

# A WHOLE BUNCH OF PARDONS

## Gov. Pingree is Establishing a Record for Himself.

### GOVERNOR SHOWS NO FEAR.

By the End of His Official Term He Will Have Granted More Pardons and Paroles Than Have all His Predecessors Combined.

Hand, Nye and Stewart Pardoned.

Gov. Pingree has granted a pardon to Clifford Hand, who was sent from Washtenaw county to Jackson prison for life for the murder of Jay Pulver. The pardon was petitioned for by 300 of the leading citizens of Ann Arbor and Ypsilanti. The case presented in behalf of Hand is remarkable in several respects. The evidence was purely circumstantial, and the governor states that it is just as consistent with the theory of innocence as of guilt, and that the supreme court has decided that in such cases, the doubt should be resolved in favor of the accused.

Geo. Nye returned to Detroit from Jackson prison shortly after noon on the 25th with Ald. Anthony Weller, who went to Jackson the night before with the pardon papers which materially shortened the five-year sentence Nye was serving after conviction on a charge of perjury in connection with the Nelson Cunningham holdup case at Detroit about a year ago.

Henry Stewart, convicted of murder, who is one of the oldest convicts, both in years and length of service, in Jackson prison, after serving 31 years, was pardoned by Gov. Pingree on the 27th. Two others, Wm. H. Langridge, who in 1886 was sent up for life for murder in the second degree, and John Fastbinder, serving a 13-year sentence for murdering a man in Detroit, were both paroled on the same day. Frank Hill, of Ann Arbor, after serving one year of a 3-year sentence at Ionia, paroled; Abram Hartle, Barry county, served 2 1/2 years of a 16-year sentence, paroled; Jos. Babilion, Detroit, served five years of a 10-year sentence, paroled; Marie Smith and Ida Gilbauer, of the Industrial School for Girls at Adrian, paroled.

11 More Pardoned and Paroled. The following persons were pardoned and paroled by Gov. Pingree on the 31st: Stonevall J. DeFrance, Kalamazoo, forger, 11 years, paroled; Frank Bradley, Detroit, forger, 10 years, pardoned; Alex. Enos, Ontonagon, murderer, life, pardoned; Wm. H. Johnson, Lapeer, burglar, 14 years, commutation and paroled; Milton E. Reading, Detroit, disorderly conduct, at Industrial school, paroled; Jas. B. Daggot, Mecosta county, murderer, life, pardoned.

Confessed of Several Crimes.

A man named H. Green has surrendered himself to the police saying that he and his brother, John, murdered a man named Bill Feeny, at Claire Station, Isabella county, in 1875. He says they took Feeny out, knocked him in the head, cut his throat and robbed him of \$600. He says that he and his brother also committed several other crimes, and that his brother was shot while trying to hold up a Southern Pacific passenger train; that he is now willing to pay the penalty for his crimes is evident. He gave himself up to the authorities at Sacramento, Cal., on the 26th. Later—On the 27th Green denied that he was guilty of the above acts, claiming that he was under the influence of opium when he confessed. The police are investigating.

Disease in Michigan.

Reports to the state board of health by representative physicians in different parts of the state, indicate that rheumatism, bronchitis, influenza, neuralgia and tonsillitis, in the order named, caused most sickness in Michigan. During the past week, cerebrospinal meningitis was reported present at 3 places, whooping cough at 10, measles at 17, diphtheria at 35, smallpox at 46, scarlet fever at 82, typhoid fever at 111 and consumption at 150.

Will Soon Own Muskegon.

Negotiations are being completed for the sale of a controlling interest in the Muskegon Electric Light Co. to Liddon, Flick & Theodore Barber, the Wilkesbarre, Pa., people, who recently purchased the Muskegon Gas Light Co. and the Muskegon Street Railway Co. They will consolidate the power plants of the electric and street railway companies.

A crusade against all vice is on at Bay City.

A new case of smallpox developed at Ann Arbor on the 26th.

Tekonsha hasn't a saloon, yet the News says that drunks are common sights on the streets of the village.

The smallpox scare around Yale has abated somewhat. It is not believed that these exposed will have the disease.

The village council at Yale is buying large quantities of stone, which will be crushed and put on the streets in the spring.

The Elks of Muskegon distributed 750 pounds of turkey, 20 bushels of potatoes, bread, etc., to 75 families on Christmas day.

The mild weather which has prevailed in the upper peninsula has practically caused a suspension of lumbering operations.

A planing mill and cabinet factory at Benton Harbor was destroyed by fire on the 27th, entailing a property loss of \$15,000.

The village trustees of Rogers City recently ordered a well driven for fire protection, and at a depth of 100 feet a fine flowing well was struck.

## MICHIGAN NEWS ITEMS.

Yale is to have a new \$15,000-hotel in the spring.

Calumet was visited by a \$3,000-fire on Christmas day.

There were 44 deaths in Oakland county during November.

Burglars operated at Flat Rock and Waltz on the night of the 26th, but did not secure any booty.

The present indications are that the village of Homer will be involved in a fight in the courts to secure the privilege of selling the \$10,000-water works bonds.

Kalamazoo is to have another paper factory in the near future for the manufacture of Manila tissue paper. The new company will be capitalized at \$100,000.

Malcolm J. McLeod, walking delegate of the Detroit Street Railway Men's association, has accepted the position of deputy labor commissioner, tendered him by Gov.-elect Bliss.

The First National bank of White Pigeon was closed on the 27th by National Bank Examiner Jos. W. Selden, pending the appointment of a receiver. Depositors will undoubtedly be paid in full.

Three cars of sugar and merchandise were spilled along the tracks of the F. & P. M. at Northville on the 25th, caused by a collision of a passenger and freight train. No one was hurt.

Shippers of live stock in Branch county are raising a howl against the railroads because they do not get prompt shipment of live stock. They have appealed to the railroad commissioner.

The city council of Detroit on the night of the 26th granted J. W. Martin an ordinance for a new telephone exchange. Mr. Martin will commence the organization of the new company at once.

A nifty thief stole into the waiting room of the Michigan Central depot, Detroit, on the morning of the 24th and stole a mail pouch containing checks and drafts valued at \$70,000. No clue.

Eau Claire was visited by a destructive fire on the morning of the 25th. Fully one-third of that bustling village was destroyed. The aggregate losses are estimated at \$20,000. The stores destroyed will be rebuilt.

According to Railroad Commissioner Osborn's annual report there were 194 persons killed and 509 injured by the cars in this state last year. He advises that electric roads be brought under police power of the state.

Tom L. Johnson, for many years one of the stockholders in the Detroit Citizens' Street Railway company, has disposed of his interests in that company to R. T. Wilson and Chas. Paek. The actual work of consolidation will now be completed without further delay.

According to an opinion handed down by Atty.-Gen. Oren it is the duty of each township in the state to establish its own hospital for communicable diseases. However, adjoining townships may go in together and establish quarantine grounds at the joint expense of the townships using it.

Proof that a man may live with a bullet in his heart was afforded by the use of the X-ray upon Chas. B. Nelson, of Cadillac, at Chicago on the 24th. Under the fluoroscope the ball in Nelson's heart could be plainly seen rising and falling with each pulsation of the vital organ. The bullet has been there since the night of July 1, 1896.

The state board of auditors has finally allowed Prof. M. E. Cooley's claim of \$1,000 per month for his services as chief appraiser of the value of railroad property. Also C. D. Joslyn, of Detroit, an additional \$500 for his services in the beet sugar bounty case, which is now in the federal supreme court, making his total allowances thus far \$1,500.

One of the old hunters in the vicinity of Grand Marais says that more deer are killed by wolves and wildcats than by the hunters' bullets. On his cruise through the woods during the open season he came across a large number of deer carcasses that bore evidences of having been hunted by the wild animals. Similar reports have been received from other parts of the upper peninsula.

A little Battle Creek girl received an odd Christmas present—a little walnut cradle made by her grandfather from a leaf of the first table owned by her grandfather and grandmother, and in the cradle is a tick made from the first tick owned by them and filled with feathers that were picked by her great, great grandmother. This is the end of the century, and the feathers were picked before the beginning of the century.

The smallpox situation in Greenup county, Ky., is critical and the state board of health has declared a strict quarantine. There are several hundred cases and the death rate has been 20 per cent. Every person in the county has been ordered vaccinated.

A. E. Frye, the superintendent of education of Cuba, on the 27th telegraphed the war department a sweeping denial of the published story to the effect that he issued a circular or proclamation in Havana advising the Cubans to proceed to drive the Americans out of the island.

Fire Threatens a Village.

The business district of the village of Keyesport, Ill., was threatened by fire. Before the flames were extinguished three of the largest business houses were destroyed, involving a loss of several thousand dollars.

Stabbed at Hocking Bee.

In a free-for-all fight at a husking bee at Gallien, Mich., James Clark was probably fatally stabbed in the back and William Morley disfigured for life by having his face chewed by his assailant.

# THE SCRANTON, PA., STRIKE

## Serious Trouble Narrowly Averted by Strikers Themselves.

### SUPERINTENDENT THE VICTIM.

He was Pelled From a Car He was Running and Dealt a Blow That Caused Him to Reel—Two Strikers Rushed to His Assistance and Protected Him

Many Filipinos Made Prisoners.

December 30 brought many reports of captures of insurgents as the result of scouting throughout Luzon. The Americans in this work sustained no casualties. A detachment of the 4th regiment captured 60 in the province of Cavite; Gen. Wheaton reports having captured and burned Gremorio's camp in the peninsula, near San Antonio; Gen. Funston reports that five insurgents were killed and several captured near Gayasan; Gen. Smith wires that the proclamation of the governor-general has had good results in his district; near Moriones a dozen insurgents were killed and eight wounded; Gen. Grant telegraphs that he has detachments covering the lower portion of Mount Arayat in the hope of catching Alejandro; near Alifan Capt. Mendoza, with 33 men of Sandico's command, surrendered; detachments of the 11th and 9th cavalry killed 12 insurgents and destroyed several camps in the Camarines district. The Philippine commission has added to the pending school bill a provision for the employment of 600 American teachers, at salaries ranging from \$75 to \$100 per month.

50 British Killed and 200 Captured.

In a dispatch from Pretoria, dated Dec. 30, Gen. Lyttleton reports that a post at Helvetia was captured on the 29th by the Boers. About 50 of our men were killed and wounded and 200 taken prisoners.

The Strike at Scranton.

The first blow struck in the street car men's strike, was received by Wm. Patterson, the new superintendent of the Scranton Railway Co. at Scranton, Pa., on the night of the 27th. Teamsters blocked the car he was running and breaker boys and street urchins assaulted it with potatoes, stolen from an adjacent freight car. When the trolley car reached strike headquarters the strikers boarded it and attempted to take off the crew. Someone pulled Supt. Patterson from the car and he was dealt a blow on the head, with a fist or club that knocked off his hat and caused him to reel. Two strikers, burly brothers, rushed the superintendent into a saloon and protected him from further harm by the rest of their associates.

Divorcee Wanted Her Husband Shot.

A sensational episode came to a climax on the 26th in the arrest of Mrs. Carrie Sinclair Hutton, aged 26, of Concord, N. Y., well known in society, and at the time of her marriage one of the belles of that city, on the charge of conspiracy with intent to kill her divorced husband, Walter C. Hutton, of whom, it is asserted, she has been extremely jealous. At the September term of the superior court Mrs. Hutton was granted a divorce from her husband on statutory grounds. In the story of the conspiracy it is alleged that the young woman was insanely jealous of her husband and hired a stranger to shoot him, but instead, the stranger betrayed her to the police.

Came to America to be Free.

Rafael del Pan Fontela, a refugee from the Philippine islands, and first president of the Madrid junta, arrived in New York from Canada on the 26th. "I came here to be free," he explained. "It was impossible for me to be other than a slave to America when I lived with my wife and five children in Manila, so I have come where I won't have to be subservient. Americans are not subservient to Americans, and while I don't approve of the American methods employed in the Philippines, I'd rather be a free American than an enslaved Filipino."

Another Good Roads Scheme.

Warden Hayes of the Kings county, N. Y., penitentiary, has a road-building plan which he would like to put into effect between New York and Buffalo, making a highway 150 feet wide and 425 miles long. He thinks the work could be done by the convicts in the penal institutions of the state, which he believes would prevent prisoners from growing despondent from lack of work. It is estimated that it would require about 10 years to complete the scheme.

Named Another Lie.

Dreyfus has written to the premier, M. Waldeck-Rousseau, classing as another falsehood the recent statement of M. Henri Rochefort, in the Intransigent, that he (Dreyfus) had sent to Emperor William of Germany in 1894 a letter stolen from the German embassy at Paris and which, annotated by the emperor, constituted formal proof of the crime, "for which I have been twice unjustly condemned."

Howgate Released from Prison.

Capt. Howgate, who was sentenced to the Albany penitentiary for eight years in 1895 by the United States courts for forgery committed while at the head of the weather bureau and whose term would have expired had he been released. He will make his home with his daughter in Washington.

Three Lives Lost in a Fire.

The residence of Mrs. Harriger, near Brookville, Pa., was destroyed by fire and the mother and two daughters, aged 5 and 7 years, burned to death.

## TRANSVAAL WAR ITEMS.

A dispatch of the 28th from South Africa shows that Lord Kitchener has succeeded in holding the invading Boers in check. But he has not yet been successful in expelling them from Cape Colony, while small commandoes continue to display astonishing daring and activity over an immensely wide field. It is questionable whether his proclamation will have much effect until Gen. De Wet has been captured. The Boers are likely to regard it as a sign of weakness and to have a wholesome dread of De Wet's vengeance if they surrender.

Lord Kitchener, according to a dispatch from Johannesburg, has issued a proclamation, dated Pretoria, Dec. 20, announcing that burghers who voluntarily surrender will be allowed to live with their families in the government laagers until such time as guerrilla warfare has sufficiently abated to admit of their returning in safety to their homes. The proclamation also promises that all property and stock brought in at the time of surrender will be respected and paid for if requisitioned by the military authorities.

A special from Cape Town dated the 29th says a squadron of Yomany, which had been following the Boers from Britstown, is reported to have been entrapped. There were several casualties, it is said, and the remainder of the force was captured. Gen. Kitchener has left Naauwpoort and gone northwards. The rapid concentration of troops in the disturbed districts through the personal energy of Gen. Kitchener has allayed the local uneasiness.

A dispatch from London dated the 29th says that 1,500 Dutch residents have joined the Boers in the Philipstown district alone. Energetic measures have been taken to stem the invasion, but there is unquestionably danger that parties of Boers will get through into parts of the colony and gradually raise the whole Cape into rebellion.

The British war office has begun the promised reform of the army in a sensational manner. It has demanded the resignation of Maj.-Gen. Sir Henry Colville, commanding an infantry brigade, at Gibraltar, and recently commanding the 9th division of the South Africa field force. Gen. Colville has refused to resign.

The Boers have been very aggressive of late. On the 27th 200 Boers attacked a small police post near Boksburg, but were driven off. Much damage to mining machinery was done. They also held up a train three miles west of Pan, but were again driven off.

The Windsor, Ont., soldiers arrived home from the Transvaal on the 25th. Every one of them looked the picture of health and was in the best of condition to do justice to the Christmas dinner that awaited him at his home.

A dispatch from Cape Town dated the 28th says that fighting is going on near De Aar. Particulars are unobtainable. Two hundred Boers have left Briston, after commandeering all supplies available.

Lord Kitchener arrived at De Aar, Cape Colony, on the 24th, and is taking measures to crush the Boer invasion. New Zealand will send more men to South Africa to fill the ranks caused by the dismissal of those now there.

Martial law has been proclaimed in the districts of Benfont West and Carnarvon.

CHINA WAR NEWS.

A dispatch from Peking dated the 25th says the detachment of French troops, commanded by Gen. Bailloud were recently attacked by Chinese regulars and Boxers at Tsi Teheon, south of Pa Ting Fu. The punitive expedition took the village after a lively combat. Many cannon and a quantity of provisions and ammunition were secured. On account of the hostile attitude of the population Gen. Bailloud burned the village and also those villages in the neighborhood. The Chinese loss was 1,000 (?) men. Gen. Bailloud's force sustained no loss.

A special from Washington dated the 24th says that \$200,000,000 is the maximum sum the administration wants the powers to demand of China as indemnity, yet the figures are likely to be many times that amount. The U. S. army has a deficiency of \$11,000,000 for transportation and army supplies, most of that is charged against China.

The envoy's note has been presented to Prince Ching and is now reported on its way to the emperor and empress. It is believed that China will accept the powers' condition within a month.

Smallpox has become so prevalent among the lumber camps in northern Wisconsin that the state board of health has recommended that logging crews everywhere should be vaccinated.

The secretary of war has sustained the action of the military authorities in Cuba, in what is familiarly known as the "slaughter house case," without prejudice, however, to the full legal rights of the claimants, which are left to the future determination of the courts of Cuba. This case involves many important legal questions and bids fair to be a subject of litigation for years to come.

Brutally Beats His Squaw.

News has reached Chamberlain, S. D., from the Brule Indian agency that Handsome Elk, the most dangerous and desperate redskin of the northwest, beat his squaw in a brutal manner with a neckyoke. It is thought the squaw will die. Elk then seized another Indian woman, Bear Bird's daughter, and scalped her. Then arming himself with his rifle and other firearms, he went into the hills, a short distance from his home, and left word that friend or foe must not approach him.

## NEWSY BREVITIES.

In a race riot at Maccleeny, Fla., on the 25th, one Negro was killed.

Milwaukee is to have a new industry to cost \$300,000 for the manufacture of engines.

As a result of a recent storm that swept British Isles 29 persons are reported to have perished.

Honolulu is about to experience a temperance crusade, led by the W. C. T. U. and the Ministers' union.

All hope that Aeronaut Andree will ever return has been abandoned, and his brother has finally opened his will.

The second earthquake experienced in the vicinity of Santiago de Cuba within a month occurred there at noon on the 24th.

The trial of Cornelius L. Alford, Jr., the defaulting note teller of New York city, set for the 26th, was postponed until Jan. 9.

John W. Tinsley, of Los Angeles, Cal., on the 27th shot and killed his wife and then fired a bullet into his own head, dying instantly.

Mrs. Lulu C. Jenkins, now of Chicago, has just been awarded \$4,000 for the lynching of her husband in Ripley county, Ind., three years ago.

The Japanese government dredge Sente, founded off Cork harbor on the night of the 26th, and 12 persons out of 17 on board were drowned.

Mexican troops in Sonora, Mex., were recently attacked by a band of Yaqui Indians and four officers and about 30 men were killed outright.

Chicago will ask the Illinois legislature to pass a bill allowing municipal ownership of its street railways. People will decide the grants by popular vote.

John D. Rockefeller, Jr., of New York, recently subscribed \$250,000 for the founding of an institution for learning for the poor boys and girls of that city.

The most destructive fire in the history of Calgary, N. W. T., occurred on the 26th. Several of the finest business structures were destroyed. Losses are estimated at \$100,000.

As a result of the many recent hold-ups in Toledo, men and women of that city are arming themselves with revolvers. Apparently the police are unable to cope with the situation.

The friends of Naval Constructor Richmond P. Hobson want him rewarded for sinking the Merrimac. Congress will be asked to grant him some kind of a recognition for his heroic deed.

Lord Curzon of Kedleston, the viceroy of India, in the course of a speech on the 25th said that since the appearance of the bubonic plague in 1898, 25,000 deaths from the disease have occurred in the Mysore state.

"The governments of Chile and Argentina have signed a protocol," says a Buenos Ayres correspondent, "agreeing to take no aggressive action concerning the disputed territory of Ultima Esperanza in Patagonia."

Orders have been issued abolishing the train boys, or "news butchers," on all trains of the Erie railway system west of Salamanca, N. Y., after midnight Dec. 31, and on all lines east of that point after midnight Jan. 31.

Wm. H. Smyth, grand secretary of the Masonic order of Indiana, was shot and probably fatally wounded in his office at Indianapolis, Ind., on the 27th. An unknown blonde woman fired the shot. No cause is assigned.

At a meeting of the prosecuting officers of the state of Missouri, held at St. Louis on the 27th, a resolution was adopted to recommend to the state legislature the passage of a law making kidnaping a capital crime. This action was brought about as a result of the recent Cudaby kidnaping affair.

Council for the saloonkeepers' union of Buffalo have drawn up a bill for introduction during the next session of the state legislature providing that saloons in that city may be kept open all night during the Pan-American exposition. The bill also provides for closing saloons at mid night on Saturdays, and keeping them closed until 1 o'clock Sunday afternoons.

THE MARKETS.

| LIVE STOCK.     |                            |       |        |
|-----------------|----------------------------|-------|--------|
|                 | Cattle                     | Sheep | Lambs  |
| New York        | Best grades... \$1 50@2 25 | 3 00  | \$5 85 |
| Lower grades... | 2 50@3 25                  | 2 50  | 4 80   |
| Chicago         | Best grades... 5 25@5 60   | 4 75  | 5 50   |
| Lower grades... | 3 75@4 30                  | 3 75  | 4 35   |
| Detroit         | Best grades... 3 50@4 50   | 4 50  | 5 50   |
| Lower grades... | 2 50@3 50                  | 3 50  | 4 75   |
| Buffalo         | Best grades... 4 40@4 90   | 4 25  | 5 50   |
| Lower grades... | 3 00@3 50                  | 3 40  | 5 00   |
| Cincinnati      | Best grades... 4 50@4 90   | 3 60  | 5 00   |
| Lower grades... | 3 75@4 35                  | 3 25  | 4 50   |
| Pittsburg       | Best grades... 4 40@5 00   | 4 25  | 5 00   |
| Lower grades... | 4 15@4 50                  | 3 55  | 5 25   |

GRAIN, ETC.

|            | Wheat, No. 2 red | Corn, No. 2 mix. | Oats, No. 2 white. |
|------------|------------------|------------------|--------------------|
| New York   | 72 1/2@73 1/2    | 45 1/4@45 3/4    | 29 1/2@30          |
| Chicago    | 72 1/2@73 1/2    | 45 1/4@45 3/4    | 29 1/2@30          |
| Detroit    | 72 1/2@73 1/2    | 45 1/4@45 3/4    | 29 1/2@30          |
| Toledo     | 72 1/2@73 1/2    | 45 1/4@45 3/4    | 29 1/2@30          |
| Cincinnati | 72 1/2@73 1/2    | 45 1/4@45 3/4    | 29 1/2@30          |
| Pittsburg  | 72 1/2@73 1/2    | 45 1/4@45 3/4    | 29 1/2@30          |
| Buffalo    | 72 1/2@73 1/2    | 45 1/4@45 3/4    | 29 1/2@30          |

Short Weights in Grain.

At a meeting of the Illinois Valley Grain Dealers' association, held in La Salle, the question of overcharges and short weights of commission men was discussed. It is claimed by the association that grades are incorrectly given, No. 3 being classed as No. 4, etc. The question of shortage of grain in elevators by farmers was also discussed, the dealers deciding that it is unprofitable for dealers as well as the farmers. Bankers, they thought, should advance the money on grain, instead of the dealers.

## Once Queen of the Sound.

"Stripped of her ornaments and bereft of her old-time splendor," says the Providence (R. I.) Journal, "the once magnificent, new, staunch, commodious and palatial steamer Providence, flagship of 'Jim' Fisk's fleet, and one of the queens of the Sound, now lies at the Lonsdale Wharf, to be the home of rats and slowly rot away. The old steamboat came into this port a few days ago and made her last dock. Unable to compete with the latter-day floating hotels that float so fast over the green waters between Long Island and the Connecticut shore, the old Providence has crawled off to die, and her last days will be spent in this city, that gave her name."

## MR. AYERS NOT DEAD.

Very Much Alive and Out with a Letter Telling How He Was Saved.

Minneapolis, Minn., Dec. 29.—(Special.)—Few who knew how ill Mr. A. E. Ayers of this city had been with Bright's Disease and Diabetes ever expected he could live. Four doctors gave him but three or four days to live. He recovered through the prompt and continued use of a well-known remedy, and has given the following letter for publication. It is dated at Bath, N. Y., where Mr. Ayers now resides.

Soldiers and Sailors' Home, Bath, N. Y.

Dodd's Kidney Pills have done for me. As far as I am concerned they are the best in the world, for they not only saved my life, but they have given me new life and hope. I lived in Minneapolis for forty-nine years, and am well known there by many people. I suffered severely with Bright's Disease and Diabetes. Four well-known physicians gave me up to die. In fact they gave me only three or four days at the longest to live. I had spent nearly everything I had in the effort to save my life, but seeing an advertisement of Dodd's Kidney Pills, I scraped what was nearly my last half dollar, sent to the drug store and bought a box. I had very little hope of anything ever doing me any good, as from what the four doctors had told me, it was now a matter of hours with me. I commenced to take the Pills, and from the very first they helped me. I took in all about forty boxes. I doubtless did not need so many, but I wanted to make sure, and after all, \$20 is a small amount of money to remove the sentence of death and save one's life.

I have since recommended Dodd's Kidney Pills to hundreds of people, and I have seen to hear of the first one that did not find them all that you claim for them. I can remember of two people to whom I had recommended Dodd's Kidney Pills, and who afterwards said to me that they received no benefit. I asked to see their Pill boxes, and behold, instead of Dodd's Kidney Pills, it was ————s Kidney Pills, an imitation of the genuine Dodd's, and not the real thing at all that they had been using. I gave each of them an empty pill box that Dodd's Kidney Pills had been put up in, so that they could make no more mistakes, and they afterwards came to me and told me that they had bought and used the genuine Dodd's Kidney Pills, and were cured.

I still continue to use the Pills off and on, and would not be without them if they were \$50 a box. I think that every old gentleman in the world would be healthier and better if he would take one after each meal.

I wish I could think of words strong enough to express to you my gratitude for what your Medicine has done for me. It is not often, I suppose, that a man who is staring death right in the face, is permitted to live and tell of the means which saved him, and as that is my position, my heart is overwhelmed with thankfulness to God for His mercy to me in permitting me to see the advertisement of Dodd's Kidney Pills, when it seemed that I was beyond all earthly power to save, that I cannot express my real feelings.

If anyone doubts the statement I have made, they may write to me, and I will try and prove to them that all I have said in this letter is true, and more than true. There are hundreds of people in Minneapolis who know all about my case and the way Dodd's Kidney Pills pulled me through, when I had been given up by the four doctors of Bright's Disease and Diabetes, and had practically lost all hope. You are at liberty to publish this testimonial which I give you from the bottom of my heart, and I sincerely wish that I could find the right words to express my feelings of gratitude to you and to Dodd's Kidney Pills, for my restoration to life and health.

(Signed) A. E. AYERS.

Late of Minneapolis, now at Soldiers and Sailors' Home, Bath, N. Y. Mr. Ayers is only one of thousands of aged gentlemen who say that their lives have been prolonged and their declining years made worth living by the use of Dodd's Kidney Pills.

The only really peculiar people are those who haven't any peculiarities.

Don't Get Footsore! Get FOOT-EASE. A certain cure for SWOLLEN, SMARTING, BURNING, SWEATING FEET, CORNS and BUNIONS. Ask for Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder. Cures Frost-bites and Chilblains. At all Druggists and Shoe Stores, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

Even the timid engineer whistles at danger.

Lane's Family Medicine. Moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Acts gently on the liver and kidneys. Cures stick headache. Prices 25 and 50c.

Kill's Red Pills