Later from Mexico.

From the New Orleans Picayune, June 30th.

Our dates from the army of Gen. Scott, at Puebla, are to the 24th inst. The rumor which has been so generally circulated through the city that he had arrived within twenty-five miles of the city of Mexico, is without foundation.

A rumor reached Vera Cruz on the night of the 24th inst. that Gen. Cadwalader's command had fallen in with a guerrilla party a few miles beyond Jalapa, and by a movement unperceived by the *guerrilleros*, succeeded in surprising them and killing about thirty of them, without losing a man.

Other letters have been received in town as to this affair of Gen. Cadwalader, which represents it to have occurred near La Hoya, about eleven miles beyond Jalapa. The surprise of the Mexicans was so complete, and one letter says that fifty of them were killed. Gen. C. suffered no loss, all agree.

By another letter, dated the 24th inst., from our Vera Cruz correspondent, we learn that the train which went up under the command of Gen. Pillow was attacked at Calera, said to be nine miles beyond Puente Nacional. The *guerrilleros* were dispersed with the loss of thirty men. Verbal accounts say we had some eight or ten wounded, but none killed.

This affair occurred on the 23d inst., and is first mentioned in a letter given below dated the 24th; but though we have letters of the 25th, we have no further authentic details about the action.

The force under the command of Gen. Pillow left Vera Cruz on the 18th, escorting a train of about 125 wagons. The force amounted to nearly 1850 men, and consisted of the 14th Infantry, and a portion of the 15th, three companies of the 3d and 6th Infantry, six companies of the Voltigeurs, a detachment of the 3d Dragoons and six howitzers. That such a train would meet with serious resistance from guerrilla parties, was not to be expected; but we regret that our accounts induce the belief that it suffered excessively in the first and second days' march from the heat of the weather.—The march on the second day is represented as having been particularly severe, the time chose for it being during the heat of the day, through heavy sand! and when eleven miles were to be made without water. One hundred and fifty men are said to have been completely knocked up on this march; six or seven died on the road, and the rest were sent back and were arriving in Vera Cruz in small parties at our last accounts. Both our private advices and the papers of Vera Cruz impute this trifling with life entirely to the change introduced by Gen. Pillow of marching during the heat of the day, instead of selecting early mornings or the after part of the day for such service.

There are a great many guerrilla parties upon the road; a small body of our troops left San Juan on the 21st hoping to overtake Gen. Pillow, but after proceeding two or three miles they encountered some guerrilleros. These they charged upon and dispersed, but they saw so many others on the road in small parties that it was thought prudent to relinquish the design of coming up with Gen. Pillow.—As this officer is somewhat famous for exacting from his men long marches, it is well that no further attempt was made to overtake him.

The course pursued by Capt. Walker towards those desperadoes who fell into his hands is said to have been highly approved by Gen. Scott.

The Eagle says that an enterprise is on foot for running an express between Vera Cruz and the towns of Alvarado and Tlacatalpan. The execution of such a plan would greatly facilitate the commerce of Vera Cruz.

A watchman, said to be a Dutchman named Charles, has been entrapped by a guerrilla party just outside the walls and murdered, after having been cruelly whipped. His body was left in the road with an inscription affixed to it, "Whoever wishes may carry it off." The police of the city are making an attempt to ferret out the guilty party.

The news by this arrival from the city of Mexico is important. We have received our accounts of it through an express despatched by Mr Kendall from Puebla expressly for this office to the 14th inst.

The Arco-Iris of the 22d has letters from the capital which appear to be late, though the dates are not given. The purport of them is that the work of fortifying the environs of the city is going on rapidly, and that seventy pieces of artillery had arrived from Acapulco and other points, which they were mounting as fast as possible. They mention the arrival of Alvarez at the head of 8000 men, and they set down the entire force in the city as 20,000 armed militia and 16,000 troops of the line. These letters further say that the clergy are taking an active part in the business; that arms of all kinds were pouring into the capital and considerable sums of money. All these topics are touched upon in Mr Kendall's letter transmitted by express, and very full details are given of the extent of the preparations to defend the city.

VERA CRUZ, June 24, 1847.

By the way of Orizaba, a letter has been received here which announces that "Santa Anna has been elected Dictator, provided he will not make peace," and that he has 30,000 men with him. It appears from what follows below that Santa Anna has attained to all the power of a Dictator by the arrest or removal from command of such generals as are opposed to him, and by the more adroit manœuvre of inducing Congress to postpone the counting of the votes for President till the 15th of January next! The 15th of June was the day fixed by law for that purpose. By the postponement Santa Anna prolongs his own power indefinitely, and for the time being may be deemed Dictator in fact, if not in name. He will plead in extenuation of this perpetuation of his power that it was hazardous to risk a change of Government at a moment when a foreign foe threatened the capital, and there is force in the idea.

We grieve most sincerely to learn that the American prisoners in Mexico have not obtained their release: on the contrary, the report is that they are in more strict confinement than before.

Price of Flour.

We are indebted to a friend for the following averages of prices of flour in this city from the year 1824 to 1846 inclusive. It is an interesting and we believe a reliable statement. The averages have been taken on the prices during the season of canal navigation.

Years.	Average Price.	Highest Price.	Lowest Price.	Diff of Price.
1824	$5.38	$5.50	$5.25	25
1825	4.77	4.87	4.63	24
1826	4.61	5.13	3.88	1.25
1827	4.72	5.75	4.63	1.12
1828	5.78	7.50	4.50	3,00
1829	5,69	7.00	4.50	2,50
1830	5.19	5.25	4.88	37
1831	5.69	6.25	5.19	1,06
1832	6.02	6.25	5.75	50
1833	5.55	5.75	5,38	37
1834	5,01	5,31	4.81	50
1835	6.31	6,94	5.75	1.19
1836	8.19	10,00	7,00	3,00
1837	9.64	12.00	8.50	3,50
1838	8,09	9,00	7.00	2.00
1839	6,99	8,75	6,00	2,75
1840	4,94	5.63	4.75	88
1841	5.61	5,75	4,88	1,87
1842	5.56	6,50	4.13	2,37
1843	4.93	5,38	4,50	88
1844	4.53	4.88	4.13	75
1845	5.00	6.88	4.25	2,63
1846	4.90	6.00	3.75	2,25

Highest average price $9.04 was in 1837; lowest average price $4.53 was in 1844. Highest price $12 was in 1837; lowest price $3,75 was in 1846.

Albany Argus.

Cave Johnson's Calibre.—A writer in the Baltimore Patriot says that Cave Johnson's only comprehension and appreciation of the improvements of the age and the great principle of progress, seems to be manifested in his desire to reduce a four-horse to a two horse coach, a two horse coach to a one-horse buggy, a one-horse buggy to a saddle-horse, and a saddle-horse to a mule, or to a man on foot, and barefooted at that!

European Items.

The Crops.—Accounts from the United Kingdom, France, Spain, and Europe generally, represent the prospects of the crops (which in Spain had begun to be harvested), as unusually good. An immense surface has been sown with grain, and a fair yield is confidently expected. There is, as yet, some uncertainty in regard to the potato crop. Appearances are, on the whole, decidedly favorable; but the day of danger from blight has by *no means* passed.

Great Britain, France and Spain have by an alliance put down the Junta in Portugal, and brought hostilities to a close. A fruitless effort was made in Parliament to censure the British Ministry for this deed.

During the last eight months, more recruits have been enlisted for the British Army at Skibbereen, Cork, where the distress has been extremely great, than in twenty years previous. The devastations of war often cause famine; but here, famine causes men to rush into the bloody jaws of war. Yet is it any better to die of shot-wounds than of starvation?

It has been resolved on the motion of Sir Culling E. Smith, that females be admitted members of the British organization of the Evangelical Alliance now sitting at Edinburgh—but they are not to be allowed to speak or to sit on committees.

The Bishop of Norwich, at a recent meeting to promote "*ragged schools*," observed that Mr Peto, by educating the railway hands in the county of Norfolk, had beaten the beer-shops out of the field.

The proprietor of a bone-mill in Liverpool advertises that "parties sending *their own bones* to be ground, will find their orders attended to with punctuality and despatch!"

A public meeting was to have been held at Aberdeen, on the 16th ult., for the abolition of drinking usages at funerals.

Mr Bancroft, the American Minister, is very popular with his own countrymen and also Englishmen.

The city authorities of Liverpool have adopted the strong measure of sending back the myriads of paupers who have found their way there from Ireland. This harsh step is sanctioned by the Government, and justified on the ground of self-preservation. The cost of relieving Irish casual poor is now $4,000 a week, and the arrivals of miserable victims of famine and fever average 1000 a day. The tax-payers must soon sink under such a pecuniary burden, even if they are not swept into the grave by the disease introduced. Hence the Mayor has advertised for steamers to convey these paupers across the Channel again.

Grand Papal Project.—It is loudly whispered in Rome that the Pope is about to embark in an entirely new enterprise, which will be of a nature to astonish Europe, and the particulars of which a few days will more fully reveal. Some say its effect will be to bring back to the church a great number of dissenters. The Courrier des Etats-Unis says it "should not be surprised if its object was to bring about a re-union between the Roman and Greek Churches—a problem the solution of which has for so many centuries troubled Popes and Councils."

A Noble Deed.—The work of emancipation is going on in Northern Europe. The Democratie Pacifique contains a letter from St. Petersburg, dated May 13, which announces a noble deed. M. Romin, one of the great proprietors of the country, under the impulse of his humane feelings, had suddenly granted complete enfranchisement to 8,000 serfs, of both sexes, in Nijni and Riazan, and also, for a trifling rent, permitted them to occupy the lands over which they were distributed. To those *croakers* who entertain an awful apprehension of the dreadful things slaves might do, if emancipated suddenly, the following paragraph from the letter will prove consolatory:

"On the departure of M. Rumian from the domains which he had just so generously ceded, all the liberated serfs, with the exception of the sick, rushed in a mass to accompany him whom they lately called their master, but whom they now called their father, even beyond the territory in which his domains are situated. When the hour of separation at length arrived, it was not to eight thousand persons merely, that M. Rumian had to address his thanks and adieus, but to twenty thousand persons, belonging to the population of other villages, who all, aroused by the echo of this deed of humanity, had come to crowd around the generous liberator."

The British authorities at Orissa, India, bestow annually 36,000 rupees to support the temple of the destroyer Juggernaut. The same *Christian* Government grants £13,000 a year to the Popish College at Maynooth, Ireland.

Savings Bank.

The first semi-annual meeting of the Directors of the Windham Provident Institution for Savings was holden at Brattleboro, on the first Tuesday of July inst. From the Report of the Treasurer then submitted, it appears—

The whole amount of Deposits from 213 Depositors, is $21,564 50

There has been withdrawn by 3 Depositors, 985 00

On the 7th inst., was declared a Dividend of 2 1-2 per cent. for the last six months, which, if not taken out will be added to the original deposit.

☞Our correspondent at Guilford Centre, will observe that we have omitted from his narrative of the spirited and interesting celebration at that place, the toasts drank on the occasion, which possess the greater merit to us, that they were drank in refreshing *lemonade*,—we were however obliged to do so for want of space.

Tragical Occurrence at Flushing, L. I.—The death of Mr Brown, at Flushing, on Saturday, 3d inst., by an accidental shot from a small cannon, was attended with some extraordinary as well as distressing circumstances. He was exercising himself in a swing, while two sons of G. G. Howland, Esq., one aged about 12, and the other about 14 years, were amusing themselves by firing off a small cannon about 3 inches long, mounted on wheels. As the boys fired it off, Mr Brown, for the purpose of contributing to their amusement, would at each discharge, drop himself from the swing, exclaiming, "I am shot." At length he suggested to the boys that, in order to produce a louder report, they should put something additional into the cannon. They put in accordingly two buck shot. On firing it off, wheeled, and the shot passed through the head of Mr B. He fell from the swing, and exclaimed as before, "I am shot," and never spoke again. Mr B. was the son of James Brown, of the house of Brown, Brothers & Co., and son in law of G. G. Howland, Esq.—*N. Y. Express.*

THE WEEKLY NATIONAL INTELLIGENCER has been enlarged to nearly twice its former size, and will henceforth comprise *eight* folio pages. We take great pleasure in announcing this fact to our readers, and in recommending this excellent paper to the cordial support of every sound thinker in the Union.

Brighton Market—Monday, July 5.

At Market—540 Beef Cattle, (including those left over last week,) 10 yokes Working Oxen, 37 Cows and Calves, 2000 Sheep and Lambs, and about 1600 Swine.

Beef Cattle—Extra $7,25; first quality $7; second and third qualities from $6 to $6,50.

Working Oxen—No sales made.

Cows and Calves—Sales noticed at $17, $21, $23, $27, and $40 to $50.

Sheep and Lambs—Sales of Lambs at $1,62 to $3,66; old Sheep from $1,50 to $4,75.

Swine—Old Hogs, 5 1-2 a 6c. Shoats at wholesale, from 6 1-2 to 7 1-2c.; at retail, 7 1-2 to 9 and 10c. per lb.

N. B.—Quite a number of Beef Cattle remained unsold at the close, there being but few buyers at market.

BRIGHTON MARKET—Monday, July 12.

At market, 470 Beef Cattle, 60 Cows and Calves, 20 yokes Working Oxen, 3000 Sheep and Lambs, and about 1050 Swine.

Beef Cattle—Extra 7,25; first quality, $6,75; second and third qualities, from $5,50 to 6.25.

Working Oxen—Sales made at $72, 84 and 115.

Cows and Calves—Dull. Sales noticed at $18, 21, 23 and 30 a $42.

Sheeps and Lambs—Dull. Lots of old Sheep at $1,83 and 2 23. Lambs from 1,50 to $3,00.

Swine—At wholesale, 5 for Sows and 6 for Barrows. At retail, from 6 to 7 and 8c per lb. Small Pigs 9 a 10c.

VERMONT PHŒNIX.

☞ "West Brattleboro" takes exception to some part of the report, furnished us, of the Common School Celebration in this village, as reflecting somewhat upon their supplies and sharp appetite. We are certain, nothing was farther from the intention of the writer, than censure or reflection of any kind. The appearance and conduct of the children and officers were highly creditable to them and the "West" did their full share in the interesting exercises of the day. For ourselves, we were highly delighted with the whole affair—and particularly with the gaiety, and spirit, and tasteful dresses of the children. There is a striking propriety, as well as usefulness, in these celebrations by "Common Schools"—laying as they do, at the foundation of our free institutions, and forming the characters of those, who will soon be called upon to sustain and protect that liberty which the day commemorates. While imparting to them the education by which alone they are fitted to enjoy or uphold a free government, we cannot too carefully instil into their minds, a conviction of the bondage from which it released, and the sacrifices which the acquisition cost us.

We had intended a more particular notice of the several Schools represented in the procession; but have not been furnished with the materials, and must forego it. Since writing the above, we have received an explanation from the writer of the report, which we publish in justice to all parties, and which must satisfy our friends in the west part of the town, that no injustice was intended.

New Hampshire "Allies,"

The way they are Beaten.—The "Boston Atlas" says:—

> When President Polk visited Concord, while on his late tour, Gov. Williams was introduced to him, by Ex-Gov. Hubbard, as "the man who beat the allied army." We would suggest to the Ex Gov. to give Gen. Wilson and Mr Tuck, when they go to Washington this fall, letters of introduction to his friend Mr. Polk worded some way so: "Allow me to introduce to your Excellency the two gentlemen from New Hampshire, Members of Congress, who beat the combined forces of the radical Loco Focos, in July last."

The "Allies" of Cheshire and Hillsborough not liking this kind of compliment, have just rolled up a gain of *three thousand* over the last election.

Another "Buena Vista" Victory.—The "allied" army of Cheshire and Hillsborough—under General Wilson—are not disposed to let General Taylor and his brave army have all the glory, and they have "did up" a like job, just to show "some things can be done as well as others."

☞ The "Genesee Farmer"—an excellent agricultural paper,—is to be enlarged, as appears by a notice published therein, so as to contain thirty-two pages. To those who desire to take a paper confined to agriculture, we can recommend it as one of the best published.

It is a monthly paper and published at Rochester, N. Y.

SAVINGS BANK.—Attention is invited to the report of this Institution, published to-day. It affords a safe and profitable depository for the earnings, great and small, of all classes, and has this advantage to the depositors, that though drawing interest, their money is subject to withdrawal at any time. People are not apt sufficiently to appreciate the advantage to them of interest, even on small sums. Most persons have a few dollars lying idle by them, and might have at interest a part of the year, ten, twenty, fifty, or a hundred dollars, that now earns them nothing. It is a labor-saving Institution to the industrious, since only twenty dollars deposited for a year, will earn a day's hard labor.

☞ The price of Breadstuffs has within a few weeks past exhibited extraordinary fluctuations, falling at length very rapidly, and producing many failures among speculators. Between the 4th of June and 10th of July, there was a decline in the New York market of *four dollars per barrel*. The price now ranges from five to six dollars.

WHIG NOMINATIONS.—We give the names of general and local candidates this week, and shall publish the proceedings of the State Convention, and notice them more particularly in our next.

VOTE OF CHESHIRE COUNTY.

	JULY.			MARCH.		
	Wilson	Moulton.	Scott.	Wilson	Moulton.	Scott.
Alstead,	117	97	0	157	153	10
Chesterfield,	105	114	3	155	179	1
Dublin,	125	30	11	123	54	33
Fitzwilliam,	107	39	30	148	63	52
Gilsum,	31	62	12	31	66	22
Hinsdale,	133	56	2	148	101	6
Jaffrey,	134	89	7	143	131	35
Keene,	288	136	29	330	182	81
Marlboro,	74	27	16	86	44	22
Marlow,	22	113	4	25	147	13
Nelson,	116	22	16	121	18	33
Richmond,	53	93	28	81	153	36
Rindge,	188	16	16	229	19	23
Roxbury,	28	8	1	32	16	3
Stoddard,	63	129	3	63	136	4
Sullivan,	64	19	9	55	26	16
Surry,	47	53	0	51	58	4
Swanzey,	58	167	10	88	245	37
Troy,	74	38	6	55	45	18
Walpole,	170	115	5	217	108	25
Westmorel'd,	102	138	2	122	182	13
Winchester,	193	107	25	231	164	51
Complete,	2290	1668	245	2576	2306	556

Gen. Wilson's majority in his own county is 377, and his gain since March, 573. Well done, gallant old Cheshire!

☞ A worthy parson of the old-fashioned stamp preached a rousing sermon, on a certain occasion, against foppery in dress. His text was "Top-not, come down." Some of his hearers being curious to know whereabouts in the Bible these words were to be found, he referred them to the passage which reads, "Let him that is upon the house *top not come down* into the house."

With like fairness, the Democrat uses our articles—tearing words and sentences from their proper connection, and patching together words and sentences that have no proper connection. By so doing, our neighbor contrives to make out as triumphant an argument as the frizzle-hating clergyman aforesaid. Such twistification answers every purpose with those who cling blindly to the skirts of minister or editor. But it amounts to nothing, in point of truth.

Why can't our neighbor resume the original question in controversy between us? We have waited several weeks for him to prove that "doing evil [making war] that *evil* [the extension of slavery] may come," is just and holy.—We want to see how fine honey is to be got out of mixed gall and vinegar. Come, toe the mark, neighbor. Don't eternally

———"distinguish and divide
A hair 'twixt south and south west side."

SICK FOLKS, TAKE NOTICE!—At Mr Salisbury's Bookstore may be found a general assortment of works on Health, and kindred subjects. Now as "an ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure," and *moreover*, as a pound of prevention in the shape of knowledge does n't cost so much as an ounce of cure in the shape of doctor's doses, is it not far the best way to inform one's self of the physical laws, and carefully observe them? Who would be so great a ninny as to play at ball with a lever watch? Yet are not multitudes quite as reckless as this, with their own more delicate and more complicated systems? And, as a natural consequence, see them all the time ailing, drugging, and dying—in early life, too.

The book to which we wish to call particular attention is Dr Fitch's "Lectures on the Uses of the Lungs; the causes, prevention and cure of Consumption, Asthma, and Diseases of the Heart; the Laws of Longevity; and the mode of preserving Male and Female Health to an Hundred Years." A pretty high-sounding title, and too much in the style of quack advertisements. But the author is no quack. Twenty years' travel and practice, in all parts of America and Europe, have fitted him to speak wisely and truthfully. We heartily commend his book—to the well, that they may learn how to keep so; to the sick, that they may learn how to get well. Price, 50 cents, in neat paper covers.

Mr Salisbury's shelves are more pleasant to resort to than any medicine-chest in town. May his enterprise in keeping common sense remedies for the "ills that flesh is heir to," be abundantly rewarded.

MR BENTON'S LETTER.—Mr Benton, having been invited by the St. Louis delegation to attend the Chicago Convention, has addressed a letter to the delegation, in which he gives his opinions upon the power of the General Government to improve rivers and harbors. The letter was approved by the delegation. The Reveille gives the following as the substance of the letter:

> "Col. Benton takes the ground that the whole *constitutionality* of the question of river and harbor improvements, rests in the discrimination of Congress between objects of national and those of local interest. There can be no doubt as to the national importance of our great Western rivers; and, to particularize our further object, there can be no constitutional difference between the harbor of St. Louis and that of New York. A bill of appropriations towards strictly national objects cannot be killed by *vetoes*, and Col. Benton seems to intimate that a bill, free from objections on the local score, would not have been defeated by the action of the President. At any rate, the ground taken by Col. B. is clear, square, and thoroughly western—or, more correctly, thoroughly *national* and statesmanlike in its character."

Married.

In this village, at the Vermont House, July 1, by Rev J. H. Willis, Mr Joel Wilson, of Rutland, Ms to Miss Theresa Amelia Scott, of Bernardston, Ms

Also, July 5, Mr Martin L. Kenney, of Greenfield, Ms., to Miss [illegible] M. Donaldson, of Coleraine, Ms

Also, July 5, Mr William W. Lamb to Miss Harriet Southwick, of Petersham, Ms

In Putney, July 12, by L. G. Mead, Esq, Mr George W. Noyes to Miss Helen Campbell; Mr William H. Woolworth to Miss Emma Campbell—all of Putney.

In Guilford, July 5, by N. P. Chapin, Esq., Mr Chester Graves to Miss Augusta Dodge, both of Deerfield, Ms

Also, July 8, by the same, Mr William L. Holdridge, of Coleraine, Ms., to Miss Freedom L. Blood, of Charlemont, Ms.

In Westminster, June 24, by Rev H. Eastman, Mr Othniel R. Edwards to Miss Frances E. Gorton, both of Westminster.

Also, in Putney, July 1, by the same, Mr Warren Baker, of Brattleboro, to Miss Susan Peck, of Westminster.

Also, July 4, at the same place, by the same, Mr Zerah L. Scott to Miss Patience L. Fox both of Coleraine, Ms.

Died.

In Marlboro, July 11, Miss Lovisa King, aged 67. [Printers in Mass are requested to notice.]

In Whitingham, July 10, Mrs Ruth Brown, wife of Rufus Brown, Esq., aged 42

In Westminster, July 8, Mrs Elizabeth, widow of the late John Grout, aged 70.—[Printers in N. Y. and Mass. will please notice.]

In Brookline, June 27, Mrs Sarah K., wife of Mr Francis Merrifield, aged 49. She was a person whose death is [illegible] by the community, the church, and the family [illegible] was a member.—[Printers in N. H. and N. Y. will please to notice the above.]

In Coleraine, Ms., June 22, Mrs Margaret W., wife of Dea. J. Johnson, aged 51.

In Weathersfield, on Wednesday morning, the 7th inst., Margaret, daughter of the Hon. Wm Jarvis, aged 21 years.

In New Haven, June 25, Mrs Rebecca Webster, aged 82, relict of the late Noah Webster, L. L. D.

At Windham, Vt., 19th June, Mr Samuel Moore, aged 64 years.

In Grafton, on the 11th of April last, James Wyman, aged 50.

In Chesterfield, N. H., July 2, Mr Austin Bernard Snow aged 18.

This young man was taken from the bosom of his family, amid the largest prospects that could flatter the ambition of early genius. He was pursuing very successfully classical learning, when consumption laid its wasting hand upon him. And in a few short months he faded away like the brightest early flower. A pure ambition animated his soul. He aimed at distinction. He firmly resolved to be useful, and that his eminence should be based upon an unspotted moral character. No profane word was ever heard to drop from his lips. He was strictly upright in all his dealings. His intellectual and moral powers were equally active and conspicuous. His was a perfected and beautiful character, and it made him universally beloved. A short time before his departure, while leaning on his mother's bosom, he said, "I have never wronged any body in my life. I am not afraid to die. God is good. I shall live forever, in a brighter world than this." Thus, amid the peaceful reflections of a virtuous life, devoted to industry and an earnest improvement of mind, and with a full hope of immortality, he fell asleep.

"Sweet is the scene where virtue dies."

Brattleboro, July, 1847. J. H. W.

THE ENGLISH HOP CROP.—We have before us reports from almost all the hopgrowing districts in England, and as the subject is one in which many of our transatlantic readers are interested, we subjoin an analysis of the several communications which have reached us. We may here premise that the reports alluded to are of a very conflicting nature as to the healthy appearance of the bine. Accounts from Worcester state that the reports received there on the 16th inst. from the various districts give a deplorable account of the crop, the late rains having increased the vermin to an alarming extent; and in many gardens the bine is swarming with flies and lice, which have already checked the growth of the plant, giving it a yellow, sickly appearance, which nothing but a change in the weather is likely to improve. The communication from Maidstone contains the following: Since our last account, the bine has grown but moderately, the weather having been of a lower temperature with cold nights; and some grounds are losing the healthy appearance they have heretofore evinced. Complaints are still made of the ravages of the flies, and in gardens that were scarcely attacked previous to the tying their depredations on the leaves are now to be seen to the full extent of the [illegible]. The weather has likewise been rather unfavorable for the fly, and generally they have not been found so numerous. Our advices state that the weather in that district has been of an unfavorable character for the plant. The fly was increasing, though honey dew had made its dangerous appearance, and altogether the condition of the plantations was very precarious. Other and more satisfactory accounts have been received from Wingham, Maypole, &c. Taking all the opinions that have been been published, we consider that up till the present time there are good prospects of an average.

Willmer & Smith's Liverpool Times.

WOOL.—The Boston Courier of Monday says:

The Wool of the new clip begins to come in from the country, but we hear of no sales of the article of any importance.—We hear from all sections of the country that manufacturers are buying pretty freely. There has been less uniformity in the price of Wool in the country this season than usual. Some choice lots have been taken at very high prices, but the greater part of new Wool has been sold at a slight advance over last year's prices.

NEW YORK MARKET, MONDAY, JULY 12TH.—*Flour* is more firm. Genesee sells at $6 a $6 12; and Western at $5,62 a $6. *Grain.*—Corn is in tolerable demand at the present low prices; sales of sound at 60 to 65 cts., and unsound at 55. Rye 84 cts.; Barley 62; Oats 45.

Large quantities of Flour are going into store. The tendency of prices is still downward, and unless the next steamer should bring news of an advance, holders must submit to a further reduction.

SILVER WARE.

H. D. BRACKETT has just received another large lot of Silver Ware, which, in addition to his former stock, makes his assortment well worthy the attention of the public.—The Ladies in particular.

Brattleboro, July 14, 1847. 47

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in the Post Office at East Brattleboro, Vt., July 1, 1847.

Brasker Lieut M
Bellimer J
Burns James T M
Burnham W
Barber Asa
Burt Lucinda
Barber L Maria
Bemis Adaline F
Colburn Warren W
Craig Miranda 2
Caswell Townshend
Chandler W W
Chapin Rev E H
Davis Rhoda
Dayton Henry
Denniston Dr E
Darling John
Easterly Marion A
Elger Henry
Ells John
Field Abby
Foster W H
Fowler Harriet E
Gerry Mrs Edson
Graves Irene T
Greene Franklin S
Hastings Josiah
Hadley Mary A
Houghton B W
Hubbard Parker
Hotchkiss Mr
Ingraham Mr
King Warren
Lander James W
Marsh Lydia A
Maynard Adams
Merrick Dwight L
Newton Jane
Prouty H N
Rand Cora
Stevens James B
Smith Amanda
Stone Rev Ambrose
Sawyer J P
Thompson Mrs S
Tucker Lucinda
Thayer Leroy M
Tyler Frederic
Whitney Chs O
Walker Sylvester O
Whitney Ann R
Wood Jabez
Warren M D

47 F. N. PALMER, P. M.

NEW ENGLAND
Health Insurance Company.
CAPITAL, $200,000!!

WM. P. EATON, Secy., JOEL W. WHITE, Pres't.

THE *New England Health Insurance Company*, of Norwich, chartered by the Legislature of Connecticut in May last, with a capital of

$200,000,

will insure the health of males between the ages of fifteen and seventy years, on the following conditions: viz.

By the payment of *Five Dollars* premium per annum, they guarantee to pay to the insured *Four Dollars* a week in case of sickness, or any accident which may prevent him from pursuing his vocation, for the time he is thus disabled during the year.

The company is conducted on the Mutual principle, so that all holders of policies will share in the profits of the concern without being required to give any premium note, or being subject to any assessment.

Applications for Insurance may be made to

F. H. FESSENDEN, AGENT.

Brattleboro, March 29th, 1847. 32

1000 SCYTHE STONES of the right kind just received and for sale at

DICKINSON'S

July 12, '47. 47

SALT.

200 BUSHELS American and T. I. Salt, ju received and for sale by

WHEELER & PRAT

WILLIAM C. NORTH,
DAGUERRIAN ARTIST,

RETURNS his sincere thanks to the citizens of Brattleboro and its vicinity, for their very liberal patronage during the few weeks he has spent in their delightful village. He would also state for the information of those who still contemplate sitting for their Miniatures, that he has recently received from New York a large supply of the best Plates, Cases, Chemicals, Frames, &c., that the market affords, and having two superior Cameras, (his large one being warranted to him to be equal to the best that can be produced) and a beautiful skylight, (which is superior to any other) is fully prepared to execute

Daguerreotype Miniatures

in a style he trusts satisfactory to all who may see fit to favor him with their patronage. Mr N is enabled with his small Camera to take the likenesses of children of almost any age, in a very few seconds. Portraits copied beautifully.

☞ Plates, Cases, Chemicals, Frames, &c., for sale on as reasonable terms as can be procured elsewhere.

N. B. And not mistake his room; entrance one door south of the Post Office, Main Street.

Brattleboro, July 7th, 1847. 46

BOOK STORE,
No. 3 Brick Row.
GEO. H. SALISBURY

KEEPS constantly for sale a general assortment of *BOOKS AND STATIONERY*; embracing the Comprehensive Commentary—6 vols; splendid Quarto Bibles; Octavo Polyglott do.; fine Pew and Pocket Bibles and Testaments; an elegant assortment of MINIATURE VOLUMES, well adapted for Presents, and a variety of Miscellaneous Books, Albums, &c.—Also, a general assortment of *Blank Books* manufactured and for sale on the most reasonable terms, and warranted to give satisfaction.

STATIONERY.

Such as Foolscap, Letter, Note, Bill, Tissue, Marble, Perforated, Post-Office, Glazed, and *Wrapping* Paper; Letter and Note Envelopes; Foreign and American Steel Pens; Sealing *Wax*; *Wafers*; Black, Blue, Red, and Indelible Ink; Letter Folders; Slates; Inkstands; Pen-holders; Sand Boxes; Letter Stamps; Paints; Drawing Pencils, &c., &c., &c.

ALSO, a prime assortment of POCKET CUTLERY AND FANCY GOODS, PERFUMERY, &c., all of which will be sold at low prices.

Subscriptions received for Chamber's Cyclopedia of English Literature, and Littell's Living Age.

Godey's, Graham's, Columbian, and Union Magazines furnished (free of Postage) for $2,50 per annum, in advance. All other Magazines and Periodicals furnished to order.

N. B. Particular attention given to rebinding old Books, Pamphlets, Magazines, Music Books, &c.

ALSO—Card Printing neatly executed on reasonable terms.

Brattleboro, June 30 1847. tf46

Friction Rollers and Grindstone Cranks,

FOR sale Wholesale and Retail by

H. E. BROWN & CO.

☞ Orders promptly attended to.

Hinsdale, July 1st, 1847. 4w46

FLY NETS.

COTTON, LINEN, and WORSTED FLY NETS for Horses, a large assortment just received and for sale at B. RANGER'S.

July 5th, 1847. 3w46

PINE CLAPBOARDS.

20,000 UP Country, seasoned Pine Clapboards just received for sale by

G. C. HALL.

July 5, 1847. 46

Chestnut and Spruce Shingles,

For sale by G. C. HALL.

July 5, 1847. 46

STATE OF VERMONT.

MARLBORO, ss.

In Probate Court, July 1, 1847.

COMES William Gregory, Administrator upon the Estate of LEWIS J. CUTTING, late of Guilford, deceased, and files his Administration account for examination and allowance.

Whereupon it is ordered that said Administrator notify all persons interested that this Court will decide upon the allowance of said account, and decree distribution of said estate among the heirs of said deceased, at the special session thereof to be holden at the Probate office in Brattleboro, in said district, on the 31st day of July inst., by publishing a copy of the record of this order three weeks successively in the Vermont Phœnix, printed at said Brattleboro, previous to said time of hearing.

A true copy of Record.

46 Attest, B. D. HARRIS, Reg'r.

STATE OF VERMONT.

Marlboro, ss.

In Probate Court, June 30, 1847.

COMES Letina L. Thurber, widow of John W. Thurber, late of Guilford, deceased, and moves the Court here for an assignment to her of personal property from the estate of said deceased.

Whereupon it is ordered that said Petitioner notify all persons interested that this Court will decide upon said application at the special session thereof to be holden at the Probate office in Brattleboro, in said district, on the 31st day of July next, by publishing a copy of the record of this order three weeks successively in the Vermont Phœnix, printed at said Brattleboro, previous to said time of hearing.

A true copy of record

46 Attest. B. D. HARRIS, Reg'r.

STATE OF VERMONT.

Marlboro, ss.

In Probate Court, June 28, 1847.

AN Instrument purporting to be the last Will and Testament of AMOS PARSONS, late of Stratton, deceased, is presented for Probate by Amos Parsons, therein named Executor thereof.

Whereupon it is ordered that said named Executor notify all persons interested that this Court will decide upon the Probate of said Instrument at the session thereof to be holden at Osgood's Inn, in Newfane, in said district, on the last Thursday of July next, by publishing a copy of the record of this order three weeks successively in the Vermont Phœnix, printed at Brattleboro, in said district, previous to said time of hearing.

A true copy of Record.

46 Attest, B. D. HARRIS, Reg'r.

STATE OF VERMONT.

MARLBORO, ss.

In Probate Court, July 5, 1847.

COMES CATHERINE READ, widow of JASON READ, late of Whitingham, deceased, and moves the Court here for an assignment to her of personal property from the estate of said deceased.

Whereupon it it ordered that said Petitioner notify all persons interested, that this Court will decide upon said application at the special session thereof to be holden at the Probate office in Brattleboro, in said district, on the 31st day of July instant, by publishing a copy of the record of this order three weeks successively in the Vermont Phœnix, printed at said Brattleboro, previous to said time of hearing.

A true copy of Record,

64 Attest, B. D. HARRIS, Reg'r.

THE meeting of the Commissioners on the Estates of Asa Liscom and Phillip Liscom, on the first Tuesday of September, is postponed to the first *Wednesday* of the same.

BARNARD LYNDE, }
JOHN LYNDE, } *Comm'rs.*

July 1, 1847.

NOTICE.

THE undersigned begs leave to inform the gentlemen of Brattleboro and its vicinity, that he is now prepared to press over Leghorn, and all other thin Summer Hats, in the neatest manner, and make them look as good as new.

☞ Hats made any size called for.

T. J. BASCOM,
Finisher and Presser.

Brattleboro, July 7th, 1847. 1t46

Salt Pork.

A FIRST RATE ARTICLE. Also, *Rye and Oats* for sale by A. DUNKLEE.

West Brattleboro, July 14. 47

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5 TONS Nova Scotia Grindstones, a very superior article, for sale by

TOWNSLEY & SONS.

Dental Surgery.

DR. JAS. A. FARWELL

WOULD respectfully announce to the people of Brattleboro and vicinity, that he has permanently established himself in this village, where he will be happy to wait on any who may need his services in any branch of his profession. *He flatters himself that* as the result of the facilities of which he has availed himself in acquiring a knowledge of his business, and the experience which he has had in practice, he shall be able to merit the confidence, and secure a portion of the patronage of the community. *Particular attention* will be given to all descriptions of *plate work*, and those wishing single or whole sets, may rely upon having them inserted in the most satisfactory manner, either with or without *artificial gums*, and secured by *atmospheric pressure* alone, or by spiral springs, as the case may require. *Artificial Palates*, will be constructed so as to effect almost perfect articulation. In filling teeth he employs nothing but fine Gold, it being the only material unobjectionable. For extracting teeth he makes use of no instruments but the *Hawk bill* and *patent Forceps*.

Numerous and highly respectable *references* can be shown if desired.

He has taken rooms in Hall's Long Building, which will be found furnished with *reference* to the comfort and convenience of those who may favor him with a call.

☞ Entrance first door south of the Post Office.

N. B. He will keep constantly on hand *Oak Tooth* wash, a new article, together with Powders and Brushes. Terms reasonable.

Brattleboro, June 29, 1847. tf45

MEDICAL NOTICE.

DR. E. F. DAVIS

WOULD respectfully announce to the citizens of Brattleboro and vicinity, that he has located himself in Brattleboro East Village, where he may be found ready to attend to all calls in the line of his profession. Dr. D. deems it proper to inform the public that his system of practice is based upon the principles of the *Reformed School of Medicine*, as taught at the *Thomsonian Botanico Medical College*, at *Cincinnati, Ohio*, Worcester, Mass., &c.; *proscribing* all substances as medicinal, which have a tendency to poison the blood, and to depress the vital energies of the system. It is unnecessary to state in this notice anything with regard to the *superiority* of the Botanic Remedies over those deleterious Drugs which are so freely dealt by the *Allopathic* or *Old School Physicians*; for the virtues of our remedies are too well known and appreciated by *all* who have tested them, to need comment. Dr. D. would therefore state that he deals in no substances but those which act in harmony with the '*Vis Medicatrix Naturae*,' or healing *power of nature*, and which assist nature in her efforts to remove disease. This theory, with the advantages of three years experience in treating diseases incident to this climate, with good success, he hopes will secure public confidence and patronage.

Rooms at Geo. Bugbee's, directly opposite the 'Water Cure Establishment,' where he may be found except when absent on professional business.

N. B. Botanic Medicines constantly on hand, put up in the neatest manner and labelled with directions for use.

Brattleboro, June 30th, 1847. 1y45

More New Goods, July 1, 1847,
At the Low Price Store.

25 pieces	Muslin De Laine,	at	12 1-2	to	20	cts a yard.
20 do	Scotch Gingham,	"	24	"	27	"
10 do	American do	"	12 1-2	"	20	"
15 do	Muslins & Lawns,	"	17	"	25	"
200 do	Print, new styles,	"	05	"	12 1-2	"
5 bales	prime Sheeting,	"	07 1-2	"	10	"
30 doz.	wt & col'd cot. Hose	"	08	"	33	cts a pair.
25 do	Silk, Thread & cot. gloves,		04	"	50	"
20 do	Linen Hdkfs,		10	"	25	"

Also a large assortment of Summer Goods, for Men's and Boy's wear, together with a great variety of Fancy Goods, all of which will be sold at very low prices

3w45 WHEELER & PRATT

NOTICE.

A. VAN DOORN has taken C. A. VAN DOORN to be a partner in the Furniture and Chair business, for which we have and are making arrangements to continue in all its branches, and we have now to offer beside our usual supply of Cabinet Furniture and Chairs, Transparent Window Shades, Balance Curtain fixtures, new patterns of Looking Glasses and Clocks, Feathers, *best Hair* Mattresses, do of Cotton, a *healthy and cooling* article for summer, Refrigerators, *just the coolest thing now in use*. Also, all kinds of Upholstery *neatly* executed to order.

As we are Agents and manufacturers of most of these articles, we will sell them at the lowest prices at wholesale and retail. Lumber and Produce taken in exchange, and Cash in no case refused when offered.

A. VAN DOORN & SON.

Brattleboro, June 30, 1847. 45

HORSE RAKES.
COILED WIRE, SPRING TOOTH.

A CLEAN RAKER of fine hay. Works well on smooth land and on that which is comparatively rough. For sale by Birchard & Sawyer, Fayetteville; Abel K. Wilder, Wardsboro; Chas. Dennison, Green River; Geo. W. Daniels, West Westminster.

June 29. '47. 45

FOR SALE.

A SMALL FARM, with a large and convenient Dwelling House in good repair, with Barns and other buildings, situated within sixty rods of the Academy in Chesterfield, N. H., (centre village.)

Said Farm is well watered and has a good orchard. Also, a valuable Wood Lot and Pasture within a mile of said house. The above described premises will be sold at a reasonable rate, and terms of payment made easy. OTIS AMIDON.

Chesterfield, N. H., June 18th, 1847. 4w44

WANTED.

WHITE AND BROWN RAGS, for which we will pay Cash. ALSO—From 50 to 100 Cords of good Wood.

WOODCOCK & VINTON.

Brattleboro, June 14, 1847. 1y43

NOTICE.

THIS is to certify, that I have given to my son, WILLARD SUMNER, his time to do and act for himself. I shall claim none of his earnings, nor pay any debts of his contracting after this date.

CHARLES SUMNER.

Brattleboro, June 10, 1847. 44

CULTIVATORS,

FROM "Prouty & Mears' " Manufactory, for sale by TOWNSLEY & SONS.

June 24. 44

PEW FOR SALE.

A DESIRABLE Pew in the Centre Church. Apply to F. H. FESSENDEN.

Brattleboro, July 7, 1847. 46

Brattleboro
WOOLEN FACTORY.

THE subscriber having put his Machinery in complete repair, is ready to receive Wool to manufacture on *Shares* or by the Yard. Also, keeps a good selection of Cassimere on hand at all times, which he will exchange for Wool on delivery.

☞ *Please Call and Examine.*

P. T. CLARK,
F. A. WHEELER, Agent.

Brattleboro, May 27, 1847. 41

HORSE RAKES.

COIL WIRE SPRING TOOTH,—Dewey & Haynes' Patent. For sale by

J. STEEN.

June 21 '47. 44

PORK, LARD & HAM

For sale by ORLEN PRATT & CO.

West Brattleboro, June 21, 1847. 44

NOTICE is hereby given that a petition will be presented to the General Assembly of this State at their session in October next, by the "Company for rendering Connecticut River navigable by Bellows Falls," for such extension or prolongation of the privileges of said Company as may be found just and proper. A. FLEMING, Agent.

Rockingham, July 5, 1847. 46