he Most Wonderful Medical Discovery of the Age—Every Man his own Physician.

Frazier's Great Remedy

The people of the United States have been humbugged with all kinds of Patent Medicines, quacks and impostors for the past few years, in a most shameful manner. The writer of the following is one of the victims, and wishes to present a very plain case.

Believing that by cleansing the blood was the only true way of banishing disease, and being a great sufferer from weak lungs and a scrofulous affection, and after trying many kinds of Patent Medicines and the most eminent Physicians, I commenced doctoring myself, and at last discovered a Blood Searcher, or Root Bitters, which not only gave me immediate relief, but after a few weeks effected a radical cure. The cough left me, my lungs became strong and sound, my appetite good, and the scrofulous disease had disappeared. Feeling confident that my Discovery possessed wonderful healing virtues, I gave it to others afflicted, and found it effected the most miraculous cures in thousands of cases, not alone curing Coughs, Consumption, Asthma, Catarrh, Scrofula and Weak Lungs, but all diseases caused from humors in the blood. The demand from my friends and other hearing about these Bitters becoming very great, I commenced putting them up for sale, calling them FRAZIER'S ROOT BITTERS. I was at first backward in presenting either myself or medicine to the public—not being a Patent Medicine Man, but I am getting bravely over that. I have sold thousands of bottles of my Root Bitters, and it is my desire and determination to place the same within the reach of every suffering man, woman and child on the face of the civilized globe.

The grand principle that operates in these Root Bitters is the power they possess in cleansing the turgid blood and banishing the vile humors from the system. Root Bitters are strictly a Medicinal Preparation, compounded from roots combined with herbs and plants, many of which were used in the good old days of our forefathers, when people were cured by some simple root or herb, and when Calomel and other poisons of the mineral kingdom were unknown.

They open all the natural passages of the body, cast out disease, take away all sickness and build up the system with pure blood, hence they must reach all diseases by purification and nourishment.

No person can take Root Bitters and remain long unwell. Victory upon victory they have gained over disease and death in all stations and conditions in life. They are constantly effecting cures of the utmost importance. For Consumption, Asthma, Scrofula, Scrofulous Eruptions, Catarrh, Weak Lungs, Lost Vitality and Broken-down Constitutions, these Root Bitters are universally admitted to be the most wonderful Medical Discovery known to the world. Their pectoral healing properties penetrate every portion of the human frame, soothing the Lungs, strengthening the Stomach, Kidneys and Liver, cleansing the blood from every kind of humor. No other medicine will cure Chronic Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Heart Disease, Fits, Dizziness, Headache, Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Costiveness, Piles, Urinary Diseases, Kidney Disease, and Liver Complaint, so quickly as this Root Bitters. All such diseases are caused from a bad stomach and a poisonous condition of the blood. For weakly, nervous young men, suffering from loss of memory, loss of energy, etc., caused from abuses in early life, and to delicate females, these strengthening Root Bitters are especially recommended. One bottle will do more toward eradicating Syphilis, Scurvy, Tetter, Fever Sores, Sore Eyes, Tumors, Cancerous formations, Dropsy, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Ulcers, Boils, Flesh Worms, Blotches, Pustules, Eruptions, pimples on the face, and Corruptions from the Blood than all other remedies in existence.

G. W. FRAZIER,

CLEVELAND, OHIO.

Fraziers Root Bitters are sold by all the leading Druggists, Storekeepers and Chemists. Sold Wholesale by Strong & Cobb, 199 Superior street, and Benton Myers & Caufield, 127 Water street, Cleveland, O.; R. L. Fahnestock & Co., Pittsburg; George C. Goodwin & Co., Boston; John F. Henry Curran & Co., United States Medicine House, 8 and 9 College Place, New York; Wyth Brothers, Philadelphia; Fuller & Fuller, Chicago; John D. Park, Cincinnati, and other first-class Drug Houses.

Show this notice to your druggist or storekeeper. Ask for FRAZIERS ROOT BITTERS, and accept no substitute whatever. Price within the reach of all—$1 per bottle or six bottles $5. lv13d&w1y

IMPORTANT

TO

Commercial Travelers.

COMMERCIAL TRAVELERS who solicit orders by CARD, CATALOGUE, TRADE-LIST, SAMPLE OR OTHER SPECIMEN, also those who visit their customers and solicit trade by purchases made DIRECT FROM STOCK, and who travel in any section, by Rail or Boat, selling any class of goods, are requested to send their BUSINESS and PRIVATE ADDRESS, as below, stating class of goods they sell, and by whom employed; also those who are at present under no engagement. This matter is of GREAT IMPORTANCE INDIVIDUALLY to salesmen of this class, or men soliciting trade in this manner. It is therefore ESPECIALLY desired that this notice may meet the eye of ALL Commercial Travelers and Salesmen in this country and that they will AT ONCE give it their attention. Those who comply with above request will be CONFIDENTIALLY treated and duly advised of object in view. Please address, (by letter only),

CO-OPERATION,

care Geo. P. Rowell & Co., 41 Park Row,
jy9eod1m NEW YORK CITY.

JOHN BAUMER,

Practical Watchmaker,

171 Farnham, S. E. Cor. 11th St.
OMAHA - NEB

APPLETON'S American CYCLOPÆDIA

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Entirely rewritten by the ablest writers on every subject. Printed from new type, and illustrated with Several Thousand Engravings and Maps.

THE work originally published under the title of THE NEW AMERICAN CYCLOPÆDIA was completed in 1863, since which time the wide circulation which it has attained in all parts of the United States, and the signal developments which have taken place in every branch of science, literature, and art, have induced the editors and publishers to submit it to an exact and thorough revision, and to issue a new edition entitled, THE AMERICAN CYCLOPÆDIA.

Within the last ten years the progress of discovery in every department of knowledge has made a new work of reference an imperative want.

The movement of political affairs has kept pace with the discoveries of science, and their fruitful application to the industrial and useful arts and the convenience and refinement of social life. Great wars and consequent revolutions have occurred, involving national changes of peculiar moment. The civil war of our own country, which was at its height when the last volume of the old work appeared, has happily been ended, and a new course of commercial and industrial activity has been commenced.

Large accessions to our geographical knowledge have been made by the indefatigable explorers of Africa.

The great political revolutions of the last decade, with the natural result of the lapse of time, have brought into public view a multitude of new men, whose names are in every one's mouth, and of whose lives every one is curious to know the particulars. Great battles have been fought and important sieges maintained, of which the details are as yet preserved only in the newspapers or in the transient publications of the day, but which ought now to take their place in permanent and authentic history.

In preparing the present edition for the press, it has accordingly been the aim of the editors to bring down the information to the latest possible dates, and to furnish an accurate account of the most recent discoveries in science, of every fresh production in literature, and of the newest invention in the practical arts, as well as to give a succinct and original record of the progress of political and historical event.

The work has been begun after long and careful preliminary labor, and with the most ample resources for carrying it on to a successful termination.

None of the original plates have been used in the new edition, but every page has been printed on new type, forming in fact a new Cyclopædia, with the same plan and compass as its predecessor, but with a far greater pecuniary expenditure, and with such improvements in its composition as have been suggested by longer experience and enlarged knowledge.

The illustrations which are introduced for the first time in the present edition have been added not for the sake of pictorial effect, but to give greater lucidity and force to the explanations in the text. They embrace all branches of science and natural history, and depict the most famous and remarkable features of scenery, architecture, and art, as well as the various processes of mechanics and manufactures. Although intended for instruction rather than embellishment, no pains have been spared to insure their artistic excellence: the cost of their execution is enormous, and it is believed they will find a welcome reception as an admirable feature of the Cyclopædia, and worthy its high character.

The work is sold to Subscribers only, payable on delivery of each volume. It will be completed in sixteen large octavo volumes, each containing about 800 pages fully illustrated with several thousand Wood Engravings and with numerous colored Lithographic Maps.

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OUR PARIS LETTER.

McMahon's Swinging Around the Circle—The Revival of Imperialism—Meats and Breadstuffs—Free Schools—Military Eccentricities—Trade Marks.

(Correspondence of the BEE.)

PARIS, August 25.

The voyage of Marshal McMahon in the west, is intended to sound public opinion, and this he cannot but learn, despite intervening local officials. He is well received, as his character as a soldier who has bled for his country truly merits; his welcome is, however, personal. Not a hint is expressed in favor of the Septennate, the desires made known being that France may be endowed with definite institutions, and the Marshal placed at their head. This is but a conservative republic stated in a round-about way. The President has confounded the rurals not a little, after his former addresses declaring that the trade and industry of the country were suffering, by now asserting that commerce is no worse in France than it is in England and Germany, which is entirely true, and that definite institutions do exist. All this, if not strange, is certainly curious—is an evolution.

Perhaps a not very unimportant subject for examination is the present position of Imperialism. It would be folly to assert it is not making way, and markedly so in the agricultural districts, where, according to Napoleon III, the common sense of the country was lodged. Since the fall of Thiers, the royalist conspiracies, the coalition of repugnances, the dislike and *impuissance* of the Assembly to organize a constitution of any kind, all the circumstances and chances here turned to the profit of the Empire, whose partizans are too able not to have improved the occasions hazard placed in their way. The *plebiscite* at Calvados election is something more than a triumph for Imperialism; it is the yearning for a definite government, the return to what the provincials begin to conclude cannot be replaced. It is thus that the cause of the Republic has suffered in the common disbelief in the efficacy of parliamentary government, and the Empire comes up again. All that are weary with the indefinite, with the Assembly's sterility, with the sounding brass and tinkling cymbals of politics audaciously assumed to be liberal, will rally to Bonapartism. A disgusted Liberal makes the best Imperialist. As nearly all the elections to fill up the vacancies in the Assembly, will take place *en blanc* towards the close of October instead of waiting for the legal six months delay, a very respectable expression of opinion relative to the Republic and the Empire can be thus obtained. No one thinks for a moment of royalty securing any place. As the opinion of the people has been hitherto disregarded by the Assembly, the return, very probable in the changed mood of the nation, of more Bonapartist deputies, might force the Orleanists to pluck up courage in the interests of self-preservation. They know what to expect from an Imperialist restoration. Henceforth the study of French politics will be extremely interesting.

According to the code, the journals cannot publish any letters from an escaped prisoner, and so must be very wary as to what they insert about Bazaine. Although the official inquiry into the escape has not been formally presented, it is a stage secret that Bazaine was "conducted to liberty" by the very gaolers who ought to have held him most secure; very few of the officials on the Island, but proved to be venal, and as they will be tried and likely condemned, their punishment can be imprisonment for life and hard labor. If the Imperialists return to power the unfaithful stewards can count upon clemency, perhaps promotion. Not the slightest credence is attached to the romantic account of the escape published by Bazaine's wife. Such fables never impose upon people so incredulous as the French.

Dissatisfaction is felt at the very incomplete and unintelligible manner in which the municipal council, nearly all Republicans, has presented its budget. Explanations are withheld where most required, and the whole is as incomprehensible as during the days of the Second Empire. Nothing can be gained by cushioning what is disagreeable, or indulging in an ostrich concealment what claims to be exposed to full day. One curious fact stands out clear, that of the undiminished consumption of butcher's meat, consequent on its high price, and a proportionate augmentation in the use of pork in its various forms, fresh as well as salted. Not only does this result ever appear during a period of dear provisions and scarcity of work, but many hold it to be closely associated with a lowered state of the public health. Bread has diminished two sous the four pound loaf, but the cry is still for a greater reduction in presence of the price of wheat and the bountiful grain harvest nearly general over the world. The baker throws the responsibility of the high price of bread on the miller, and the latter but winks and smiles. In respect to the butchers, there is no intention to compel them to sell at official prices, but the authorities will publish the price of the slaughtered meat at the *abbatoirs*, so that purchasers can take note of the difference between wholesale and retail prices. Further, every butcher will be compelled to distinctly label all the various kinds of meat he exposes for sale, whether it be that of ox, cow, bull, mutton, calf, or pig, and to make the selling price of the several morsels in the plainest figures.

The Assembly broke up without redressing one admitted suffering—the position of the teachers of the primary schools. The new law to better their condition is prepared on the basis drafted by M. Jules Simon, and if the deputies on re-meeting ever settle down to work, the healing measure in question will be adopted *mem. con.* To carry out the new scheme a sum of seven and one-half millions of francs will be required, of which six are to be raised by a small departmental and communal tax; the State will vote the rest. To benefit by the new scale of payments as provided, three circumstances will be taken into consideration: the teacher's age, his qualifications, and his place of residence. The male teachers will be divided into four classes, each class representing salaries ranging from 900 to 1200 francs, that is, a difference of 100 francs between each grade. The female teachers will be divided into three classes, with a commencing salary of 700 francs, and rising to 900 francs. A special class of teachers for "hamlet" schools will be entitled to a uniform salary of 800 francs, and assistant teachers can enjoy from 600 to 700 francs per annum. A teacher as a general rule must remain five years in one class before entering a higher, but this is not obligatory in the case of special merit; besides a teacher possessing a full diploma, no matter to what class he may belong, will be entitled to a special annual remuneration of 100 francs. The members of the Conseils Generaux of each department are to have a voice in the promoton of the teachers side by side with the inspectors, and every year a list of eight of the most meritorious teachers will be selected to enjoy the good service salary of 100 francs, those recommended for the second list of eight will enjoy one-half that sum. An indemnity ranging from 50 to 150 francs will be accorded for residence. The inspectors as well as the teachers of these primary schools are eligible for pensions, like ordinary State employes; and can claim such after 25 years of service; the amount of the pension be rated after the mean of six years of the highest salary enjoyed throughout the consecutive period of twelve years. In no case will the pension be less than 500 francs for male, and 400 francs for female teachers, which can, however, be increased by 100 francs per annum, after thirty years of service and sixty years of age. The measure is common charity as well as common justice.

The estimate or the expenses of the assembly are fixed at nearly nine millions of francs. With this standard, and the fact that the late session sat a total of 449 hours, each hours discussion cost over 16,000 francs, or at the rate of 271 francs per minute, so that when a deputy "pauses for a reply," or indulges in the historic glass of sugar and water, he costs the government nearly 500 francs. Of the total number of hours above stated, one and one-half were given to foreign affairs; one and one-fourth to justice and religion; five and one-half to the colonies; six and one-fourth to public works; six to public instruction; one hundred and forty-four to the budget, and the rest to debates on the forms of government, next to synonomous to lost time.

The *militaires* of France disdain civil costumes; it is an excellent fashion, as many of the officers, not being rich, cannot afford the expense. It is said that McMahon orders nothing from his tailor but a frock coat, and feels even this an incumbrance. Bourbaki's grey hat is legendary, and Marshal Canrobert's fantastical cloth vests merit a special place in the Costumes' Exhibition. Changarnier, over seventy years of age, is the most fashionably dressed man upon town, patronizing the tenderest of colors. Marshal Pelissier has a weakness for a lawyer's skull cap, but embroidered with gold, and Marshal Vaillant has been often mistaken in the Tuileries for a principal valet. The Marshal Chauzel jumped into the first pair of pantaloons within reach, and wore common laced boots, one alone carrying the spur; he wore a round hat, placing a cockade in it to give it an official character, or a *kepi*, almost descending over his face, and ornamented with four peaks.

The government in stamping trade marks, for a very small sum, has gained a little revenue, and trade is delighted at the efficacious protection thus secured.

Two American bull frogs constitute the roaring attraction at present in the Zoological gardens.

A photograph privately circulated, contraband of course, represents the ex-Empress opening her arms to embrace Bazaine.

Portions of the legendary rope that Bazaine is reported to have let himself down into the sea with, is offered for sale. MONACO.

THE COMING STRUGGLE.

The voters of our nation,
As ne'er was known before,
Are rising from Pacific's strand
To Atlantic's rocky shore.
Why is this mighty change?
What can the meaning be?
The rising of the masses
From northern lake to southern sea.

The spirit of old seventy-six
From out our heroes' graves
Forbids a nation drenched in patriots' blood,
Should sink to that of slaves;
The motto which our coins once bore,
Though obsolete long since,
Remain as ever true; not one cent for tribute,
But millions for defense.

Party ties and party laws
Are but as ropes of sand.
The rights of man to be a man
Should govern Freedom's land,
Then shall our Flag more proudly float
O'er land as well as sea.
And nations yet unborn shall gladly greet
The emblem of the free.

In trade we'll try to deal,
As man should deal with man,
And while we seek to live ourselves,
We'll sell as cheap as anybody can
And if a hat you need,
Or friend you chance to meet,
Remember Bunce, the Hatter,
On Upper Douglas Street.

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BEEF, PORK, Mutton and Veal,

Fish, Poultry, Game,

aug26 1y AND VEGETABLES.

H. C. WALKER,

—MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN—

BOOTS & SHOES

510 13th St. Between Farnham and Douglas

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Money and Commerce.

Daily Review.

OFFICE OMAHA DAILY BEE, September 8, 1874.

We note no change in the monetary, as the market is firm at yesterday's quotations. Business at the banks is brisk—rates of discount unaltered.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

Land Grants (selling)	$825.00
Land Warrants, (160 acres buying)	176.00
Land Warrants (160 acres selling)	185.00
Agricultural College Scrip, (160 acres buying)	176.00
Do.—Selling	185.00

Exchange on New York, 1-5 of one per ct.

In the commercial market business is active through all general lines, on orders from the country, and in the wholesale trade; local trade quiet. No change in the quotations.

OMAHA MARKETS.

Carefully Corrected Daily

DRY GOODS.

J. J. BROWN & BRO., Cor. 14th and Dougla Streets.

PRINTS.

Allens	9½
American	9⅝
Amoskeag	8
Bristol	9
Garners	8½
Hamilton	9½
Merrimack D	9½
Peabody	9½
Richmond	9½
Simpson's	9½

BLEACHED SHIRTINGS.

Bright 4-4	31
Boot G	9
Cabot 4-4	12½
Lonsdale	13
N. Y. Mills	18½
Peterboro	8
Suffolk L	8½

BLEACHED SHEETINGS.

Pepperell 8-4	31
do 9-4	33½
do 10	38½

COTTONADES.

Farmers and Mechanics	25½
Great Western	26

BROWN SHEETINGS.

Albion, A	8¾
Bedford, R	8
Grantville, E L	10½
Germania, B B	9½
Langley	11
L L	9

GINGHAMS.

American	11
Amoskeag	12
Bates	13
Lancaster	13

TICKINGS.

Amoskeag, a c a	
Biddeford	17½

DENIMS.

Amoskeag	23½
Beaver Creek, B B	16½
Haymakers	12
Otis, H B	17½
Otis, C C	15½

JEANS.

Biddeford	16½
Hoosier	40

YANKEE NOTIONS.

KURTZ MOHR & CO., 231 Farnham Street.

STOOL COTTON.

Clark's O. N. T.	70
Coat's	70
Merrick's	42½

HOSIERY.

Domestic	$ 85@2 00
British	3 00@6 00

PAPER COLLARS.

Dickens' best	$ 90
King William	1 35
Domestic	1 80
Stanley	2 50

SHAWLS.

Ottoman stripe	$2 25@6 50

SHIRTS.

White common	$10 50
" medium	15 00
" custom made	30 00
Percale	$12 00@24 00
Calico	4 75@7 50

OVERALLS.

Brown drill	$6 50@7 25
" duck	7 75@9 00
Blue drill	7 00@7 50
" duck	8 00@9 50
White	8 00@9 50

CORSETS.

French whalebone	$5 25@8 00
Our own	15 00
Comet	22 50

SPRING SKIRTS.

Linen printed	$ 9 00
" ruffled	12 00
" fluted	15 00

YARNS.

Balmoral Yarn, all colors, per lb	$1 60
Germantown Wool, " "	$1 70@2 05
Saxony Yarns, per box	$2 15

GENERAL COMMISSION.

J. C. ROSENFELD gives us the following quotations this day:

Potatoes, 90@$1 00 per bushel; Butter, prime 25@30c; Butter, good 20@25c; Butter, cooking 10@15c; Eggs, 12c per doz; Live chickens 2 50@2 75; Lemons, 14 00 per box.

OYSTERS

W. B. & Co.—Select, 73 cts per can; Standard 58 cts per can; Medium 48 cts per can.

HARDWARE.

JOHN T. EDGAR.

IRON.

Common bar	4
Horse shoe bar	6½
Norway nail rod	11½

STEEL.

Cast plow	12
Germon	11
American cast, octagon and square	18@ 22
Jessop's English do do	25@ 40
Burden's horse shoes, per keg	7 25
do mule do do	8 25
Northwestern horse nails	22a 23

Dundee thimble skeins, discount 45 per cent.
Stor half patent axles, discount 10 per cent.

NAILS.

10d to 60d per keg	4 10
8d do	4 35
6d do	4 60
4d do	4 85
3d do	5 10
3d fine do	7 10
10d finish'ng do	5 25
8d do do	5 60
6d do do	5 85
10d casing do	4 85
8d do do	5 10
6d do do	5 35
Wrought, all sizes	5 85

BOLTS.

Carriage and tire	discount 70 pr c

BUTTS.

Narrow wrought, fast joint	discount 20 pr c
Cast, loose pin reversible	do 35 do

MISCELLANEOUS.

Hay and manure forks	discount 30 pr c
Hoes and garden rakes	do 25 do

HINGES.

Strap and T	discount 25 pr c

WRENCHES.

Taft's black	discount 55 pr c
Coe's imitation	do 45 do
Coe's genuine	do 20 do

SCREWS.

American Iron	45 pr c
do brass	40 pr c

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

SCYTHES.

H Holt's Harvest king, per doz, net	12 00
Champion	9 00
Heald's Eureka	11 00
do red	8 00

SPADES AND SHOVELS.

Rowland's No 2 black shovels, D H	12 00
do do polished do do	13 00
do do black spades do	12 00
Moore do polished do do	13 00
do's "spring point" L H shovels	13 50

AXES.

Lippencott's Western Crown	13 00
do do do b.vels	13 50

COFFEE MILLS.

Parks's No 3, iron box	net 5 25
do do 103 do	5 75
do do 25 Union ir b	11 00
do do 35 do Britania	13 00

FILES.

Hargrave, Smith & Co.,	discount 30 pr c
American File Co.	do 50 do

HAMMERS.

Hardole's, A E No 1, 1½, 2	$9 00
Mammond's A E No 2	10 50
do do do 4	10 00
do Engineer's No 1	13 50
do do do 2	14 00
do do do 3	

HATCHETS.

Morris' shingling, No 1	$7 00
do do do 2	8 00
do do do 3	9 00
do claw do 1	7 50
do do do 2	8 50

LEATHER.

Best Buffalo Sole	36@38c
do do	
Matamoras do No. 2, 32c; No. 1, 35c	
Best Oak do	43@45c
Baltimore Oak Sole	48c
French Kips	$4 40@7 00
do Calf, leading brands	$2 00@2 50
Domestic Kips	$1 00@1 30
do Calf	$1 35@1 75
Hemlock Upper, per foot	25@30c
Oak do do	30c
Grain do do	30c
Linings, per dozen	$7 00@10 00
Toppings, do	$11 00@14 00
Morocco (Boot Leg) per foot	38@45c
do (Oil Dressed) do	35@40c
do (Simon) do	$3 00@3 25
do (Glove Kid)	$3 50@5 00
Welt Leather, per side	$6 00@7 00
Boot Webbing, per bolt	4 @70c
Oak Harness Leather, "Pittsburg,"	45c
do do do No. 1,	40@42c
do do do No. 2,	38@40c
Oak Line do	44@46c
Hemlock Harness Leather, No. 1	38@40c
do do do No. 2	37@38c
Hemlock Line do	44@46c
Fair Bridle, per side	$6 00@7 00
Team Collars, per doz	$25 50@27 50
Stage do do	$21 50
Scotch do do	$36 00
Concord do do	$38 00
Collar Leather (Black) per foot	18@24c
do do (Russet) do	18@24c
Patent Dash Leather	15c

SOAPS

Powell & Co., Soap manufacturers. Sapo Publico, 6 1-2@6 3-4; Savon Republic, do, Chemical Olive, 6 to 6 1-2; Palm, 5@5 1-4; German Motled, 6 1-4a6 1-2.

ART GOODS AND UPHOLSTERER'S STOCK.

Benjamin B. Jones, Decorative Upholsterer and dealer in fine art goods, 270 Farnham Street, furnishes the following quotations:

FRAME MOULDINGS.

Oil walnut mouldings, one inch, per foot, 5c; 2 inch 10c; 3 inch 15c; polished walnut, 1 inch 7c; 2 inch 15c; 3 inch 21c. Berlin gilt, 1 inch 6@15c; 2 inch 12@30c; 3 inch 18@45c; imitation rosewood and gilt, 1 inch 5@10c; 2 inch 10@20c; 3 inch 15@30c.

WINDOW SHADES.

Plain bands, 6 feet, all colors, per pair, 1 50; ornamental bands, 2 00@4 00; each additional foot, 75c per pair.

REPPS.

Union and all wool terry, per yard 1 50@3 00; Imperial, plain and striped, 2 50a8 00.

DAMASKS.

Union per yard, 1 50; all wool, 2 00a3 00.

MATTRASSES.

Husk, 4-4x6-2, 4 00a5 00; straw, 3 00a4 00; Excelsior, 3 50a4 50.

LUMBER.

RETAIL LIST

Subject to change of market without

WM. M. FOSTER,

On U. P. R. R. track bet. Farnham and Douglas sts.

GEO A. HOAGLANI.

Joists, studding and sills, 20 ft, and under	$22 00
Over 20 ft, each additional ft add't	50
Fencing No 1	28 00
do No 2	21 00
1st common boards	25 00
2nd do do	22 00
"A" stock boards, 10 and 12 inch	50 00
"B" do do do do	35 00
"C" do do do do	30 00
1st clear, 1, 1¼, 1½ and 2 inch	65 00
2d do do do do	55 00
3d do do do do	45 00
Flooring, clear	50 00
do 1st common	40 00
do 2d do	35 00
do 3d do	27 50
do narrow, clear	45 00
1st clear ceiling ½ inch	35 00
2d do do ½ inch	32 50
1st do do ⅝ inch	30 00
2d do do ⅝ inch	27 50
1st clear siding	27 00
2d do do	26 00
1st common siding	24 00
2d do do	20 00
"A" shingles	4 25
Extra No 1 shingles	3 00
Common No 1 shingles	2 00
Lath per 1000	3 50
D & H pickets per 100	4 50
Square do do do	— —
O G Batten per lineal ft	1½
Rough do do do	—

Liberal discount on carload lots.

WINDOWS, (Glazed.)

35 per cent off Chicago list.

DOORS, (Wedged.)

25 per cent off Chicago list.

BLINDS.

30 per cent off list.	
White lime per bbl.	$1 75@2 00
Lonisville cement per bbl	3 00@3 25
Plaster paris per bbl	3 50@3 75
Plastering hair per bushel	40
Tarred felt	4
Plastering board	5½

OILS, PAINTS, GLASS, &c.

N. I. D. SOLOMON.

ROBERT C. STEELL.

Coal Oil	$ 18	Lard Oil, No 1	$ 95@1 00
Linseed Oil, raw	1 05	" " " 2	70
" " bl'd	1 10	" " winter	90
Turpentine	65	" " strain'd	
Headlight Oil	28	Lubricating	38
		W. Va.	

PAINTS, &C

White Lead, St. Louis, Strictly Pure	$ 11
" " " Fancy Brands	9½
Putty in Bladders	5½
" " Bulk	4½
Enameled Glass, colors, ⅞ sq. ft	1 00

Window Glass 50 & c discount

TIN, SHEET-IRON, WIRE, &C.

MILTON ROGERS, COR. 14th & FARNHAM.

TIN PLATE.

10x14 IC, fair quanity	$12 50
10x14 Ic, best quality	13 00
10x14 IX do do	16 00
12x12 IC do do	13 50
12x12 IX do do	16 50
14x20 IC do do	15 00
14x20 IX do do	17 00
14x20 IXX do do	20 00
14x20 IXXX do do	23 00
100 plate DC (best quality)	23 00
100 plate DX, do do	13 50
100 plate DXX do do	16 50
100 plate DXXX do do	19 50
Roofing IC charcoal do do	14 50
Roofing IX do do	15 50
10x14 IC coke do do	12 00
20x28 IC charcoal roofing	27 00
20x28 IC charcoal roofing	32 00
14x14 IX charcoal	27 50
10x20 coke (for gutters)	20 50

BLOCK TIN.

Large pigs	35
Small pigs	36
Bar tin	38

ZINC.

Sheet tin 25 to 36 in	
do do do it half casks	11½
do do do in 250 ℔ casks	12
Sheet 24 to 35 inches per sheet	12½
Tinners solder (extra refined	26
do do No. 1	23
do do roofing	21
bid metal	0a2

SHEET IRON

First qualit Numbers 16 to 24	5¾
do do do 25	600
do do do 26	600
do do do 27	6½
Charcoal, both sides smothe	
do No 24	7¼
do do 26	7¾
do do 27	8¼
Juniata, No. 24	9¼
do to 26	9¾
do do 27	9¾
Russia perfe t 7 to 12	25
do No. 1, stained	23

Less than full bundles, add one cent.
"A" American limitat'n Russia, all Nos. 18
Less than full bundles add one cent.

GALVANIZED.

No. 14 to 20	list 15
do 21 to 24	do 16
do 25 to 25	do 17
do 27	do 18
do 28	do 20

Full bundles discount 15 per cent.

COPPER.

Braziers 6 to 9	45
do 10 to 12 ℔	42
do 12½ to 100 ℔	38
Sheathing, 14 and 16 oz	37
Planished, 14 and 16 oz	43
Nos. 7, 8 and 9, Planished	48
Bolt copper	50
Copper bottoms	38

BRIGHT WIRE.

9	10	11	11¾	12½
Nos. 6 to 6	8,8,9	10,11	12	14,14
14	15	16	19	20
Nos. 15,16		18	19	20

Per bundle 15 per cent coun

GROCERIES.

STEELE & JOHNSON 538-540 14TH ST.

CLARK & FRENCH COR. FARNHAM AND 11TH ST.

PUNDT, MEYER & RAAPKE, 212 FARNHVM ST.—WHOLESALE DEALERS.

MORGAN & GALLAGHER, 205 Farnham St.

WHITNEY, BAUSERMAN & Co., 247 Douglas St.

J. J. BROWN & BRO., Cor. 14th and Douglas Streets.

Granulated	12¼@12½
Powdered	[illegible]
Crushed do	[illegible]
Reid cut loaf do	13a13¼
Standard A do	11⅝@11¾
Circle A do	11⅛@11⅜
Extra C do	11⅛@11⅜
Yellow C do	10¾@11⅛
N O choice do	10¼

COFFEES.

Rio choice p lb	21a24½
do prime do	20½a21
do good do	18a18
O G Java	26½a34

SYRUPS.

Common pr gallon	35a45
Good do	60a65
Choice do	70a80
do N O molasses	80
Rangoon choice	80½
Carolina	10

CANDLES.

M Week & Co	18a18½
Schofers	19

SOAP.

Missouri Vrlley	5½
Kirk's Savon	6½
M. Week & Co	7a7½
Schofer's German	6
Kirk's standard	6¾
do sterling	4a4¼

PLUG TOBACCO.

Black goods, Western	48
do do Virginia	55a60
do do Lorrilard's	55a60
Bright do do do	60a65
do do Virginia	55a60
Natural leaf	75a80

DRIED FRUITS.

do apples do	12a12½
State do do	11a11½
New currants	8a9
do prunes	14a14½
do German cherries	17
do blackberries	14
do raspberries	38a40
do raisins, per box	$3 60
do seedless raisins, per pound	12½

SALT.

New in barrels	$2 70@2 85
do dairy	4 50a5 75

CANNED GOODS.

2 pound can Myer's oys'ers, per case	$1 25a1 50
1 do do do