BRATTLEBORO LOCAL.

BURLESQUE BASKET BALL.

Substitute Brattleboro Y. M. C. A. Team Beaten by Holyoke Y. M. C. A. 14-4, in a Hurly-Burly Contest.

A burlesque game of basket ball took place in the armory Sautrday night, the participants in the farce being the Holyoke, Mass., Y. M. C. A. team and an aggregation purporting to represent the local association. The score at the end of the last act was 14--4, with Brattleboro at the little end of the horn. Such a miserable exhibition as the home team made was enough to "queer" the sport in Brattleboro for the rest of the season. Owing to some trouble among the members of the team Capt. Cundiff was the only regular man who appeared on the floor in uniform. The other four players were all comparatively inexperienced, but it must be admitted that their playing was fully equal to that of their chief. Not one sign of team work was visible in Brattleboro's playing, however, and from the start it was evident that Holyoke had things easy. When a Brattleboro player got a chance to try for a goal his shooting was so inaccurate that everyone hoped he wouldn't make a fool of himself again. As for fouls, enough were made by both sides to prolong the game all night had half of them been called. All three officials were victims of somnambulism, apparently, for even the uproar which continued throughout all of the second half failed to awaken them to the seriousness of the situation.

In justice to the visitors it should be said that their work was on the whole satisfactory and the rough playing which they displayed at times was only to offset that of their opponents. Monroe and Ferriter did the best for Brattleboro, the latter scoring the only goal from the field for his side.

HOLYOKE.		BRATTLEBORO
Miller, right forward,		left guard, Tufts
L. Clark, left forward,		right guard, Ferriter
Davies,	centre	Monroe
B. Clark, right guard,		left forward, Cundiff
Whiting, left guard,		right forward, Smith

Referee, Dix; umpires, Cone and Ferre; goals from field, B. Clark 4, L. Clark, Davies, Miller, Ferriter; goals from fouls, Cundiff 2.

CHICOPEE PARISH HOUSE WON.

Reorganized Brattleboro Y. M. C. A. Scored 6 Points and the Visitors 15.

Strongly in contrast with the exhibition of last Saturday night was the basket ball game of Tuesday evening between the local Y. M. C. A. team and that of the Chicopee, Mass., Parish house. The Brattleboro players got together Monday evening and practically reorganized, electing Corser captain instead of Cundiff, who resigned. Although the home team was defeated by the Parish house 15-6 the game was well played and at times exciting. Brattleboro failed to score in the first half, but in the second period of play made as many baskets as its opponent. Chicopee claims to be one of the strongest aggregations in the country, and the team substantiated its claim Tuesday evening by a remarkably fine exhibition of basket ball. The visitors were continually on the go and several times had the Brattleboro players badly winded. The latter showed their lack of practice by failing to get in the team work which has generally characterized their playing.

Bastien played the prettiest game for Chicopee and Ferriter's work was the equal of that of any of the Brattleboro men. Allen made two baskets which brought forth the applause of the spectators.

The line-up.

CHICOPEE.		BRATTLEBORO.
P. Minie, left forward,		right guard, Ferriter.
Bastien, right forward,		left guard, Corser.
U. Minie,	centre	Howe.
Tomlinson, right guard,		left forward, Cundiff.
Perry, left guard,		right forward, Allen.

Score, Chicopee 15, Brattleboro 6. Goals from field, Bastien 3, Tomlinson 2, Allen 2, P. Minie, Corser, Perry. Goal from foul, Tomlinson. Referee and umpire, Horton and Edgar. Time, 20-minute halves.

ENDEAVOR'S CONVENTION.

Windham County Union Will Meet in Brattleboro Next Thursday---The Program.

The semi-annual convention of the Windham County Christian Endeavor Union will be held in the Baptist church, Brattleboro, next Thursday afternoon and evening. Two important addresses will be made by Rev. Franklin S. Hatch, president of the Massachusetts state Union. Supper will be furnished the delegates by the Brattleboro Endeavorers. Any who wish entertainment for the night should communicate with Fred S. Knight, Brattleboro. The program of the convention is as follows:

AFTERNOON SESSION, 2 O'CLOCK.

Devotional Service.
Secretary's Report and Roll Call.
Junior Half Hour,
Conducted by F. F. Randall, Townshend
A Scene in Modern Jericho,
Rev. W. E. Laug, Athens
Quiet Hour,
Miss Cora M. Kinney, East Walpole, Mass
Lookout Committee,
Miss Lena Hubbard, Wilmington
Temperance Committee,
Miss Amy Perry, West Wardsboro
Social to Save,
Miss Bertha A. Stoddard, Vernon
Address, "Sure Success in Our C. E. Work,"
Rev. F. S. Hatch

EVENING SESSION, 7:30 O'CLOCK.

Praise Service.
Consecration.
Address, "All for Jesus, Our King,"
Rev. Franklin S. Hatch
Prayer and Benediction.

VIOLATED PROHIBITORY LAW.

Landlord Thayer of Guilford, Who Eluded the Officers Several Weeks, Was Arrested Sunday---Paid Fine Monday.

Leslie Thayer, for some time past proprietor of the Broad Brook House in Guilford, settled an account with the state Monday before leaving for new quarters in Bernardston. The hotel was raided several weeks ago, but Mr. Thayer was not at home, and the house had been visited by officers several times since then but without finding the proprietor. The officers were informed last week that Thayer made regular visits to his house on Sunday, which led them to believe that it was Mr. Thayer's impression that he could not be arrested on Sunday. On last Sunday night, therefore, Sheriff Gordon went to Guilford, found Mr. Thayer and arrested him. State's Attorney Barber, Justice T. J. B. Cudworth and some witnesses went to Guilford Monday to try the case, Lawyer John E. Gale appearing for the respondent. Thayer was first arraigned on the charge of keeping liquor with the intent to sell. He pleaded guilty, and the minimum fine of $5 and costs was agreed upon. He was then arraigned on the charge of selling, to which he pleaded guilty of two first offences, and a fine of $15 and costs was imposed. The total fines and costs were about $45, which Thayer paid during the afternoon.

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup has cured whooping cough when no other treatment would give relief. For croup this remarkable remedy has no equal. It conquers croup at once.

Will positively cure sick headache and prevent its return. Carter's Little Liver Pills. This is not talk, but truth. One pill a dose. See advertisement. Small pill. Small dose. Small price.

ALLOWANCE OF $100 A MONTH

Ordered to Be Paid to the Widow of John C. Newton of Wilmington---Estate Represented as Insolvent---Other Probate Business.

An interesting hearing was held in the probate court Saturday, it being a part of a special session before Judge Waterman. The hearing was on the application of Eva Wheeler Newton, widow of John C. Newton of Wilmington, for an assignment out of her late husband's estate for her support and maintenance during the settlement of the estate by the administrator. The contention was as to the amount of the allowance. The administrator represented that the estate was supposed to be insolvent. The contention of the widow was that if her husband's estate was insolvent it would naturally follow that all of his brothers, who were in company with him and who did business with him, were insolvent, which she did not believe to be the fact. She believed the object in representing the estate to be insolvent was to cut her off with a small allowance.

The fact was brought out during the taking of testimony that Mr. Newton, when living, allowed his wife $250 a month for household expenses and $100 a month for "pin" money. The court ordered the administrator to pay Mrs. Newton $100 a month from Oct. 28, 1899, until the estate was settled or until further order of the court. Kittredge Haskins and C. C. Fitts were counsel for Mrs. Newton, and O. E. Butterfield of Wilmington was counsel for the estate.

The other business of the session was as follows: The will of Lucina Carley of Whitingham was allowed and R. Q. Wilcox and E. C. Stetson were appointed appraisers and commissioners. The will of Electa M. Cutler of Whitingham was allowed and Edward L. Fuller and Charles H. Faulkner were appointed appraisers and commissioners.

RAN INTO A TRAP.

All the Americans Escaped but One---Clarence Tenney Writes of an Exciting Experience and of Long Marches in the Philippines.

Mrs. L. W. Lord received this week the following letter from her son, Clarence Tenney, who is one of the four Brattleboro boys in the 46th United States Volunteers:

SUBIC, P. I.
Jan. 5, 1900.

I haven't heard from home for some time. My mail is probably at Manila. This is on the north line in Cavite Province. We expect to move to two towns above here and expect to have quite a fight, so thought I would write you and leave it for some one to mail who will be left behind. You may not hear from me again for a long time, as our facilities for writing are not of the best. The country is not as bad as some make it out, and the insurgents wont stand hard fighting. There are only two companies here, our own and one of the 32d; only our company is to move and they are all eager for the fight.

We have slept on our arms every night since we have been here, for we hold the most dangerous place on the coast. The other day we ran into about 400 of the "Gogoes," as we call them, and about 45 of us ran into a trap. They drove us up a hill where we had to use both hands to climb with. The bullets were flying around our heads like hailstones and about as fast. We had one man captured. No one was seriously hurt. One man had his cheek blistered by a bullet and several had their guns smashed by them. They admit we killed seven and wounded 20. If you multiply these figures by three you will get it nearer right.

The rest of the regiment are on the south line. The other company look like banditti, they have been out so long, and I suppose we will look the same way in a little while.

They surely can't call us tin soldiers, for the volunteers are doing all the fighting. We are doing some great old marches—"hikes," we call them. The first thing is to wade a stream with the water nearly to our necks, then up hills where we have to use both hands, feet and toes to climb with—the "Gogoes" thought we could not climb them—next a rice field of mud and water, where we may go in up to our neck any minute. They are something fierce, and it is like this all day long.

We carry nothing but our canteens, guns and cartridge belts, and are gone for two or three days at a time. I stand it as well as the best of them. I haven't walked a post yet, for I have got commander's orderly every time I have had to go on guard. We are now about 70 miles from there on the coast at a small place they call Subic, in Subic bay. CLARENCE A. TENNEY,
Co. E., 46th Inft. U. S. V.

WHEEL CLUB MOCK TRIAL.

A Case Which Brought Much Amusement to 100 or More Club Members.

Nearly 100 Vermont Wheel club members gathered at the club rooms last Friday evening to hear the evidence in the case of Bacon vs. Crosby, an action of tort to recover the value of a "fighting rooster" slain in a battle which took place while the bird was in charge of the defendant. The case was one of great intricacy, and startling evidence was introduced by both sides. The jury after much deliberation decided that both defendant and plaintiff were not free from guilt, and it recommended that as a penalty a lunch should be furnished the assembled multitude.

T. J. B. Cudworth acted as presiding judge, W. H. Childs and W. P. Jones as side judges; C. L. Stickney, clerk of the court; W. A. Morse, court stenographer; E. W. Blodgett, sheriff; H. C. Rice, deputy; C. C. Fitts and H. G. Barber, counsel for the plaintiff; A. F. Schwenk and E. W. Gibson, counsel for the defendant. The jury consisted of F. R. Vaughan, J. W. Miller, J. C. Howe, C. F. R. Jenne, W. F. Root and A. D. Wyatt.

The court docket was made up of humorous charges in the nature of "grinds" on members of the club.

Stripping the Woodland.

A well-known resident of this town has become interested, or rather, somewhat alarmed, at the enormous quantities of timber that are being cut off this year. There are, within five miles of Spofford lake, if reports are correct, no less than eight steam saw mills at work, as follows: The Whitcomb mill, run by Mr. Whitney; George K. Amidon & Co's. mill, the Doolittle & Brown mill, Olin Farr's mill at West Chesterfield, Butler Brothers' mill, Hermon Harvey's mill at the Factory, a mill on Broad Brook and one in Westmoreland, near Parkhill. Immense quantities of timber are being eaten up by these mills and a large area of valuable forest cut away. A red pine 110 feet high and about three feet in diameter at the base was one of the most notable trees recently cut, and a quantity of forest giants have met a like fate, besides thousands of smaller trees. What the result of this wholesale destruction of the forests will be remains to be seen, but it certainly does not add to the attractions of Chesterfield and its surroundings.—[Chesterfield correspondence of the New Hampshire Sentinel.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT.

Wilmington Times Would Like to See R. S. Childs as Bryan's Running Mate.

[From the Wilmington Times.]

While our Democratic friends are casting about for a suitable running mate for William J. Bryan, they will make a mistake if they fail to consider the eminent qualifications of Mr. Bryan's Vermont escort and right hand man—R. S. Childs of Brattleboro. Messrs. Bryan and Childs are warm personal friends and the points of similarity in the character and views of the two men are legion.

Mr. Bryan is noted first of all for his surpassing eloquence—and all will agree that this is also Mr. Childs's leading characteristic.

Mr. Bryan is opposed to expansion—so is Mr. Childs.

Mr. Bryan has got "it in" for the Rothschilds, the Vanderbilts, the Morgans, Wall street, the trusts and various other monstrosities—so also has Mr. Childs.

Mr. Bryan is called the silver tongued orator of the Platte—Mr. Childs is the silver-tongued orator of Vermont and has no equal in these regions.

Mr. Bryan is an all-around good fellow whom everyone likes—so also is Mr. Childs.

It must be apparent to all that William J. Bryan and R. S. Childs would make ideal running mates and the Reformer, Vermont's representative *Democratic* newspaper, should paste the following ticket at the head of its editorial column and keep it there until after election:

For President,
Wm. J. Bryan of Nebraska.
For vice president,
Rollin S. Childs of Vermont.

The Vermont Democracy certainly ought to be grateful to the author of its party platforms and the expounder of its principles and such a ticket as the above might be a winner in the Green Mountain state.

CAKING SUGAR.

Abstract from C. D. Whitman's Paper Read Before the Vermont Sugar Makers in Randolph Last Week.

It has been said that the education of a girl should begin with the girl's grandmother. The making of fine maple sugar depends much on past care and previous condition of sugar utensils. The secret of making first quality maple sugar can be summed up in two words—"neatness" and "despatch." Spouts, buckets and storage tanks may be tin or wood; evaporators may be of any patent or no patent, but wood, if used, must be painted, and the sap must go from the tree to the finished products of syrup or sugar as rapidly as possible by frequent gathering and shallow boiling.

Sugar making has become an exact science and the use of the thermometer through all the boiling process relieves of all uncertainty in uniform sugar making. For caking sugar 238° to 240° is just right and will make cakes of sufficient grain and not be too hard. For long keeping without draining it is necessary to cook to 250°.

The markets likes cakes in pounds or the subdivisions of pounds. For cooking, pound bricks are handy, but for confectionary, two-ounce or quarter-pound cakes are best, the bricks to be packed in 50-pound boxes, the quarter-pound cakes in 10-pound and 20 pound boxes, while two-ounce cakes go in two, five and 10-pound boxes. There is less demand for sugar cakes from year to year and an increased use of syrup.

THE JURY LIST.

The following petit jurors have been drawn for the March term of Windham county court:

Athens—Eugene S. Kingsley.
Brattleboro—T. J. B. Cudworth, Caleb P. Nash, Henry Akley.
Brookline—Fred H. Morse.
Dover—Frank E. Yeaw.
Dummerston—Myron F. Dutton.
Grafton—Vestus A. Wilbur.
Guilford—Clifford A. Baker.
Halifax—F. H. Worden.
Jamaica—Ernest F. Coleman.
Londonderry—Benjamin Sparrow, Warren L. Wright.
Marlboro—G. C. Higley.
Newfane—Dwight E. Bailey.
Putney—Chas. H. Converse.
Rockingham—Chas. E. Capron, John W. Graves, John E. Stoddard.
Somerset—Wm. Thomas.
Stratton—Highland H. Forrester.
Townshend—O. A. Davis.
Vernon—C. J. Stone.
Wardsboro—M. W. Brown.
Westminster—Stephen M. Nutting, Jas. W. Stratton.
Whitingham—Edward L. Wheeler.
Wilmington—A. I. Haynes, B. M. Leonard.
Windham—L. M. Edson

Veteran Formerly from Dummerston Shot Himself.

A. J. Howe, a veteran of the civil war and an inmate of the soldier's home, shot himself in the hospital at Bennington soon after midnight Monday morning. He served between three and four years in the 1st Vermont cavalry. He entered the home in October, 1894. He was suffering from paralysis of the limbs when received, and has been a cripple since. He frequently remarked that when it got so that morphine would not relieve his pain he would kill himself. The attendants had watched him closely. The night nurse was called Monday morning by Howe, and on entering his room the nurse found Howe's pillow covered with blood. Howe spoke, saying he had shot himself. Howe's nurse found a 22 calibre revolver in the bed. Howe had shot himself through the temple, the ball entering just above the right eye, going through and coming out on the pillow on which he rested his hand when he shot. He was conscious some time after the doctor arrived. Howe enlisted from Dummerston, but since the war he had lived mostly in Gardner, Mass., where his wife was buried. He has one son.

Mr. Howe died Tuesday. Jamaica is said to have been his native town.

Heaven has so ordained it that human sympathy is more pleasurable than individual happiness.

Pure—Harmless—Economical

Swift's Washing Powder

For washing and cleaning, Swift's Washing Powder does the work at half the cost of soap, and in half the time. Your grocer will sell you a 16-ounce package for

Five Cents

Swift and Company, Makers, Chicago

Gen. Washington's Age.

Figures Given A e Often Errou ous--- Change Making January the First Month of the Year.

The centennial of Gen. Washington's death was publicly noticed in many places last December. His age at his death is often given as 67 years and some months, which is erroneous. He was born Feb. 11, 1732, as the almanac then ran. New Year's began on the 25th of March. The last day of that year was March 24, 1732; the first day of the next year was March 25, 1733. In 1751, an Act of Parliament, 24 Geo. II., chapter 23, provided:

That the first day of January next following the last day of December, 1751, shall be the first day of the year 1752. And that the first day of January next after the first day of January 1752, shall be the first day of the year 1753. And so on, the first day of January in each year, shall be the first day of the year. And that after the first day of January 1752, the several days of each month shall go on in the same order; and the feast of Easter; and other moveable feasts thereon depending, shall be ascertained according to the same method they then were, until the second day of September 1752; and that the natural day next following the said second day of September, shall be reckoned the fourteenth day of September, omitting for that time only, the eleven intermediate days. And that the several natural days which shall succeed the said fourteenth day of September, shall be reckoned in numerical order according to the order and succession of days now used in the present calendar. * * *

The several years 1800, 1900, 2100, 2200, 2300, and any other hundredth year (except every four hundredth year of which the year 2000 shall be the first,) shall not be deemed Bissextile or Leap Year, but common years to consist only of 365 days. The years 2000, 2400, 2800, and every other four hundredth year, from the year 2000 inclusive, and all other years, which are now esteemed Bissextile or Leay Years, shall for the future be esteemed Bissextile or Leap Years, consisting of 365 days.

Gen. Washington died Dec. 14, 1799. These dates, with that act, by common arithmetic will give his true age.

Ethan Allen was born Jan. 10, 1737, and died Feb. 21, 1789. His age is often given as 52 years and a month and over, which is also erroneous, and can be correctly computed also by these figures.

This year is interesting, in this respect, as one of the hundredth years, exactly divisible by four, but not a leap year because not a 400th year.

President Hadley on Forestry.

President Hadley of Yale, always progressive and quick to interpret the signs of the times, has declared in favor of forestry on broad patriotic grounds. In an address before the Yale alumni association of Cleveland, O., as given in the Yale Alumni Weekly, Dr. Hadley said:—"Of all the needs at present, the thing we feel the need of most is the intelligent teaching of forestry, which stands out prominent. We need it for the sake of the rainfall of the country, for the health of the country, for the future life of the country. I hope I shall see established at Yale in the not distant future a school of forestry, which shall not be a school of a kind of botany as are some of the schools at present in the country; not modeled on German fashions, as is the case with the remainder; but as a school adapted to the needs of America, teaching in the studio and in the laboratory the principles of botany and surveying, the law of economics necessary to the understanding of the subject, and giving the men a chance to go out into the fields and do practical field work, and work into positions with the United States government; work into positions of private influence also, which are bound in the immediate future to increase very greatly in importance. Such a school of forestry, I believe, we have at hand and before us."—[The Forester.

Napoleon on Drunkenness.

Napoleon Bonaparte will appear in the March Century in a new rôle—that of a temperance advocate. In the second instalment of Dr. O'Meara's hitherto unpublished "Talks with Napoleon" at St. Helena, it is recorded that, having a pain in his side, the ex-Emperor asked his physician to show him where his liver was situated, and the latter, in some remarks of the causes of inflammation of that organ, mentioned intoxication as one of them. Thereupon Napoleon remarked:

"Then I ought not to have it, as I never was drunk but once in my life; and that was 24 years ago at Nice. · · · I drank three bottles of Burgundy, and was completely drunk. O, how sick I was the next day! I wonder how a man who once gets drunk can ever think of doing it again. Such headache, vomiting, and general sickness; I was nearly dead for two days."

Mr. Bryan's Policy.

[From the Burlington Free Press.]

Bryan has plainly adopted a new policy with reference to his public discussions in the East. He frankly declares that he came here, not to instruct Democrats, whom he apparently assumes are popocrats as a rule, but to speak to Republicans. Having learned from the contest of 1896 that he could not hope to be elected to the White House without the winning of additional votes, he has evidently determined to capture them from the ranks of the opposition. While making it plain that he still stands for free silver coinage at a ratio of 16 to 1 he tries to show that he is in reality calling for nothing new, and that it is the only reasonable policy to pursue in connection with the revision of our currency laws.

The country has become so familiar with the arguments advanced by Bryan in support of his currency chimera that it is not necessary at this time to refer to them at length. So far as his open declaration of his free silver views are concerned we believe that Republicans as well as business men in general will welcome the assurance that he is wedded to his silver idols. The danger in connection with the national contest now begun was that Bryan would seek to slip into the Presidential chair as an anti-trust man and bob up as a free silver executive.

The certainty that he is a free silver candidate will make his defeat the more easy, and while the agitation of the currency question may tend to unsettle business for a brief period, there is a general feeling that another open fight on the question will be necessary to kill the free silver issue. To that end the Republicans will devote their attention from this time on, and it is certain that in the contest they will have the the support of not a few sound money Democrats.

Lieut. E. Arlington Pond, U. S. army surgeon, who arrived in San Francisco from Manila on Jan. 30, has been ordered to return to Manila on the transport Thomas which sails about Feb. 19. Lieut. Pond made the journey from Manila on the transport Senator, of which he was in charge, and which had on board 38 sick ane 17 insane soldiers returning from the Philippine campaign. Lieut. Pond expects to return to this country immediately on his arrival at Manila and will probably reach Rutland about May 1.

The born commentator is exquisite in charity; the pretender is excruciating in conceit.

Saved From Insanity.

Nerve and Blood Diseases the Curse of Modern Civilization.

DR. GREENE'S NERVURA

Blood and Nerve Remedy Is Life for the Blood and Strength for the Nerves.

"THE CENTURY'S GREATEST HEALTH-BUILDER."

Thousands of people are nervous, thousands upon thousands suffer from mental exhaustion, weak, shaky and irritable nerves, sleeplessness, gloomy depression of mind and exhaustion of nerve power.

They do not realise the dangerous gravity of their condition, nor the fearful results of neglect of these symptoms.

It is nerve and brain exhaustion, loss of nerve power and physical vigor which makes the brain tired, the arm nerveless, the limbs trembling, the muscles weak, and the whole body without strength, energy or ambition. It is the loss of nerve and vital power which is slowly but surely sapping the very life itself, and unless help is sought from the right source the end will be shattered nerves, insanity, paralysis or death.

Neglect alone is dangerous. Nature has provided, fresh from the bosom of the earth, the nerve strengthening, blood invigorating and health restoring Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, which certainly and unfailingly cures these terrible nervous diseases, if taken in time.

Use this great and wonderful remedy, and the nervous, irritable, weak and trembling feelings will disappear; your sleep will be natural, calm, restful and you will wake mornings feeling strong and vigorous, instead of tired and exhausted; all gloomy depression and sense of anxiety and dread will fade from your mind; your nerves will become strong and steady as steel, your strength, energy and ambition will be restored, and perfect health take the place of weakness and debility.

Mrs. Janet Johnson, Roxbury Terrace, Boston, Mass., says:—

"For the benefit of the afflicted I deem it my duty to say that I was suffering from nervous prostration two years ago; was so weak and prostrate that I could not attend to my household duties; closed my house and gave up my home, as I was so restless I could not remain in one place. I could not sleep for weeks at a time, and insanity seemed sure to result. My case baffled the skill of several eminent physicians. At last, in despair, I resorted to Dr. Greene's Nervura, with wonderful effect. It produced good sleep in a few weeks, restored my appetite and strength, until I feel like a new person. I have recommended Dr. Greene's Nervura to many of my friends, who have also derived great benefit."

Dr. Greene, 34 Temple Place, Boston, Mass., is the most successful specialist in curing nervous and chronic diseases. He has remedies for all forms of diseases, and offers to give free consultation and advice, personally or by letter. You can tell or write your troubles to Dr. Greene, for all communications are confidential, and letters are answered in plain, sealed envelopes.

Quiet in Kentucky.

Judge Taft of the Uni ed States Circuit Court Refuses to Interfere.

Judge Taft, in the United States circuit court, Wednesday, decided that the court had no jurisdiction in the Kentucky election cases and refused the injunctions asked for by the Republicans. He said, however, that after the cases had been heard in the state courts an appeal could be taken to the United States supreme court. After citing the law showing that the federal court had no jurisdiction in such cases he reviewed the Goebel election law as the most infamous statute that had ever come before the attention of a court, and he denounced in vigorous terms the conditions that have existed in Kentucky, and that are cited in the bill of facts, but he held that it was merely a matter of law with the court, notwithstanding the outrages that are alleged in the undisputed statement of the facts of the petitioners.

Gov. Taylor, of Kentucky, decided on Saturday, after a conference with a large number of prominent Republicans from all over the state, not to sign the Louisville agreement, but to let the controversy over the state government take its due course. He issued a proclamation, reconvening the general assembly in Frankfort Monday afternoon. The greater part of the militia were at the same time ordered to their homes.

The Democratic legislature met in Louisville on Saturday, and received a message from Gov. Beckham, reciting the failure of the peace negotiations, and recommending that the legislature continue its sessions in Louisville, as he could not guarantee the personal security of the members nor protect them from unwarranted interference. The Democrats decided to remain in Louisville for the present.

War Expenses to Date.

The total expenditures of the United States growing out of the war with Spain already amount to $355,000,000. Of this amount $255,000,000 went to the war department, $69,000,000 to the navy department, $2,000,000 to pay for extra service in the several departments in Washington, $20,000,000 was paid Spain for the relinquishment of her rights in the Philippines, and $9,000,000 represents the interest of the war loan to date. This amount, large as it is, represents but a small part of the expenses we are likely to incur in connection with the war, but there will be very considerable credits in the way of revenue and taxes which will help to balance the account.

We cannot make ourselves happy; we can make others happy and they in turn can create happiness for us.

Painful Periods

are overcome by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Fifty thousand happy women testify to this in grateful letters to Mrs. Pinkham.

Menstruation is a severe strain on a woman's vitality. If it is painful something is wrong which

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

will promptly set right; if excessive or irregular write to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for advice.

Evidence abounds that Mrs. Pinkham's advice and medicine have for many years been helping women to be strong. No other advice is so unvaryingly accurate, no other medicine has such a record of cure.

British Advancing.

Gen. French's Cavalry Leads the Way Across Modder River, Followed by 20,000 Infantry.

The British army, for the first time since the war began, is inside the enemy's frontier. Lord Roberts, with at least 40,000 infantry, 7000 cavalry and 150 guns, has turned the Magersfontein lines, before which the British forces have been encamped for 10 weeks, and, with half of his corps, he is already operating on Free State territory. A battle has not yet been fought, but large tactical advantages have been gained. The relief of Kimberley is within measurable reach, and the way to Bloemfontein is appreciably easier.

The despatches of Lord Roberts sketch three days' work. The forward movement began on Sunday, when Col. Hannay set out, with a brigade of mounted infantry, for Ramah, on the Riet, eight miles from Jacobsdal, one of the Boer supply bases. On Monday Gen. French, with the cavalry division, seized the crossing of the Riet river, at Dekil's drift, south of Jacobsdal and 18 miles east of Honey Nest kloof. He skirmished with the Boers and cleared the way for 20,000 infantry, who followed across. On Tuesday, with his three cavalry brigades and the horse artillery, Gen. French rode to the Modder river, a distance of 25 miles, and took three fords, with high ground beyond the river and five Boer camps. He had a few casualties in brushes with the Boer horse. Gen. French has now fixed himself on Gen. Cronje's main line of communications with Bloemfontein, and 20,000 infantry with 72 guns are being pushed up to support him there. Lord Roberts's despatches, wired from inside the Free State and on the Riet river, left him Wednesday morning. His advance had not been opposed by the Boers in force. Their patrols melted away as the British moved forward. The Boer army is likely to be felt in a day or two, and a battle is consequently imminent.

Reports received in London from Boer sources, which are not confirmed by the war office, state that Gen. Buller's third attempt to relieve White's garrison has failed, and that the army, after sharp fighting, has recrossed the Tugela river and taken up its old position. Another advance, it is intimated, cannot hope to prove successful unless Buller's forces are strengthened, and this cannot be done at once.

Cable advices indicate that the Boer forces are assuming the aggressive in both Natal and Cape Colony. In the latter there has been some indecisive fighting near Rensberg. A large force of Boers has moved southward in Natal to a point near the Tugela river. A rumor prevails at Durban that Gen. Joubert is leading a column of 6000 men towards Gen. Buller's camp, with the view of outflanking the British army south of the Tugela.

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New Club Rates with the New York Tribune.

By an arrangement just made the New York Weekly Tribune will be furnished with The Phœnix hereafter at **50 cents** a year, or **$2.00** for the two papers; and the new **Tri-Weekly** edition of the Tribune will be furnished at **$1.00** a year or $2.50 for the two papers. We recommend the Tri-Weekly Tribune to those who do not take a daily paper, but who wish to keep in touch with the general news of the day as it happens. Address THE PHŒNIX, Brattleboro, Vt.

Legal Notices

STATE OF VERMONT, Marlboro, ss.
By the Probate Court for Said District.

To all persons interested in the estate of ELBRIDGE E. STOCKWELL, late of Brattleboro, in said district, deceased, Greeting.

Whereas, Kittredge Haskins has presented to this court an instrument purporting to be the last will of said deceased for probate:—You are hereby notified that this court will decide upon the probate of said instrument at the session thereof, to be held at the probate office in Brattleboro, in said district, on the 17th day of February, A. D. 1900, when and where you may appear and contest the same if you see cause. 5

A. F. SCHWENK, Register.

STATE OF VERMONT, Marlboro, ss.
By the Probate Court for Said District.

To all persons interested in the estate of OREN M JONES, late of Wardsboro, in said district, deceased, Greeting.

You are hereby notified that this court will decide upon the allowance of the account of H. E. Kidder, Administrator upon the estate of Oren M. Jones late of Wardsboro, in said district, deceased, and decree distribution thereof to the persons entitled thereto, at the session thereof to be held at the Probate Office in Brattleboro, in said district, on the 24th day of February, A. D. 1900, when and where you may be heard in the premises, if you see cause. 6

A. F. SCHWENK, Register.

STATE OF VERMONT, Westminster, ss.
By the Probate Court for Said District.

To all persons interested in the estate of SENECA MILLER, late of Townshend, in said district, deceased, Greeting.

You are hereby notified that this court will decide upon the allowance of the account of Chas. S. Taft, executor of the will of said deceased, and decree distribution of said estate to the persons entitled, at the session thereof to be held at the town hall in Townshend on the 4th day of April A. D. 1900, when and where you may be heard in the premises, if you see cause.

6 ZINA H. ALLBEE, Register.

STATE OF VERMONT, Westminster, ss.
By the Probate Court for Said District.

To all persons interested in the estate of SELINA SANDERSON, late of Townshend in said district, deceased, Greeting.

You are hereby notified that this court will decide upon the allowance of the account of Royal Sanderson, administrator upon said estate, and decree distribution thereof to the persons entitled, at the session thereof to be held at the town hall in Townshend on the 4th day of April A. D. 1900, when and where you may be heard in the premises, if you see cause.

6 ZINA H. ALLBEE, Register.

STATE OF VERMONT, Marlboro, ss.
The Probate Court for Said District.

To all persons interested in the estate of FRANCES E. BINGHAM, late of Brattleboro, in said district, deceased, Greeting.

Whereas, Charles H. Bingham, Administrator upon the estate of Frances E. Bingham, late of Brattleboro, in said district, deceased, has filed his petition setting forth that the sale of the whole of the real estate of said deceased will be beneficial to the heirs and all persons interested therein, and praying for license to sell the same, and at the same time filed in this court what purports to be the consent in writing of all the heirs residing in this state to such sale. Whereupon it is ordered that the same be heard at the session of said court to be held at the Probate Office in Brattleboro, on the last Saturday of February A. D. 1900, when and where you may be heard in the premises, if you see cause. 6 A. F. SCHWENK, Register.

COMMISSIONERS' NOTICE.
ESTATE OF SAMUEL NILES

The undersigned having been appointed by the Hon. Probate Court for the district of Marlboro commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against the estate of Samuel Niles late of Halifax in said district deceased, and all claims exhibited in offset thereto, hereby give notice that we will meet for the purpose aforesaid, at the residence of the deceased on the 24th day of February and 26th day of May next, from 10 o'clock A. M., until 2 o'clock P. M., each of said days, and that six months from the 23d day of January A. D. 1900 is the time limited by said court for said creditors to present their claims to us for examination and allowance.

Dated at Halifax this 3d day of February, A. D. 1900. 6

NILES PLUMB, } Commissioners.
E. O. PRESTON, }

COMMISSIONERS' NOTICE.
ESTATE OF MARIA F. LAWTON.

The undersigned having been appointed by the Hon. Probate Court for the district of Marlboro commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against the estate of Maria F. Lawton late of Brattleboro in said district, deceased, and all claims exhibited in offset thereto, hereby give notice that we will meet for the purpose aforesaid at the office of C. C. Fitts in said Brattleboro on the 6th day of March and 2nd day of July next, from 2 o'clock until 4 o'clock P. M., each of said days, and that six months from the 29th day of January A. D. 1900 is the time limited by said court for said creditors to present their claims to us for examination and allowance.

Dated at Brattleboro this 31st day of January A. D. 1900. 5

C. C. FITTS, } Commissioners
CHAS. H. THOMPSON }

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WHOLESALE.

Potatoes, ℘ bu.,	50	Hides, ℘ ℔.,	06
Beans,	2 35	Calfskins, each,	35a60
Butter, ℘ ℔	20a28	Pork, dressed	
Cheese,	13	Beef,	4½a5
Eggs, ℘ doz.,	20	Mutton, live wt.	5a5
Maple Sugar Cake,	6a10	Veal,	4½a5
Maple Syrp, gal.,	a1 00	Chickens.	

RETAIL.

Potatoes, ℘ bu.,	60	Tea, Japan, ℘ ℔.,	25a70
Butter, ℘ ℔.,	22a30	" Oolong,	40a80
Cheese,	16	" Y. Hyson,	40a80
Eggs, ℘ doz.,	23	Boiled Oil, ℘ gal.,	67
Molasses, ℘ gal.,	40a60	Raw Oil,	70
Maple Syrup,	a1 15	Kerosene,	12a15
Sugar, refined,	06	Hay, loose, ton,	$11a$15
" maple,	10a14	Hay, baled,	$17a20
Salt, T. I., bu.,	55	Wood, ℘ cord,	4 00a5 00
Flour, roller pro-		Mixed Feed,	95a1 00
cess, ℘ bbl.,	4 00 4 50	Cottonseed M'l	1 1 30 135
Flour, patent,	4 75 5 00	Bran,	95a 100
Corn,	50a55	Linseed Oil M'l,	1 40a 150
Corn, Northern,	48a55	Provender,	95a 100
Oat, ℘ bu.,	37a40	Middlings,	95a 100
Meal, ℘ cwt.,	90a95	Rye Meal, ℘ ℔.,	03
Meal, bolted,	1 50a1 60	Graham Meal.	03

Corrected Feb. 16