THE OMAHA DAILY BEE.

EIGHTEENTH YEAR. OMAHA SATURDAY MORNING, JUNE 1, 1889. NUMBER 351

MURDERED BY VIGILANTES.

A Farmer Perforated With Twenty-Four Bullet Holes.

HE HARBORED THE RUSTLERS.

An Alleged Assassin Captured at Nebraska City—A Horsey Maniac—Memorial Day—Crops and Fruits.

Killed One and Captured Another.

SPRINGVIEW, Neb., May 31.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE]—John T. Newell, a farmer, thirty-four years of age, living about nineteen miles northwest of this place, near the Keya Paha river, was, yesterday morning, found dead in his bed with twenty-four bullet holes in his body. Newell is unmarried and lived alone. No clue has, so far, been obtained as to the perpetrators of the deed, but it is generally conceded to have been the work of vigilantes, as Newell was outspoken in denunciation of the organization, and is said to have harbored rustlers

His shooting was probably due to the recent disappearance of a number of cattle from the combination herd of Messrs. Neihus and Taylor.

A man named George Babcock, a former resident of the same locality, but who has for some time been located in Bassett, on Wednesday last paid a visit to his former home, and on Thursday morning, at 3 o'clock, was waited on by a band of masked and armed men at the residence of his brother-in law, T. V. Smith, captured and taken to the reservation on the north; and, as he has not since been seen, it is feared he has shared the fate of Newell.

Much excitement prevails on the Keya Paha. Threats of vengeance are indulged in by the antis and more bloodshed and violence is feared.

Captured By Vigilantes.

O'NEILL, Neb., May 31.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—A committee of vigilantes from Knox county arrested six men in Iowa township, about twelve miles east of O'Neill, this morning, and took them to Knox county, on a charge of horse-stealing. The parties arrested are well known in O'Neill. Their names are withheld until further particulars can be learned regarding the matter.

Alleged Murderer Arrested.

NEBRASKA CITY, Neb., May 31.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—Sheriff Willmas to-day arrested a man who claims that his name is Washington Scramlin, but who is, beyond the question of a doubt, Ben Hayden, who so brutally murdered Richard Bramhall at Red Oak, Ia., November 12, 1882, and then wounded Mrs. Bramhall. Hayden escaped, and has not been heard of until to-day. Arthur Spencer and wife, who lived in the Bramhall family at the time of the murder, met Hayden on the streets of this city several evenings ago and instantly recognized the murderer, with whom they had been well acquainted. Mr. Spencer immediately informed the sheriff, who traced Hayden to his habitation. He was living in a small dark cave in a bank in the southern part town, and never left it except after nightfall. The neighbors did not even know of the existence of the cave and had never seen the man, although he says he has lived there for the past year. He answers the description of Hayden perfectly, and a number of former Red Oak citizens called at the jail, this evening, and fully identified him. When he was told by Mrs. Spencer that she recognized him, he said: "Well, what if I am Ben Hayden, I am not fool enough to own up to it," and then he refused to talk further. He denied, at first, ever having been in Iowa, but afterwards acknowledged that he had worked in Red Oak some years ago. Persons from that place will be here to-morrow to fully establish his identity. A reward of $1,500 is offered for his arrest.

Crinkalaw Acquitted.

HASTINGS, Neb., May 30.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—The second murder trial at this term of the district court, in Hastings, was begun this morning, and an end was reached to-night, by a second verdict of acquittal. On the 24 of last November, near midnight, two gamblers, generally regarded as disreputable characters, David Crinkslaw, alias Ed Hawkins, "The Kid," and Frank Fansler, who "had it in for each other," met in a saloon on the south side of the city, and after exchanging a few abusive words drew guns and opened fire on each otter for blood. Several shots were exchanged. Everybody but the combatants fled the room during the melee, and when the smoke cleared away Fansler lay stiff and dead, and his adversary untouched. The latter delivered himself to officers of justice, gave bail and fled the country. His whereabouts being discovered, he was brought back a few days ago to stand trial. It seemed to be a clear case of self defense; witnesses were scarce, and the case was soon passed into the hands of the jury, today. They hung for two or three hours, exciting the gravest fears of the defense, but they came in, finally, and rendered a verdict of acquittal.

David City Memorial Day.

DAVID CITY, Neb., May 31.—[Special to THE BEE.]—Decoration day was duly observed in this city. At 10:30 a. m., A. Lincoln post, No. 10, to the number of sixty or more, and the Uniform Rank, Knights of Pythias, the three different fire companies, and some five hundred school children, with their teachers, formed a marching column of nearly, or quite, a mile in length, headed by the city's cornet band. They marched through several streets to the cemetery, one and a half miles south of the city, where the G. A. R. ceremonies of decorating the deceased soldiers' graves were gone through. On the return from the cemetery a young horse, ridden by Frank Ryburn, ran away, collided with another horse, threw Mr. Ryburn forward and fell on him, hurting him severely.

Decoration Day at Osceola.

OSCEOLA, Neb., May 30.—[Special to THE BEE.]—Decoration day was observed here in a manner that has cast into the shade any celebration ever held in Polk county. The court house was packed and hundreds were unable to find standing room. H. T. Arnold was marshal of the day and Rev. P. C. Johnson D. D., was the orator. Mrs. Mary F. Conklyn delivered an address that was listened to with marked attention, stimulated by the fact that her husband fought under General R. E. Lee, throughout the war until the surrender at Appomatox court house. There were eighteen graves decorated or covered over with beautiful flowers.

Crazy on Horseflesh.

WAHOO, Neb., May 31.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—To-day, Presley Bishop, a well-to-do farmer, living near Yutan, was brought before the board of insanity and declared insane, and taken to the asylum, to-night. His mania was for buying horses. He tried to buy every team he saw, and bargained for nearly a hundred horses, to-day. He is the man who, a few days ago, went to Omaha and bought a carload of horses and paid $200 on them to bind the bargain. This is the third time he has been sent to the asylum.

Boosting a Prediction.

NEBRASKA CITY, Neb., May 31.—[Special to THE BEE.]—The county board of insanity to-day investigated the charges of insanity against Mrs. Mary A. Comstock, brought by her husband, which were not sustained. Some years ago she consulted a fortune teller and was informed that she would marry a second husband, and yesterday she came to town to get a divorce, that the prediction might have a better chance of coming true. Mrs. Comstock is a daughter of Clark Allen, who was poisoned some years ago, and for which members of the family had been arrested.

Cass County Crops and Frost.

NEHAWKA, Neb., May 31.—[Special to THE BEE.]—A heavy frost prevailed over this county last night. The tops of beans, tomatoes and tender vegetation are black this morning. It was believed no injury was done the fruit. There is a very fine prospect for corn, the stand being good and the ground in fine condition. The present out look for small grain is bad, owing to the dry weather in the spring. The fruit prospect was never finer. About two-thirds of the fat cattle have gone to market from this section.

A Depot Burned.

LOUISVILLE, Neb., May 31.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—The B. & M. depot at this place was burned, this evening about half-past 7 o'clock. The fire caught in the freight room and is supposed to have been caused by a lamp. It was first discovered by some boys playing ball close to the depot. The building was totally destroyed, but the contents, including a large lot of blasting powder, were safely removed. The side tracks were full of cars, but the citizens pushed them out of the way. This is the second time the depot at this place has been totally destroyed by fire.

Looking for Crookedness.

FREMONT, Neb., May 31.—[Special to THE BEE.]—H. C. Burr, an expert accountant of Omaha, has just commenced work on an examination of the books and records in the office of the treasurer of Dodge county, in response to an order issued by the board of supervisors. The books of the office have not been balanced for many years, and the prime object of the investigation and examination is to balance them and at the same time discover defalcations, is there should be any. There is some suspicion that the investigation will unearth crookedness, but the idea is entertained by very few people.

Chadron's Memorial Day.

CHADRON, Neb., May 31.—[Special to THE BEE.]—Decoration day was observed by Lemmington post, G. A. R., in an appropriate manner. A large number of visiting comrades were in attendance from abroad. The ceremonies were opened at the court house by C. J. Davis. After some remarks by Rev George W. Reed, Presiding Elder Webster and T. F. Powers, a procession formed which consisted of the G. A. R. post, Co. E, N. N. G., and a number of small girls gaily dressed, and marched to the graves of deceased comrades, where a salute was fired by the militia and flowers were strewn by the bevy of girls.

Memorial Day at Geneva.

GENEVA, Neb., May 31.—[Special to THE BEE.]—At 1 o'clock, on Memorial day, the N. N. G., the First regiment band and the U. R. K. of P., making 100 uniformed men, the I. O. O. F. and the order of the Eastern Star, and the G. A. R. marched to the M. E. church, where a number of addresses were given, among them one by Judge W. H. Morris, of Crete, after which 400 school children fell in to the line and went to the cemetery, where the graves of the dead soldiers were handsomely decorated.

Fatally Assaulted a Jap.

CENTRAL CITY, Neb., May 31.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—Two butchers in the employ of Sam Henshaw, of this city, celebrated Memorial day by getting beastly drunk, and about 10 o'clock last night attacked a Jap named S. M. Octagaw, on the street, and beat him in a frightful manner with a large pistol, inflicting injuries that are likely to prove fatal. His face is badly battered and his skull fractured. As near as can be learned the assault was entirely unprovoked. The men are under arrest.

High School Graduates.

WOOD RIVER, Neb., May 31.—[Special to THE BEE.]—At the first annual commencement exercises of the Wood River public schools, a class of four young ladies, Misses Belle Rounds, Lillie Rounds, Lena Jones and Mary Murphy, graduated. The programme was an excellent one, and a large audience assembled at the opera house to witness the events.

Chadron Cornet Band.

CHADRON, Neb., May 31.—[Special to THE BEE.]—Articles of incorporation of the Chadron Cornet band was filed yesterday, and a meeting of the stockholders was held last evening. One thousand dollars in stock has been subscribed. It will purchase new instruments and uniforms complete, and will be one of the best in the state. Arrangements are being made with a view of having it made the band of the Second regiment, N. N. G.

Madison Waterworks.

MADISON, Neb., May 31.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—The waterworks was completed to-day and the pumping began this afternoon. There was a large crowd present and all pronounced the trial as satisfactory as could be expected for the first effort. The only regret that was expressed was that the enemies of the waterworks have a chance to cause trouble owing to an error overlooked by the board.

A Lady Seriously Hurt.

LINCOLN, Neb., May 31.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—Mrs. C. E. Van Dusen, daughter of the late John McConiff, while out riding this evening with Miss Gertie Marquette, met with a serious if not fatal accident. It is the old story of an unmanageable team and a smashup. The lady was picked up in an unconscious condition and medical assistance summoned. Internal injuries are feared.

Crops in Knox County.

NIOBRARA, Neb., May 31.—[Special to THE BEE.]—A general rain has been in progress for about eighteen hours, and small grain is now looking fine Nearly all the crops are in, and the prospects for good crops is excellent. A larger acreage of small grain and corn has been put in his year than any time in the last two years.

The Unfounded Indian Scare.

AINSWORTH, Neb., May 31.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—The Indian scare in Keya Paha county has subsided, and the frightened settlers have returned to their homes. One woman who was sick died while going to Norden. There was no actual danger, the fright being caused by hunting parties of Indians near the reservation lines.

Congressman Dorsey's Coal Mine.

FREMONT, Neb., May 31.—[Special to THE BEE]—Congressman Dorsey has gone to Glenrock, Wyo., where he owns extensive interests in a coal mine and will be absent from home a week or ten days.

A Suicide Buried.

AVOCA, Neb., May 31.—[Special to THE BEE.]—Harry Brooks, who committed suicide here by taking laudanum Tuesday, was buried yesterday. Disappointment in love is said to be the cause. His father is one of our best citizens, and is prostrated with grief.

FLOODS IN PENNSYLVANIA.

Johnstown Completely Submerged By the Rushing Waters.

HUNDREDS OF FLOATING BODIES.

The Awful Catastrophe Caused By the Bursting of a Reservoir—Several Towns Threatened With Destruction.

The People Panic-Stricken.

PITTSBURG, May 31.—The flood at Johnstown has resulted in an awful catastrophe. It is said the reservoir above town broke about 5 o'clock, this morning, and an immense volume of water rushed down to the city, carrying with it death and destruction. Houses with their occupants were swept away and many were drowned. There is no communication with Johnstown, but the telegraph operator on the Pennsylvania road tower at Sauk Hollow, twelve miles this side of Johnstown, says at least seventy-five dead bodies have floated past. The wires are all down, and trains are running east of Blairsville, which is about twenty-five miles west of Johnstown. There is no way to get to the scene of the disaster, and full particulars can hardly be obtained to-night, although every effort is being made to do so. There will be no trains through to the east before to-morrow.

A LATER REPORT.

The latest reliable information received from Johnstown comes through Pennsylvania road officials, who aver that over two hundred dead bodies have been counted floating down the stream at Johnstown alone, while along the lines many additional lives had been lost. It is asserted there are but two houses in Johnstown proper entirely above the water line. A special train bearing the Pennsylvania railroad officials and Associated press correspondents has left this city for the scene. Telegraphic communication is entirely cut off, and until telegraph repair men and operators with the necessary instruments open up at the nearest point, but little reliable information can be obtained!

AS SEEN AT GREENSBURG.

GREENSBURG, Pa., May 31.—Johnstown is completely submerged and hundreds of lives are lost. Houses are floating about and the people are panic-stricken and fleeing to the mountains. At a point near New Florence eighty-five persons have been seen floating down the river. The Covetown and New Florence bridges have been washed away, and all the buildings along the Conemaugh, between New Florence and Johnstown, have been carried away. The railroad towers have been abandoned by the operators. The people here who have friends in the flooded district are eagerly waiting for news at the telegraph office. Great uneasiness prevails. The river at Livermore is rising and great destruction will follow.

THE JUNIATA RISING.

TYRONE, Pa., May 31.—The Juniata river has overflowed its banks at this place and flooded the entire southern portion of the city, causing great destruction to property. People living in the flooded districts had to removed from their homes in wagons to places of safety. All railroads centering in this place are greatly damaged by the floods. The water was never known to be so high at this place before. At Curwinsville, one man was drowned and at Clearfield two young ladies were drowned in trying to escape from the flooded district. The Susquehanna river has overflowed its banks at Clearfield and the entire place is under water, and all means of escape is cut off. Many people have gathered in the court house and opera house for safety. This evening it is still raining and the waters are rising rapidly.

TELEGRAPH WIRES DOWN.

BRADDOCK, Pa., May 31.—The Associated press correspondent on a special train en route to the scene of the disaster, says that the telegraph wires being down absolutely for six or seven miles below the immediate scene, and being in unworkable shape for three or four miles distant, it was after 7 o'clock before an accurate outline of the effect of the tidal wave could be learned. The chief officials of the Pittsburg end of the main line of the Pennsylvania railroad received most of their first information from the signal tower at Sauk Hollow, six miles west of Johnstown. At a quarter of 8 o'clock a boy was rescued by men in the signal tower of the railroad company. His name is unknown, but he said that with his father, mother, brother and two sisters he was swept over the breast of the new stone railroad bridge at Johnstown; that it capsized a few seconds later and they were all drowned, so far as he could tell. The railroad operator officially reports that before dark they were able to count 119 persons clinging to buildings and wreckage or drowned and floating on the current. If this information is to be credited the damage in the town proper must be in the nature of a clean sweep. As early as 1 o'clock an alarm was sent to Johnstown that there was danger from the dam. The railroad officials were notified and in a very short time began to carry people from the town to places of safety, on the regular trains and on hastily improvised rescuing trains. Superintendent Pitcairn, of the western division of the Pennsylvania railroad, was on his way to South Fork and was notified of the impending trouble.

A DESCRIPTION OF THE RESERVOIR.

In order to understand the nature of this calamity, it is necessary to describe the respective locations of the reservoir at Johnstown.

It lies about two and a half miles northeast of Johnstown, and is the site of the old reservoir, which was one of the feeders of the Pennsylvania canal. This sheet of water was formerly known as Conemaugh lake. It is from 200 to 300 feet above the level of Johnstown, being in the mountains. It is about three and a half miles long and from a mile to a mile and a quarter in width, and in some places it is 100 feet in depth. It holds more water than any other reservoir, natural or artificial in the United States. It was held in check by a dam 700 to 100 feet wide. It is ninety feet in thickness at the base, and its height is 110 feet. The top has a breadth of over twenty feet. Recognizing the menace which the lake held to the region below, the South Fork club, which owned the reservoir, had the dam inspected once a month by a Pennsylvania road engineer and their investigation showed that nothing less than some convulsion of nature would tear the barrier away and loosen the weapon of death. The steady rains of the past forty-eight hours increased the volume of water in all the small mountain streams, which were already swelled by lesser rains earlier in the week. From the best information obtained at this time, it is evident that something in the nature of a cloud burst must have taken place.

HOURLY GROWING WORSE.

PHILADELPHIA, May 31.—Dispatches received up to midnight at the office of the Pennsylvania railroad indicate that the situation is hourly growing worse. The tracks west of Johnstown are, at some points, entirely carried away and the roadbeds gone. The river for some distance above the bridge is filled with buildings and driftwood forty feet high, which is on fire and likely to damage the bridge. The fire is beyond control.

Johnstown is literally wiped out.

Other Floods.

HARRISBURG, Va., May 30.—There was a great storm in this section last night, the wind blowing down wheat, unroofing houses, and causing great damage.

CHARLESTON W May 31.—A heavy rain began falling here about noon yesterday, and continued until late last night, causing a flood in the tributaries of the Kanawha river. The Chesapeake & Ohio railroad bridge over the Sabin creek was carried away, and the booms in Elk and Coal rivers were broken, letting millions of dollars worth of timber, lumber and railroad ties adrift. It is feared a portion of the city will be submerged, as the rivers are still rising.

PIEDMONT, W. Va., May 31.—This place has been visited with the greatest flood since 1876. It began raining yesterday and continued until noon. It also rained some this afternoon. Two hundred families living near the river were forced to leave their houses and flee to the hills. The damage to property in this town is estimated at $100,000.

The West Virginia Central and Pittsburg railroads are under water between here and Cumberland, Md. Two bridges have been swept away. The loss on these roads will be $250,000. No trains are running on the Cumberland & Pennsylvania road. Two trestles have been washed away. Nine Baltimore & Ohio trains are lodged here, and 1,200 emigrants are on the streets. The western end of the road has been impassable since last night, and it is hard to say when travel will be resumed.

A number of land slides have occurred on the road between here and Grafton. The loss to the Baltimore & Ohio is very heavy, but can not be estimated at present. At this hour (11:30 p. m.), the rain has ceased falling and the water is subsiding, and no further danger is apprehended.

REMOVING THE TICKERS.

Official Quotations of the Chicago Board of Trade Cut Off.

CHICAGO, Ill., May 31.—In accordance with the previous announcement, official quotations of the board of trade will be cut off tomorrow from about 500 correspondents, who are non-members of the board. Arrangements have been made in most instances by the commission merchants to keep their customers informed of the marked changes, and an increased force of telegraphers will be put on the floor to handle the business. The employes of the Gold & Stock Telegraph company were sent out this afternoon to remove all tickers from the offices of persons and corporations not members of the board

George M. Hurd to-day secured an injunction from Judge Tuley restraining the board of trade and the Western Union Telegraph company from removing his stock quotation ticker. Hurd has brokers' offices in St. Paul and Minneapolis, and he claims to have as much right to an injunction as if he were doing business in Chicago. He insists that the market reports are public and not private property.

PORT-AU-PRINCE TAKEN.

General Hyppolite Says He Has Captured the City.

LONDON, May 31.—A cable dispatch has been received from General Hyppolite, the insurgent leader in Hayti, saying he has defeated President Legitime and captured Port-au-Prince, the capital of that country and proclaimed himself provisional president.

Nebraska and Iowa Pensions.

WASHINGTON, May 30.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—Pensions granted Nebraskans:—Original invalid—James A. Snodgrass, David Stoneburner, William Dunston, David Dings, Ira M. Bailey. Increase—John Helfinbein, Isaac L. Taylor, Thomas M. Strain, Harrison M. Bushell. Original widows, etc.—Jane, widow of John Valentine.

Pensions for Iowans: Original invalid—Richard Miller, Samuel O. Carlton, William C. Quigley, navy; Thomas Kingsley, alias Jackson, Giles Randolet, James Russell, Joseph D. Rambo, Henry W. Toles, John T. Maddix, William H. Bristol, Adam Pratts, Josiah E. Haines, Milton Coolbaugh. Increase—John Watts, Silas W. Trenchard, Washington J. Warren, Newton C. Michael, Thomas Ingal, Edward J. Hughes, Nelson E. Scloam, Theopolis Gaines, Frank Malek, Peter Adams. Original widows, etc.—Mary, widow of John Wyborny; Priscell, widow of Francis Bias; Adelain, widow of Canada Brooks.

Eight Lives Lost.

WATERTOWN, N. Y., May 31.—Further particulars about the barge Bavaria, one of Calvin's boats that was reported stranded on Gallow's island, state that when the barge struck the shoal the crew of eight persons took to a small boat, but on account of the terrific gale they could not reach the island and were lost. They were seen at one time by a passing tug clinging to their yawl. The tug could not render any assistance. The yawl was afterward seen floating with no person in her. The barge was found in very good condition with scarcely any water in her, and had the men remained aboard all would have been saved.

Shippers and Farmers Organize.

ST. LOUIS, May 31.—A meeting of the shippers and farmers of a number of counties in this state was held at Jefferson City, yesterday, for the purpose of organizing a state organization for the better protection in railroad rates. A committee was appointed to draft articles of association to be reported at another meeting to be held at Kansas City, June 20. Resolutions were adopted indorsing the grain inspection bill, adopted by the legislature and asking the state railroad commissioners to make a rate on live stock shipped to points to be fed and re-shipped.

The Parnell Commission.

LONDON, May 31.—Reid, of counsel for the Parnellites, stated before the Parnell commission to-day that thirty of the league books would be produced before the commission. Lockwood, also of counsel for the Parnellites, produced a book which is allowed to have been Justin McCarthy's pass book. The book covered a period extending from November, 1889, to May, 1887. Among its entries was one of a check for £100 paid to Byrne.

McCarthy took the stand and informed the court that the book had never been in his possession, and he did not know before that it existed.

Disaster on the Lakes.

PORT HURON, Mich., May 31.—The propellor E. S. Pease is ashore north of Port Hope, and is trying to work herself off. The life boat lost her rudder and capsized in going to the Pease, but all got ashore safely.

MILWAUKEE, May 31.—A Sand Beach special says a Canadian steamer ran ashore three miles south of there. Her crew of five men, and a woman and little girl were rescued by the life saving crew. The crews of the Josephine and Eugine were taken ashore on a surf raft. Both schooners dragged ashore last night.

St. Louis Breweries Combining.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., May 31.—The incorporation of the brewing concerns in this city was completed, to-day, the articles having been filed, this afternoon. The new association includes eighteen breweries, all in the city except Lemp, Anheuser-Busch and Obert. There will be no change in the management. The only object in forming the association is to keep the breweries from selling out to the English syndicate.

The Weather Predictions.

For Nebraska: Occasional light showers, variable winds, slightly cooler.

For Dakota: Local showers, cooler except in extreme northwest portion, warmer, variable winds.

For Iowa: Light local showers, warmer except in the western portion, stationary temperature, northerly winds, becoming variable.

The Lake Ontario Not Wrecked.

MONTREAL, May 31.—There is no truth in the report that the steamer Lake Ontario was wrecked off Anticosti island and all hands lost.

CRONIN'S CLOTHES FOUND.

They Are Discovered Over a Foot Under Ground.

DEEPLY STAINED WITH BLOOD.

The Vest Missing and in Its Stead One of Much Coarser Material—"Mack" Seems a Vindictive Liar.

Unearthed Near a Sewer.

CHICAGO, May 31.—Late to-night it is learned that Dr. Cronin's clothes have been found. The first clue was obtained by the finding of underwear by the children mentioned in these dispatches several days ago. The police began a vigorous search for the remainder of the clothing, and near the mouth of the Fifty-ninth street sewer unearthed the murdered physician's pants, coat, shirt and undershirt. They were buried over a foot under ground. The shirt bore the name of the murdered doctor and the other articles were readily recognized as portions of his apparel. Strange to say, however, the vest was missing, and in its place was a vest of much coarser material. This garment presumably belonged to one of the murderers or accomplices. For this reason the police are using every effort to suppress their discovery, hoping that Cronin's vest may be discovered in the possession of one of the murderers. The pants found were deeply stained with blood.

CHARGED WITH CRONIN'S MURDER.

This afternoon ex-Detective Coughlin, Ice Man Sullivan, and Frank Woodruff, alias Black, were arraigned before Judge Williamson on the charge of murdering Dr. Cronin. Each of the men entered a formal plea of not guilty and they were returned to jail.

MACK'S STORY.

An evening paper says that some valuable information in the Cronin case has been gathered from the man "Mack," alias Williams alias McWilliams, who was arrested in a cheap lodging house. "Mack" claims to be a carpenter. He told the following story:

"On the 2d of May I was working for a Mrs. Wilson, on North Ashland avenue, scarcely a block from the Carlson cottage. I was putting in screen windows at the time. While at work, a lady, whose name I understood to be Mrs. Dudley, came in and began to talk with Mrs. Wilson. I was in the same room and overheard every word. Mrs. Dudley, who is a stout, fleshy woman, was talking very bitterly against a physician who had attended her husband. I heard the name 'Dr. Cronin' mentioned, but I did not know whether the physician complained of was the Cronin referred to or not. Mrs. Dudley seemed very much excited and frequently made the remark in great spirit, 'I will get even with him.' Mrs. Dudley said she was working in an orphan asylum on Burlington street, but that she was going to leave the asylum, and that she daily expected to go to live with her two brothers in a cottage near by. Mrs. Dudley pointed in the direction of the Carlson cottage in referring to the place she was going to move into."

At the Chicago nursery and half orphan asylum on Burlington street, it was found that a Mrs. Dudley had been there, but had since gone away. It is believed that Williams is one of the men who rented the Carlson cottage; that he is a carpet-layer by trade, and that he laid the carpet in the cottage.

Later—To-night the police officials say they have learned that "Mack's" real name is Dudley. The supposition is that he is the husband of the woman mentioned in the story. He says that he was animated in telling the story by the desire to cause trouble for his wife, who left him on account of brutality and drunkenness. They deny that they have any evidence connecting "Mack" with the case, but in this connection it should be stated that little, except denials of the stories made public by the newspapers, is obtainable from the police for the past few days. They are very secretive.

Late to-night it is said that the authorities have determined to apply for the extradition of William J. Starkey, now in Toronto, whose name has been frequently mentioned in connection with the case.

Three new suspects were arrested to-night. They were all Philadelphians, and came here recently. Thomas Murphy, M. J. Murphy and E. J. Williams composed the trio. After being held in custody for some time they were released. Young is familiar with the appearance of the men who rented the cottage where Cronin was slain, declaring that the prisoners were not the persons wanted.

Hynes Interviewed.

CHICAGO, May 31.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—Hynes, with whom it is said Dr. Cronin left valuable papers relating to what he had learned of the conspiracy against his life, had a long interview with Chief Hubbard, this afternoon, but for what purpose, or with what result, neither of them would say. In conversation with a reporter, this evening, Mr. Hynes said that, while he could not speak of what the searches of Dr. Cronin's friends were developing, he was morally certain of one fact, and that was that stories that Dr. Cronin had been "removed" by order of the Clan-na-Gael are false.

"I am certain that no 'trial' or 'condemnation' such as is talked of ever took place in the body of any Irish society. The conspiracy was not the work of a society, but of individuals."

"Do you think the men under arrest are guilty?"

"I think they were implicated in it, but they were not the heads of the conspiracy, and may not have been the actual murderers."

"Will the heads ever be caught?"

"I hope so, and I think they will."

State's Attorney Longnecker had a secret conference last night with Luke Dillon, of Philadelphia, but both gentlemen refused to talk on the subject. It is claimed by people who are in a position to know that Mr. Longnecker has a good deal of confidence in the ability of the eastern Clan-na-Gael representative to ferret out the causes which led to the murder of Dr. Cronin, and the men who assumed the principal roles in the execution of the plot. That the police of this city are much handicapped in trying to solve the mystery, the states attorney has been convinced for some time, although he has kept his convictions to himself.

One of Dillon's friends told a reporter today that Mr. Longnecker was in quest of the names of the executive officers of the Clan-na-Gael. Whether or not the state's attorney obtained the desired information is known only by Mr. Dillon and Longnecker himself.

Af Teefey, an attorney, who was sent to Toronto by friends of Cronin to investigate the supposed complicity of the correspondent, Long, and William J. Starkey, formerly of this city, in the stories sent out by the former, returned to the city to-day. He tells of talks he had with Starkey's wife and with Long, and, in spite of all that has been said about collusion in the matter, is inclined to believe that Starkey had nothing to do with it, and that Long was not incited to send the fairy story he did by anybody, but that it was done simply in desire to "work" Chicago papers for what he could get out of them.

Threatened With Brain Fever.

PHILADELPHIA, May 31.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—Dr. Peter McCahey, who, since the murder of his friend, Dr. Cronin, has been under a great nervous strain in endeavoring to throw light on the crime, is confined, by illness, to his house. He is threatened with brain fever, and his friends are greatly concerned over the outcome of his illness. Dr. McCahey has been, ever since Dr. Cronin disappeared, in communication with people in Chicago, Toronto and other sections, and night and day has been striving to find new clues and information that would throw light on the conspiracy.

THE WANDERER RETURNS.

Boodler McGarigle Back Again From Over the Border.

CHICAGO, May 31.—Interest in the Cronin case was partially eclipsed to-day by a sensation created by thea nnouncement of the return to Chicago of W. J. McGarigle, ex-warden of the county hospital, and general agent of Cook county's boodle gang. A history of this case, and of McGargle's sensational escape from the custody of Sheriff Matson, and the subsequent chase into Canada need no repetition at this time. Shortly before noon to-day, McGarigle walked into Judge Shepard's branch of the county court, accompanied by State's Attorney Longnecker, Attorney Adams, E. J. Lehmann and James Fitzsimmons, the latter two being McGarigle's bondsmen. The court officials and policemen waiting to give evidence in criminal cases stared in amazement at the sight of the man who had been so long a fugitive in Canada. The court suspended proceedings in the case on trial and Lawyer Adams stated that an agreement had been made between the state's attorney and the counsel for the defendant, in view of a recent decision of the supreme court of Illinois, granting Edward McDonald, ex-engineer of the county hospital, and a brother of Mike McDonald, the well known political boss, a new trial. In view of that decision it had been agreed that a new trial shall be granted McGarigle; that he should enter a plea of guilty and pay a fine. State's Attorney Longenecker said such an arrangement had been made, and desired that a fine of $1,000 be imposed. He said McDonald, who was co-defendant with McGarigle, had been granted a new trial, but that the state did not desire to try him again. He thought the arrangement with McGarigle, who had escaped to Canada, was the best that could be made. As to McDonald, he had served eighteen months in jail and suffered more than McGarigle. The difficulties in the way of the successful prosecution of a new trial were insuperable. He therefore moved that a nolle prosequ be entered as to him. The orders were made by the court, and while the clerk was figuring up the costs, McGarigle and his friends retired to the judge's chamber.

McGarigle said he did not wish to talk further than to say he proposed now to remain in Chicago. He was given three years in the penitentiary the verdict of the jury and a fine of $1,000. The verdict was set aside by the supreme court of the state fifteen months after he escaped from the sheriff. There were twenty-three indictments against him. It was on one of these, the one under which he and McDonald were tried, that he was fined, the other twenty-two were stricken off. The costs of the trial and those resulting from the forfeiture of his bonds amounted to about $1,600. This amount and the fine was paid to the clerk of the court, and McGarigle and McDonald are once more free men.

TROUBLE AT GENEVA COLLEGE.

The Students Take Up the Quarrel of a Fellow Student.

BEAVER FALLS, Pa., May 31.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—The commencement exercises at Geneva college, that stanch, covenanter institution, yesterday, was characterized by stormy proceedings, which, at one time, almost resulted in a riot. For a long time trouble has been brewing between the faculty and the students. Day before yesterday, at a class meeting, Will McAllister displayed to the delighted students a series of life-size caricatures of the faculty.

Yesterday morning Dr. George, the president, informed McAllister that neither the latter nor his sister could be graduated. The announcement fell like a thunderbolt on the astonished students, and when the class assembled upon the platform, before a large and fashionable audience in the chapel, it could be seen that the members were not in a happy frame of mind. All went well, however, until McAllister's turn came to deliver an oration. Of course, he was absent, but the students in the gallery and auditorium set up a yell of "McAllister." A scene of the greatest confusion followed. Dr. George sprang to his feet and demanded order, but his voice was drowned by cat-calls and hisses.

"Clear the gallery," cried Dr. George to the janitor.

"Send him up here and we will throw him over the railing," yelled the students.

"Send for the police," cried Dr. George, but his voice could hardly be heard.

Finally, quiet was restored. Dr. George stated he would not allow the McAllisters to be graduated because they had not paid for their diplomas. The affair will be brought before the next meeting of the synod.

THE SIOUX COMMISSION.

Predictions of Success in the Rosebud Negotiations.

PIERRE, Dak., May 31.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—A dispatch received to-day, conveys the information that the Sioux commission commences work at the Rosebud agency to-morrow. From what is known, heretofore, in Pierre, it is believed that the Indians are favorably disposed and the outlook is good that the commission will meet with certain success at their first agency. It is not thought here that the recent opposition displayed by the Indian Defense association, will have sufficient influence to endanger the treaty.

Snow in Wisconsin.

MILWAUKEE, May 31.—This morning large, heavy, moist flakes of snow fell in this city until the ground was covered. Trains arriving on the St. Paul from the north were covered with snow. The temperature in this city this morning was 33 degrees, one above freezing. Railroad men report over a foot of snow south of Fond du Lac on the Northwestern roads. Crops have been considerably spoiled by the late frosts. The reports from all parts of the state are that snow was fairly heavy. In Sauk county small vegetation suffered very considerably. In many localities of the state the strawberry crop was completely destroyed. Small grains and fruits were badly damaged on the frontiers of the lake shore counties. In the potato counties of Central Wisconsin field potatoes will come up all right despite the severe frosts. The fruit and berry crop suffers most in Wisconsin.

Your Face is Dirty, Too!

NEWPORT, R. I., May 31.—In the general assembly, this morning, a report from the committee on elections, concerning the Block Island bribery cases, was read, stating that seventy-five to one hundred men were bribed to vote for John C. Sheffield, jr., republican, who holds a seat, and that from $25 to $100 were paid for votes. The republicans made counter charges against the democrats.

New York Follows Suit.

NEW YORK, May 31.—It was officially announced at the New York Stock exchange at 3 p. m. that no more quotations will be distributed by stock indicators or tickers. Quotations will be gathered on the floor tomorrow, but members will have to furnish them to customers by memorandum, as in former times. The order goes into effect tomorrow.

Bankers Murdered.

DUBLIN, May 31.—John H. Lawler, manager of the Ballymena branch of the Provincial Bank of Ireland, and Murray, assistant manager, were shot dead on the road a short distance from Ballymena.

CONFEDERATE CIRCLES HOWL

Bushey's Speech at Baltimore Not to Their Liking.

THEY LOVE THE LOST CAUSE.

The Sword of Lee More Holy Than the Blade of Bunker Hill—Admiral Gherardi Advises About Hayti.

WASHINGTON BUREAU, THE OMAHA BEE, 513 FOURTEENTH STREET, WASHINGTON, D. C., May 31.

Especially in the Maryland confederate circles of Washington there was a howl to-day about the oration delivered in Baltimore last night by General W. Bussey, first assistant secretary of the interior. A good many letters were received during the day condemning the sentiment expressed in the oration and describing the indignation which abounds among the Baltimore element. This language is picked out as being especially offensive to the unreconstructed:

"There is as much difference between the cause for which they (the confederates) fought and the cause of the union as between heaven and hell, and it is a crime to teach the rising generation that there was anything in the cause to justiy taking up arms."

These two sentences are also pointed out as putting the iron into the soul of the confederate element in Baltimore:

"If we are to put down anarchism, we must have one flag. If these confederate flags are to be brought out and worshipped the anarchists may bring out their flag."

It will be remembered that only a few weeks ago General Rosser, the unreconstructed confederate cavalry commander of Virginia, who antagonized the raid of Phil Sheridan through the Shenandoah valley and who continued to abuse that hero as long as he lived, and to cast odium upon his grave after death, delivered an oration in Baltimore in which he claimed that one confederate cavalrymen could whip five yankees, and that the principle for which the south fought was more pure and patriotic than that of the north, and there is probably as large a rebel element in Baltimore to-day as in any section of the country. It will be recalled that it was very questionable for many months during the late war, and especially during the early part of it, whether there were a majority of the citizens of Maryland and Baltimore loyal to the union, and that the only demonstrations made in behalf of either side of the controversy were in support of the confederacy. It is probable that if if General Bussey should make his apperance in Baltimore, very soon, that he would be burned in effigy by some of the indignant citizens, but by a much smaller number than a few years ago, for tariff protection and republicanism generally have taken very long and pronounced strides in the monumental city. The speech of General Bussey created quite a flutter of excitement and continues to be the principal topic of comme at both here and in Baltimore.

IOWA POSTMASTERS.

Henry Thomas, Clifton, Louisa county, vice J. K. Blair, removed; T. A. Jones, Dublin, Washington county, vice W. B. Singmaster, removed; John Hough, Houghton, Lee county, vice Joseph Karshoff, removed; T. J. Ochiltree, Morning Sun, Louisa county, vice N. M. Cochran, removed; C.J. Seymour, New London, Henry county, vice John O. Cadner, removed; F. J. Demarsh, Perlee, Jefferson county, vice Philip Henry, removed; E. Williamson