

THE DAILY BEE.

OMAHA OFFICE NO. 514 AND 516 FARMAN ST. NEW YORK OFFICE, ROOM 65 TRIBUNE BUILDING.

Published every morning, except Sunday. The only Monday morning paper published in the state.

Subscription rates: One Year, with premium, \$2.00; Six Months, \$1.00; Three Months, \$0.50.

Advertisements: All communications relating to News and Editorial matters should be addressed to the Editor of this paper.

THE BEE PUBLISHING CO., Props. E. ROSEWATER, Editor.

EX-PRESIDENT ARTHUR CAN NOW GO FISHING.

The wild west hasn't a show in Grover Cleveland's cabinet.

The next thing on the programme is the distribution of federal pap.

New York has been given a little too much of the cabinet pudding, Mr. Cleveland.

WHERE WAS Capt. Herman when the inauguration took place? Was he in the procession?

VARIETY is the spice of life. Cleveland evidently thought so when he constructed his cabinet.

"POLITICS for revenue only," is now the watchword of the grand army of democratic office-seekers.

HAVING been thoroughly calumniated by the legislature Glenn Kendall may now be considered an honest man by some people.

MR. LINCOLN can now take time to consider the suggestion that he bob up suddenly as a candidate for mayor of Chicago.

THE underground railway bill in the Pennsylvania legislature has been buried beyond resurrection. Jay Gould did it with his underground lobby.

"THERE are 999 men in 1,000 who know exactly how to run a newspaper," observes the Boston Post, "but it is the other man who succeeds in the business."

THE spring election is only a little over four weeks distant. Although the time is short there will be plenty of candidates, but whether they will be acceptable to the people remains to be seen.

In leaving Allan G. Thurman out of the cabinet Mr. Cleveland has pleased the railroads. The gentleman with the classic name of Lucius Quintus Curtius Lamar is just the kind of a Roman that the railroads want for secretary of the interior.

Now, that congress has adjourned, Cleveland has been inaugurated, and the legislature of Nebraska is about to expire, it is hoped that our citizens will devote some of their attention to local politics and endeavor to produce an acceptable crop of spring candidates.

In disposing of the Gresham-Gilbon cowhiding affair at Washington, Judge Snell referred to the participants as two fastidious dudes, and sentenced Gresham to two months in jail and fined his two companions \$100 each.

WHITNEY, who has been nominated for secretary of the navy, is only an average New York lawyer. He has nothing to recommend him, except the fact that he is the son-in-law of Standard Oil Payne, of Ohio. He is generally known as Coal Oil Billy Whitney. His appointment to the cabinet was a reward to the Payne family for the expenditure of \$150,000 in the recent campaign.

BRITISH trade returns for the year 1884 show a small loss in the value of exports, and a small gain in the quantity, as compared with the previous year, the loss and gain being about 1 per cent in each case. The total exports were \$232,928,000 in value. These exports, reckoned at the prices of the previous year, would have amounted to \$242,531,000. The actual exports of 1883 were \$239,799,000.

The principal loss in exports is due to the shrinkage of trade with the United States. British imports fell off \$32,633,000 in value, and 10,100,000 lbs in quantity, nearly the whole shrinkage consisting in articles of food—the lessening of imports being accounted for by the superior harvest of 1884 in the United Kingdom. The quantities of wheat imported from the Atlantic ports of the United States during the year were a fraction greater than for the year 1883, but the values were \$1,024,398 less. From the Pacific ports of the United States there was a decline of 3,900,000 quarters in quantity, and of \$3,400,000 in value. Imports of flour from the United States fell off 900,000 barrels and the value was less by \$1,500,000. Imports of wheat from India fell off 3,200,000 quarters in amount and \$2,100,000 in value. It appears from these returns that the Atlantic ports of the United States are not only unable to compete with India in supplying grain to Great Britain, but have still a small but appreciable advantage in that market.

CLEVELAND'S CABINET.

Grover Cleveland cannot be said to be a success as a cabinet maker. The cabinet that he has constructed, taken as a whole, is hardly up to the average. Mr. Bayard, secretary of state, is by all odds the ablest man in the new administration, and his appointment will prove generally satisfactory. He comes of a senatorial family, and he has had many years of experience as a statesman. If all the other members were the equals of Bayard in ability, the cabinet would indeed be a model, but when such men as Whitney, Manning and Endicott surround him, he appears like a giant among a lot of pygmies.

Whitney, Manning and Endicott surround him, he appears like a giant among a lot of pygmies. Whitney was never heard of outside of New York city, until the Standard Oil family of Payne, of Ohio, urged his appointment to a cabinet seat. The family spent over \$150,000 in the campaign, and they therefore thought they were entitled to at least a cabinet position for one member of the family, William Collins Whitney, who is a son-in-law of Senator Payne.

Whitney, who is usually called Coal Oil Billy, is only an ordinary New York lawyer. His elevation to be secretary of the navy is simply the payment of a debt to the campaign barrel. He has had no experience whatever in national affairs, and knows no more about the navy than a Mission river catfish knows about salt water.

Dan Manning is a New York political boss, and his appointment to the treasury is due to the fact that he is a bosom friend of Cleveland, with whom he became intimately acquainted during Cleveland's governorship at Albany. Endicott, who becomes secretary of war, like Whitney, was never heard of outside of his own state until a few weeks ago. He knows no more about war than Whitney does about naval affairs.

Lamar is a man of acknowledged ability, but he is altogether too friendly to the railroads and the monopolies to be a safe secretary of the interior. Garland is an able man, and will probably make an acceptable attorney general. Vilas, the postmaster general, is a smart lawyer, whose only recommendation for a cabinet position, it seems, is the fact that he made an eloquent speech in seconding the nomination of Grover Cleveland at Chicago.

Mr. Cleveland seems to have taken special pains to select men who are known to be too friendly to the interests of monopoly. Whitney is connected with the Standard oil company, the most gigantic and grasping monopoly in the United States. Vilas is a railroad attorney. Lamar is a friend of monopoly. Manning is known to be a ringster. Mr. Cleveland, it seems to us, has made some very serious mistakes in his appointments. The selection of two cabinet members from New York is a partiality for the empire state that will not be very acceptable to the rest of the country, but it may be claimed that Whitney ought to be credited to Ohio. Four members of the cabinet are from the east, two from the south, and only one from the west, and he is so far northwest that "the west" may as well be considered left out in the cold. It is rather surprising that Mr. Cleveland should have rejected such excellent cabinet timber as Allen G. Thurman or Joe McDonald, and other well known democratic war-horses, and accepted such inferior, unreliable and untried material as Whitney, Manning and Endicott.

The butter-makers of New York are strictly enforcing the law prohibiting the manufacture and sale of oleomargarine or bogus butter in that state, and the result is that New Yorkers are now eating butter instead of the vile stuff that was being palmed off on them. Nearly all the bogus butter factories have been compelled to move to other states. The prohibitory law has sent more butter to the New York market than ever was shipped there before. Before the law went into effect dealers in butter declared loudly that the result of driving oleomargarine from the home market would be to increase the price of butter as to make it practically beyond the reach of the poor man's purse. But the effect has, singularly enough, been just the reverse. Good butter was never so cheap as it has been since the exit of oleomargarine and as it is to-day. Just as much of the bogus stuff is manufactured throughout the country as ever before, but none of it finds its way to New York. It goes to Philadelphia, New Jersey and Connecticut, and all the little towns in the states surrounding this are choked up with the artificial product. From Massachusetts to Colorado there is hardly a city or village where the quantity of oleomargarine sold does not approximate closely the sales of butter. And so New York gains at the expense of her sister states.

The New Orleans World's Exposition is certainly an enterprise in which every citizen has an interest, and we are glad to see that it is emerging triumphantly from the clouds of misstatements that have enveloped it. Every intelligent and fair-minded visitor pronounces it one of the greatest industrial exhibitions the world has ever seen. Every object it can conserve has a direct influence upon the welfare and prosperity of the country. The immense magnitude of the exposition, incalculable as it is, an enormous expense, will undoubtedly deter the citizens of this generation from the attempt to organize another. Hence, the present will be the only opportunity offered during this century of attending a great World's Exposition. Railroad companies have already established the lowest rates ever heretofore given. They have agreed to make exceptionally low excursion rates to the people who wish to be present at the special "state days." The "Nebraska day" comes on the 11th of this month, and all our Nebraska people, who can possibly

RAILROADING IN RUSSIA.

At the time of the Crimean war, Russia had in all its vast empire in Europe less than 800 miles of railway. Now it has more than 13,000. If it had had 13,000 miles of railway then, the Crimean war would either have been terminated by the defeat of the Allies, or it would have continued as many years as it did months before. For it was then compelled to surrender. For it was then compelled to convey its troops and everything necessary for their support, as well as most of the munitions of war, immense distances by the slowest and rudest means of transportation. Of that less than 800 miles of railway more than 400 constituted the line connecting St. Petersburg, the modern, with Moscow, the ancient and grand. It is in this line that the present time there are through connections by first class carriages all the way from St. Petersburg to Berlin and from Moscow to central Europe. Indeed, one could go thus to Sebastopol, Odessa and to the southern extremity of the empire.

The carriage on these lines are as good as any part of Europe, though the speed is not great. On many of the roads 15 to 18 miles an hour is the average, and 30 miles the highest attainment of express lines. The companies can generally be relied upon to comply with the schedule. Stations along the line are numerous and the stoppage, and a splendid supply of good food and tea, and the most comfortable and comfortable at the buffets on the principal lines. A traveler, in defending the slowness of speed, says: "The English and Americans must remember that Russians are rarely in a hurry, and like to have frequent opportunities of eating and drinking. In Russia time is not money; it is merely a subject of the car would have a large stock of ready money on hand, and would often have great difficulty in spending it."

The railway from St. Petersburg to Moscow is probably the straightest line in the world it has been built as the crow flies, pays no attention to towns, and sets out the passengers who are going to particular places at railway stations surrounded by fields. (3) Inquiry the unlikelihood of such a line, it will be found that it is not so simple as it appears, and that it is not so simple as it appears, and that it is not so simple as it appears.

When the preliminary survey was being made, Nicholas, learning that the officers entrusted with the task—and the minister of ways and roads in the number—were being influenced by technical considerations, and that the Gordian knot in a true imperial style. When the minister laid before him the map, with the intention of explaining to him the intended route, he took a ruler and drew a straight line from one terminus to the other, and remarked in a tone that precluded all discussion, "You see, the line is straight, and it is used to be trifled, and cited to show the evils of a despotic form of government, but public opinion has undergone a change. It is considered that great advantages occur to Russia, as a whole, through the shortness of this line, and that though the towns have suffered a great deal, the construction of branch lines to reach as near them as possible, and remedy the difficulty, while the great benefits of being able to carry by the greater part of the goods and passengers that go the whole length of the line in a shorter time will remain."

It was informed that some of the contractors on this road, not taking the pains to reach as near them as possible, and remedy the difficulty, while the great benefits of being able to carry by the greater part of the goods and passengers that go the whole length of the line in a shorter time will remain.

ONE of the biggest whitewashing jobs ever performed in Nebraska was the adoption by the senate of the majority report exonerating the board of public lands and buildings in the matter of the school land frauds. Whitwash covers a multitude of sins.

A LARGE number of the members of the legislature propose to go on an excursion to New Orleans. Of course their transportation will cost them nothing, as the railroads will only be too willing to supply them with passes.

JOE McDONALD was left out in the cold. We suppose that the Hendricks family are happy now.

Great Men's Sons, Cleveland Leader.

Great men's sons very rarely inherit the abilities of their fathers. You can count on the fingers of one hand the great men of to-day whose fathers have been noted in the history of our country, and the greatest men our country has had have left no issue to which their country can point with pride.

Washington, Jackson, Madison, Polk, and Buchanan all died childless; and I believe that no lineal descendant of Frank Pierce remains. Prince John Van Buren was the bright son of a bright father, but he is dead and the family has passed out of notice.

None of the Jeffersons, since the President, has done anything, and if there be any noted Monroes the world has not heard of them. Some of Andrew Johnson's children are living, but none of them inherited their father's ability, and General Grant's sons at middle age are still existing monuments. Take our great statesmen outside of the Presidents, Henry Clay had a bright son, but he was killed in the Mexican war, and one of the Oran families was lately mixed up in a drunken brawl in Kentucky. John Randolph and Patrick Henry both died bachelors, and if there be any Websters, Clays, or Calhouns the world ignorant of their merits.

You may see a son of Reverdy Johnson looking about the hotels here any night, as worthless to his country as his father was valuable. President Tyler was the greatest son of a great father, but John Tyler's children are not men of national note and one of them is now holding a Treasury appointment. Some of Jefferson's great-granddaughters are held in high positions in the departments here, and one of his great-grandsons lately applied for a place and failed to get it. Silas Wright, of New York, was married, but he never had any children. Aaron Burr and William King, two of our Vice Presidents, died without issue. Alexander Stephens died a bachelor, and so also did Washington Irving, our greatest and purest writer.

The extension of the time of payment of the purchase money on the Otter reserve lands will be a great relief to the settlers.

Magna Charta.

The great charter of English liberty was extorted by the barons from King John, in 1215. If not the original Magna Charta, a copy made when King John's seal was affixed to it, was acquired by the British Museum with the Cottonian Library. It was nearly destroyed in the fire at Westminster in 1731; the parchment is much shrunken and mutilated, and the seal is reduced to an almost shapeless mass of wax. The MS. was carefully lined and mounted, and is now secured under glass. It is about two feet square, is written in Latin, and is quite illegible. It is traditionally stated to have been bought for 4 pence by Sir Robert Cotton of a tailor, who was about to cut up the parchment into measures. But this anecdote, if true, may refer to another copy of the charter preserved at the British Museum, in a portfolio of royal and ecclesiastical instruments marked Augustus 11, art. 106, and the original charter is believed to have been presented to Sir Robert Cotton by Sir Edward Dering, Lieutenant Governor of Dover Castle, and to be referred to in a letter dated May 18, 1630, extant in the Museum Library, in the volume of correspondence, Julius C. 111, fol. 191. It is said that the parchment known as the Magna Charta is the principal object of interest in the British Museum, and that it is one of the most valuable and that not one out of a hundred reads that famous depository of ancient relics without seeing it.

The price of Gen. Grant's War Articles. The war series of the Century Magazine has proved a successful venture. The circulation of the magazine jumped from one hundred and thirty thousand in October to a first edition of one hundred and ninety thousand of the March number. This has already been exhausted, and a second edition of thirty-five thousand. The May number, containing General McClellan's first article, will have a first edition of two hundred and fifty thousand to meet the expected increased demand. Mr. Rowell Smith, president of the Century company, said the editor of Puck the other day and asked him to whom he was indebted for the excellent advertisement contained in the recent full-page cartoon in that paper.

"Make your check payable to me," said Mr. Banner, "I am very much obliged to you for the \$1,000 check you artist put into General Grant's hand will so raise the price of war articles that our increased profits will be more than eaten up by what we have to pay for contributions. In fact," continued Mr. Smith, "I sent a copy of that number of your paper to General Grant, and wrote him a letter saying that in view of the unprecedented success of his article I should have to accept Puck's vaunt on it."

"In this case," replied Mr. Banner, "I had better send my bill to the General."

Several legislative constitutions are anxiously waiting the return of the members to determine the condition of last fall's pledges.

WANTED—A first-class cook at 700 Douglas. Mrs. J. G. Galt, 700 Douglas.

WANTED—A first-class salaried man who can furnish good references, no other need apply. 518 if.

WANTED—Landlady and woman cook at the Occidental. 265 if.

WANTED—A good girl for general housework at 2208 Cornish St. Mrs. J. M. Thurston. 2208 Cornish St.

WANTED—A neat strong girl for general housework at 1014 1/2 St. Mrs. J. M. Thurston. 1014 1/2 St.

WANTED—Four girls at 11th and N. 10th St. 531 if.

WANTED—A woman cook and second girl. 507 1/2 10th St. Mrs. Hill. 507 1/2 10th St.

WANTED—Girl for general housework at N. W. corner 10th and Douglas. Good wages. 533-9 if.

WANTED—A responsible and intelligent boy or young man to take suits on the evening dress. 512 if.

WANTED—Competent girl for general housework apply to Mrs. H. T. Leavitt, corner 8th and Indiana St. 810-6 if.

SALESMAN WANTED—By the Argona Rebe & Co. of San Jose, Cal., to represent them in Iowa, Kansas, Missouri and Wisconsin. In their business, representing a full line of 1000, card and seal gloves. None but an experienced traveler and acquainted with the trade need apply. Address Argona Rebe & Co., San Jose, Cal. 475-7 if.

WANTED—Agents for our new book, good pay to workers. Call or address Geo. Hunter, 1812 Burdett, Omaha Neb. 110-0 if.

SITUATIONS WANTED. WANTED—A position as copyist or writer in office, by young lady of experience. Address 626-7 if. Bee office.

WANTED—A young man who can read, write to learn forwarding and finishing, can hear of a good opening by applying to W. O. Shea, 160-0 Neb. 160-0 if.

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS. WANTED—TO RENT—By first class tenant, family of two, from March 15th or April 1st, desirable five or six room cottage, in good neighborhood, 8 W. part of city preferred. Address L. Bee office. 629-5 if.

WANTED—Will give 10 unperfumed roses free to a quiet and respectable party, to do cooking and washing and attend invalid lady for return. Address O. M. Bee office. 629-5 if.

WANTED—Furnished room with or without board for a gentleman wife and child. Address P. O. box 452. 629-5 if.

WANTED—Some one to take a horse for his feed, 1811 Cass. 629-5 if.

WANTED—Here to look for keeping. Very best of care and light driving, box 237 P. O. 629-5 if.

WANTED—To lay house and lot monthly payments, must be west of 20th St. Address 629-5 if.

WANTED—To rent a good house 9 or 10 rooms centrally located, best of rent. Best references. Call at address "A. F." New England Bakery, 10th St. City. 629-5 if.

WANTED—A good room furnished for light housekeeping. Address C. B. Bee office. 461-7 if.

WANTED—Every lady in need of a sewing machine, to see the new Improved American No. 7. P. E. Fildman & Co., agents, 305 N. 16th. 423-5 if.

WANTED—Ladies and gentlemen in city or country to take light work in their own homes. \$3 to \$4 a day easily made; work sent by mail; no canvassing. We have good demand for our work and furnish clothing and boots and shoes. Address W. C. B. MFG. COMPANY, 294 Vine St., Cincinnati, Ohio. 113 m 4p

FOR RENT—HOUSES AND LOTS. FOR RENT—10 room house elegantly furnished, very desirable location, \$25 per month. C. E. Mayne, S. W. corner 15th and Farm. 629-5 if.

FOR RENT—5 room house Davenport at 25th and 12th St. C. E. Mayne, 15th and Farm. 629-5 if.

FOR RENT—2 room house 4 1/2 blocks south of Opera House. Inquire at 610 1/2 10th St. 629-5 if.

FOR RENT—House of four rooms, cellar, well and cistern. No. W. corner 15th and Ave. 629-5 if.

FOR RENT—Basement, room suitable for store, corner 10th St. and Capitol Ave. 629-5 if.

FOR RENT—One story dwelling house five rooms, 25th and Clark streets. Charles Golden, corner 15th and Bond streets. 629-5 if.

FOR RENT—Cottage of six rooms 1711 Jackson. Inquire at S. E. corner of 10th and Jackson. 629-5 if.

FOR RENT—Three brick stores corner 15th and Cumby St. J. L. McCague, Agent. 429-2 if.

FOR RENT—Six room cottage 910 10th near Cumby. 429-2 if.

FOR RENT—New store room 2170 7th. Inquire at 2170 7th. 429-2 if.

FOR RENT—Elegant new cottage on full lot, No. 812 S. 18th st. 429-2 if.

FOR RENT—Cottage at 1718 Dodge street. 429-2 if.

FOR RENT—Store on Cumby street, with room for family. J. Kilno, 1318 Douglas St. 200-111 if.

FOR RENT—New brick house, 11 rooms, modern improvements, No. 212 N. 22d st. Inquire 2110 California st. 152 if.

FOR RENT—New cottage, 6 rooms. P. Phillips, No. 1512 S. 24th st. 429-2 if.

ROOMS FOR RENT. FOR RENT—Two single and one suite of rooms. Morse's block one block from Post office corner 15th and Capitol Ave. 429-2 if.

FOR RENT—A large bay window south east front newly furnished front room, closet, bath etc. 501 10th St. 429-2 if.

FOR RENT—Elegant front room for two gentlemen. Inquire at A. Koop, 1515 Douglas St. 429-2 if.

FOR RENT—6 rooms over store. H. McCague, 415 N. 10th St. 629-5 if.

FOR RENT—Furnished front room 1904 Farm. 429-2 if.

FOR RENT—Single furnished and unfurnished rooms with bay window and closet, 1617 Chicago. 429-2 if.

FOR RENT—Rooms furnished and unfurnished, two parlors with bay windows, also bath, 2623 Farm. 429-2 if.

FOR RENT—A pleasant newly furnished room. Modern conveniences, 1720 Capitol Ave. 429-2 if.

FOR RENT—A brick yard. Apply to D. L. Shane at New Court house, Omaha. 429-2 if.

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms at 1104 Howard. 429-2 if.

FOR RENT—Room for one gentleman with board, 1612 Farm. 429-2 if.

FOR RENT—A nicely furnished front room, 2229 Dodge st. 429-2 if.

FOR RENT—Furnished room 1802 Capitol Ave. 429-2 if.

FOR RENT—A large front room with dressing room, off or one single room, 710 10th St. 429-2 if.

FOR RENT—Furnished and unfurnished rooms, with board. Institute Hotel, formerly Drexel, on corner, Capitol Ave. and 13th St. Mrs. L. W. Hild. 219-2 if.

FOR RENT—Furnished room. Inquire of J. E. Wilbur, Omaha Savings Bank. 278 if.

FOR RENT—A nicely furnished front parlor with modern improvements for gentleman and wife, first-class table, 2005 Cass St. 429-2 if.

FOR RENT—Suite of furnished rooms, 1616 Capitol Ave. 429-2 if.

FOR RENT—Two unfurnished rooms suitable for light housekeeping, Deane's block, corner 8th and Howard st. 429-2 if.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished rooms at 1718 Chicago St. 429-2 if.

ROOM TO LET—Require drug store, corner 10th and Douglas. 429-2 if.

ROOMS—With board, desirable or sister. Apply at St. Charles Hotel. 429-2 if.

NO POISON IN THE PASTRY IF

DR. PRICE'S SPECIAL FLAVORING EXTRACTS ARE USED.

Vanilla, Lemon, Orange, etc., flavor Cakes, Creams, Puddings, etc., as delicately and naturally as the fruit from which they are made.

FOR STRENGTH AND TRUE FRUIT FLAVOR THEY STAND ALONE.

Price Baking Powder Co., St. Louis, Mo. Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder and Dr. Price's Lupulin Yeast Gems, Best Buy Hop Yeast.

FOR SALE BY GROCERS. WE BAKE 'EM ONE QUALITY.

SPECIAL NOTICES. TO LOAN—MONEY. MONEY TO LOAN—on good real estate security. M. F. Sears, Williams block. 544-4 if.

MONEY LOANED—on P. F. Reed & Co. Loan office on furniture, plans, horses, wagons, personal property of all kinds and other articles of value, without removal. Over 1st National Bank, corner 12th and Farm. All business strictly confidential. 429-2 if.

MONEY TO LOAN—on chattels. Woolley & Harris, 609, room 20, Omaha National Bank building. 429-2 if.

\$700 TO \$25,000 TO LOAN—On real estate security, on time or reasonable rates. C. E. Mayne, 8 W. corner 15th and Farm. 429-2 if.

MONEY LOANED—J. T. Beatty loans on chattel property, 213 S. 14th st., up stairs. 261m 3p

MONEY TO LOAN—I have money to loan on P. F. Reed & Co. property, in any amounts to suit, on reasonable rates. W. H. Motter, 1404 Farm. 629-5 if.

MONEY TO LOAN—In sums of \$500 and upward. O. F. Davis and Co., Real Estate and Loan Agents, 1622 Farm. 629-5 if.

MONEY loaned on stocks. Railroad Tickets bought and sold. Foreman, 218 S. 13th. 748-1 if.

HELP WANTED. WANTED—Carpenters. Apply to Mr. Hilsen, at Smith's store 1307 Farm. 629-5 if.

WANTED—A middle aged responsible woman, take care of a child a year old. Call at 165-9 Cornish, between 10th and 11th streets. 629-5 if.

WANTED—Good city salesman, salary and commission. Apply Moore's Tea store, 807 Cornish. 629-5 if.

WANTED—Two or three good agents to sell lighting fixtures. Inquire Danbar's restaurant, 1918 Dodge st., or address J. F. Twamley, Fremont, Neb. None but experienced men wanted. 247-5 if.

WANTED—A sewing girl, 1617 Howard st. 568-6 if.

WANTED—Agents for "Huckleberry Finn," "Mark Twain's book," and "The Prince and the Pauper" for agents. Send 75 cents for outfit or 100 on M. J. Carr, general agent 1615 Capitol Ave., Omaha, Neb. Call after 10 a. m. 629-5 if.

WANTED—Twenty school boys and girls from 10 to 20 years of age by which they can make money wages on Saturday and be ready for school on Monday, come early 1111 Howard St. 975-9 if.

FOR RENT—Two elegant rooms in Reddy's block, Paulsen & Co., 1213 Farm. 941-4 if.

FOR SALE—A few bargains: Two lots, worth \$2,200, a nice two story house, worth \$1,000, stable, worth \$150, and other improvements, worth \$200. The above will be sold for \$2,300, with \$1,500 down, and \$1,000 in 12 months. This is a great bargain. Must be sold at once. Twenty acres nearly level, if sold at once; \$300 per acre. This is actually worth \$200 per acre. Nice 6 room house, elegant lot, \$1,500, addition, \$200, pay \$1,000 down, balance to suit purchaser. Full lot 2 room cottage, N. 11th st., \$1,000, \$150 down and \$100 per month. A nice 8 room house, near Park Ave, \$800, C. E. Mayne, S. W. corner 15th and Farm. 500-0 if.

FOR SALE—Why pay rent, when you can buy a house and lot on easy payments from P. J. Credon, 21th and Weber st. 551-4 if.

FOR SALE—A new type writer cheap. Address P. O. box 660. 629-5 if.