

# RUSSIA JOINS IN JAPAN'S PROTEST ON RAILWAY PLAN

Objections Filed to American Firm Building 400 Miles of Track and 200 Miles of Canal.

MANY MILLIONS INVOLVED

Situation as Yet Contains Nothing That May Result in Diplomatic Issue—Disputes Are Usual.

Peking, Oct. 6.—Japan and Russia entered protests today against concessions for railway and canal construction in China, which have been granted to Americans.

Prince Nicholas Koudacheff, the Russian minister, lodged a protest at the Chinese foreign office against the proposed American railroad from Feng-Cheng, Shansi province to Lan-chow-Fu, in Kansu province, alleging that the Chinese minister in Petrograd promised verbally 18 years ago that Russia should have the privilege of building railways in the vicinity of Mongolia.

The disputed line is to run for a distance of approximately 400 miles. The agreement entered into between the Siemens-Carey company, of St. Paul, with the Chinese government empowers the American company to construct equal mileage elsewhere if the protest holds.

German Defeat Involved. Baron Gonsuke Hayashi, the Japanese minister to China, today protested to the Chinese foreign office against this government's agreement with American contractors for the reconstruction of 200 miles of the grand canal in Shantung province. The Japanese claim, by reason of their conquest of Shantung, all the rights heretofore held by Germany in the development of that Chinese province. The Chinese government contends that Germany must be defeated before such a claim will hold good. The dispute involves the Siemens-Carey agreement providing for the construction of the northern half of the grand canal.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 16.—The Japanese and Russian protest against the Chinese contract with the American International corporation for railroad building had not been officially reported to the state department today, but officials expressed deep interest and expected to hear from Minister Reinsch at Peking.

No Diplomatic Issue. At present, however, there seems to be no diplomatic issue to involve this government.

The American International corporation as a private American organization secured the contract through a loan to China entirely on its own account and without any communication with the state department. As an American corporation, however, it will be entitled to the good offices of the government in case it becomes evident that its rights are being actually violated, or in case it makes a direct appeal to the state department for aid.

Contracts for foreign activities in China almost invariably bring forth protests by other governments on the grounds of violation of concessions. Such a contingency was foreseen in the present instance, it is pointed out, by the provision that in case the lines contemplated were protested successfully by another government, equal privileges would be granted elsewhere.

Very often long negotiations have intervened between a Chinese government and the protesting third government before the full legal rights were cleared up. In many cases, as in the Belgian protest against the British-Pakun railroad concession solution was found by changing the location to another territory.

## KANSAS CITY GETS NEXT CHURCH OF CHRIST MEETING

Des Moines, Ia., Oct. 14.—By unanimous vote, Kansas City today was chosen as the next meeting place of the national convention of the Churches of Christ. The date for the meeting will be decided on later.

Judge J. N. Haymaker, of Wichita, Kan., was elected president of the general convention, the ruling church body. The committee on resolutions recommended increased activity on the part of the church to prevent labor troubles, pledged the church to do all in its power to bring about closer amicable relations between employers and employees and the ultimate consumer.

## CHEROKEE GIRL, STUDENT AT AMES, BADLY INJURED

Ames, Ia., Oct. 14.—While returning from a sorority rushing party last night in an automobile carrying seven college girls, Mildred Moore, of Cherokee, Ia., first year student at Iowa State college, was seriously injured when the automobile collided with an interurban car. Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Moore, parents of the girl, arrived in Ames today. Physicians say the girl will recover.

## THREE MEN HOLD UP CASHIER; GET \$3,000

Chicago, Oct. 14.—Three men held up the cashier of the McGill-Weinshelmer company, an advertising firm, today, and escaped with \$3,000, the concern's weekly payroll.

## GET TRACE OF VILLA

San Antonio, Tex., Oct. 14.—Francisco Villa was at Pedernales, with a command of considerable size from September 30 to October 2, according to word received at General Funston's headquarters today. Pedernales is on the Mexican Northwestern railroad about 35 miles east of Guerrero.

## JEROME TRAVERS WILL MARRY DORRIS TIFFANY

Newburg, N. Y., Oct. 14.—The marriage of Miss Dorris Tiffany and Jerome Durston Travers, of the Montclair, former area, wedding reception will take place at the First Presbyterian church here this evening at 8 o'clock.

## BRITISH LOOKING FOR THIS CAPTAIN



Captain Hans Rose.

British war craft of every description on this side of the Atlantic are looking for Captain Hans Rose, commander of the German submarine U-53. Captain Rose says he isn't through sinking British ships on this side of the water and the world is awaiting with interest his next exploit.

## BIG PRIZES OFFERED SUCCESSFUL DRIVERS

Resta Picked to Win Chicago Automobile Classic—Fast Time Predicted.

Chicago, Oct. 16.—Fifteen thousand dollars in prizes will be distributed to those of the 21 automobile drivers who come within the prize list of the great automobile race which is being staged at the Speedway today. The race is over a distance of 250 miles. Several drivers made the circuit of the two-mile bowl in "tuning up trials" at a rate of more than 100 miles an hour.

The drivers participating are: Resta, DePalma, Aitken, Rickenbacher, Klein, D'Alene, Henderson, Galvin, Hughes, Lewis, Rawlings, Burt, Henning, Butane, Wilcox, Gable, Milton, Mulford, Vail, Chevrolet and Ostweg.

Resta is picked by Chicagoans to win in view of the fact that he has won every event staged in this city during the current year.

## LARGER SHARE OF PRICE TO FARMER

Producer Gets 54 to 85 Per Cent of Money Paid For Meat and Retailer 8 to 33 Per Cent.

Washington, Oct. 16.—Government experts, after a year of investigation into the live stock and meat markets as to the relative cost of different factors or steps in marketing animals and proportions of final price reaching farmers and other parties to transactions, both through centralized markets and where the animals were disposed of locally, have reached these conclusions:

"In the centralized markets the farmers' share of the gross returns ranged from 54 per cent to 85 per cent, while from 2 per cent to 5 per cent went to pay market expenses, 2 per cent to 9 per cent to the packers, and 8 per cent to 33 per cent to the retailers.

"In the local sales from 62 per cent to 84 per cent of the gross returns was received by the farmer and from 15 per cent to 38 per cent by the retailer."

The detailed figures indicate, however, that even when account is taken of the fact that lower grade stock is sold locally, the returns from such sales are not as great relatively as those from sales through centralized markets.

The investigations covered the leading markets of the country. The specialists, under direction of A. D. Melvin, chief of the bureau of animal industry, and C. J. Brand, chief of the bureau of markets, traced several typical lots of beef cattle from producer to consumer. The studies were made in 1914, but Melvin and Brand believe the results apply with accuracy to present conditions.

Political Golf. From Life. The common people, as grains of sand, were the tee, and the statesman was the ball.

Switzerland yearly produces 5,000,000 pounds of sugar.

## A NEW JOB FOR THE BIRD OF PEACE!



## "Battling" Nelson to be "Done Over" to Win Back Lost Bride

"Hedgewish Bear" Proposes to Become Ball Room Dandy to Regain the Love of Fay King, Who Objected to His Cauliflower Ears and Got Divorce.

Chicago, Oct. 16.—"Battling" Nelson, once a rough and rude looking pugilist, is regenerating himself into a "Greater Bat Nelson," beautiful, polished, elegant. He has started to build himself anew, and to accomplish this he has engaged a staff consisting of a beauty doctor, a social tutor, a mentor of deportment and a dancing instructor. When this job is finished he is going to Denver to electrify Fay King, the girl cartoonist, who was once Mrs. Nelson, and—well who knows what might happen?

Nelson was until a few days ago the self-confessed homeliest man on earth. In the pursuit of his art he had both ears crushed out of shape, his nose knuckled lopsided and his lips badly pushed aside.

Recently he underwent the first of a series of operations. His ears were lanced and reshaped. His boomerang

nose was slit and reset in plaster of Paris so that it will be "perfect Grecian," and his lips were molded to conform with Cupid's bow.

The romance of "The Battler" and his wife was short lived. They met, he wooed and won her, but love's young dream quickly vanished, and Mrs. Nelson sought a divorce. In explanation of her action she said she loved her husband, but that she could not bear the thought of looking at his cauliflower ears at the breakfast table every morning the rest of her life.

"Bat" admitted that he had no "come-back."

But the "Hedgewish Bear," as he was known in the palmy days of his career, has been thinking it over the past two years and decided that all was not lost. For didn't the fair Fay admit that she loved him? While there was love there was hope. Therefore the proposed physical transformation.

## LIEBKNECHT UPHeld BY REICHSTAG VOTE

Lawmakers Refuse to Sanction New Proceedings Against Socialist Leader.

Berlin, Thursday, Oct. 12.—(Delayed)—The reichstag committee today refused to sanction the new proceedings of the court martial at Thorn against Karl Liebknecht. The committee also recommended that the reichstag demand to see the report of the proceedings before the Berlin court martial before finally sanctioning the sentence imposed by that body on the socialist leader.

In the case of the socialist deputy, Otto Ruehle, the committee refused permission for the continuation of the libel action brought against the deputy on behalf of General von Bissing, governor of Belgium, and his staff.

Dr. Liebknecht is at present under sentence of four years and one month imprisonment imposed by the court martial at Berlin for "military treason." Pending his appeal from this sentence a court martial at Thorn charged that he attempted to incite the soldiers to rebellion through letters.

Herr Ruehle was a follower of his.

## WILSON CAN FORESEE NO RELIEF FOR GUARDS

Long Branch, N. J., Oct. 14.—President Wilson in a letter to Governor Whitman, of New York, sent October 9, and made public here today, declared that the emergency which caused the sending of the militia to the Mexican border "unhappily still exists."

He added, however, that he believed conditions in northern Mexico are improving and that "in the near future," it probably will be possible to "do more than has been done to relieve the embarrassments under which organized militia regulations have necessarily suffered."

In his letter the president paid a high tribute to the character of the militia men of the border and denied that any organization were being kept there to perfect their military training.

## DROPS SUIT AGAINST MARRIED CONDUCTOR

Albia, Ia., Widow Says She Was Induced to Bring Action Against Her Will.

Des Moines, Ia., Oct. 14.—Mrs. Lellie Orr, of Albia, a widow, who brought suit against Herman Bellman, a Milwaukee conductor, for \$5,000 damages alleging that he promised to marry her and that later she discovered he had a wife and children, today dismissed her action.

She alleges in an affidavit that she was induced to bring the case against her will by the coaxing of Atty. H. H. Sawyer, attorney for the Iowa Anti-Saloon league, and another lawyer.

## PUBLIC URGED TO USE POTATOES MORE FREELY

Washington, Oct. 14.—More general use of potatoes in making bread is recommended by the baking specialists of the department of agriculture. Bread containing potatoes was found to be just as nutritious as wheat bread, and to have the quality of remaining fresh longer.

The department believes that in localities where there is a surplus of potatoes, or where they are cheap, much economy can be practiced at this time by reason of the high price of wheat flour, and that even in localities where the relative market prices of potatoes and flour are such that there is no economy in substituting potatoes for flour the individual flavor and keeping quality of potato bread should make it desirable as a variant in the family diet.

Potato bread is known in Europe as made with potato flour, which is not available in the United States. In their experiments the government experts baked excellent bread with three pounds of potatoes and two and a half pounds of flour. Three recipes have been formulated.

## THREE PERSONS HURT IN WRECK OF TRAIN

Watsonville, Cal., Oct. 14.—The fast coast route Southern Pacific train, "The Lark," north bound from Los Angeles to San Francisco, was derailed at Aromas, seven miles north of here, at 7:50 o'clock this morning, when the rails spread. Two baggage cars, two Pullman coaches and the dining car overturned. One woman and two cooks were injured.

## HUGE WAR RELIEF FUND IS PLANNED

Americans Plan to Raise \$130,000,000 to Aid in Caring For French Orphans—200,000 In Need.

New York, Oct. 16.—A fund of \$130,000,000 will be necessary to put into effect the plans of the American society for the relief of French war orphans.

This enterprise, incorporated yesterday is described as the most gigantic philanthropy ever undertaken. It is proposed to raise this vast sum in the United States.

Leaders in business, finance and society are promoting the movement. The directors announced today that the attempt to care for the war orphans of France already reported to number 200,000 is intended as an expression of America's gratitude to that country for her aid in the founding of this republic at the time of the American revolution and of this country's sympathy for the suffering of the present war has brought upon France. The organization expects to care for them at least 15 years if necessary.

## WHEAT MARKET UPSET BY SUBMARINE RAIDS

England Piling Up Huge Reserve, Taking American and Australian Crop.

Chicago, Oct. 14.—Submarine hostilities have taken first place in the attention of the wheat trade and have caused prices during the last week to average decidedly lower. However, all but a 1/4 cent of the severe decline which took place on Monday had been wiped out when the market opened this morning.

Before the U-53 began her exploits on this side of the Atlantic, wheat prices were fairly on the upgrade. Peace rumors had been denied and the Argentine drought was growing worse and worse from day to day. All this was temporarily forgotten when the undersea boat turned loose. Just 4 1/2 cents a bushel was clipped from the value of wheat in the flurry which ensued, but the recovery from the shock of the unprecedented happening off Nantucket began almost at once, and was interrupted to a serious extent only once afterward when dealers were for a time bewildered by announcement that Great Britain had purchased 18,500,000 bushels of wheat in Australia and would send steamships to the Antipodes to provide transportation for the grain.

Yesterday the situation was cleared when word came from presumably sound authority in Winnipeg that the idea of the immense purchases in Australia was to build up high reserves of wheat in Great Britain, where the government had taken over the entire business of the importation of wheat, but with no intention of stopping the requirement of supplies in the United States and Canada. On the contrary, it was added that current needs of western Europe would continue to be filled chiefly from America.

## KING OF RUMANIA TO TAKE COMMAND OF BEATEN ARMIES

Russia to Send Large Number of Reinforcements to Aid in Beating Off Von Mackensen's Forces.

## FRENCH SEND STRATEGIST

All Other Major Operations Are Halted Temporarily—Greece Is Awaiting Outcome of Dobrudja Campaign.

Bucharest, (by wireless to London), Oct. 16.—King Ferdinand of Rumania announced today that he will personally take supreme command of the Russian and Rumanian armies.

Considerable Russian reinforcements are expected to arrive in Rumania. A commission of French officers, which will include General Berthelot, a well known military strategist, also is coming to Bucharest.

Rumanian troops in Transylvania have not only made successful stands against the Teutonic armies, but have recaptured previously lost ground in some sectors, the war office announces. A total of more than 15,000 prisoners has been taken by the Rumanians on the various fronts in their war operations to date, the statement adds.

## Claim Allies Have Lost 2,000,000 Men Recently

Berlin, Oct. 16.—(by wireless to Sayville)—British and French divisions with a total of more than 1,000,000 men have been virtually annihilated in the Somme battle, says the military critic of the Overseas News agency. According to figures from Swiss sources, as given by the news agency the Russian losses from June 1 to October 2, were about 1,000,000 men.

The news agency's military critic writes: "The heavy sacrifices made by the British and the French for the recapture of each square yard on the Somme is proved by the fact that in three and one-half months about 90 fresh divisions were virtually annihilated, so that it was necessary to withdraw them forever. (Ninety divisions represents a total of considerably more than 1,000,000 men. There are about 12,000 men in a French division and 19,000 in a British division.)

"These divisions disappeared completely from battle. Fifty-five divisions in view of their great losses were able to engage in combat only twice, 15 divisions three times, and only one was able to engage in combat four times. Four divisions had suffered so severely after their second engagement that it was necessary to send them to quiet sectors, but on critical days they were again thrown in."

## French Driven Back, But Recapture Lost Ground

Paris, Oct. 16.—The Germans delivered a strong attack last night on Abaincourt, south of the river Somme, and recaptured part of the village as well as trenches northeast of it, it was officially announced here today. The French immediately launched a counter attack.

North of the Somme the French made progress on Mallassie ridge, north of Bouchavesnes.

By this move they recaptured all the ground which had been won by the Germans.

## Germans Deny Poisoned Sweets Were Captured

Berlin, (by wireless to Sayville) Oct. 16.—"The British wireless service states that German sea planes which attacked Constantza, Rumania, recently dropped poisoned sweets and bombs infected with cholera bacilli," says the Overseas News agency. "The shameless and meanness of such statements can be surpassed only by the credulity and stupidity which the British attribute to their allies."

## King of Greece Fears Conquest By Germans

London, Oct. 16.—"When a high diplomatic personage besought King Constantine to change his policy," says the Daily Telegraph's Athens correspondent, "the king replied: 'I prefer to lose my throne rather than endanger Greece. I am convinced that in 15 days Rumania will exist no more. If Greece went into the war, then after the conquest of Rumania, the irresistible German forces would be directed against Greece and she would share the fate of Serbia and Rumania.'"

## SMALL CRUISER SUNK

Berlin, (via London), Oct. 14.—The small French cruiser Rigel, built as a submarine destroyer, was sunk in the Mediterranean on October 2 by two torpedoes fired by a German submarine. It was officially announced here today.

German submarines on October 4, the admiralty statement adds, sank the French auxiliary cruiser Callia, with the Serbian and French troops on board, bound for Saloniki. About 1,000 were drowned.

A German patent has been granted an American inventor of a tacking machine connection for dairy machinery, the noise of which, he asserts, is so monotonous it impairs the efficiency of buttermakers.