

THE DAILY BEE

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THE BEE PUBLISHING CO., PROPRIETORS. E. ROSEWATER, Editor.

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VANDERBILT congratulates Cleveland, but "the public be damned."

GENERAL Butler says he does not know who is elected. He does know, however, who is not elected.

THE use of "horns" either internally or externally, as an expression of enthusiasm should be abolished.

THE sprightly little News of Lincoln came to us enlarged and in a new dress. We congratulate it on this evidence of success.

MR. BLAINE dodged the prohibition amendment in Maine, and the prohibitionists revenged themselves when his turn came.

GOVERNOR CLEVELAND, of New York, has issued his Thanksgiving proclamation. It reads as if it were written by some clergyman.

MR. WOLFE, of Iowa, evidently wants gore. Somebody ought to punch his nose. The people of this country have had all the war they want.

NEWSPAPER men as candidates for office are not appreciated in Ohio. Four journalists were defeated for office in that city at the recent election.

THE political editorial writer of the St. Louis Globe Democrat is now writing on such subjects as "The American Pumpkin." The effects of a democratic victory are already becoming visible.

CAPT. HERMAN has become so proud since he has heard from Indiana that he won't speak to his next-door neighbor. Brother-in-law of the coming vice president is a very responsible position.

THE New York journals are bragging on the numbers of papers they sold on the morning after election. The Herald sold over 190,000, and the Times over 140,000, but the Journal led all the rest. It sold 201,500 copies.

"Indifference in population between the rival cities of St. Paul and Minneapolis is shown by their respective votes. St. Paul cast about 12,000 votes and Minneapolis about 20,000. This shows St. Paul to have a population of about 30,000 and Minneapolis of about 125,000.

VANDERBILT has followed in the wake of Jay Gould, with his congratulations to Governor Cleveland, and the accredited agent of the Rothschilds, Mr. August Belmont, presided over the great agitation meeting at the Academy of Music. The millionaires always did worship the rising sun.

THE New York Commercial Advertiser suggests that Chester A. Arthur would make a good United States senator from the empire state. President Arthur will probably retire from public life after the expiration of his term. Such is understood to be his determination, and it is not likely that he would accept the New York senatorship if it were offered to him.

NEVER before has there been so close a presidential election in New York. In 1828 New York gave a plurality for Jackson of 5,350; in 1844, 5,106 for Polk, the lowest of which we have a record there. The pluralities for twenty years are as follows: In 1864 Lincoln carried it by 6,707; Seymour had just 10,000 in 1868, and Grant 53,455 in 1872; in 1876 Tilden carried it by 32,738, and Garfield had a plurality in 1880 of 21,033.

THE St. Louis Globe Democrat asks, "What other people on earth could pass through an experience of such intense anxiety and uncertainty as has prevailed in the United States for the last few days with such general good humor and so much of reasonable patience and self-control? A similar condition of things in almost any other nation of the world would inevitably have brought on public frenzy, riot and bloodshed. We are a rash and headstrong people in some respects, but when it is necessary to be cool and considerate we are never found wanting."

WESTERN journalists seem to be rapidly taking the lead in the American metropolis. Joseph Pulitzer, who went to New York from St. Louis and took hold of the World, has made that paper one of the best journals in the country, and although not a resident of New York more than two years, he has just been elected to congress by his Democrats. A Bert Pulitzer, his brother, who started the New York Morning Journal about two years ago, has made that paper the spiciest and wittiest in the country and it has attained the largest circulation in the United States.

THE REPUBLICAN MANIFESTO.

The republican national committee has issued another manifesto expressing the utmost confidence in the election of Blaine and Logan by 218 electoral votes. The committee earnestly urges republicans to join with it in resisting the claims of the democrats that Cleveland carried New York, and requests a suspension of judgment on the part of the people until the official count of New York has been completed. It is eminently proper that the republican managers shall have a fair opportunity to establish the claims of Blaine and Logan through an impartial canvass of the official returns. It is, however, impossible for them to stay public opinion upon the probable outcome of the electoral contest without presenting definite figures. The leading newspapers of New York, excepting the Tribune, representing all parties, have published the returns from the various counties, verified by reliable correspondents. These figures have been compared carefully with the reports received by the Albany Evening Journal, a leading republican paper at the state capital, and its opinion coincides with the conclusions arrived at by the New York Herald, Times, Sun, Journal, Post, Commercial Advertiser, World and Graphic. The Associated Press, which at the outset seemed to afford a basis for the claims of the republican committee, has also conceded the probability of Mr. Cleveland's election. In view of all these concurrent opinions the national committee will find it difficult to impress its own conclusions upon rational republicans, who are disposed to look dispassionately on the situation. Every republican in the country will rejoice if the official count shall show Blaine and Logan to have received a plurality of the vote of New York, but they have little or no faith in mere assurances of the "committee. So far as the canvass is concerned the probability is that it will not be completed for several weeks, and even then the chances are that the closeness of the contest will revive the fraud cry of 1876, and finally force the fight into congress. With so narrow a margin as the official count must give, a republican senate inevitably would decide that fraud had given the state to Cleveland, and that the thirty-six votes belonged to Blaine; the democratic house in the same way and for the same reason would say the votes belonged to Cleveland. The outcome of such a conflict of opinion would be the rejection of the returns from New York, and the election of the president by the democratic house of representatives and the election of the vice-president by the republican senate. A democratic president and a republican vice-president would inspire political cranks to attempt assassination of one or the other and anarchy would be the consequence. While such a contingency menaces the peace if not the life of the republic, the national committee cannot restore confidence and ally agitation by its manifestoes. If the committee has any tangible proof that Blaine and Logan have received a plurality of the vote of New York, let it be presented to the proper canvassing board. If not, it would be far better for the party and the country that we should accept the inevitable, and concede the election of Cleveland and Hendricks.

Ten days before the election a supplement was issued in THE WEEKLY BEE with an address to the voters, advising them to prepare their tickets at home so that they might choose intelligently from among the various candidates the men most fitted for their suffrages. On the same page with this address there were printed five different tickets, which were blank on the opposite side. By cutting up this portion of the supplement it could be transformed into a ticket and voted. Three or four days before the election the second assistant postmaster general, Mr. Marr, notified this office by telegraph that this supplement was illegal, and could not go through the mails. The complaint appears to have originated with Jim Laird's postmaster at Hastings, urged on, we presume, by the statesman from Sinking Water creek, who enjoys the sole privilege of sending his "pulverized" newspaper documents, over his frank, through the mails, although they were in no sense portions of the congressional records. Immediately after this embargo was laid on the BEE's supplement a hue and cry of fraud was raised by the Omaha Republican, which was echoed by the little and big sky-terrors that bark at our heels. On the morning of election day both the New York Sun and Journal in their daily editions, which went through the mails without an embargo from the assistant postmaster general, contained tickets printed on one page, blank on the reverse, and the advice in black letters, "Cut this out and vote it." There were five Butler tickets and one republican ticket in the columns of the Sun, while the Journal had republican and democratic tickets. Why didn't Mr. Marr issue an edict against the New York papers and declare them outlawed? It may, perhaps, have been fortunate for Marr that our papers had all gone through the mails when his order declaring them illegal was issued, else we should have appealed the case to a higher authority.

The result of the election in Douglas county, according to the official returns, is very instructive. While the democrats were much better organized than the republicans, Blaine and Logan carried the county by 438 majority, which goes to show that the republicans of all factions supported the national ticket. In spite of the feeling against J. Sterling Morton among the workmen and the intense dislike of the old-time democrats, Morton carries the county by 479 majority, which is a greater majority than he received in his own county. Mr. Dawson runs behind the national ticket 917 votes. Judge Benke's vote in Douglas county is very complimentary, and he may well be proud of it. While Blaine and Logan carried the county by 438, Judge Benke carried a majority of 1,193, which shows that he ran ahead of the national democratic ticket 1,631. Mr. Montgomery also received a handsome compliment in the vote of Douglas county. He has a majority of 654, or 1,092 ahead of the vote for Cleveland and Hendricks. Mr. Nels Alberts, fusion candidate for commissioner of public lands, has a majority of 475. He could just as well have had 1,475 if he had exerted himself, and no doubt would have been elected had he made a canvass among his Scandinavian friends. The high esteem in which Charles H. Brown is held by the citizens of Omaha and the people of Douglas county is evidenced by the overwhelming majority which he received. In a vote of 1939 he has a majority of 3137. In other words Mr. Brown ran 3575 ahead of Cleveland and Hendricks. Colonel Smythe, who heads the republican legislative ticket, received only 3553 votes, while Mr. McShane, who heads the democratic legislative ticket, received 5565. Colonel Smythe ran 1229 behind the republican electors, while McShane runs 1061 ahead of the democratic electors. While Mr. Godwin carries this county by 591, he could just as well have carried it by 1591 had it not been for the exposures made just before election.

There is not a doubt that there has been a great deal of fraud in the election in the state of New York. It could not have been otherwise in a political contest of such magnitude in a state having more than 6,000,000 population. The election involved not only the presidency but congress, legislature, and various municipal and county officers. It would not be natural nor reasonable to charge all the fraud on one side. While much that we hear about the frauds in New York will doubtless prove true, some of the cock and bull stories are too absurd to be entertained by any intelligent person. Among these is the report that hundreds of ballots for Ben. Butler were credited to Cleveland in Troy and other places. In the first place the inspectors and clerks of election are required by law to be chosen from the various parties, and it would be almost impossible for the democrats to have elected Butler, Blaine and St. John without detection. In the next place, the citizens of New York do not vote directly for president. The names of the candidates do not appear on the tickets. New York is entitled to thirty-six electors, and it is simply preposterous to say that the thirty-six names on the Butler ticket which differed throughout from the names on the Cleveland ticket, should be counted for the democratic candidate. Ben Butler is reported to have credited the statement that tickets cast for him were counted for Cleveland. If this is true, Ben Butler is a bigger fraud than we ever believed him to be, and we always have ranked him among the greatest political frauds this country has ever produced.

The city officials will do a great favor to a suffering community by putting a stop to the epidemic of horn-blowing that has broken out in Omaha as one of the results of the election. It was started by the men, and taken up by the boys, and now horn-blowing is heard from one end of the town to the other. It has certainly become a great nuisance. The mayor should at once issue an order abating it, and the marshal should then order the police to arrest every one blowing a horn in fact, he can proceed without any order from the mayor as this horn blowing is certainly a disturbance of the peace of the community. Another thing that should be at-tempted is the parading of disorderly crowds, who go about the streets not only blowing horns, but yelling and shouting, and making high hideous. If this is allowed to continue it is liable to result in riots. In other cities the police have put an end to horn-blowing and disorderly street gangs, and there is no reason why it can't be done in Omaha.

When the Chicago national republican convention met, and prudent republicans urged the necessity of nominating somebody who could carry New York, the Blaine boomers retorted contemptuously that New York was not necessary, and that Mr. Blaine was not only sure to carry the Pacific states, but every northern state outside of New York, with a fair chance of West Virginia, North Carolina and Florida. Now that these political wreckers have stranded the republican party they want to unload the responsibility upon the mugwumps and St. John.

Nobody will be surprised to learn that the Democrats in the southern cities have painted their towns red, in compliance with the request of Chairman Barnum to celebrate the election of Cleveland and Hendricks in a fitting manner. It seems to us, however, that Mr. Barnum and the Democratic national committee should have cautioned the "coined" Democrats of the south against raising the rebel yell. It is a little too previous, and may have to be suppressed.

In his jollification speech at New York, Sam Randall forehad good times for the rag, tag and bobtail of democracy. One of the first things to be done after Cleveland takes his seat is the division of the surplus in the treasury among the voters who contributed the largest portion of it through the whisky tax. Good times are coming, boys.

According to the Omaha Republican Charles H. Brown is politically dead, when the next congress meets, and the

frauds by which Mr. Weaver has been counted in, are ventilated. Mr. Brown will take his seat. But supposing he had actually been defeated by 800 majority in a district which gives Blaine and Logan 5,000 majority, does that show that he is very dead politically? Where is there another man, republican or democrat, who could carry Douglas county by 3,137 majority?

The democrats cannot yet read their title clear, but they are already turning up over the distribution of the spoils and the high honors. It will be a very serious question now whether Thurman or Bayard is to hold the portfolio of secretary of state, or the interior department with Indian and land bureaus is to be presided over by Seven-mile Barnum, or Carl Schurz, or Carter Harrison.

EMORY STORRS is willing to concede that the republicans have met with disaster, but the valiant editor of the shears and paste-pot who edits the Omaha Republican will never surrender until the last drop of gore has been splashed on the pavement.

THAT golden dinner was a little heavy for the average republican digestion. If Mr. Elkins and Chairman Jones had paid a little more attention to the common people and relied less on the monopolists they would not now have to wait for the official returns.

THE only presidential candidate who came out financially ahead in this campaign was Belva Lockwood. She cleared \$128 by her speeches. This will enable her to buy a seal-skin sacquo which will make her as happy as if she were president.

ST. JOHN'S right bower, our own Finch, who by the way is a good democrat, played a very important role in this presidential campaign and he ought to be appointed by the bourbon administration as chief sampler of the internal revenue bureau.

BURNING St. John in effigy may afford some satisfaction to people who have lost their temper, but it will not suppress the prohibition cranks, nor will it add New York to the broken Blaine and Logan column.

CITY WALKS AND TALKS.

"Are you not going to give us any more 'City Walks and Talks'?" asked an old timer of the BEE's Man About Town. "We had too much politics lately to attend to anything else, but now that the meetings, parades and election are over we will try to resume the even tenor of our way," was the reply. "Well, talking about politics and parades," said the old timer, "reminds me of the presidential election of '68. It was the first presidential election after Nebraska was admitted as a state, and there was the liveliest kind of a rivalry between the republicans and democrats. In those days Omaha was a wild town. I remember the democrats and republicans each got up an immense torchlight parade and every man was armed, as the two parties paraded on the same evening, and there was great fear of a collision. Had any such thing occurred there in all public works, and I believe that in selecting the particular streets to be graded, the public interests have not been consulted. Omaha has attained its present position in spite of the non-enterprising and non-progressive—not by their assistance."

SPECIAL NOTICES.

MONEY TO LOAN—\$1000 on government security for six months. Address Box 470 P. O. 2767. MONEY TO LOAN in sums of \$100 and upwards. W. O. F. Davis and Co., 341 E. 12th and Loan Agency, 1505 Farnam St. 209 1/2. MONEY loaned on chattels. Railroad Tickets bought and sold. A. Foreman, 212 E. 12th St. 76 1/2. OMAHA Financial Exchange, large or small loans made on approved security. Office hours 9 to 5 week days, 10 to 12 Sunday. 1508 Farnam Street. 111 to 100 1/2.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—Dishwasher and laundry girl at plant on E. 12th. 217-1/2. WANTED—Three girls at the Silver House north 10th street. 213-1/2. WANTED—A good girl, 1621 Capital avenue. 204-1/2. WANTED—A girl for general housework in a family of three. Apply at Dr. Armstrong's, 1555 N. 15th St. 87-1/2. WANTED—A competent girl as second girl and cook. Apply to Mrs. Geo. W. Peck, 238 South 13th street. 718 1/2. WANTED—A girl for general housework at 1514 W. 12th street. Good wages. 718-1/2. WANTED—A few table boarders at 1129 Cass St. 212-1/2. WANTED—To buy a city lot to be paid in weekly or monthly installments. Address "B. H." Box office. 216-1/2. WANTED—A man to look and set up stoves at M. F. Martin's, 316 E. 15th street. 102-1/2. WANTED—Waters and laundry girls at once at Zetty's restaurant, 1507 Farnam. 149-1/2. WANTED—A first class cook and waitress also a girl for second work. Apply N. E. corner Chicago and 15th. 191-1/2. WANTED—A good girl for general housework at 1044 Farnam. 138-1/2. WANTED—A middle-aged woman to do light housework in a small family. Job: H. Corneil on Charles street, between Irene and James streets. 181-1/2. WANTED—Good girl in family of two, wages 10 object general or well preferred. Call immediately at 608 South 10th St. 179-1/2. WANTED—Barber, 708 S. 16th street. DELCO. 172-1/2. WANTED—A girl for general housework at 1807 Farnam street. Must be a good cook and waitress. References required. 167-1/2. WANTED—Cook at Emmet House. No men need apply. 118-1/2. WANTED—Tailors. First-class sitting places for tailors at 911 12th St. 85-1/2. WANTED—Agents for The Mutual Life Insurance Co. Address the Company at Stuart St. 631-1/2. WANTED—Ladies or gentlemen in city or country to take me, light and pleasant work at their own homes. \$2 to \$2.50 per day weekly and quarterly made. No canvassing; no stamp; no fee. Please address Reliable Mail Co., Philadelphia, Pa. 602-1/2. WANTED—LADIES OR GENTLEMEN in city or country to take saleable light and pleasant work at their own homes. \$2 to \$2.50 per day weekly and quarterly made. No canvassing; no stamp; no fee. Please address Reliable Mail Co., Philadelphia, Pa. 602-1/2. WANTED—By a lady, a station in a private family to do sewing, mending, etc. Inquire 1112 Jackson street. 253-1/2. WANTED—A position as stock clerk or as a clerk in an office. Address "A. L." Box office. 152-1/2.

did, and as well as ever he did in his life." "A late issue of the Boston Globe gives an account of the death of one J. G. O'Neill, in El Paso, Texas," remarked a well known Irishman, "and connects his exploits with the famous Highway robbery made by the Fenians into Canada in 1850. The obituary editor of the Globe has got hold of the wrong man. General John O'Neill, of Fenian fame, died and was buried in this city a few years ago, after he had established a flourishing colony of his countrymen in Holt county, in this state, where the prosperous city of O'Neill now stands."

"What do you think of the way the streets are being graded, asked the BEE's man of an old settler who owns lots on many of the recently graded streets. "I have no objection to it" was the reply "except that it would be much more satisfactory if the cuts could be made say 60 feet wide instead of the full width of 100 feet. Then after a year or a few years the other 40 feet could be graded out. It is a difficult matter to establish a proper grade and work it out all at once. The people here don't seem to understand it. They object to it and throw obstacles in the way. I have seen the same thing in other cities, but much more of it here than any where else. Sometimes certain newspapers, those that follow but never lead public opinion, will chime in and do all they can to oppose and delay the improvements. However, there is no more opposition to these improvements this year than there has been whenever they have been undertaken. The lessons of the past are soon forgotten, particularly so here, where there are so few who were here ten years ago. Some of us remember the fierce opposition that was made to certain grades established and worked out ten or fifteen years ago. It has in every case been found impossible to establish a grade where it ought to be without making one or two changes—on some streets three or four. I will remember the first grade established in this city. It was on Farnam street, from Fifteenth street to the river. It was so laid that water would run east from Fifteenth street to Twelfth, and west from Ninth to Twelfth. After a year or two a change was made making the street a continuous descent from Fifteenth street east to the river. This was considered a radical change at the time and provoked fierce opposition. It required a cut of about five feet at Ninth street, and a fill of six or eight feet at Twelfth. It took two or three changes of grade to make Sixteenth street what it now is from Farnam north to Nicholas. There ought to be a good many among us who remember the time we had in getting St. Mary's avenue down to its present grade. The opposition to that was very much greater than to any of the grades this year. Hancock had the contract. A less determined man could not have executed it. It was argued that St. Mary's avenue was a residence street and never could be anything else. No one was so much as to suggest that business houses would ever be built on that street, just as they now talk about the other streets that have been graded the present year. Do these objectors want to confine the business part of this city to its present area? I was in Kansas City a few weeks ago, and spent a day or two in making the progress it has made within the last few years. I find that the business part of Kansas City covers more ground than all we have graded here, and to grade a street there costs more than double what it costs here. No doubt there has been a good deal of jobbery in the grading contracts, just as there is in all public works, and I believe that in selecting the particular streets to be graded, the public interests have not been consulted. Omaha has attained its present position in spite of the non-enterprising and non-progressive—not by their assistance."

"The return of Ristori to America and the newspaper accounts of her perfect mastery of the English language recalls to my mind," said an old Omaha journalist the other day, "the first words in English she ever spoke in public. It was on the occasion of her last performance in New York at the close of her first American tour. On being called before the curtain she expressed her feelings on her reception in this country and her regret on departing in the following words, which to the surprise of her audience the great Italian tragedienne delivered in the broken English: 'The end has come, the farewell must be spoken. From your dear and favorite city I must part. But never shall the spell be broken, it's memory I take, and leave my heart.'"

"Brignoli was a great gourmand," said Alfred Joel, representing the Romany Rye company, the other day. "When he was under my management some years ago with an opera company, he sent word one night—we were singing in Philadelphia—that he could not sing. It was about an hour before the performance. I ran to his room, and asked him what was the matter, and he simply said he was sick. I knew what was the matter with him. He had been eating too much, and so I determined to resort to a little stratagem to make him sing. I went down into the dining hall of the hotel, and finding the waiter who had waited on him I got from him a complete list of the articles eaten by Brignoli. It included eight breakfasts and half a dozen luncheon-chops, several cups of coffee, and twelve or fifteen side dishes. It was enough for a supper for seven or eight hungry men. Going back to Brignoli's room, I held the list up before him, and said: 'See here, Brig! That's what's the matter with you. You have been making a hog of yourself eating too much, and so I don't sing to-night I propose to disgrace you by publishing an explanation of your non-appearance. This list of what you have eaten shall be published in every morning paper in Philadelphia. Now I mean business. Will you sing or not?' 'My heavens!' he exclaimed, 'No, don't do that! What you say!' 'Most certainly I do!' I replied. 'I'll sing; say no more about it,' replied he, and sang he

WANTED—By a young man, a situation in a book-keeper or copyist. Address "A. V." Box office. 709-1/2. A young man who would work as a book-keeper in a wholesale establishment in Omaha. Address "G. V." care Bee. 708-1/2. SPECIAL ADVERTISEMENTS. WANTED—By a respectable young man, a room in a pleasant and private family west of 16th street. Address "J. S." care Bee office. 108-1/2. WANTED—To buy a small stock of groceries and provisions, for a well established, neat grocery and rent very low. Address "A. M." Box office. 201-1/2. WANTED—To rent two furnished rooms suitable for light house keeping. Address "M. P." Box office. 100-1/2. WANTED—A few more table boarders at 602 N. 10th St. Two sleeping rooms for rent. 108-1/2. WANTED—Young ladies and gentlemen to learn shorthand and type writing. Terms 50 per month. Apply to J. S. Davis, Union Block, opposite Opera House. WANTED—Large, pleasant front room, or suite of rooms with board, in private family, for gentleman, wife and child. Best references. Address "W. G." Box office. 119-1/2. WANTED—A gentleman wishes board and room for the winter in private family—single. Best references. Address "H. D. P." Box office. 159-1/2. WANTED—Pupil in short hand. Pitman system. 10th and Hickory St. 123-1/2. WANTED—Business. An active merchant of 10 years' experience in the grocery and retail business, desiring a change January 1, 1885, wishes to purchase an interest in a well established grocery and manufacturing business, and will buy out a small business, has \$100,000 cash, furnishes references of high order and would expect to secure very high interest giving full name and particulars. "Merchant" care Bee office. 800-1/2 week. WANTED—\$2,000 on first-class city security for 5 years, at 7 per cent. Address Box 620 Post-office. 708-1/2. FOR RENT—House and barn 5056. 211-1/2. FOR RENT—Furnished room at 219 Pacific street. 211-1/2. FOR RENT—Two furnished rooms with or without board. N. E. corner 23d and Davenport. 183-1/2. FOR RENT—Furnished rooms at 615 south 18th street. Gen. Lemmon preferred. 220-1/2. FOR RENT—Furnished rooms with board in private family for gentleman and wife or single gentlemen, near car line. References. Address "E. E." Box office. 213-1/2. FOR RENT—Two rooms furnished or unfurnished, with or without table board, at 208 south 19th street. 221-1/2. FOR RENT—Neatly furnished front room with use of parlor, to two gentlemen or man and wife, with or without board. First door from 10th street on Webster, south side. 223 1/2. FOR RENT—A store and five rooms or more, on 17th and Nicholas streets, near O. Works. 227-1/2. FOR RENT—Furnished rooms 1810 Dodge street. 202-1/2. FOR RENT—A five room house, N. 2217 Farnam street. Apply to Mrs. S. G. Stevenson, 1611 Cass street. 723-1/2. FOR RENT—A furnished room. Inquire at 1992 Farnam St. 232-1/2. FOR RENT—New dwelling of ten rooms. All modern improvements, including bath, gas, hot water, and 2-1/2 story. See Ballantyne or James Neill. 233-1/2. FOR RENT—Two elegant rooms in suite with modern improvements, top floor. Bremer's block, S. W. cor. 16th and Dodge. References required. 675-1/2. FOR RENT—House, Inquire No. 12 1/2 Sherman Ave. 2 blocks north of R. track. 157-1/2. FOR RENT—Neatly furnished room for one or two gentlemen, S. E. corner 20th and Davenport. 181-1/2. FOR RENT—Pleasant front rooms newly furnished in Old Federal block, inquire at Box No. 2. 181-1/2. FOR RENT—In 801 1/2 3d addition, nice south and east corner lot with 6 room house 2 1/2 story. Potter & Cobb, 15 1/2 Farnam St. 181-1/2. FOR RENT—A house and barn with three acres of ground. Inquire of Eugene O'Neill, corner 11th and Doreas. 162-1/2. FOR RENT—A cottage with four rooms, cellar, hot water, at \$14 per month. Inquire at No. 312 south 18th street. 191-1/2. FOR RENT—Furnish hot room and board \$60 per month. Very best location, 1814 Davenport. 943-1/2. FOR RENT—Two rooms furnished for light house-keeping. S. W. cor. 8th and Howard. 170-1/2. FOR RENT—Furnished and unfurnished rooms with board, modern conveniences, hot water, 18 1/2 Farnam, block above new Court House. 632-1/2. FOR RENT—Newly furnished rooms and stable for two horses, Walnut St., corner 4th St., August Haas, Brewery Factory, Chicago St. 151-1/2. FOR RENT—Pleasant room at 1623 Dodge street suitable for one or two gentlemen. 141-1/2. FOR RENT—Room corner of 17th and Grace Sts. 144-1/2. FOR RENT—Very desirable room at 1724 Capital street. Call at that number. 141-1/2. FOR RENT—Furnished suite of rooms, also one single room, very nice, located on 16th and 17th, west of high school. Address with reference, "X. Y. Z." Box office. 118-1/2. FOR RENT—The corner at 10th and Leavenworth. Apply G. H. Peterson. 83-1/2. FOR RENT—Rooms, 911 N. 12th street, \$19 per month. John Bradford, 102 1/2 10th St. 104-1/2. FOR RENT—A furnished room at 1315 Jackson St. 729-1/2. FOR RENT—Large furnished front room suitable for one or two gentlemen; 1713 Chicago St. 902-1/2. FOR RENT—With board, nicely furnished rooms with gas and bath room, at S. W. cor. 14th and Dodge. 787-1/2. FOR RENT—Office of five rooms, desirable location. O. F. Davis & Co., 1506 Farnam St. 117-1/2. FOR RENT—Two nice front rooms in private family, for light house-keeping or lodging, new cottage block north of St. Mary's ave. street care. Apply 148 Cornwell St. 159-1/2. FOR RENT—Pleasant furnished room, 50 N. 17th. 888-1/2. FOR RENT—One unfurnished room for house-keeping. Bremer's block, cor. 8th and Howard. 782-1/2. FOR RENT—First class three story brick, metal roof, washroom, bath, electric light, 10th and Lawrence, Railroad track to door. Barker & Mayne, 13th and Farnam. 925-1/2. FOR RENT—One desirable room, suitable for one or two gentlemen. Located one-quarter block from St. Mary's avenue, bath room, and hot and cold water, 528 Pleasant street. 637-1/2. FOR RENT—A new store room and office on 24th and Hickory. Inquire at J. J. Kasper. 916-1/2. FOR RENT—Pleasant furnished room, S. E. cor. 16th and Howard streets. 808-1/2. FOR RENT—Legally furnished front room east of 10th street, modern conveniences, S. W. corner 17th and Cass. 801-1/2. FOR RENT—Thirteen new dwellings by C. Taylor, corner 14th and Douglas. 845-1/2. FOR RENT—House 7 rooms good locality by C. Taylor, 1/2 corner 14th and Douglas. 849-1/2. FOR RENT OR SALE—A house of 6 rooms, hot and cold water, 2 1/2 story with 1 room, 2nd floor, monthly. Inquire north-east corner 16th and Pierce St. 724-1/2. FOR RENT—Two or three front rooms furnished to gentleman and wife, 2115 California St. 888-1/2. ROOMS—With board, day or night. Apply at Charles Hotel. 7-1/2. FOR RENT—Very desirable furnished rooms on "C" street, location. Apply at Assessor's office, 15th St. 704-1/2. T. MURRAY has good pasturing. Spring water.

FOR RENT—Cottage of five rooms. J. Phillips, 1415 1/2 Pacific street. 832-1/2. FOR RENT—Suite of rooms and board 1817 Dodge. 838-1/2. FOR RENT—A furnished room 1808 Farnam St. 807-1/2. FOR RENT—One grand square piano. Inquire 617-1/2 10th and Franklin. 482-1/2. FOR SALE—The furniture of three rooms, central location, no cheap rent, 200 south 13th St. 303-1/2. FOR SALE—CHEAP—New, neat and handsome carpeting. Address Box 632 Post office. 51-1/2. FOR SALE—A fine office horse with harness and harness, also a fine pair of harness horses. Inquire at McShane's Drive Street barn, or of Hombach & Taylor. 519-1/2. FOR SALE—180 acres of the very best land near O'Neill, in Grant county, 50 acres under cultivation. A house, one horse, well, fruit trees and also a fine lot of land, near O'Neill. Will sell the farm, including implements, stock and furniture for \$25,000. Will take city property for \$10,000 cash. Address U. S. P. O. Box 183-1/2. FOR SALE OR RENT—A ladies boarding house in a good locality. Address Mrs. "P. H." Box office. 267-1/2. FOR SALE—Fresh milk cows at my yard on 16th and 17th streets, near Bailey & Olson's brick yard. J. W. Verney. 115-1/2. FOR SALE—Second hand baby and suit of clothes. Call on Mrs. O'Connell, cheap. 117-1/2. FOR SALE—An interest in a good paying business, can be had for about \$3,000. A partner returns cash for good reasons. Address Box 475 city. 108-1/2. FOR SALE—Cheap, restaurant best location in city. Address "G." Box office. 115-1/2. FOR SALE—\$2000 stock of dry goods notions, underwear, caps, hats and shoes, and general goods. Nice clean street, and lake property and some cash. Garabrant & Coe, 1208 Douglas St. 147-1/2. FOR SALE—Nearly new, splendid bass burner, with all the modern and household fixtures, at 2417 Davenport street. 117-1/2. FOR SALE—Sixteen Jersey cows with calves 2 to 30 days old, at reasonable prices, one mile west of Fair Grounds—Spring Valley Stock Farm. Address "D. S." Box office. 216-1/2. FOR SALE—A thoroughly established jewelry business. For particulars, address Mrs. George Zander, Yorktown, Neb. 116-1/2. FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—For horses or good mules, a \$1,000 stock of goods consisting of clothing, hats, caps, boots and shoes, and general merchandise. Will take some horses in part payment. Only first-class restaurant in this city. Address "W. J. E." Lock Box 21, Omaha, Neb. 918-1/2. RESTAURANT FOR SALE—One of the best restaurants and bakery combined in Nebraska with good location and trade, established in city of 6000 population. Only first-class restaurant in this city and doing more in bakery line than all others in city combined. Fully equipped with everything first-class, and having everything complete. Will sell furnished and have everything. Will sell at a bargain and will right make with small cash payment and balance on long time, so purchaser can make it pay for itself. W. S. WISE, Plattsmouth, Neb. 817-1/2. FOR SALE—Four 18 foot, walnut counters, and 50 feet of first-class shelving, desirable for drug store or book store. Inquire at the office of Congdon Carlson & Hunt, 1324 Farnam street. 802-1/2. FOR SALE—A 2-horse carriage, horse power; one riding horse, one land mare. Apply at Brockton, 13th and Farnam. 802-1/2. FOR SALE—300,000 feet dry lumber, Ash, Oak, Elm, Basswood and Soft Maple. E. A. Stinson, St. Charles, Michigan. 800-1/2. FOR SALE—A quantity of job and newspaper type for sale. Also a good Galtzer. C. T. Bunn, care Bee office. 782-1/2. FOR SALE—Cottage of 5 rooms, corner lot, on E. 11th and 12th streets, only \$15. Small cash payment and balance monthly. Bargain. McCracken, apply postoffice. 619-1/2. FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—A water power site on the Missouri river, near the mouth of the river. 604 1/2. FOR SALE—New station. Inquire of Geo. Higgins at north-east corner 10th and Dodge. 251-1/2. FOR SALE—60 feet on Farnam street, between 28 and 29. M. Lee, Grocer, 3rd and 10th. 628-1/2. FOR SALE—2000 new barrels at Grand Island. Cash. \$5,000. Also a fine brick building, 22x44, as an office building which rents for \$15 a month. A large fire and burglar proof safe with Yale lock—cost \$1,000, also a very large safe for a school, a bank counter, desks, hard coal stove, in fact, a complete outfit, together with all things on Grand Island. This outfit for sale for \$1,000. Inquire at 1415 1/2 Pacific street, or at 15th and Farnam. 222-1/2. FOR SALE—A good frame house, 5 rooms, all modern improvements, on 12th and Farnam. Inquire at the Western Newspaper Union, cor. 12th and Howard streets. 344-1/2. FOR SALE—Cheap second hand high top boots. Inquire at the office of the Chicago Carriage Factory, between 14th and 15th. 266-1/2. FOR SALE—150,000 brick on cars at Bellevue. H. T. Clarke. 218-1/2. \$35 will buy a phonograph a 1310 Farnam St. 251-1/2. FOR SALE—Two open second-hand baggins and one delivery wagon, cheap. 43 1/2 12th Street. 762-1/2. MISCELLANEOUS. LOST—The young man who picked up two milk cans on 14th street, if he will leave them next door to Cass street school, house will be paid for the cans. LOST—On the 9th of this month a lady's bag containing \$12 and 50 cents in gold, ten in silver and ten greenbacks. This bag will be well rewarded for returning to W. C. Galtzer, at L. B. Williams & Son's store, "blue department," 215-1/2. LOST—White letter bag, worn brown color and spotted on sides. Lost at Gray Hawk. Military Headquarters. 523-1/2. A good man, 35 years of age, with perfect intelligence, a mechanic by profession, would like to correspond with a party who would like to purchase a fine and safe to use in a bank. Address with full particulars, "Y. Z." Box office. 511-1/2. STRAYED—A 3-day old yearling, November 8th, from 8