NO ITALIANS NEED APPLY.

The Usher & Russell Foundry Men Go On a Strike.

THE CABLE MEN STILL OUT.

No Settlement of the Painters and Paper-Hangers' Differences—The Latest Situation of the Labor Agitation in the City.

Foundry Men Go Out.

Sixty men employed at the Usher & Russell foundry and iron works struck yesterday morning Two men, both helpers in the foundry, one an Irish-American and the other an Italian, had a fight about the time work commenced yesterday morning. When Mr. Usher arrived at the foundry and heard of it he ordered the discharge of both combatants. The foreman carried out his orders. A short time afterwards a committee from the rest of the men in the foundry waited on Mr. Russell and asked the reinstatement of the Irish-American helper. They also asked that no more Italians be employed. Both requests were refused. The men in the foundry, sixty in number, thereupon left their work.

Mr. Usher stated last evening that the strike would not materially effect the foundry. The men in the blacksmith shop and in the yards are still at work. The work of the foundry which at present is to cast the yokes for the cable line is ahead, of the necessities of the latter; and work being stopped on the cable line it becomes still less necessary to hurry the casting of the yokes. Mr. Usher also said that he desired to make repairs in the foundry and would take advantage of this event to do so. He stated that the men were not dissatisfied with their pay, as he was paying union prices, $2.75 per day for to moulders and $1.75 to helpers. He said that he would not consent, under any circumstances, to allow his employes to dictate to him and his partner as to what men he should employ, whether Italians or Germans or Irishmen.

Labor Troubles.

The cable strikers have not yet gone to work, inasmuch as the contractors still refuse to pay them $2 a day. Yesterday morning a number of laborers attempted to go to work, but were prevented from doing so by the strikers. There was no violence used, the strikers using arguments to induce the new workmen to throw down their picks and shovels. It now looks as though the strike would result in a serious delay to the construction of the line, unless something is done at once to adjust the difficulty.

A reporter for the BEE met Mr. Lillis, the cable line contractor yesterday, and asked him what he had to say with respect to the statements of his workmen published in yesterday's BEE. He said that they showed inconsistency on their very face. It was not true that he refused to pay men for fractional hours' work. In proof of this, he showed his time-book wherein was marked the half hours and less time than that, even which men had put in and been paid for. Neither was it true that he had telegraphed to Kansas City for laborers. He was paying men just as much as he could afford to. The shovellers were getting $1.75 per day while the concrete and iron men were being paid $2.00 per day. He asserted that no shovellers in the city were paid more than $1.75, and he didn't see why he should be compelled to what he could not afford to pay, especially when others were not paying as much as he was paying. There was no alternative for him but to discontinue work and fence in the trenches, because he had men who were willing to work for the wages he was paying and yet, in the presence of the policemen who were sent there to protect those men who wanted to work, those same men had their tools taken out of their hands by the strikers and compelled to leave their work. He had expected different protection than that from the city. This unreasonable strike, he said, meant a great loss to Omaha, because the cable company had a million of dollars to put into Omaha this year which must now remain idle.

The strikers met yesstrday morning and a resolution was unanimously adopted that no work would be resumed on the line until the contractors agreed to pay $2.00 per day for ten hours or at the rate of 20 cents per hour for any number of hours that might be required, and further that all the old employes are to be given the first chance for re-employment. A committee was also appointed to look after any men who might be imported to this place from Kansas city. It was also decided to request all laborers to keep away from the trenches during the pendency of the strike, to avoid all possible trouble, because it is the desire of the strikers to secure their point by peaceable means. A vote of thanks was passed to the press and the people of Omaha for their sympathy.

Mr. Lillis, the contractor on the cable line, paid the disaffected workmen off last evening and stated that he could not accede to the demand for $2 per day. He said he had taken the contract under the understanding that he would have to pay only $1.50 or $1.65 at most for laborers. He had agreed to pay and had paid $1.75. Higher than that he could not go without absolute loss on the contract.

Painters and Paperhangers.

The painters and paperhangers met at 9 o'clock yesterday morning at Metz' hall.

When the master workman called the meeting to order considerable discussion took place as to the mode of procedure in applications for painters and hangers to do small jobs. The matter was referred to the executive commitee. A communication was received from the Typographical union informing the meeting that the executive committee of that union had drawn a check in the sum of $50.00 for the benefit of the striking painters and paper-hangers.

At 11 o'clock it was announced that a committee of master painters were in waiting to confer with the executive committee. The chairman appointed a committee to escort them to the rooms of the executive committee. The gentlemen representing the master painters were Messrs. Henry Lehman, Charles Hunt, H. Rosensweig and Carl Harmon. This committee held an extensive conference with the executive committee of the painters and hangers, and agreed to present an offer sometime this afternoon. Mr. Carl Harmon, a master painter, made the assertion in the presence of a BEE reporter that if the master painters did not accede to the terms of the workmen he himself would withdraw from the Master Painter's organization. Mr. Harmon was greeted with considerable applause whenever he passed through the assembly room.

The proposition of the master painters as adopted by them Tuesday night will not be entertained by the executive committee.

The executive committee of the painters and paper hangers were in session again last evening in Grand Army hall, and considerable discussion was had. It was finally resolved to await another proposition from the mas er painters which, it is understood, the latter will make to-da y.

The Brick Moulders.

The brick moulders of Omaha give as their side of the difficulty with their employers, the following:

Last summer five days notice was given to the brick manufacturers to consider certain terms. The moulders held a meeting and invited the manufacturers to be present, and the only manufacturer there was Mr. Livesey, who, as soon as he saw no other manufacturer present, left. The moulders held several meetings last week and determined to demand $2 per day. They do not ask as charged an advance of 20 per cent, but simply demand $3 for 6,000 brick which would be an advance of 8 cents per thousand. The moulders say they do not propose to stop any man from work unless they can quietly convince him that it is to his interest so to do. They claim that the manufacture of brick does not cost in Omaha more than 3.25 per 1,000, and though in their statements the manufacturers say they are selling brick from $7 to $9 per thousand, the moulders declare that in fact they charge for their orick no less than $10 per thousand. The moulders say they do not wish to stop building. Neither do they wish to inconvenience the general public, but they propose to cling to their demands. If, however, any citizen wishes any building done he can secure first-class brick and workmen at fair prices by applying to the secretary of the Brick Moulders' union, 2215 Cuming street, city.

In some of the yards the brickmolders resumed work yesterday afternoon.

BOUNCING THE SQUATTERS.

Wealthy Citizens Combine to Drive the Bottomites From Home.

Constable Edgerton yesterday morning performed a rather disagreeable duty in announcing to the squatters on the river bottom between Jones and Howard streets, that they were to be evicted by the strong arm of the law. The notices were served upon twelve squatters within the limits named, to appear before Judge McCulloch of the county court and make answer why they should not yield up possession of this land to Messrs. Byron Reed, D. C. Sutphen, Charles Sutphen and Drake, who have commenced suit to obtain possession of this land.

From time immemorial these squatters or "bottomites" as they are sometimes known, have squatted on this territory. They were long undisturbed, except as the railroads happened to drive them to the one side or the other. A few months ago the B. & M. railroad wanted to lay its tracks across the land then occupied by the squatters, and persuaded them to move nearer the river or within sixty feet of the banks. And now as it seems they are to be driven from this strip of land.

Some, in fact all, of these squatters are in circumstances of desperate poverty. They live from hand to mouth, not knowing on one day where their board for the next is to come from. Most of them united in deploring the wretched state in which they would find themselves when driven from the homes, they have built on the banks of the river.

Two of the squatters declared that they would build boats to live in and float them on the river, moored to the shore. The rest, however, declared that they would unite in employing counsel to fight the case, on the ground that 60 feet of the land next to the river belonged to the government, and that, consequently, they, (the squatters) were on United States soil.

An imprecation which one old Irish woman hurled at Constable Edgerton, as his portly frame disappeared through her door, probably expresses the sentiment of all the squatters. She shouted at him: "Bad 'cess to ye, ye dhurty spalpeen and de min as ye're wurkin' fur. May de devil fly away wid yer sowl!"

Cottage colors ready for use in new and desirable shades. Alabastine in various tints, the original and only permanent wall finish, supersedes calcimine for beauty and durability, and is easily applied. Paints, window glass, brushes, etc., largest and most complete stock west of Chicago. Cummings & Neilson, 1118 Farnam St.

THE SENATOR'S HORSE.

General Manderson Angry For the First Time in His Life.

Everybody in Omaha knows the genial senior United States senator, General Manderson, and but few ever met him without a pleasant smile was rippling around his countenance to form an eddy for a kind greeting or perhaps a wavy anecdote. Yesterday, however, there was a change in his deportment and his attitude like his straw hat was new. He carried himself like a warrior—the "pun" had given way to the sword. In fact, the senator was angry, and it is doubtful if an Alaskan applying for a favor could have got a hearing. It was only personal friendship that allowed a reporter of the BEE to approach him, and it was only the desire to let the valve of ire open then and there that relieved the senator of a little part of his anger and gave to the world the subject matter of such things, as are written:

"Talk not of grief 'till thou has seen the tears
of warlike men."

In a word the senator has been expending a great deal of money on a favorite horse that was sick. Being a lover of domestic animals and especially the horse, and this particular horse, expense for curative purposes was no object. Veterinarians had been called in, but seemingly to no effect. The horse, they said, had a stomach disease. Finally Dr. Chambers was summoned. He found the trouble was a decayed tooth and he extracted it. The horse immediately commenced to improve. "Darn it," said the senator, "I never heard of horse dentistry before, and if my animal had been a little shorter, so that the other doctors I called in might mistake a bellyache for a toothache, I wouldn't care much. But as it is I'm going to get a book from the agricultural department hereafter, and regulate my own horses."

Then the senator walked off as complacently as if he had secured a pension for a friend soldier.

SHE WORE A MOTHER HUBBARD.

Jenny Green Appears in a Questionable Garment and is Arrested.

Judge Berka, who is for the next two years to hold down the wool-sack in the police court, took his seat yesterday morning.

The case of the city of Omaha vs. Jenny Green was first called. The defendant was a somewhat notorious woman who had been arrested by Officer O'Grady. She was charged with wearing a Mother Hubbard dress. She had appeared on the street with that questionable garment, and as it flaunted its scarlet silken folds in the breeze, more of the young woman's anatomy was visible than strict ideas of propriety would warrant. So O'Grady arrested her.

She was discharged by Judge Berka, who warned her never to appear on the streets in a Mother Hubbard again. It may be remembered that Miss Green was arrested three years ago by Marshal Cummings for the same offense.

Sarah Dowens was fined $5 and costs for street-walking. Several unimportant cases of drunks and vagrants were disposed of.

A Pitched Battle.

Stuart Reed, living at Nineteenth and Spring streets, procured a warrant yesterday in police court for the arrest of Fred, Charles, Joe and Mike Pontag, who attacked his house last night with bricks and stones. Reed fired three or four shots into the crowd and dispersed them, not, however, before Mrs. Reed was struck in the breast and seriously injured.

ODDS AND ENDS.

Stray Leaves From Reportorial Note Books.

"Omaha has never made much effort to secure national or even state conventions" said a citizen yesterday. "And I am sorry for it. Those gatherings invariably help the cities in which they take place. This year, however, we are to have more than our share, and I hope Omaha will show her appreciation of them, and see the advantage of encouraging them so that the next year may bring no fewer gatherings within our limits."

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The arrest of a young woman for wearing a Mother Hubbard dress on the street brings to mind the crusade against this article of feminine apparel which was inaugurated by Marshal Cumings three years ago. Shortly after that official stepped into office he issued an order that no woman should be allowed to appear on the streets in a Mother Hubbard dress. He followed this up with an arrest or two, and this garb, as an article of street apparel, became all at once very unfashionable. This little act of the marshal's attracted the attention of the newspapers all over the country and did much to advertise Omaha. It also made the marshal the butt of endless jokes and "gags."

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Ben Gilfoil, an old time minstrel man is in the city. At the time of the Ryan-Sullivan fight he was in Louisiana, doing a burnt cork act with Haverly's minstrels. The news of the battle which was to come off between the two great giants of the pugilistic arena spread far and wide throughout the state, and brought Haverly's men to the scene of the conflict. Gilfoil, who was well known among sporting men, was chosen to act as ring master. Speaking of the fight the other night he said: "It was not a long battle, nor could it be called a stubbornly contested one. Nevertheless it was an interesting fight, and a good deal of pluck and science was destroyed on both sides. Before either man had stepped into the ring, betting gave odds in favor of Ryan. The bets were running as a general thing $100 to $80 in favor of Ryan. The minstrel boys were all betting on Ryan. Many of them knew him personally, and he was a great favorite with them. I remember I took all the money I could on Sullivan, despite the fact that my friends laughed at me and told me I was flying in the face of Providence. But I thought I knew what I was about, and scooped in just an even $350 worth of bets. The first blow that Sullivan struck convinced me that he was the winner. He had barely ceased shaking Ryan's hand, according to the rules of the ring, when he let out his left and hit the Trojan giant a terrific blow on the jugular. Ryan dropped to the ground, as though he had been shot, and looked up at Sullivan with an expression on his face that seemed to say: "Great God, what have I been struck with!" After that Ryan's defeat was a foregone conclusion. He made a plucky fight, but Sullivan was too much for him. Yes, Ryan was a good man, there is no question about that. To my thinking he is the only man, who can stand anywhere near making a show against Sullivan."

Edison Electric Light System Estimates furnished. GEO. W. COSTER,
Paxton House, Omaha, Agent.

ANOTHER PILE.

The Third Brick to Go Up on Thirteenth Street This Year.

The design of the first new building to be erected on the Anheuser-Busch property, corner of Jones and Thirteenth streets, has at last been finished, It shows the structure to be of five stories, with terra-cotta and cut-stone trimmings. It has a beautiful and commanding appearance, and at the same time an air of stability which distinguishes all the structures in other cities of this well-known firm. The ground floor will have three stores, while the upper stories will be used for wareroom and office purposes. On the corner at the intersection of the streets there will be a circular window projecting from the building and extending to the roof. This gives an additional element of beauty to the structure, and makes the latter a companion piece to the Barker hotel across the street, which has a somewhat similar design. Henry Voss is the architect.

The City Attorney's Report.

The following is the report of City Attorney Connell to Mayor Boyd.

OMAHA, Neb., May 3d, 1887—Hon. James E. Boyd, Dear Sir:—In compliance with you request, I have the honor to submit for your examination and consideration, a report of the legal department of the city, showing in detail the number of cases and nature of the suits now pending against the city.

At the present time there are pending in the several courts 157 suits against the city, involving claims to the amounts of $293,043.42.

A number of the cases above referred to, in addition to the amount in controversy, involve questions which are of the utmost importance to the city.

The case of Schaller vs. Omaha, now pending in the supreme court, involves the question as to the right of a jury to consider special benefits against damages resulting from grading.

The case of the Phenix Insurance company vs. Omaha, now pending in the supreme court, involves the right of the city to tax the business of insurance companies.

The case of the Medical College vs. Omaha, is another case involving the right of taxation for municipal purposes.

In all of these cases the judgments of the district court were in favor of the city, and I confidently expect an affirmance by the supreme court of such judgments.

The sum of $13,198.48 now stands to the credit of the judgment fund, with no outstanding judgments unpaid.

But for the entry of judgments for the amounts allowed by the council and appraisement committees for land appropriated or for changes of grade, the judgment fund of 1886, would at this time almost equal the amount of the original levy. During the past four years, covering my term of official service, claims against the city, aggregating the sum of $203,441.62, have been disposed of and forever wiped out of existence, the city being held not liable to the extent of a dollar. In no case during that entire period of time has a verdict been returned unfavorable to the city or a judgment rendered adverse to the interests of the city.

In conclusion permit me to thank you for the interest you have always manifested in this department, and the kindly consideration and gentlemanly treatment I have always received at your hands. Notwithstanding our political differences, our personal and official relations have always been most cordial and pleasant, and I have ever found you, as I have endeavored myself to be, a faithful representative of the interests of our city. With sincere respect I remain very truly, your obedient servant,

W. J. CONNELL, City Attorney.

A Card From Mr. Peck.

OMAHA, May 11.—To the Editor of the BEE: Your issue of Thursday contained an item in regard to some beef sold by myself. The item is false in every respect and I am led to believe that your informant was actuated by malice. The beef spoken of was killed in November last and was sold to three different families in the neighborhood at about that time, and a reasonable presumption would be that the said beef was long ago consumed. No sickness occurred in the families referred to. About 300 pounds of the beef was used in my family, consisting of nine persons, and no sickness has occurred among them up to this date. I invite the most thorough investigation of this matter by legally authorized parties.

M. L. PECK.

Army Orders.

A general court-martial is appointed to meet at Fort Washakie, Wyoming, at 10 o'clock a. m., on Friday, the 20th day of May, 1887, or as soon thereafter as practicable, for the trial of such persons as may be properly brought before it. Detail for the court: Captain William Quinton, Seventh Infantry; Captain Allan H. Jackson, Seventh infantry; First Lieutenant Levi F. Burnett, Seventh infantry; First Lieutenant Edward E. Hardin, Seventh infantry; First Lieutenant Alonzo R. Chapin, assistant surgeon United States army; First Lieutenant Montgomery D. Parker, Ninth cavalry; Second Lieutenant John F. McBlain, Ninth cavalry, judge advocate.

New City Officers.

Comptroller Goodrich yesterday morning assumed the duties of his new office. He will be found in the room in the basement of the court house, formerly occupied by Mr. E. K. Long.

Mr. Rush, city treasurer, will not formally occupy the city treasurer's office until Monday next. His bond as such has been accepted, but he is also required to give a bond in $200,000 as treasurer of the school board, which cannot be accepted until the body meets again.

Company Election of Officers.

At the annual meeting of the Omaha Brick and Terra Cotta Manufacturing company, held May 10, the following officers were elected: C. F. Goodman, president; Henry Rohwer, secretary; F. D. Cooper, treasurer; F. C. Festner, auditor.

The following officers have also been elected by the Continuous Kiln company: C. F. Goodman, president; M. A. T. Boehncke, vice president; Henry Rohwer, secretary; F. D. Cooper, treasurer.

Stealing From Freight Cars.

Tom Ruby was arraigned in police court yesterday morning, charged with breaking open some B. & M. cars and stealing therefrom musical instruments to the value of about $80. He was held for examination next Saturday and went to jail in default of $1,000 bail. Ruby was trailed down and brought to justice through the exertions of J. W. Lyons.

Side Walks.

Street Commissioner Meany has made preparations for a side walk around the annex on Davenport street from Fourteenth to Capitol avenue. The width will be twenty feet. He has also constructed a culvert 6x6 on Boulevarde avenue near Walnut Hill.

Ten Thousand Dollars Damages.

Amanda Baker sues Dr. E. F. Wormersly for $10,000, as damages, sustained by alleged missetting of her broken arm, which renders her incapable of earning a living.

A Small Burglary.

The saloon of John Kreuzer on Twelfth and Cass streets, was entered by thieves Tuesday night, who stole about $5 in cash, and $10 worth of liquors and cigars.

Carried off Perfume.

Some sneak thief got into the exposition building Tuesday night and carried off several bottles of perfumery belonging to the druggists, who had stock on exhibition.

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BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel o purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economic than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low cost short weight alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans Royal Baking Powder Co., 106 Wall-st., Ner York.

TRIED IN THE CRUCIBLE.

S.S.S.

About twenty years ago I discovered a little sore on my cheek, and the doctors pronounced it cancer. I have tried a number of physicians, but without receiving any permanent benefit. Among the number were one or two specialists. The medicine they applied was like fire to the sore, causing intense pain. I saw a statement in the papers telling what S. S. S. had done for others similarly afflicted. I procured some at once. Before I had used the second bottle the neighbors could notice that my cancer was healing up. My general health had been bad for two or three years—I had a hacking cough and spit blood continually. I had a severe pain in my breast. After taking six bottles of S. S. S. my cough left me and I grew stouter than I had been for several years. My cancer has healed overall but a little spot about the size of a half dime, and it is rapidly disappearing. I would advise every one with cancer to give S. S. S. a fair trial.

MRS. NANCY J. MCCONAUGHEY,
Ashe Grove, Tippecanoe Co., Ind.
Feb. 16, 1886.

Swift's Specific is entirely vegetable, and seems to cure cancers by forcing out the impurities from the blood. Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO.,
DRAWER 3, ATLANTA, GA.

ACCOMPLISHED

Ever since our opening here we have labored under great disadvantage on account of our store being too crowded. We were heretofore not able to get such a large place as we desired, and not only were we prevented from keeping the stock we intended, but we could not even properly display the assortment we did carry.

We have at last succeeded in securing additional room and have leased the two floors above as also the rear part adjoining our store on 14th street. This, in addition to our present salesroom, will make us the largest clothing house in the west.

The necessary alterations will crowd us fearfully, and this as well as the desire to open the enlarged quarters with entirely fresh goods prompts us in making a **SPECIAL SALE**, at which we will offer extraordinary bargains.

We are Now Marking down our Stock throughout at such prices that it will make a stir in the clothing trade, and will move our goods quickly.

All goods marked in plain figures and at one price.

Nebraska Clothing Company,

Cor. Douglas and 14th sts., Omaha.

OMAHA RUBBER CO.,

O. H. CURTIS, Pres. - J. HURD THOMPSON, Sec. & Treas

Wholesale AND Retail.

WE CARRY IN STOCK RUBBER

"Fish Brand" Coats,	Bulbs,	Douches,	Hair Crimpers,	Nursery Sheeting,	Speculums,
Air Pillows,	Brushes,	Drill & Duck,	Hair Pins,	Navy Bags,	Sportsmen's Goods,
Air Beds,	Brewer's Hose,	Door Mats,	Hats,	Oil Clothing,	Stamps,
Air Cushions,	Caps,	Dress Shields,	Horse Covers,	Packing,	Stationer's Gum,
Anti Rattlers,	Capes,	Drinking Cups,	Hose, B. B. & P. Co.	Pails,	Syphons,
Aprons,	Carriage Cloth,	Elastic Bands,	Hose Couplings,	Perfection Box Syringe,	Spittoons,
Atomizers,	Cartridge Bags,	Elastic Stockings,	Hose Pipes,	Pencils,	Swimming Jackets,
Bands,	Catheters,	Erasers,	Hose Reels,	Pen holders.	Syringes "Perfection Box"
Bandage Gum,	Clothing,	Face Bags,	Hot Water Bottles,	Pessaries,	Thimbles,
Baptismal Pants,	Copy Book Sheets,	Finger Cots,	Haversacks,	Piano Covers,	Throat Bags.
Balls,	Carpeting,	Flower Sprinklers,	Ice Bags,	Pipes,	Tubing,
Bath Mats,	Cement,	Floor Scrapers,	Ice Caps,	Pipe Stems,	Tumblers,
Bath Tubs,	Clothes Wringers,	Folding Pails,	Ink Stands,	Plant Sprinklers,	Toys.
Bed Pans,	Coats "Fish Brand"	Foot Balls,	Invalid Cushions,	Pure Rubber,	Teeth'g Rings & Pads,
Bed Sheets,	Combs,	Force Cups,	Leggings,	Pants,	Tobacco Pouches,
R.B.& P.Co. Belting,	Comb Cleaners,	Fruit Jar Rings,	Lined Hose,	Pistol Pockets,	Trotting Rolls,
Belt Hooks,	Corks,	Funnels,	Lace Cutters,	Rattles,	Urinals,
Bellows Cloth,	Cork Screws,	Gas Tubing,	Life Preservers,	Rubber Dam,	Umbrellas,
Bibs,	Curry Combs,	Gloves,	Mackintosh Goods,	Rulers.	Ventilating Soles,
Blankets,	Cuspadors,	Gossamer Caps,	Match Boxes,	Repairing Cloth,	Wagon Aprons,
Boots & Shoes,	Cigar Cases,	" Cloth,	Martingale Rings,	Shaft Rubbers,	Wagon Covers,
Boys Caps,	Chair Tips & Buffers,	" Coats,	Mats,	Shoes & Boots,	Wagon Springs,
Boys Coats,	Diapers,	" Waterproofs,	Matting,	Sink Scrapers,	Weather Strips,
Bougies,	Diaper Cloth,	Gaiter Straps,	Mirrors,	Scoops,	Webbing,
Bracelets,	Dolls,	Gun Covers,	Mittens,	Shooting Coats,	Wading Pants,
Breast Pumps,	Doll Bodies,	Gutta Percha,	Nipples,	Sling shots.	Water Bottles,
Breast Shields,	Doll Heads,	Gymnasiums,	Nursing Bibs.	Soling,	Window Cleaners,
Buffers,	Door Bands,	Hair Curlers,	Nursing Bottles,	Sponge Bags,	Wringer Rolls,

Boston Belting Co's. Rubber and Cotton Belting, Packing and Hose. Sole agents in Omaha. Leather Belting; Pure Oak Tanned. Manufacturers of "PERFECTION BOX SYRINGES."

Manufacturers of "FISH BRAND RUBBER GOODS."

OMAHA RUBBER COMPANY, 1008 Farnam St., OMAHA, NEB.

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We have the facilities, apparatus and remedies for the successful treatment of every form of disease requiring either medical or surgical treatment, and invite all to come and investigate for themselves or correspond with us. Long experience in treating cases by letter enables us to treat many cases scientifically without seeing them.

WRITE FOR CIRCULAR on Deformities and Braces, Club Feet, Curvatures of the Spine, Diseases of Women, Piles, Tumors, Cancers, Catarrh, Bronchitis, Inhalation, Electricity, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Kidney, Eye, Ear, Skin, Blood and all surgical operations.

Batteries, Inhalers, Braces, Trusses, and all kinds of Medical and Surgical Appliances, manufactured and for sale.

The only reliable Medical Institute making

Private, Special & Nervous Diseases A SPECIALTY.

ALL CONTAGIOUS AND BLOOD DISEASES, from whatever cause produced, successfully treated. We can remove Syphilitic poison from the system without mercury.

New restorative treatment for loss of vital power.

ALL COMMUNICATIONS CONFIDENTIAL. Call and consult us or send name and post-office address—plainly written—enclose stamp, and we will send you, in plain wrapper, our

PRIVATE CIRCULAR TO MEN

upon Private, Special and Nervous Diseases, Seminal Weakness, Spermatorrhœa, Impotency, Syphilis, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Varicocele, Stricture, and all Diseases of the Genito Urinary Organs, or send history of your case for an opinion.

Persons unable to visit us may be treated at their homes, by correspondence. Medicines and Instruments sent by mail or express SECURELY PACKED FROM OBSERVATION, no marks to indicate contents or sender. One personal interview preferred if convenient. Fifty rooms for the accommodation of patients. Board and attendance at reasonable prices. Address all Letters to

Omaha Medical and Surgical Institute,

Cor. 13th St. and Capitol Ave., OMAHA, NEB.

One Agent (Merchant only) wanted in every town for

TANSILL'S PUNCH 5¢

My retail sales of your "Tansill's Punch" 5 cent cigar for the last year, 1886, were 162,000. This year I expect to sell at least 250,000 of this justly popular brand. CHAS. S. PROWIT, Druggist, Denver, Col.

ADDRESS, R. W. TANSILL & CO., CHICAGO

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STATE AGENTS FOR THE

Decker Brothers PIANOS.

OMAHA, NEBRASKA.

WEAK, UNDEVELOPED PARTS of the body enlarged and strengthened. Full particulars sent (sealed) free. ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N. Y.

C.S.RAYMOND

RELIABLE JEWELER.

Watches, Diamonds, Fine Jewelry, Silverware

The largest stock. Prices the lowest. Repairing a specialty. Work warranted. Corner Douglas and 15th streets, Omaha. Licensed Watchmaker for the Union Pacific Railroad Company.

Display at their warerooms, 1305 and 1307 Farnam Street, the largest assortment of Pianos and Organs to be found at any establishment west of Chicago. The stock embraces the highest class and medium grades, including

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