 do do do 23 to 25
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Townshend Academy.

THE Fall Term of this excellent Institution will commence WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 3d.

The Trustees take great pleasure in announcing to the former patrons of this School, and to the public generally, that they have succeeded in securing the services of Mr. L. K. SMITH, A. B., as Preceptor. Mr. Smith brings with him the highest testimonials as a person every way qualified to take charge of a School of the high character and reputation that this Institution enjoys.

He comes desirous of maintaining the high literary character this school has merited and won. He comes as a professional Teacher, not making teaching a mere past-time to a profession. The Trustees felt it important for all concerned that the services of an individual should be secured of the character of the one above described—one with whom a permanent arrangement could be made. It is expected that Mrs. BENNETT, wife of the former Preceptor, will take charge of the Female Department. Mr. Smith will be assisted by an adequate number of competent instructors. Instruction will be given in all the branches usually taught, including Music, Drawing, and Painting.

Lectures will be given on Natural Philosophy and Chemistry, with a new and excellent apparatus.

The most ample accommodations will be furnished the coming term. Board, with all incidentals, in families, from \$1.12 to \$1.38 per week. Rooms will be furnished for those wishing to board in clubs. For the two last terms several clubs were formed, varying from 5 to 15 persons in each, and the whole expense of each individual, including tuition, did not much exceed one dollar per week.

J. ROBERTS, Secretary.

Townshend, August 11, 1845. 51

Select School.

THE Guilford Select School for the higher branches of an English Education, will commence on Wednesday the third day of September, under the instruction of its former Teacher, (H. F. Smith) and continue twelve weeks.

It is desirable that students, as far as practicable, should be present at the commencement of the Term.

Guilford, August 8, 1845. 51

West Halifax Select School.

THE Fall Term will commence on Wednesday September third, and continue eleven weeks.

The Trustees have engaged the services of Mr. B. Sanford, member of the present graduating class in Amherst College. Mr. Sanford is highly recommended as an experienced and successful teacher.

Pupils who design to become teachers will receive special attention to qualify them for the employment.

TUITION in the common English studies, \$3.00; in the higher branches, \$3.50.

Board may be obtained in good families on as reasonable terms as in any place in this vicinity.

By order of the Trustees.

W. J. HITCHCOCK, Secretary.

West Halifax, Aug. 9, 1845. 5w51

Chester Academy.

THE Fall Term of this flourishing Institution will commence Monday, the 25th inst., and continue 12 weeks. It is believed that the advantages of this Institution have never been better than under the present management; and the Trustees are happy in seeing the favorable opinion of the Public, as manifested in the extent of their continually increasing patronage. The superior mode of instruction adopted by the teachers, has been tested by too many, to need now a remark.

A. A. Ranney, Principal; A. E. Salisbury, Preceptress; Adeline R. Cobb, teacher of French, Painting, and Drawing; M. J. Badlam, teacher of Piano Forte; Solon Silsby, teacher of vocal music, and the Organ. Other competent assistance has been engaged.

No pains will be spared in preparing experiments, with an excellent apparatus, in frequent Lectures on Philosophy and Chemistry. Board is cheap, and students, to any number, can now be accommodated; the best opportunities are afforded to Self-Borderers and to clubs.—Tuition will be the same, in proportion, as formerly.

O. HUTCHINSON, Sec.

Chester, Aug. 12, 1845. 51

FOR SALE AT A GREAT BARGAIN.

THE subscriber having so far advanced in years that his physical strength is not sufficient to manage his farm, is induced to offer for sale one of the best grazing farms in the county of Windham, consisting of about 250 acres with suitable buildings thereon; well wooded and watered, and well situated with regard to roads and public business; being about two miles from the village of North Wardsboro. Also a House, Barn, Store and Saddler's shop, with about 12 acres of land in the village of North Wardsboro. The whole or a part of this property will be sold as well best suit the purchaser. Terms of payment made easy and possession given immediately if desired. Persons wishing to purchase will please call on the subscriber or Erasmus Plimpton for further particulars.

JOSEPH CONVERSE.

North Wardsboro, July 31, 1845. 3m51

NOTICE.

WE the subscribers, being appointed by the Hon. Probate Court for the district of Marlboro commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against the estate of