

# Better Biscuits Baked

## With

You never tasted daintier, lighter, fluffier biscuits than those baked with Calumet. They're always good—delicious. For Calumet insures perfect baking.

RECEIVED HIGHEST AWARDS  
World's Pure Food Exposition, Chicago, Illinois.  
Paris Exposition, France, March, 1912.



You don't save money when you buy cheap or big-size baking powder. Don't be misled. Buy Calumet. It's more economical—more wholesome—gives best results. Calumet is far superior to any other brand.

### Hard Work.

A. J. Drexel, who is a volunteer in the automobile service of the British army, wrote in a recent letter to Philadelphia:

"As Kitchener said, or didn't say, to Cobb, our trenches stretch like a gray snake from Switzerland to the sea. And what hard work our young soldiers have! Let me tell you, digging these trenches!

"I saw a young soldier in a half-finished trench lay down his shovel the other day and light his pipe.

"Here, what did you lay down that shovel for?" the sergeant asked.

"To cool it, sir," said the young soldier.

### Good News.

"Sir, I am going to raise your rent."

"Glad to hear it; I can't."



A good cigarette must be the purest of tobacco and most choice in leaf. Such is Fatima Cigarettes—the popular, mild Turkish-blend, now smoked universally in this country!

"Distinctively Individual!"

Leopold Meyer Tobacco Co.



20 for 15¢

## LETTER FROM STATE CAPITOL

### BLUE SKY BILL IS REPORTED OUT WITH RECOMMENDATION FOR PASSAGE.

### ONE BUCK LAW IS PROPOSED

### Teachers Retirement Act is Presented in the Senate—Pensions for All Who Have Taught Thirty Years.

[By Gurd M. Hayes.]

Lansing—During the brief session of the senate Thursday afternoon the committee on banks and corporations reported out the blue sky law with the recommendation that it be passed. This is the bill approved by the attorneys general of the United States and will take the place of the measure passed at the last session which was declared unconstitutional by the supreme court.

Senator Alton T. Roberts, of Marquette introduced an amendment to the game laws limiting the number of deer a hunter may kill during the deer season to one buck. The so-called buck law was before the session two years ago, but failed to pass. It has the approval of the state game warden's department and is designed to protect hunters as well as to prevent to some extent the wholesale slaughter of deer. If Roberts' bill is passed it will be unlawful to kill a buck whose horns do not show three inches beyond the hair. In support of this bill Senator Roberts points out that the buck law has practically eliminated hunting accidents in other states as a man will not fire at the sound of a movement in the brush but will wait until he sights the horns of the deer.

Senator Covert, of Pontiac, put in a bill making an appropriation of \$429,000 for the Michigan State Normal College for current expenses during the next two years and Senator Verdier of Grand Rapids introduced the so-called teachers' retirement fund bill.

Verdier's bill is drafted along the same lines as the measure which was defeated two years ago. It provides for the appointment of a board of five to be appointed by the governor, and the chief executive and superintendent of public instruction are made members of the board. Provision is made for a secretary at a salary not to exceed \$1,800 per year.

All teachers except those under contract, and they may come under the provisions of the bill, if they so desire, are required to contribute to the fund. Any teacher who has taught five years or less in the public schools is required to pay into the fund one-half of one per cent of the yearly salary, but not more than \$5 during one year. Teachers who have taught from five to fifteen years shall pay one per cent or not more than \$10 and one who has taught fifteen years or more shall contribute two per cent, but not more than \$20.

A teacher who has taught for a period of thirty years, of which period at least fifteen years, including the last five years of service preceding the application for retirement, shall have been spent in the public schools of the state, will be entitled if retiring after December 1, 1915, to an annuity of an amount equal to one-half the average annual salary received during the last five years. However, the annuity shall not exceed \$500 or be less than \$300. Provision is also made for the payment of annuities by teachers having served fifteen and twenty-five years.

No teacher shall be entitled to an annuity who has not contributed to the retirement fund an amount equal to at least one hundred per cent of his or her annuity for one year.

The provision which caused the defeat of the measure two years ago and may prove a stumbling block this time reads as follows: "In case the amount of said fund, not including the principal of the permanent fund, is at any time insufficient to carry out the provisions of the act, there is hereby appropriated out of the general fund of the state treasury such additional sums or sums as may be necessary to pay the retirement annuities and expenses herein provided for. The auditor general shall add to and incorporate in the state tax for the year 1915 and every year thereafter a sufficient amount to reimburse the general fund for the amount appropriated by this act."

While it has been contended by the supporters of the bill that the state would never be taxed to a great extent, opponents of the measure have declared that it would eventually prove a great burden. It is believed that the bill would stand a better chance of passage with the provision for state aid stricken out, but it is quite possible that the legislature will pass the bill as it stands with a referendum clause attached and submit it to the voters of the state for their approval or rejection.

Following the suggestion of Governor Woodbridge N. Ferris for a state marketing commission, Rep. Wells Thursday introduced a bill broadening the authority and scope of the state dairy and food commissioner to cover this point and incidentally adding another \$1,000 to his salary. Representative Wells explains that

this is not the grange bill and that he understands the grange will introduce another measure. His bill makes the dairy and food commissioner's department the Department of Foods and Markets and makes provisions for investigation of quality and cost of food, marketing, packing, shipping and transportation methods as well as directing the department to assist in organizing co-operative societies among producers and consumers to promote direct business relations.

The commissioner is directed to advise and assist in the location of local markets and to cause the establishment of auction markets. The auctioneers are to be licensed and bonded and must sell farm produce, etc., upon a commission to be fixed by the department. The only other margin to be paid by the consumer over the first cost being a 3 per cent commission to be paid to the state to help defray the cost of maintaining the department.

The bill provides that the department must keep in touch with the market situation in other states, must establish buying and selling agencies elsewhere if necessary and publish weekly bulletins giving market quotations. The net result of the bill is to change the title of the department and add the marketing commission feature and increase the salary of the present Dairy and Food commissioner. If this bill passes it will take effect July 15, 1915. The bill also carries a \$10,000 per annum appropriation.

To check any further drain upon the state treasury through the agency of the special commission appointed to prepare bills designed to revise and consolidate the statutes of Michigan, Representative Charles Culver, of Detroit, Thursday, introduced a bill to repeal the law creating the commission.

J. Clyde Wait, A. M. Cummings and Mark Stevens are the commissioners and their work has been completed and submitted to the legislature. It appears that under the law there is provision for the service of the commissioners in an advisory capacity during the session of the legislature at a per diem of \$25. The legislature objects to continuing an expense that has run well above \$10,000 already and the purpose of the bill is to shut off further payment.

Among the later appropriation measures introduced were two bills for the Tuberculosis Sanatorium at Howell. One was a special deficiency measure asking for \$4,227.87 to make up the deficit of one year and \$5,772.13 to cover the shortage of 1915. The regular appropriation bill asks for \$25,000 and \$30,000 respectively for 1915 and 1916 and \$49,885 for special purposes, including cottages for the health, better water and pumping equipment, an addition to men's building, a refrigerator plant, cattle, furniture and miscellaneous equipment.

Representative James Henry put in a bill asking for an appropriation of \$5,900 for the establishment of a branch hatchery in Bedford township, Calhoun county. The bill asked for \$1,500 a year for two years' maintenance.

Representative Koehler's bill amending the law relating to transient merchants simply broadens the provision defining the meaning of the term transient merchant.

In the case of Ernest E. Clark, an express messenger for the United States Express company, who was killed in a Michigan United Traction wreck near Jackson November 12, 1912, the supreme court holds that where an employe signs a waiver contract while in a certain position and is afterwards placed in a more hazardous position, not contemplated when the contract was signed, the carrier cannot use the waiver to avoid liability. A verdict of \$5,000 obtained by the administrator is sustained.

The decision will no doubt cause a change in contracts by common carrier corporations with employes and each position will have its own peculiar contract.

It was decided to ask the legislature for an appropriation of \$300,000 for the Michigan Agricultural college, and to raise the mill tax from 1-10 to 1-5 of a mill, at the meeting of the state board of agriculture held in Detroit.

"If the appropriation be not granted this year we might as well shut the doors of the college and send the students home," said President J. L. Snyder, of the college.

"We are tottering financially; it is only with the greatest difficulty that we are able to keep the institution open. I do hope that something will be done."

The legislative committee of the state board of health has framed a number of new health laws and revised a number of old ones. The bills will be introduced in the legislature soon. The committee consists of Secretary J. H. Burkart, Dr. J. H. Kellogg, Battle Creek, and Dr. E. T. Abrams, Houghton.

The most important bill framed is one making it obligatory for each city and village in the state to have a meat inspector. The present law merely permits cities to name such inspectors.

Such inspectors must inspect all meat killed for public sale except that killed by farmers who have raised the animals. All slaughter houses are subject to inspection and all butchers must be licensed. Secretary Burkart says that much meat is now killed under very poor and insanitary conditions.

## TEST OF COURAGE

By MARY HOWELL FOOTE.

Cannons were booming, but in a country at peace. Martial music filled the air, but it was the accompaniment to military practice maneuvers. Gerald Price and Grace Rowland sped along the smooth sloping shore of Chesapeake bay, noting the same and taking in at a safe distance naval and camp tactics.

"The last day of the week, the last day of the month, the last day of my vacation," spoke Grace, with quite a sigh, and she bestowed a glance of undervalued real gratitude and appreciation upon the escort who had tried to make her two weeks' respite from studio work in the hot, dusty city pleasant for her.

"And the last auto drive we shall take together," murmured Gerald in tones of manifest regret.

"There—there is next season, you know," suggested Grace, with a hopeful smile.

There was that in her tones that thrilled Gerald Price—genuine sincerity. He did not follow up the mute beckoning of those lovely, longing eyes. He was a shy fellow and he blushed. Then a narrow, winding course required some expert maneuvering, and the thread of the conversation that might have led to his heart's desire was interrupted.

He was shy and reticent in mind and manner, this novice in the courts of love. Many a time at lawn parties and picnics he had envied the big, boisterous fellows whose brisk ways he took for courage. He had not their initiative, he thought. He must appear as their inferior, he decided. And this had made him timid-hearted whenever he was with Grace. That she loved her deeply he was sure. That she returned his affection he very much doubted.

The bold, brash ways of forward youths had not made the impression upon Miss Rowland that he fancied, but Gerald did not know this. She was, however, disappointed that Gerald did not act more self-assertive. His shyness was rather a merit with her, for it covered intense respect for the



Out From His Hand Waved the Long White Veil.

young ladies with whom he came in contact. Altogether he was a gentleman, but she could not palliate a timidity which might imply cowardice.

Two evenings previous, in the white moonlight, amid garden airs redolent with the soft perfume of flowers, he had very nearly told her all. The passing of a laughing, chaffing couple of friends had abashed him. He was embarrassed and ill at ease after that, and Grace found him poor company for the rest of the evening. She was somewhat nettled, she knew not why. She had not yet fully fathomed the real depths of her budding soul.

Today, Gerald of a verity believed it would be his final companionship with the fair young creature who had transformed his whole life. She was returning to a southern city, he to the West. They would be widely separated. He dreaded a refusal of his love. Faint-hearted and sensitive, he had made up his mind that he would not speak the words that might bring him crushing despair. He would seek her permission to correspond with her, and hope for the future.

"We seem to be off the regular course," he remarked, as he discovered that they were crossing an unfamiliar reach of barren land fronting the bay.

"Yes, I do not remember of having ever been here before," responded Grace.

"There is a road here," observed Gerald, "so we may as well keep on. It may turn into a better one beyond that grove of trees. Ah, a breakthrough!"

In truth it was. Directly behind what seemed to be a small sand dune, the wheels stuck in the heavy sand, came to a stop. A snap had announced a breakage through the unusual pulling stress. Gerald got out and looked the machine over.

"I am sorry," he said, "but I shall have to walk back to the last garage

we passed on the regular road and get a repair man."

"But that is miles away!" said Grace in dismay.

"Oh, no, not more than three miles. I fear you must remain here—"

"Oh! what is that?"

Gerald had come up to the side of the machine. With a violent start Grace reached out and clung to his arm, trembling all over.

Boom—crash!

He, too, was suddenly startled. Somewhat beyond them was another elevation, like to the one in the shadow of which the automobile was anchored in the sand. Now a speedy conception of their situation came to the mind of Gerald as he recognized what it really was. He stepped quickly to the edge of the elevation that screened them from the bay. He gave a quick gasp.

A mile out in the bay two battle-ships were ranged. The "dunes" were target points, and as Gerald glanced over the one that shielded them he observed a round, white-painted wooden target at its apex.

Just then a second shot plowed up the sand into a great cascade not twenty feet from them. The next might strike the target base beside them.

"Quick!" he said, rushing back to the machine and almost tearing from Grace the white, flowing veil she wore.

Grace, thrilled, petrified, saw him run back, describe a wild leap, and he landed on a staggering balance on the top of a hummock, steadying himself across its uneven surface by climbing to the edge of the great target.

Out from his hand waved the long white veil. Could they see him? Would they see him? His heart quivered as a puff of smoke from one of the distant vessels was followed by a bounding blotch, boring space, and a shot landed 50 feet short of the hummock.

A second puff of smoke—but still Gerald stood at his post of peril, waving the filmy signal, and then—the crisis! the climax!

Gerald was conscious of a terrific shock. That last shot, better aimed than its predecessor, had neared the target. It had not struck it, or he would have been killed. It landed against the base of the hummock and sent it splitting apart, and, dizzied, stunned, Gerald found himself sinking through space.

It might have been a minute, it might have been an hour when Gerald aroused to sensibility, he knew not which at the moment. He had endured a great shock, but was not otherwise injured. He was lying amid the partial ruins of the hummock, his head in Grace's lap. She was wringing her hands distractedly and the tears were raining down on his face.

"He is dead!" she wailed. "And for my sake! And I thought he had no courage! Oh, my dear! my dear!" and she leaned over and kissed his cheek in a transport of mingled love and despair.

"What glorious medicine!" Gerald could not help but cry out ecstatically, thrilling under the magic of love's marvelous restorative.

He sat up and extended his arms towards her, the words of hope and happiness upon his lips, but there was an interruption. A small boat had been sent ashore from the battleship to investigate the veil signal and possible damage done.

"Oh, that dreadful moment!" shuddered Grace, as, two hours later, the machine repaired, they started on their way.

"Oh, happy day!" cried the delighted lover. "I bless the hour that brought us into deadly peril!"

(Copyright, 1914, by W. G. Chapman.)

### WILLING TO SUFFER AGAIN

#### Old Woman's Prayers Were Not Exactly the Result of a Feeling of Gratitude.

A lady had a friend who called to see her one day, accompanied by her poodle. On the way they met an old beggar woman, whose appearance so annoyed the dog that it promptly bit the mendicant, whose howls and lamentations terrified the kind-hearted lady. "Here, my poor woman, here's ten shillings for you," she said, nervously tendering the coin.

The old woman grabbed it, and then fell on her knees in the middle of the road and started praying for all she was worth, regardless of mud or motors.

"And people say the lower orders are irreligious and ungrateful," soliloquized her ladyship, who was quite touched by the exhibition.

At last the supplications became more and more vehement, and curiosity prompted the donor to inquire what special blessings were being invoked. "What are you praying for?" said she.

The old vagrant stopped and looked at her sympathetic inquirer. "Sure, an' I'm askin' the blessed saints to persuade the crathur to bite me on the other leg!" she answered.—London Tit-Bits.

### The Pittsburgh of Africa.

The Pittsburgh of Africa probably will be in Katanga, in the Belgian Congo. Its development may be halted for a time by reason of the European war, but it seems destined to grow into one of the great industrial centers of the world. The district is not far from Lake Tanganyika, which is between Belgian Congo and German East Africa, and near by are vast deposits of coal, copper, iron and tin. At present attention is devoted principally to copper, smelters for which are at Lubumbashi, near Elizabethville.—Commerce and Finance.

### Ambition and Humility.

The highest ambition is the parent of the truest humility; it makes one realize that our ultimate aim is so high that we need a power far beyond our own for the accomplishments of so transcendent a work; that if we are truly to be co-workers with Almighty God himself in the working out of the great scheme that rules the universe, the task is far too great for our unaided efforts, and we may confidently rely upon a power divine to help us in all our needs.

### HAIR OR NO HAIR?

#### It is Certainly Up to You and Cuticura. Trial Free.

Hot shampoos with Cuticura Soap, followed by light dressings of Cuticura Ointment rubbed into the scalp, tend to clear the scalp of dandruff, soothe itching and irritation and promote healthy hair-growing conditions. Nothing better, cleaner, purer. Sample each free by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. XY, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

### Some Hint.

"Hello, Blank! Where are you going in such a hurry?"  
"To the post office to put up a kick about the wretched delivery service."  
"What's the trouble?"  
"Why, that check you promised to send me ten days ago hasn't reached me yet."

Smile, smile, beautiful clear white clothes. Red Cross Ball Blue, American made, therefore best. All grocers. Adv.

Ohio now has 5,525 saloons. In 1906 it had 13,000.

# Sick Women Made Well

### Reliable evidence is abundant that women are constantly being restored to health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

The many testimonial letters that we are continually publishing in the newspapers—hundreds of them—are all genuine, true and unsolicited expressions of heartfelt gratitude for the freedom from suffering that has come to these women solely through the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Money could not buy nor any kind of influence obtain such recommendations; you may depend upon it that any testimonial we publish is honest and true—if you have any doubt of this write to the women whose true names and addresses are always given, and learn for yourself.

### Read this one from Mrs. Waters:

CAMDEN, N.J.—"I was sick for two years with nervous spells, and my kidneys were affected. I had a doctor all the time and used a galvanic battery, but nothing did me any good. I was not able to go to bed, but spent my time on a couch or in a sleeping-chair, and soon became almost a skeleton. Finally my doctor went away for his health, and my husband heard of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and got me some. In two months I got relief and now I am like a new woman and am at my usual weight. I recommend your medicine to every one and so does my husband."—Mrs. TILLIE WATERS, 530 Mechanic Street, Camden, N.J.

### From Hanover, Penn.

HANOVER, PA.—"I was a very weak woman and suffered from bearing down pains and backache. I had been married over four years and had no children. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound proved an excellent remedy for it made me a well woman. After taking a few bottles my pains disappeared, and I now have one of the finest boy babies you ever saw."—Mrs. C. A. RICKRODE, R.F.D., No. 5, Hanover, Pa.

Now answer this question if you can. Why should a woman continue to suffer without first giving Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial? You know that it has saved many others—why should it fail in your case?

For 30 years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been the standard remedy for female ills. No one sick with woman's ailments does justice to herself if she does not try this famous medicine made from roots and herbs, it has restored so many suffering women to health.

Write to LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO. (CONFIDENTIAL) LYNN, MASS., for advice. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

Exhausted Itself. Teacher—Years ago the kingdom of Spain ran clear around the world. Tommy—Who chased it?

Nothing equals Dean's Mentholated Cough Drops for Bronchial weakness, sore chests, and throat troubles—5¢ at all Druggists.

Delicate Intimation. "Till show them I can do more things than sit on a stool and look pretty." "Come to think of it, you can sit on a stool."

W. N. U., DETROIT, NO. 6-1915.

## The Woman Who Takes

the proper help to keep her digestion right and her system free from poisonous accumulations, is not troubled with headaches, backache, languid feelings, unnatural sufferings. All women who have tried

# BEECHAM'S PILLS

know this famous remedy to be the proper help for them. A few doses will make immediate difference and occasional use will cause a permanent improvement in health and strength. They cleanse the system and purify the blood and every woman who relies on Beecham's Pills, not only enjoys better physical condition, with quieter nerves and brighter spirits, but she

## Enjoys A Clear Complexion

Directions of Special Value to Women with Every Box. Sold everywhere. In boxes, 10c., 25c.

## Don't Give Up!

Noradays deaths due to weak kidneys are 75% more common than 20 years ago, according to the census. Overwork and worry are the causes. The kidneys can't keep up, and a slight kidney weakness is usually neglected.

### A Michigan Case

Mrs. J. N. Smith, Chicago, Ill., says: "While lifting something several feet out in my left hip and I dropped to the floor. I couldn't get up for an hour and after that my back troubled me constantly. I had a pain darted through me, almost taking my breath away and it seemed as if my back was being pulled down. My system was all run down. Doan's Kidney Pills cured me."

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**DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS**  
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### WHY NOT TRY POPHAM'S ASTHMA MEDICINE

Gives Prompt and Positive Relief in Every Case. Sold by Druggists. Price \$1.00. Trial Package by Mail 10c.

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