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The Listening Post. The language of diplomacy is a polite language. The iron hand is encased in a glove of velvet.

This does article 10 of the league of nations hide its face in the elder-down covering, exposing only the fact that the council shall advise upon the means of its action.

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Literature, already hard hit by the war, is facing another peril which threatens to end its existence.

Remember that Shakespeare, Schiller and Goethe will never need worry for fear the editor is bilious or needs a vacation when he reads their output.

It will not do to minimize article 10 and the powerful strength it gives to the league. President Wilson says and meant that it was the heart of the covenant.

Economy is the most futile subject that can be discussed. Notwithstanding its name, it has been much discussed during the recent months.

It was directed to elements, neither of which was affected by the tax which were living on as little as possible, because they had to do so to make what they had go around.

The trouble with most of the advice given by economists has been personal. It has been directed at the individual and in many instances has been for the purpose of prejudicing him against the merchant with whom he must do business.

What this country needs more than economy on the part of the individual is economy on the part of the government.

The high percentage of taxes required for maintaining the government in its present state has had the effect of discouraging the individual from saving.

The government should cut down its expenditures. The government should be required to operate on a budget of actual receipts and expenditures.

There is no excuse for an artificially low but not uniformity with the real security of capital and made possible only by the creation of new currency.

The first thing to do to guarantee the recovery of the world's economy is to stop the process of inflation. As long as inflation is permitted to go on deterioration in the monetary standard will go on and there can be no hope for reconstruction.

At the International financial conference at Brussels Prof. Gustav Cassel, of Stockholm, discussing the subject, said:

"Every country should decide at the earliest possible date what amount of deflation it is willing to accept, or perhaps, in the worst cases, what limit it thinks it can set to further inflation.

It is often withal that the recovery of trade which is not so urgent needed could best be furthered by the establishment of an international standard of money. This is obviously a mistake; for if every country should retain its own currency, the international money could only fill the function of an intermediary link in international payments.

There is no need what matter of such a link, for the international value of a currency continued to fluctuate, the exchange between this currency and the international standard would fluctuate.

That the introduction of this standard would not have brought us a bit nearer the stability of exchange, but only created a new and unnecessary complication, is different to analyze the different

schemes put forward in favor of a new international standard. We shall almost invariably find that they involve the creation of a new international paper currency, and that they in fact derive a great part of their alleged usefulness from the fresh purchasing power which would be put at disposal for purposes thought to be of primary importance for the world. Ultimately, then, such schemes unveil themselves as a policy of continuing on the inflationary process of inflation hitherto carried on as a national concern.

Professor Cassel accepts the view that the restoration of a gold standard and the resumption of gold payments as the real rescue from the hopeless muddle of the present paper money system. He also considers that the having been reduced to something like 40 per cent of the pre-war value, the resumption of gold payments at par will be within practical reach of those countries where the depreciation of the monetary standard has not gone much farther.

But such countries as have seen their money inflated to a much greater extent must relinquish such a hope, and must first attain a stabilization of the internal value of their money, and subsequently consider the question of giving a new gold parity to the monetary unit.

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UNCLE WIGGLY AND THE UMBRELLA STAND

(Copyright, 1920, by McClure News-Service, Inc.) BY HOWARD R. GARIS.

"Dear me, Uncle Wiggly! Look what you've done! You've ruined my rabbit Fuzzy Wuzzy one day when the rabbit gentleman came bawling into the hollow stump bungalow from the rain which was pouring outside."

"What have I done, Nurse Jane?" asked Wiggly, wiping some drops of water off his pink, twinkling nose with his tail, silk hat. "I didn't forget to bring the jug of molasses you asked me to get at the eight and nine-cent store."

"Oh, how sassafras of me!" cried Uncle Wiggly, "I didn't put it in the sink. And that reminds me, Nurse Jane, we need an umbrella stand. That's something like an earthen water pipe stood up on one end, and you stick umbrellas down in it, with the handles up, and all the water from the umbrella runs down in the stand, and you can empty it."

"Oh, yes, one of those would be fine," said Nurse Jane. "I'll get one right away!" exclaimed Uncle Wiggly, with a jolly laugh, hurrying out to buy an umbrella stand, which Nurse Jane had taken to the sink, to let it swim around with the diaph rag if it wished.

"Oh, you're not going out again in the rain, are you?" asked the muskrat lady. "Why not?" inquired Mr. Longears. "A rainy day is just the proper one on which to buy an umbrella stand. I'll be back in a little while."

With his umbrella held over his tall silk hat to keep his pink, twinkling nose as dry as possible, Uncle Wiggly hopped over the fields and through the woods, splashing through the mud puddles until he came to the eleven and twelve-cent store.

There he bought a nice umbrella stand, with flowers painted on it, and a sort of a tub in the bottom for the water to run into. He slipped and went down the steps bumpy-bump.

"Oh, this is no place for me!" cried the Skee. "There's something wrong here. I guess Uncle Wiggly has gone far away with his mouse!" Then the Skee ran off to his den and Nurse Jane was wondering where Uncle Wiggly had gone.

"Here you are, Nurse Jane!" he cried, as he went in the hall. "No more water on your rug, see! I'll wash my umbrella in the stand!" And with that Uncle Wiggly did.

"You are very kind," said the muskrat lady. Then Nurse Jane walked along the hall to look at the new umbrella stand, when, all of a sudden, in through the door, which Uncle Wiggly had forgotten to close, came the "Ah, ha!" snickered the bad Skee. "You can't fool me this time, Uncle Wiggly!"

"What president vetoed the greatest number of bills during his term of office?"—J. M. L.

"What president vetoed 496 bills during his term as president?"—During his first term he vetoed 391 bills, nearly twice as many as had any other president.

"Why should Iamb have called Shakespeare a poet?"—A. H.

"What is the meaning of 'may-mourning'?"—A. H.



Nurse Hampered By Her Attractiveness

BY MRS. ELIZABETH THOMPSON.

Dear Mrs. Thompson—I am a young woman 22 years of age and am in one of the best hospitals in the city taking a course in nursing.

I like the profession, but I am considered attractive and have to bear the embarrassment and annoyance of some of the hospital authorities and male patients constantly reminding me that "you are too pretty to be a nurse."

I love my work and believe I could make a grand success of my nursing if it wasn't for this. Do tell me what to do. Do you think I could adopt the role of Constance Talmadge in "The Perfect Woman?"

Do not think of giving up the profession. You are a beautiful girl and you should tell your beauty. Don't let it turn your head, which it is apt to do if you pay much attention to these remarks.

It is always necessary to wash the face. The best way is to pour a little into a saucer and use a wad of absorbent cotton. Take a fresh piece each time. If the face feels irritated stop using the lotion for a day, and apply some cold cream on the face before applying powder.

Dear Mrs. Thompson—Please tell me what will take the red off my face and what will whiten my complexion. ROSEBUD.

Your diet has much to do with bumps, pimples or your face. Leave off sweets, meats and cream for awhile, drink a great deal of water, at least three quarts a day.

Dear Mrs. Thompson—I am a girl 15 years of age and have been going with a boy who is interested in another girl before he started going with me.

Dear Mrs. Thompson—Will hate of dweety and wet combined be worn this winter? Please tell me a way to get my hair thick. It is long enough, but very thin. BROWN EYES.

These materials make an attractive combination in hats and will be quite popular this winter. You will find in this column a recipe or two for the hair. It is filled by a druggist and use according to directions.

Dear Mrs. Thompson—I am a girl 18 years old and am considered good looking and popular with boys and girls. I have been going with a boy 22 years old for several months and he has shown that he likes me and admires me because he has asked me for dates three times a week.

Dear Mrs. Thompson—I am a girl 14 years old. Do you think a girl of my age should wear socks? What will take corns off the feet, and what will make my hair grow? SWEETHEART.

Yes, if you can not afford regular hose and your dress is long enough to come below the tops of the socks. There are several good styles of socks on the market. It is better, however, to go to a chiropodist. Use the following recipe for making the hair grow thick and long.

Dear Mrs. Thompson—I am a girl 11 years of age and have some cousins who will not stay at home at night. What is the best way to keep them from running wild? DOLLY DIMPLES.

Form a little circle of entertainment for these young cousins and have each one take a part in it. The way to make up for attractions found away from home is to provide a better form of entertainment. Sometimes this is pretty hard to do, and whatever you do, don't let them know you are trying to keep them.

Ask them to help you to plan an evening's fun, and make it a happy time for all. Don't remind

DOROTHY DIX TALKS

DON'T HOLD POST-MORTEM.

By DOROTHY DIX. The World's Highest Paid Woman Writer. (Copyright, 1920, by The Wheeler Syndicate, Inc.)

Do you ever play cards with people who hold post-mortems over every hand as soon as it is played? Who spread out their cards on the table and bore you to extinction while they explain how the different rows of cards have been if they had played this and that way and the cards had run differently?

A great many people play the game of life that way. They spend half of the time explaining that the reason they are beaten is because luck was against them, or they made this or that wrong decision, or they failed to take advantage of some good opportunity, or something that somebody else did hoodooed them.

Everybody knows some shiftless, lazy, no-account man, too trifling to keep his little ear clean and too unenterprising to even notice the kind of goods that other merchants sell, who whines to you that the reason he is a failure is because he didn't study one of the professions.

He puts in his time dreaming dreams about what a brilliant lawyer he would have been, or what a successful doctor, or what a spelling-binder preacher, instead of getting busy and making a success of his own job.

And everybody knows the slatternly, lackadaisical woman whose house looks like a pig sty; and who poisons her husband and children with bad food, and who poses as a martyr because she made the fatal mistake of getting married instead of going on the stage, or writing books.

She says sadly that her husband is a good man, and he is very kind to her, and of course she is fond of her children, but she made a great mistake in marrying at all. She realizes that she is a blighted genius, and she is so busy listening to the imaginary applause she would have received if she had been a show-biz politician with her singing, that she doesn't hear her baby howling with the colic, or perceive that instead of being a great literary success she is a well-balanced meal, and a rotten poor actor as a wife and a mother.

And there are other people who sit down supinely and let the people support them while they waste their time and energy recounting how rich and great they used to be, and how much style they lived in, in-fact, others say it can not be done, and then some one saunters in and says it's just an e-a-s-y. Some one else says it's only a wink of the eye, and a shrug of the shoulder. Personally, I don't know any one who would advise you to let it alone as it might complicate things for you.

And there are still other people who spend their lives in the ghostly occupation of continually robbing their own graves and snatching their corpses out of them, and tearing open the wounds in their hearts every time they show a sign of healing.

Now of all occupations in the world none is so foolish and so fruitless as holding post-mortems on the past. Yesterday is resting and no power on earth can bring it back. What has happened has happened, and all

is now subject to the most stimulating influences. Again colonization and co-operation will come much into discussion and consideration.

Mercury gives brilliant promise to writers, especially to dramatists who will find new opportunities for the presentation of their plays, since all the signs presage a remarkable growth of interest in the theater and theatrical affairs.

Messages of good luck may be expected while the stars are posited as they are today.

California is subjected to a sway of the stars making for sensational events. Not only in politics but in commercial matters developments of great moment are to be expected.

While mercury is read as forecasting success and initiative for writers, there is a friendly star that is believed to encourage oratory. Many women will speak, but few will convince, however, according to the seers.

Persons whose birthdate it is have the forecast of an active and successful year in which new avenues for money-making will open.

Children born on this day are likely to be stowed with alert minds and strong bodies. They may be endowed with unusual beauty.

TWO DIE AT CROSSING. ST. CLAIR, Mich., Sept. 27.—Mrs. George Egbert, of Marysville, and Beryl Gannon, aged 8, of Detroit, were killed last night, and three others seriously hurt when an automobile in which they were riding was struck by a car at a grade crossing near here.

HOROSCOPE

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 1920.

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During the early morning hours of this day Saturn is in sinister aspect, according to astrology, but later Neptune, Mars and Mercury are all so placed that promise much to mortals.

The evil power of Saturn at this time is said by occultists to be part of a great plan that is being hurriedly into a closer relation to spiritual things, for when material possessions and ambitions are eliminated men and women turn to the things of the spirit.

Real estate will be subject to extreme fluctuations in certain cities. Rooms will be followed by depression, which will not be lasting, however, for there will constantly grow a sentiment in favor of home ownership.

Some sort of anxiety affecting farmers and agriculturists may be apparent this autumn but there is a good promise of large returns on produce.

Prices of many staple crops may drop food will continue to be costly for some time and restaurants will never again be able to offer the old-time schedule.

There should be a fortunate time for starting on ocean trips and an important foreign mission seems to be foredoomed.

All that is constructive—whether it be in the line of mere organization or whether it be material building

Reflections of a Bachelor Girl

BY HELEN ROWLAND.

A bride and bridegroom claim to be the happiest of mortals, but I have known many a man who, after the honeymoon, found himself actually enjoying his life.

Somehow, he said, that the honeymoon is a time when the man and woman are so close together that they are almost one person.

Public Discussion

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

Q.—What president vetoed the greatest number of bills during his term of office?—J. M. L.

A.—What president vetoed 496 bills during his term as president?—During his first term he vetoed 391 bills, nearly twice as many as had any other president.

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