HEADLIGHT GLEAMS.

Prospects of Trouble for The Western Union.

The Iowa Pool Lines Moving on Omaha.

The memorable walk-out of the Western Union operators is still fresh in the public mind and the embarrassment consequent therefrom will not soon be forgotten.

From present appearances it appears that a similar catastrophy is impending. Some time ago a reduction was made in the wages paid operators, which made a difference of from $30 to $50 a month in their salaries, and a further cut of 10 per cent is expected. Sunday meetings were held all over the United Sthtes and there was a firm determination among the men to resist the arbitrary cutting down of prices. At the former strike there were a number of old employes who stuck by the company and helped them tide over their troubles. This time the ablest and best men are united in opposition to the reduction and the company will find it no easy matter to gather a force that can handle their work. There is no class of workers more important to the general public and none whose duties are more arduous and so poorly remunerated. A strike among the telegraphers means a stagnation of news such as could result from no other source and yet the public will look more leniently on the action of the operators at this time than ever before because the men who helped the company before are now united with their fellows in resisting an unjust reduction of wages that would work a hardship to all.

COMING TO OMAHA.

There has been a great deal of talk lately about the Chicago & Northwestern road coming into Omaha, and it now looks as if not only this but the other lines belonging to the Iowa pool were on the point of crossing the river and making Omaha their western terminus.

The construction of the side track from the Omaha and St. Paul road up to the Columbia brewery is regarded as the entering wedge for the Northwestern for reaching the stock yards and, as the Blair bridge has proved such a failure, it is believed that there is to be constructed a bridge across the river at this point which will have its landing on this side where the brewery siding begins.

The C. B. & Q. short cut from Malvern to Council Bluffs, and projected bridge across the Missouri to Omaha would tend to confirm the report that all the Iowa lines are on the point of running into this city at whatever cost. There has been so much said on this subject that reference to it is regarded as romancing, but this time it seems to be in real earnest. Instead of the one bridge across the Missouri it looks as if we were soon to have three and as North Omaha is to be the location of the new depot of C. & N. W., there is abundant promise of a big boom for that part of the city.

THE FOUR COURTS.

The Gage County Statesmen Move on the Conspiracy Indictments.

Mrs. Nelson Given Damages—The Leighton-Brown Cases Removed to the United States Court.

DISTRICT COURT.

In this tribunal, before Judge Neville, all of yesterday was consumed in the trial of the state against Dodson. The defendant took the stand in the morning and occupied it until court adjourned in the evening.

Before Judge Wakeley the case of Nelson against Rasmussen was given to the jury at 4 p. m. After deliberasing for nearly four hours a sealed verdict for plaintiff was returned.

Ten of thetwelve insurance companies, parties defendant in the suits instituted by Leighton & Clark, for recovery under theirpolicies of their losses by fire madeap plications for removal to the federal court The applications set up the non-residence of the parties defendant and were granted of right. Of the two companies not applying for removal, one has not been heard from by its local attorney, and the second was sued for a sum less than $500, an amount of which the federal court has no jurisdiction.

Dr. Paul Grossman yesterday made a showing by affidavit in the divorce case wherein he is the party defendant. The object of this affidavit was to manifest to the court why he had not complied with the order of the judge to pay $75 to the plaintiff and also to be allowed to proceed under his cross bill to his wife's petition. The affidavit alleges that his practice, once worth $9,000 per annum, is now almost valueless. His prescriptions, which at one time amounted to over $400 per month, now do not exceed $25. This ruin of his business, he alleges, has been caused by statements made concerning him by his wife and her friends. His house and lot, he avers, has been sold under a mortgage foreclosure and his personal property has been encumbered by $450 under permission of the court to comply with its order for alimony.

UNITED STATES COURT.

In the Otoe reservation land fraud cases the defendants determined to move on the indictments and accordingly have filed motions to squash. The grounds of the motion are: first the acts charged do not constitute an offense charged under the laws of the United States; second, the lands sold were not the property of the United States and consequently it could not have been defrauded; third, other defects and informalities in the indictments. Arguments upon the motion will take place at an early day.

This morning District Attorney Lambertson will call up the Lovejoy case and insist upon a trial this term. It is understood the defendants will apply for a continuance.

COUNTY COURT.

In this tribunal the jury in the replevin case of Murphy against Richardson returned a verdict for plaintiff of $246.95. The plaintiff held an overdue mortgage upon the replevined property and this suit was brought to obtain possession of it or recover a judgment for the same.

POLICE COURT.

The notorious George Howard who had been released on Saturday last from the county jail, where he had served a twenty-day bread and water sentence for petty larceny, was brought before Judge Beneke on the charge of suspicion. He had no defense, but the judge gave him seventy-five cents and he was escorted to the dummy depot by Officer Bellamy and ordered to shake the dust of Omaha from his feet, and be seen within her precincts no more.

William Morse, the till tapper, tried on Saturday, was sentenced yesterday afternoon to pay a fine of $50 and costs. Being unable to pay these amounts he was sent to the county jail. He afterward through his "friend" took an appeal, a prominent attorney and a county official signing the bond. He was then released.

James Keeley, the alleged "con" man, on the charge of suspicion, was sentenced to twenty days on bread and water, and to pay a fine of $20.

'And as good lost, is seldom or never found;
As fading glass, no rubbing will refresh;
As flowers dead, lie withered on the ground;
As broken glass no cement will restore,
So beauty blemished once forever lost
In spite of physic, paid and cost."

Unless you use Pozzoni's medicated complexion powder, which restores freshness to the skin and imparts a durable softness equalled by none other.

Whaling Vessel Lost.

BOSTON, December 15.—In 1881 the whaling vessel, John Easmond, of south Boston, heavily laden with sea elephant oil and seal skins, homeward bound from the Ant-Arctic ocean, encountered a hurricane and was driven into the breakers at a desolated island and the crew washed overboard. Only Capt. Easmond and the colored steward, P. M. Olsen, of Baltimore, were saved. They had several months terrible experience on the desolate island. After hearing their story General Butler and others decided to make an attempt to recover the property. They chartered a schooner, with Easmond in command and Olsen, cook, taking a Halifax crew. All are now believed to be lost.

If you have a Sore Throat, a Cough or a Cold, try B. H. Douglass & Sons' Capsium Cough Drops, they are pleasant to the taste, pesfectly harmless and will surely cure you. 5

In Regard to the Belt Line.

Special to the Bee.

CHICAGO, December 15.—It is reported that the Northwestern is trying to get possession, if it has not already secured it, of the Omaha Belt Line, in order to reach the stock yards without building a new line. S. H. H. Clark, president of the Belt Line, is in Chicago now for the purpose, it is said, of concluding the negotiations for the sale of the property to the Northwestern. His influence in the matter is all powerful, and it is said that he favors the sale.

Map of Nebraska.

Just issued, in colors, showing cities, towns, railroads and counties. Mailed for 15c. J. M. Wolf, 120 S. 14th st., Omaha, Neb. d15-2w

Bridge Blown Down and Three Men Killed.

ST. HYACINTHE, Quebec, December 15.—The first span of the new bridge being erected across the river Yamaska was blown down to-day. A man named Allard was killed, two others are dying and fifteen are seriously though not fatally injured.

The Leading Clearing Houses.

BOSTON, December 15.—The leading clearing houses of the United States report the gross exchanges for the week ended December 13, $796,353,377, a decrease of 22.8 per cent compared with the corresponding week a year ago.

Heavy Failure in New York.

NEW YORK, December 15.—Henry Levy & Son, importers of fancy goods, assigned. Preferences $66,000; liabilities, $300,900; unsecured liabilities mostly foreign.

Elgin Market.

ELGIN, December 15.—Butter dull, weak and lower; regular sales, 5,000 pounds at 28 cents. Cheese dull; regular sales, 300 boxes, skims. 7¼@8¼ cents. Private sales—butter, 100,000 pounds; cheese, 3,800 boxes.

Weather Report.

WASHINGTON, December 15.—Upper Mississippi colder, generally fair weather, northerly winds. Missouri, local snows followed by clearing weather; lower temperature variable winds generally northerly.

Death of Rev. Dr. Rice.

TORONTO, December 15.—The Rev. Dr. Rice, senior general superintendent of the Methodist church, died this evening.

Steamer Foundered at Sea.

LONDON, December 15.—The steamship Carrinza, from Rotterdam for Lisbon, foundered off the Isle of Wright. Eleven persons were drowned.

The J. I. Case Failure.

CHICAGO, December 15.—The Daily News, Racine, Wis., says the inventory in the J. I. Case plow company failure shows, assets $440,000; liabilities, $740,000.

Two Children Cremated.

PORTLAND, Ore., December 15.—Near Costine last night while G. B. Thompson and wife were attending church their house burned. Two children, aged six and two, were cremated.

RAYMOND is still giving *checks* for Fine watch and Jewelry repairing.

Fresh Imported Cigars, own importation, from $6.50 to $30 per hundred, at Max Meyer & Co's.

Ladies and Gentlemen's Seal Caps, at Saxe's, the Hatter, Opera House. n19m,w&f-tf

BURLINGTON ROUTE.

Solid Trains from Omaha Depot.

From the B. & M. R. R. depot on Tenth street, six trains now leave daily for all the principal points East, West, and South.

For Chicago, St. Louis, and the East, the hours of departure are more convenient than by other lines, and the through car arrangement does away with the annoyance of transfers.

For Denver, Colo, and all the principal points in Nebraska, this is the favorite route, passing as it does through the more important points in this state and connecting in the Union depot, Denver, for all parts of Colorado and the entire West.

For Kansas City and the South, this has long been the acknowledged short line and lands you in the magnificent Union depot, Kansas City, at hours when connection may be made with all the trunk lines centering there.

Chicago and St. Louis Express	Lv.	8:45 a.m.
Chicago and St. Louis Express	"	4:50 p.m.
California Express	"	7:59 a.m.
Colorado Express	"	6:10 p.m.
Kansas City Express	"	8:45 a.m.
Kansas City Express	"	7:45 p.m.

For time tables, tickets, etc., call on H. DEUEL, Ticket Agent, N. E. cor. 14th and Farnam Sts., Omaha, Nebraska.

Ask your Grocer for HAMBURGER soap. a12-tf

THE JUDGE WAS SICK.

An Extraordinary Scene in a Federal Court in Georgia.

Atlanta Special to Globe-Democrat.

An extraordinary scene was witnessed in the federal court room for the northern district of Georgia here to-day, which has given rise to many queer surmises. For some time past the conduct of Judge Henry Kent McKay has been subject of concern to his friends. At a little past the hour for the assembling of court today Judge McKay entered the building, laboring under great mental excitement. Calling the court to order in a very unceremonious manner, he announced that if a jury was not impaneled for the next case standing on the docket inside of two minutes he would adjourn court. Under this pressure, but greatly astonished, the lawyers made quick work of running over the panel and a jury was soon in the box. Judge McKay, who in the meantime had been muttering incoherently to himself, then ordered that the case for which the jury was empaneled should go over, and the next one, for which no jury was empaneled, should be proceeded with. This was the celebrated "Long Huggins" case, in which an estate of $30,000 is involved. District Attorney Speer, seeing the necessity for securing an adjournment of court, asked for a continuance, on the ground that Mrs Huggins was sick. "Sick?" exclaimed the judge, hasn't she been running around here for a week?" "I am not very well myself," said Mr. Speer, with a solemn face. "What's the matter with you?" was demanded by the judge, who was thoroughly aroused." "I have neuralgia, and it affects my eyes," was the response. "Shut the well eye," commanded the judge. Mr. Speer did as told, and stood there with one eye closed and one open. "Can you see me with that sick eye?" demanded the judge. "Perfectly," was Mr. Speer's response. After much more incoherency on the part of Judge McKay, during which excitement among the lawyers became intense, the judge left the bench and was seen sitting off by himself making curious gesticulations. Whether he was sick or under temporary aberration of mind was a question which was generally debated It is known that the judge has had much trouble, and some are inclined to think from his action of the past weeks that his mind is affected. The matter is being quietly talked of to-night by parties who propose to take such action as the developements make necessary.

POLITICAL POPCORN.

Ten thousand women voted in Washington territory.

The Missouri colonels are looking to Albany for recognition.

Why not buy Cuba with the surplus and then "reciprocate?"

Three candidates for 1888—Honesty, Reform and Progress.

It is a wise congressman that knows his own speech after it is printed.

The present house is divided into two parties—the Left and the Got Left.

It is a wise government clerk that changes his politics with the administration.

Dr. Mary Walker says she has half a notion to marry Ben Butler. Do, Mary. It would serve him just right.

Governor Crittenden, of Missouri, is anxious to be secretary of the treasury. One of his greatest distinctions is that he once kissed Patti.

Alderman O'Brien, who was recently elected mayor of Boston, is the first Irishman and Catholic elected to that position. His majority was 3,111.

The Globe-Democrat suggests that the 4th of March be observed as a "day of fasting, humiliation and prayer." The democrats will do the preying

An analysis of the popular vote, as far as reported, convinces the Chicago Times that the two great parties occupy, relatively, the same position they did in 1880.

It is thought that "Richelieu" Robinson will soon introduce a resolution in the house requesting Mr. Cleveland to go to the inauguration ceremonies in a yellow cab.

There is a rattling among the dry bones o the Grammercy graveyard for official recognition of the cipher friends of '76. The ghost of vengeance haunts the Cleveland throne.

Cleveland is said to be worth $6,000 to $8,000. He was assessed $5,000 for campaign expenses, $2,000 of which he had to borrow. That was the best investment he ever made.

Dr Burchard's portrait now adorns Grover Cleveland's gubernatorial office, according to one who is supposed to know. Every time Grover gazes at it he feels impelled to exclaim: "It, there!"

The king of Ashantee died recently, and in accordance with custom they slew 300 people at his funeral. This is nothing to the country. A president was elected here, and 3,000,000 got "slewed" before they knew who it was.

The Chicago Times is astonished that enough "chumps" could be found in the democratic party to do that bungling job of ballot box stuffing in the eighteenth ward. The "artists" of the party were busy in the south.

At the recent woman's congress one lady remarked that "it's a nice thing for a man to keep his mouth fit to kiss." What has that to do with woman suffrage? Is this a forecast of campaign tactics in the halcyon future?—Springfield Union.

David Davis is moving heaven and earth to reduce his awful bulk. If Mr. Davis could manage to run for the presidency some time we fancy he would come out of the race with his backbone so protuberant that you could crack a hickory nut on it.

"In conclusion, Secretary Chandler dwells upon the close connection between the navy and the merchant marine." This is the only allusion to the collision between the Tallapoosa and the coal steamer that we find in Mr. Chandler's report.

It looks somewhat as though several of the ablest and most influential democrats in the city of Chicago would be compelled to decline fat offices under the new administration because of prior, pressing and protracted engagements at Joliet.

In a leberwurst party given in New York last week, in honor of Cleveland's election, a sausage forty-five feet long and a twenty-five foot loaf of bread were among the dainties consumed. The former weighed seventy-five pounds and the latter 100.

President Arthur has, in his annual message as by his conduct, particularly in office, won the respect and confidence of the people of the United States, without distinction of party. He will retire with the unaffected esteem of the nation.—[Providence Journal.

The latest returns show that Mr. Blaine received about 800 canes, principally gold headed ones, during the campaign. The plumed knight's majority in the matter of walking sticks makes him an object of envy and admiration among professional cane-carriers.

The Voorhees who has been elected a delegate to congress from Washington Territory is a son of Daniel W. Voorhees, the Tall Sycamore of Indiana. Like his father he is a democrat, and like him, further, he has an unreasoning appetite for office.

An Arizona editor thus pays his respects to his neighbor: "The miserable scarecrow who attempts to edit our disesteemed contemporary is lying, as usual. We don't want the postoffice, but we are in the hands of our friends; and, by the Eternal, they'll see that we get it, whether we want it or not."

The Spanish treaty proposes a division of benefits much on the plan of the Yankee who wanted to divide a codfish of disputed ownership: "Now, Eli, you take the head and tail, and I'll take the body, or I'll take the body and you take the head and tail; anything to get the durned thing distributed."

An Iowa republican suggests to the Chicago Inter-Ocean that the republican party raise their campaign fund for 1888 now and use it in transporting many thousands of the best class of colored men from the south to Indiana and other states of the north and west, and so making these states solidly republican.

Another new demonstration of the capacity of the American people for self-government is afforded by a comparison of the vote of General Butler in 1881 with the vote of General Weaver in 1880. The increase of fools in the country does not go proportionally forward with the increase of population.—[Philadelphia Record.

Some cowardly cur without the fear of God or love of country, cut and tore the republican flag Monday. He is condemned by every loyal citizen of this place. Perhaps he is the same contemptible, white-livered blackguard who sends anonymous letters to reputable citizens, threatening them because of their manliness in expressing their political opinions.—[Breckinridge Bulletin.

Colonna-Mackay.

Now that the engagement of Miss Eva Mackay and the Arince Colonna is semi-officially announced, some reliable facts in regard to the ancestry of the bridegroom-elect may be interesting. "To have one's name mentioned by Gibbon," says Thackeray, "is like having it written in the dome of St. Peter's;" and the authority of the historian of the Roman Empire may be safely accepted even by the most jealous friends of the young lady. Gibbon says:

The name and arms or Colonna have been the themes of much doubtful etomology; nor have the orators and antiquarians overlooked either Trajan's pillar or the columns of Hercules, or the pillar of Christ's flagellation, or the luminous column that guided the Israelites in the desert. Their first historical appearance in the year 1104 attest the power and antiquity, while it explains the simple meaning of the name. By the usurpation of Cavae Colonna provoked the arms of Paschal the second; but they lawfully held in the campagna of Rome the hereditary fiefs of Zagarola and Colonna, and the latter of these towns was probably adorned with some lofty pillars, the relic of a villa or temple. They likewise possessed one moiety of the neighboring city of Tusculem, a strong presumption of their descent from the Counts of Tusculum, who in the tenth century were the tyrants of the Apostolic sea. According to their own and the public opinion, the primitive and remote source was derived from the banks of the Rhine; and the sovereigns of Germany were not ashamed of a real or fabulous affinity with a noble race, which in the revolution of 700 years has often been illustrated by merit and always by fortune. (In foot note Gibbon says: "I cannot overlook the Roman triumph or ovation of Marco Antonio Colonna, who had commanded the pope's galleys at the naval victory of Lepanto," October 7, 1751.) About the end of the thirteenth century the most powerful branch was composed of an uncle and six brothers, all conspicious in arms or in honors of the church. Of these, Peter was elected senator of Rome, introduced to the capital in a triumphal car, and hailed in some vain acclamations with the title of Cæsar; while John and Stephen were declaryd marquis of Ancona and count of Romagna, by Nicholas the Fourth, a patron so partial to their family that he has been delineated to a satrical portraits imprisoned as it were in a hollow pillar. After his decease their haughty becavior provoked the displeasure of the most implacable of mankind. The two Cardinals, the uncle and the nephew, denied the election of Boniface the Eighth; and the Colonna were oppressed for a moment by his temporal and spiritual arms. He proclaimed a crusade against his personal enemies; their estates were confiscated; their fortresses on either side of the Tiber were besieged by the troops of St. Peter and those of the rival nobles; and after the ruin of Palestrina, or Praenesta, their principal seat, the ground was marked with a plowshare, the emblem of perpetual desolation. Degraded, banished, proscribed, the six brothers, in disguise and danger, wandered over Europe without renouncing the hope of deliverance and revenge. In this double hope the French court was their surest asylum; they prompted and directed the enterprise of Phillip; and I should praise their magnanimity had they respected the misfortune and courage of the captive tyrant. His civil acts were annulled by the Roman people, who restored the honors and possessions of the Colonna; and some estimate may be formed of their wealth by their losses—of their losses, by the damages of 100,000 gold florins, which were granted them against the accomplices and heirs of the deceased pope. All the spiritual censures and disqualifications were abolished by his prudent successors; and the fortune of the house was more firmly established by this transcient hurricane. The boldness of Sciarra Colonna was signalixed by the captivity of Boniface, and long afterwards in the coronation of Louis of Baveria; and by the gratitude of the emperor the pillar in their arms was encircled with a royal crown. But the first of the family in fame and merit was the older Stephen, whom Petrarch loved and esteemed as a hero superior to his own times and not unworthy of ancient Rome. Persecution and exile displayed to the nations his abilities in peace and war; in his distress he was an object, not of pity, but of reverence; the aspect of danger provoked him to announce his name and country; and when he was asked, "Where is now your fortress?" he laid his hand on his heart and answered, "Here." He supported with the same virtue the return of prosperity, and, till the ruin of his declining age, the ancestors, the character and the children of Stephan Colonna exalted his dignity in the Roman republic and at the Court of Avignon.

The Colonnas, from the date when Gibbon drops them until the present time have not been unworthy of their ancestral renown; and it is quite safe to affirm that in giving her hand to a prince of this illustrious family, Miss Mackay, though the descendant of a long line of Irish kings, has not stooped below her station.

He Worked for the Company.

Georgia Cracker.

During a recent picnic on the banks of the Chattahoochie some Atlanta bloods attempted to engineer a skiff race. When the struggle was at its best one of the skiffs upset and emptied its two occupants into the water. There was immediately a great panic and effort to save the two men. One old party on the bank capered up and down, yelling at every jump:

"Save that red headed man! For heaven's sake land that red headed man! Great Scott, don't let that red headed man drown!"

And when they were both saved one of the rescuers said to the old party:

"Was that young red headed man your son?"

"Not by a blank sight!"

"Some relation, probably?"

"Nary prob!"

"Well, why were you so anxious to have him saved, then?"

"Why, the blank fool has got a $10,000 life policy in the company I represent!"

And then it was only by good begging that he saved himself from a ride on a fence rail.

AN UNKNOWN TONGUE.

A Race of People Who Have Not Recovered from the Confusion of Babel.

Philadelphia Telegraph.

A party of savages were among the immigrants landed at Castle Garden yesterday from the steamship Wyoming, from Liverpool. The leader was very diminutive, his head hardly reaching up to the desk where Clerk Niglutsch was registering the new arrivals.

"Your name, sir?" asked the clerk, peering sharply at the man. A queer, guttural sound, seeming to come from the man's stomach, was the only reply. After several efforts in many languages to make the man understand, Niglutsch took them up-stairs to Superintendent Jackson's office, where a few minutes later an Engliaman, who gave his name as W. A. Henry, appeared and announced that he was in charge of the party. There were six savages and all were small. They were attired in heavy army blankets, with no headwear, and low shoes of English make on their feet. They came originally from the Kulabi desert, in Central Africa, and belong to N'Chubba tribe. They do not in the least resemble African negroes, their faces being very flat, and the nose, mouth and eyes small and well shaped. Their hair grows in little fine tufts, there being as many bald spots on their heads as there are tufts of hair. The leader of the party, who was chief of his tribe in his native land, is only 4 feet 6 inches high, and is the largest person of his tribe. In Africa the members of the tribe travel about the desert in families, subsisting on roots and herbs and wild animals. The chief is named Conqui, and is 35 years old; his wife, Arbecy, 42 years old, and their two children, Icy, a girl 12 years old, and Arky, a boy 6 years old. The other two are males—Co, 19 years old, and Fimmon, 20 years old.

For the past three months they have been on exhibition in London, where they were examined by many medical experts. The latter declared their language to be different from all languages known, no sound issuing from their lips which can be construed into a word, an apparent clicking of the tongue against the roof and sides of the mouth being the only movement noticeable while they are talking among themselves. Conqui has learned rapidly since he was taken from his native land and can say, "How de do" in English quite distinctly. The people were captured and brought here by G. A. Farini. They are to be exhibited in Boston. The commissioners compelled Mr. Aenry to give bonds that Conqui and his troupe would not become a public charge.

THE O'CONNELL MEMOIAL.

Canon Brosnan's Proposition that Granite Pillars Be Contributed By America.

Canon Brosnan, who has charge of the O'Connell memorial church which is now being near the grave of the Liberator at Cahireiween, Ireland endorses the suggestion that American granite be used for the columns, and says:

"I have consulted the architect of the church, McGeorge C. Ashlin, and he highly approves of granite for the columns. We have plenty of granite in Ireland, but I confess I would view with pride and pleasure the carrying out of the proposal of having American granite for the purpose. I believe the Irish race would share my sentiment at seeing this solid, majestic stone-roofed temple sustained forever on massive pillars sent across the wide ocean by the brave exiles of Erine. What if your city would lead in the worth project by presenting the four great chancel pillars; better still if, like the great granite pillars of St. Paul's Rome, they would be monoliths."

Do you believe your desire will be realized?" said the correspondent.

"I confidently and affectionately aspire to this grand realization, and I think there is good hope of the end for which I am striving being accomplished. Perhaps Mr. Grace, the Mayor-elect of New York, who has given a munificent subscription, would take it in hand. If he does I have not the slightest doubt that his Irish fellow citizens will readily co-operate with him. If I am favored with any communication on the subject I will at once communicate with the architect as to the plans and details of the pillars. The foundations of the church are nearly completed, and we shall soon set about inviting readers for the contract of the building proper."

Canon Brosnan then showed the correspondent the photographs of the slab given by the holy father, as seen and blessed by his holiness the pope. It is of beautifully veined marble and bears the following inscription:

Ex aedibvs Vaticanis die 1, Janvarn a 1844.
Consilivm novi templi eo loco aedificandi
Qvo religionis Catholica strenvvs vindex,
Daniel O'Connell, nvtvs est, valdv probamvs
Et apostolicam benedictionem tibi
CANONICA BROSNAN
Et omnibvs' qvi opem vel oper am avm in id
Contvler int, libenter in domino impertimvs
POPE PP. XII.

The Holy Father gave this stone from the Catacombs of St. Domitilla, Virgin and Martyr, Rome.

FOULKE, THE GAMBLER.

His Terrorizing Career in Pennsylvania—His Death.

A telegram was received in Carlisle by the sister of Charley Foulke, announcing his death at Hot Springs, Arkansas, on Sunday night, says a dispatch from Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, to The Pittsburg Commercial-Gazette. The announcement of the death of Foulke was heard with little regret by some people in the Cumberland valley, for as long as he lived they did not breathe freely. Foulke was a gambler by occupation and choice. He was a man of gentlemanly appearance and courteous manners, and his actions and conversation did not betray his calling. Of kindly manner toward his friends, yes when crossed at cards, or in any other way, he was a dangerous foe, and often sought brutal revenge. Numerous crimes were laid at his door in Carlisle, and he seemed to take pleasure in defying the law. It is alleged that he was instrumental in the death of more than one person. On one occasion he was tried for shooting a soldier at Carlisle barracks, but escaped conviction.

His friend and boon companion for a long time was "Bully" Fields, who died at Deadwood, Dakota Territory, Some time ago. "Bully" was also tried with Foulke for the soldier's murder and acquitted.

Some five or six years ago, when the people of Carlisle began to pluck up courage through the conviction of a number of incendiaries, they turned their attention to Foulke. He was arrested on the charge of arson, which arson is said to have consisted of blowing up a house with dynamite in which lay sleeping ex-Sheriff McCartney, an enemy of Foulke. He was acquitted of the charge, and immediately prosecuted and convicted McCartney of perjury and had him sent to jail. When McCartney got out he prosecuted Foulke for subordination of perjury, and the latter jumped the country one night and was not heard of for some time until at last he was located at Denver, Col., and Detective Anderson brought him east. He was put under heavy bail, but again left this section and the case was never tried. It is said that Foulke returned incognito and had the latter settled.

Nothing was heard of him for a long time, except that he was in Arkansas. Last winter during the disturbance at Hot Springs, Ark., between the authorities and the gamblers, when the blacklegs were ordered to leave the town. Foulke turned up as the organizer of a vigilance committee, ostensibly to help the authorities, but really to aid the gamblers. He was a man of great cunning and as nervy as could be. He feared nobody, and while not reckless, was very daring. He leaves many acquaintances in Carlisle, and not a few friends who profited by his prodigality when he was lucky at the gaming table. For some time he ran a faro lay-out in Harrisburg, but business was "no good," as he used to say, and he went back to Carlisle. Foulk died of pluminary trouble, from which he had suffered for years. He leaves an estate valued at $100,000, mostly of real estate at Hot Springs.

STATE JOTTINGS.

Cowles is to have a skating rink.

Diptheria is prevalent near Blue Springs.

Burglars are very troublesome at Seward.

A new paper is talked of at Bloomington.

Franklin people think they need a skating rink.

Beatrice roller skaters play foot ball on wheels.

The hotel scheme at Rising City has fallen through.

A fine deer was seen near Glendale this week.

Tekamah will have a mock congress this winter.

The postoffice at Norval has been discontinued.

Lincoln street cars are now being heated by stoves.

The normal school at Fremont has eighty students.

Dakota City narrowly escaped a conflagration last week.

The Fremont Tribune perfers water works to electric light.

The Beatrice building association made its first loan last week.

Thieves are stealing dogs in Hastings. What will they take next?

The revival meetings at Stanton continue with unabated interest.

A cow at Red Cloud gave birth to three calves a few days since.

Franklin wants the B. & M. folks to build a new depot at that place.

The North Bend authorities have ordered two wells for fire protection.

Corn has been sold upon the streets at Axtell at six cents per bushel.

The new opera house at Shelton will be opened the 22d of this month.

A social club has been formed in Grand Island called the "Owl" club.

Edgar is to have a new paper. The first issue will appear Christmas day.

Tecumseh is to have three skating rinks to satisfy the skaters of that town.

Two Saunders county men captured a sixty-four pound catfish last Saturday.

Grand Island wants the state fair bad enough to build a big hotel for it.

The papers throughout the state are advising their readers to be careful of fire

The gamblers are rounding into Hastings for a holiday picnic among the "suckers."

The roller mills at Crete are running over time in order to keep up with the orders.

The Farlow broom factory now employs eight hands and turns out 200 brooms a day.

A reading room has been opened at Seward under the auspices of the Women's Christian Union.

Carpenters are at work on the Amboy mill and it will be pushed to completion as speedily as possible.

A brick skating rink, with a cement floor 125x150 feet is one of the future improvements of Hastings.

Miss Mollie Norton, of Talmage, came near being burned to death recently by the careless use of matches.

The cold snap has frozen up the plowing which the farmers through the state have been doing the past few weeks.

The county commissioners of Merrick county have been enjoined from issuing bonds to finish the bridge across the Platte at Clarks.

At Red Cloud the other night two toughs attempted to ride into the skating rink on horseback, but were stopped by the proprietor.

The grand jury in Webster county found three counts against Joseph Cook for murder in the Leonard Rahl case to which he entered the plea of "not guilty." Cook then asked for counsel, which was given him and after consultation the case was postponed to January 5, 1885.

The Baptist pastor at Granville, Neb., gets a salary of $100 a year. A Nebraska paper says that the recipient does not try to live on it, but works at his old trade, shoemaking. His congregation do not object to this way of providing cheap ministry to them, but they have made a tremendous row because on several Sundays, in making announcements from the pulpit, he included a notice that he would mend shoes better and cheaper than the opposition cobbler.—[Exchange.

Ninety-Nine Years for Murder.

SHERMAN, Texas, December 14.—The jury in the Allison murder case rendered a verdict sentencing Allison to ninety-nine years in the penitentiary. Allison, in company with Geo. Belk, Charles Cole, all white, called a negro, George Allen, out of his house at midnight and killed him, and then burned the negro church. Cole escaped. Belk will be tried for murder and arson.

TUTT'S PILLS

25 YEARS IN USE.

The Greatest Medical Triumph of the Age!

SYMPTOMS OF A TORPID LIVER.

Loss of appetite, Bowels costive, Pain in the head, with a dull sensation in the back part, Pain under the shoulder-blade, Fullness after eating, with a disinclination to exertion of body or mind, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, with a feeling of having neglected some duty, Weariness, Dizziness, Fluttering at the Heart, Dots before the eyes, Headache over the right eye, Restlessness, with fitful dreams, Highly colored Urine, and

CONSTIPATION.

TUTT'S PILLS are especially adapted to such cases, one dose effects such a change of feeling as to astonish the sufferer. They Increase the Appetite, and cause the body to Take on Flesh, thus the system is nourished, and by their Tonic Action on the Digestive Organs, Regular Stools are produced. Price 25c. 44 Murray St., N.Y.

TUTT'S HAIR DYE.

GRAY HAIR OR WHISKERS changed to a GLOSSY BLACK by a single application of this DYE. It imparts a natural color, acts instantaneously. Sold by Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of $1.

Office, 44 Murray St., New York.

Advertising Cheats!!!

"It has become so common to begin an article, in an elegant, interesting style,

"Then run it into some advertisement that we avoid all such.

"And simply call attention to the merits of Hop Bitters in a plain, honest terms as possible,

"To induce people

"To give them *one trial*, which so proves their value that they will never use anything else.

The Remedy is favorably noticed in all the papers, Religious and secular, is

"Having a large sale, and is supplanting all other medicines

"There is no denying the virtues of the Hop plant, and the proprietors of Hop Bitters have shown great shrewdness and ability

"In compounding a medicine whose virtues are so palpable to every one's observation."

Did She Die?

"No!

"She lingered and suffered along, pining away all the time for years,"

"The doctors doing her no good;"

"And at last was cured by this Hop Bitters the papers say so much about."

"Indeed! Indeed!"

"How thankful we should be for that medicine."

A Daughter's Misery.

"Eleven years our daughter suffered on a bed of misery.

"From a complication of kidney, liver, rheumatic trouble and Nervous debility,

"Under the care of the best physicians

"Who gave her disease various names,

"But no relief,

"And now she is restored to us in good health by as simple a remedy as Hop Bitters, that we had shunned for years before using it."—THE PARENTS.

Father is Getting Well.

"My daughters say:

"How much better father is since he used Hop Bitters."

"He is getting well after his long suffering from a disease declared incurable."

"And we are so glad that he used your Bitters."—A LADY of Utica, N. Y.

None genuine without a bunch of green Hops on the white label. Shun all the vile, poisonous stuff with "Hop" or "Hops" in their name.

UNPARALLELED.

With each number of DOMEST'S MONTHLY MAGAZINE will be given a full size fashionable Pattern of any size of styles selected, making twelve patterns during the year of value of over three dollars, besides the most popular, entertaining and useful magazine. Simple copies 25c., yearly, $2. Address W. Jennings, Demorest, 17 East 14th St., New York.

J. W. WUPPERMANN, GEN'L AGENT, 51 BROADWAY, N. Y.

In cases of dyspepsia, debility, rheumatism, fever and ague, liver complaint inactivity of the kidneys and bladder, constipation and other organic maladies, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is a tried remedy, to which the medical brotherhood have lent their professional sanction, and which as a tonic, alterative and household specific for disorders of the stomach, liver and bowels has an unbounded popularity. For sale by druggist and dealers, to whom apply for Hostetter's Almanac for 1885.

MANHOOD!

Weakness, nervousness, debility, lost or failing powers, retarded growth or shrinkage overcome by a new method as unlike as physical laws can be. Gives robust and hardy vigor and admirable physique by building up the wasted tissues and concentrating nourishment to weakest portions. Full strength, development, and functions given to every organ of the body. Effects shown within a day. No brief stimulant; permanent, pleasant, simple. Medical, mechanical and chemical science combined. "We believe this mode of treatment the most successful known to the medical profession."—Cin. Commercial Gazette. "We add our endorsement."—Buffalo Mer. Review. Above quackery or misrepresentation."—N. Y. Home and Home. "Refer us to eminent physicians; all may satisfy themselves without cost."—N. Y. Dispatch. "An institution of true merit with an overwhelming array of genuine certificates."—New Orleans States. Write for our "Treatise for Men Only," giving explanation, references and proof. Mailed, sealed in plain envelope. Address

ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

PUBLIC SALE

—OF—

Thoroughbred and High Grade CATTLE.

Horses, Hogs, Farming Tools and Machinery.

Having sold my farm, I will offer at public sale on said farm, on the U. P. R. R., 8 miles northwest of Lincoln, Neb., and 3 miles south of Ita mond, on

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 10, 1884,

Commencing at 10 o'clock, the following:

Eleven head of thoroughbred Short horn Cows, supposed to be in calf; three thoroughbred Short-horn Heifer Calves, two thoroughbred Short-horn Bull Calves; one thoroughbred, 2 years old; one celebrated imported Galloway Bull "Yankee" and two imported Galloway cows, and their two Bull calves.

Mr. Fred M. Woods will also sell the imported Galloway bull, "Kassind" and four bull calves out of his Short-horn grade Cows and his Galloway bull "Gilderoy," a sight worth seeing.

All the above thoroughbred stock are recorded.

Also 55 head of high grade Short-horn cows and Heifers, supposed to be in calf by my Galloway Bull "Yankee."

Also several cows, fresh and soon to be fresh.

Also 20 high grade Calves; 12 two year old high-grade steers; 150 Hogs and Pigs; 10 Work Horses and Mares; 3 Yearling Colts, and 8 suckling Colts; 100 tons of Hay; 10 tons of Millet; 1,500 bushels of Corn; 30 acres of Corn in shock; 80 bushels of Rye; 40 bushels Millet and all the tools and machinery used on the farm.

Lunch at noon in warm rooms.

Sale will be made under cover so that no one need stay away on account of the weather.

TERMS OF SALE.—All sums under $10 cash; Over $10 14 months time with approved security with 10 per cent interest; 6 per cent off for cash.

Trains over the Union Pacific will leave Lincoln at 8:55 o'clock a. m., returning at 5