

GUILELESS FARMERS' FUN.

How the Tedium of Life in Southwestern Kansas Was Counteracted.

EASTERN PEOPLE FOUND IT COSTLY.

"Settlers" Who Voted Bonds in Lieu of Other Occupation—Ubiquitous and Valuable Gopher Scapals.

TOPKA, Kan., July 16.—[Special to THE BEE.]—Southwestern Kansas boasts of the shrewdest financiers in the world. How the future live and what they can hope for in the future has puzzled the brains of the eastern part of the state for many years.

The Thirty-second judicial district is composed of six counties, Seward, Stevens and Morton on the southern line between Kansas and Nebras, and Grant, Haswell and Stanton joining them on the north. The counties contain a total of twenty-seven miles square.

Now the loan companies are in undisputed possession of the land, and about the only remaining evidence that the country was ever populated are the ruins of sod houses and dugouts that dot the broad plain at regular intervals.

Abandoned Their Claims. The thirty-second judicial district is composed of six counties, Seward, Stevens and Morton on the southern line between Kansas and Nebras, and Grant, Haswell and Stanton joining them on the north.

Now the loan companies are in undisputed possession of the land, and about the only remaining evidence that the country was ever populated are the ruins of sod houses and dugouts that dot the broad plain at regular intervals.

Abandoned Their Claims. The thirty-second judicial district is composed of six counties, Seward, Stevens and Morton on the southern line between Kansas and Nebras, and Grant, Haswell and Stanton joining them on the north.

Now the loan companies are in undisputed possession of the land, and about the only remaining evidence that the country was ever populated are the ruins of sod houses and dugouts that dot the broad plain at regular intervals.

Abandoned Their Claims. The thirty-second judicial district is composed of six counties, Seward, Stevens and Morton on the southern line between Kansas and Nebras, and Grant, Haswell and Stanton joining them on the north.

Now the loan companies are in undisputed possession of the land, and about the only remaining evidence that the country was ever populated are the ruins of sod houses and dugouts that dot the broad plain at regular intervals.

Abandoned Their Claims. The thirty-second judicial district is composed of six counties, Seward, Stevens and Morton on the southern line between Kansas and Nebras, and Grant, Haswell and Stanton joining them on the north.

Now the loan companies are in undisputed possession of the land, and about the only remaining evidence that the country was ever populated are the ruins of sod houses and dugouts that dot the broad plain at regular intervals.

Abandoned Their Claims. The thirty-second judicial district is composed of six counties, Seward, Stevens and Morton on the southern line between Kansas and Nebras, and Grant, Haswell and Stanton joining them on the north.

Now the loan companies are in undisputed possession of the land, and about the only remaining evidence that the country was ever populated are the ruins of sod houses and dugouts that dot the broad plain at regular intervals.

Abandoned Their Claims. The thirty-second judicial district is composed of six counties, Seward, Stevens and Morton on the southern line between Kansas and Nebras, and Grant, Haswell and Stanton joining them on the north.

Now the loan companies are in undisputed possession of the land, and about the only remaining evidence that the country was ever populated are the ruins of sod houses and dugouts that dot the broad plain at regular intervals.

Abandoned Their Claims. The thirty-second judicial district is composed of six counties, Seward, Stevens and Morton on the southern line between Kansas and Nebras, and Grant, Haswell and Stanton joining them on the north.

Now the loan companies are in undisputed possession of the land, and about the only remaining evidence that the country was ever populated are the ruins of sod houses and dugouts that dot the broad plain at regular intervals.

Abandoned Their Claims. The thirty-second judicial district is composed of six counties, Seward, Stevens and Morton on the southern line between Kansas and Nebras, and Grant, Haswell and Stanton joining them on the north.

Now the loan companies are in undisputed possession of the land, and about the only remaining evidence that the country was ever populated are the ruins of sod houses and dugouts that dot the broad plain at regular intervals.

Abandoned Their Claims. The thirty-second judicial district is composed of six counties, Seward, Stevens and Morton on the southern line between Kansas and Nebras, and Grant, Haswell and Stanton joining them on the north.

Now the loan companies are in undisputed possession of the land, and about the only remaining evidence that the country was ever populated are the ruins of sod houses and dugouts that dot the broad plain at regular intervals.

Abandoned Their Claims. The thirty-second judicial district is composed of six counties, Seward, Stevens and Morton on the southern line between Kansas and Nebras, and Grant, Haswell and Stanton joining them on the north.

Now the loan companies are in undisputed possession of the land, and about the only remaining evidence that the country was ever populated are the ruins of sod houses and dugouts that dot the broad plain at regular intervals.

Abandoned Their Claims. The thirty-second judicial district is composed of six counties, Seward, Stevens and Morton on the southern line between Kansas and Nebras, and Grant, Haswell and Stanton joining them on the north.

FOUND DEATH IN THE STORM

Fatal Wreck of a Plover Wind Storm in Wisconsin.

WEST SUPERIOR BADLY DAMAGED.

Many Thousands of Dollars' Worth of Property Destroyed—Five People Killed and Several Seriously Injured.

WEST SUPERIOR, Wis., July 16.—A wind-storm of terrific violence swept over this city today, carrying death and destruction in its path. The wind was accompanied by a pouring rain. The air was heavily charged with electricity. The storm lasted only about thirty minutes, but during that period many thousands of dollars' worth of damage was done besides the taking of at least five lives.

During the progress of the storm an alarm of fire was turned in from the Fifth ward and the department responded, to find a large four-story frame hotel on Third street between Lamber and a mass of flames. The building had blown down and immediately the cry went up that the wreck was the tomb of many men.

The building is a complete wreck. In spite of the pouring rain the visitors at the scene are lending their assistance in the rescue. At a late hour tonight the dead were:

JOHN LAUBER, married, aged thirty-six years; CHARLES LUCIUS, single, twenty-four years; HERMAN PAUSSEY, single, aged twenty-six years.

Unknown men about thirty-five years of age. JOHN SCHOFIELD, died from injuries received in the wreck, and broken limbs.

Among the more seriously injured are: JOHN BROWN, with broken legs; and JOHN LOSS, with internal injuries. It is thought he will die.

William Dimpie, Dick Clarke and others were injured more or less seriously. Drs. Connor and Willie did excellent work in the matter of caring for the injured and providing for their conveniences.

The chief of the fire department sustained a broken leg during the work of rescue. Men worked with desperation, women ran about regardless of rain and mud, wearing their hands and crying, filled with the fear that their husbands or brothers had been carried in the ruin.

An eye-witness of the disaster said he saw a crowd of workmen running to the building to seek shelter from the storm. Fully thirty men were killed and many were badly injured and this will delay the handling of coal. The wind played havoc with the Unitarian church, union depot and other buildings, and serious fires resulted. One broken out it would have found the city practically helpless. There are no reports of disasters on the lake or harbor.

KANSAS BANK SMASH.

First National of Wyandotte Suspended with Heavy Liabilities.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., July 16.—The First National bank of Wyandotte, or Kansas City, Kan., suspended business today and is in the hands of a bank examiner. L. D. Wilson, president of the bank, is very reticent concerning the cause of its failure and the condition of the bank. He says, however, that the assets are \$200,000 and the liabilities \$100,000. Much of the assets, which were supposed to be ill-edged, are of such a nature, he says, as to prevent a rapid realization upon them.

Last fall the bank became involved in the investment of a hotel investment company and was a very shaky condition. The institution at that time consolidated with the Exchange National bank and the latter had been tied over its difficulties. The officers of the old bank were: D. R. Emmons, president; D. H. Husted, vice president, and William A. Husted, cashier. The consolidated banks which kept the name of the First National bank are L. D. Wilson, president; D. R. Emmons, vice president, and Benjamin Schrieber, cashier.

It is generally believed the liabilities are considerably over \$100,000, inasmuch as the city of Kansas City, Kan., had on deposit in the bank about \$60,000. The bank is capital for \$100,000, but one broken out in the failure.

Big Damages Asked.

CHICAGO, July 16.—Earnest De Owen of Chicago claims big damages in a suit begun today in the United States court against John T. Boyd of the Nevada bank of San Francisco. John J. Steinhauser and L. Osborne. The plaintiff asks \$2,000,000 for trespass. Mr. Owen is trustee of the estate of the heirs of Joseph E. Ygnacio Bouquilla, who was once a rich grandee. Bouquilla secured from the government a large grant of land in Nevada and California. He is claimed the defendants, who are all citizens of San Francisco, put a large force of men and mined silver to the value of \$1,000,000. This occurred in June 1882, and it is alleged that previous to that date, and from the year 1882, the defendants took another grant of land to the value of \$1,000,000. The three defendants claim to hold title by purchase and dispute the claim of the plaintiff.

Fighting for the Trust.

CHICAGO, July 16.—The wholesale grocers of the city met here today to consider a proposition from the Liggett & Myers tobacco company, a St. Louis house, which is intended to evade the anti-trust law passed by the last state legislature. It is understood that this plan has the sanction of the tobacco trust and the grocers of the city anticipate its adoption by the legislature.

DEADWOOD'S NEW HOTEL.

OMAHA and Chicago People Will Be Interested in the Project. DEADWOOD, S. D., July 16.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—Deadwood is to have a new hotel to cost not less than \$100,000 exclusive of site and furniture. The city offered a bonus of \$20,000 and last night the board of directors passed a resolution authorizing the city to issue bonds to the amount of \$20,000 for the purpose of making a loan to the hotel.

Fair Commission in London.

LONDON, July 16.—The world's fair commission, headed by Hon. Benjamin Butterworth, sent from Chicago to visit the capitals of Europe in the interest of the fair, arrived today. The commission is composed of Mr. Butterworth, Mr. John W. Barker, representing Omaha and Chicago people, for a five-story brick and stone building, 100 by 150 feet.

To Worry the L.

CHICAGO, July 16.—Articles of Incorporation of the Chicago South Side elevated railway were filed today in the office of the secretary of state at Springfield with a capital stock of \$10,000,000. The route mentioned in the articles is identical with that already partly built over what is known as the alley "L" road. Attention has recently been called to the fact that the franchise of the "L" road is for a surface road and the natural inference is that the projectors have taken advantage of this to put the old company in an uncomfortable predicament.

International Educators.

TORONTO, Ont., July 16.—At today's session of the International Educational Association the following officers were elected: President, E. H. Cook of New York; secretary, R. W. Stevens of Kansas; treasurer,

NEW NEBRASKA RAILROAD.

Neigh Secures a Division of the Duluth & Pueblo Line.

JUDGE BRADY ON STATE POLITICS.

Not Seeking the Supreme Judgeship, But Not Inclined to Refuse the Honor If Thrust Upon Him.

NELOH, Neb., July 16.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—The board of county supervisors today issued a call for a special election to be held in Neloh township, to vote \$24,000 to bond to the Duluth & Pueblo railroad, and to repair and maintain a division and repair shop in this city.

The city of Neloh will also vote \$15,500 to the same road, under contract, making a total of \$40,000. The engineer corps of the road were received at Harburt, Wheeler county, with flags and firing of avails. They will be in O'Fallon Monday next.

Judge Brady's Candidacy.

BEATRICE, Neb., July 16.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—The Bee representative enjoyed a brief chat with Judge J. H. Brady, in his office today, on the subject of his candidacy for the supreme judgeship on the democratic state ticket this fall.

"You are a candidate for the nomination judge, are you not?" "Not exactly in the sense of being an aspirant for the nomination. I am not making any canvass for the office, nor do I wish to be quoted as seeking it. I do, however, recognize the fact that the position of a judge of the supreme court of the state is one to which all lawyers very naturally aspire. And it would be very unwise for me to say that I am an exception to the rule."

"I have not yet asked that my name shall be presented to the convention, nor shall I do so until the nomination comes to me. It will be wholly unsought, and in that event I do not see how I could very consistently decline to accept it. I must right here sincerely disclaim any intention to anticipate the action of the democratic state convention. I am not aware that the movement in my behalf has assumed any proportions; if it has, it is entirely unknown to me."

Drowned Near Superior.

SUPERIOR, Neb., July 16.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—This afternoon three boys from eight to eleven years old went swimming in the Republican river about four miles west of Superior. Life Duggott, one of the boys, while standing on a sand bar, slipped off and fell into the river and was carried off by the current. The other two boys, when they saw Duggott disappear, became alarmed and ran off home, leaving Duggott still struggling in the river.

Mr. A. B. Whitaker of Boston, closed the afternoon with a paper on "Woman's Interest in Journalism."

During the afternoon the ladies were invited to visit the Board of Education on the St. Paul & Duluth road in time to witness a special regatta arranged for their benefit and to attend the reception given by the city of Omaha at the rooms of the St. Paul Press club. The ladies were met by a committee of reception by the Minnesota Press association. During the reception the president announced that the following gentlemen would be the world's fair commissioners and confer with them regarding the newspaper exhibit: Major Kinney of Chicago, R. W. Woods of Indiana, and J. A. Steicher of New York.

Royal Labor Commission.

LONDON, July 16.—At the session today of committee "A" of the royal labor commission, Mr. Hubbard, chairman of the committee governing five of the largest docks and employing nearly 10,000 persons was examined. Mr. Hubbard, during the course of his testimony, said that 50 per cent of the work done on the docks is done by women and that the average weekly wages paid was 95s. 9d. The remaining 44 per cent, Mr. Hubbard said, was done by days work for which the average wages paid was 25s. 6d.

Prof. Marshall, a member of the royal commission, asked a series of questions, the object of which, he explained, was to ascertain what value there was in the so-called "labor" of the dockers. He asked a good deal of impertinent questions, to several of which Mr. Hubbard was unable to answer. He could not grasp the scope of the argument.

Brilliant Banquet of Authors.

LONDON, July 16.—[New York Herald Cable—Special to THE BEE.]—Moses P. Handy and the rest of the world's fair commission reached London today. They are preparing to spend the night in London. Among the passengers who sailed for New York on the Teutonic are C. B. Alexander, Mrs. John A. Logan and family, Mr. and Mrs. Ogden Mills, Colonel and Mrs. Howard Vincent.

The great authors' banquet at the Hotel Metropole tonight in honor of the passage of the copyright law was brilliant beyond words to express. The appearance and dress of so many women, distinguished in literature and society, made the occasion unique. Minister Lincoln was the lion of the evening. It was the most brilliant and successful of the kind ever held in England as a work of American conscience.

In the Chamber of Deputies.

PARIS, July 16.—In the chamber of deputies, today, M. Lator, a Bulgarian deputy, revived the question of the Alsace Lorraine passport regulations by interposing the government as to the manner in which the passport regulations were enforced.

M. Ribot, the minister of foreign affairs, while he did not deny the fact that nothing had occurred toward an explanation, saying that as the matter stood he was unable to give any explanation, he, however, resented with a violent attack upon the German regulations, declaring that they were vexatious restrictions placed upon French commercial travelers in Germany while German commercial travelers in France were in no way restricted. There being no objection, the vote was taken and was announced and declared to be in favor of discussing the interpellation by 280 to 203. This result was due to a coalition of the Right and the radicals against the cabinet.

Fixing American Park.

PARIS, July 16.—The chamber of deputies has passed the final clause of the tariff bill and has approved the government bill modifying the tariff of May 1881, and fixing at 20 francs per 100 kilos the duties of American salt, pork, hams and bacon.

Potato Blight in Ireland.

DUBLIN, July 16.—The blight has played great havoc with the potato crops in the Sillibree district.

Parnell Pays the Costs.

DUBLIN, July 16.—Parnell has paid the costs in the O'Shea case to the amount of \$5,000.

SPRITED CONSIDERATION OF THEM BY THE EDITORIAL ASSOCIATION.

ST. PAUL, Minn., July 16.—At the meeting of the editorial association this morning W. E. Pabor of Denver read a communication from the women friends of Maryland, Virginia and Pennsylvania urging that action be taken on the omission of details in the reports of crimes, including suicides, scandalous divorces, and other matters of a sensational and criminal nature.

The subject of spilling reform was discussed and referred to a special committee. The department members of the association were those of art, kindergarten, elementary education, industrial education, higher education, recovery education, normal school, and normal school, Charles De Garro, Illinois; Edith M. Rogers, New York; and Mrs. J. W. Pabor, Pennsylvania.

There had been several sharp attacks on advertising agents during the session and at the suggestion of the first lady, Mrs. A. K. Richardson, a special advertisement of New York was at this time called for to read his paper on "Advertising," which had been published in the "Country" and at the same time an entertaining defense of the general advertising agents and their conduct in the "Country" was read. The speaker was Mr. J. W. Pabor.

It was 2:30 before the afternoon session was called to order. Vice President Hunter presided over the meeting. The first business done was the reading of the treasurer's report, a lengthy document which shows a balance of \$25,111 from last year and a total of \$100,000 for the year ending June 30. The report was accepted and considerable applause. Mr. Devine of the Century read a paper on "The Future of Journalism," which was followed, said was practically the whole newspaper.

Mr. A. B. Whitaker of Boston, closed the afternoon with a paper on "Woman's Interest in Journalism."

During the afternoon the ladies were invited to visit the Board of Education on the St. Paul & Duluth road in time to witness a special regatta arranged for their benefit and to attend the reception given by the city of Omaha at the rooms of the St. Paul Press club. The ladies were met by a committee of reception by the Minnesota Press association. During the reception the president announced that the following gentlemen would be the world's fair commissioners and confer with them regarding the newspaper exhibit: Major Kinney of Chicago, R. W. Woods of Indiana, and J. A. Steicher of New York.

Royal Labor Commission. LONDON, July 16.—At the session today of committee "A" of the royal labor commission, Mr. Hubbard, chairman of the committee governing five of the largest docks and employing nearly 10,000 persons was examined. Mr. Hubbard, during the course of his testimony, said that 50 per cent of the work done on the docks is done by women and that the average weekly wages paid was 95s. 9d. The remaining 44 per cent, Mr. Hubbard said, was done by days work for which the average wages paid was 25s. 6d.

Prof. Marshall, a member of the royal commission, asked a series of questions, the object of which, he explained, was to ascertain what value there was in the so-called "labor" of the dockers. He asked a good deal of impertinent questions, to several of which Mr. Hubbard was unable to answer. He could not grasp the scope of the argument.

Brilliant Banquet of Authors.

LONDON, July 16.—[New York Herald Cable—Special to THE BEE.]—Moses P. Handy and the rest of the world's fair commission reached London today. They are preparing to spend the night in London. Among the passengers who sailed for New York on the Teutonic are C. B. Alexander, Mrs. John A. Logan and family, Mr. and Mrs. Ogden Mills, Colonel and Mrs. Howard Vincent.

The great authors' banquet at the Hotel Metropole tonight in honor of the passage of the copyright law was brilliant beyond words to express. The appearance and dress of so many women, distinguished in literature and society, made the occasion unique. Minister Lincoln was the lion of the evening. It was the most brilliant and successful of the kind ever held in England as a work of American conscience.

In the Chamber of Deputies.

PARIS, July 16.—In the chamber of deputies, today, M. Lator, a Bulgarian deputy, revived the question of the Alsace Lorraine passport regulations by interposing the government as to the manner in which the passport regulations were enforced.

M. Ribot, the minister of foreign affairs, while he did not deny the fact that nothing had occurred toward an explanation, saying that as the matter stood he was unable to give any explanation, he, however, resented with a violent attack upon the German regulations, declaring that they were vexatious restrictions placed upon French commercial travelers in Germany while German commercial travelers in France were in no way restricted. There being no objection, the vote was taken and was announced and declared to be in favor of discussing the interpellation by 280 to 203. This result was due to a coalition of the Right and the radicals against the cabinet.

Fixing American Park.

PARIS, July 16.—The chamber of deputies has passed the final clause of the tariff bill and has approved the government bill modifying the tariff of May 1881, and fixing at 20 francs per 100 kilos the duties of American salt, pork, hams and bacon.

Potato Blight in Ireland.

DUBLIN, July 16.—The blight has played great havoc with the potato crops in the Sillibree district.

Parnell Pays the Costs.

DUBLIN, July 16.—Parnell has paid the costs in the O'Shea case to the amount of \$5,000.

DEMOCRATS FIXED A DATE.

Time for Holding Their State Convention Set for September 17.

THEY WILL MEET AT GRAND ISLAND.

Enthusiastic Session of the State Central Committee at the Paxton Hotel Last Night—Discussing the Outlook.

CHICAGO, Neb., July 16.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—On last Saturday the alliance holds a county meeting for the purpose of devising ways and means of disposing of the leaves and fishes to the satisfaction of the faithful. Candidates almost without number have sprung up in the ranks for the principal offices and the whole independent fight has been carried on with the utmost vigor.

The city of Neloh will also vote \$15,500 to the same road, under contract, making a total of \$40,000. The engineer corps of the road were received at Harburt, Wheeler county, with flags and firing of avails. They will be in O'Fallon Monday next.

Judge Brady's Candidacy.

BEATRICE, Neb., July 16.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—The Bee representative enjoyed a brief chat with Judge J. H. Brady, in his office today, on the subject of his candidacy for the supreme judgeship on the democratic state ticket this fall.

"You are a candidate for the nomination judge, are you not?" "Not exactly in the sense of being an aspirant for the nomination. I am not making any canvass for the office, nor do I wish to be quoted as seeking it. I do, however, recognize the fact that the position of a judge of the supreme court of the state is one to which all lawyers very naturally aspire. And it would be very unwise for me to say that I am an exception to the rule."

"I have not yet asked that my name shall be presented to the convention, nor shall I do so until the nomination comes to me. It will be wholly unsought, and in that event I do not see how I could very consistently decline to accept it. I must right here sincerely disclaim any intention to anticipate the action of the democratic state convention. I am not aware that the movement in my behalf has assumed any proportions; if it has, it is entirely unknown to me."

Drowned Near Superior.

SUPERIOR, Neb., July 16.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—This afternoon three boys from eight to eleven years old went swimming in the Republican river about four miles west of Superior. Life Duggott, one of the boys, while standing on a sand bar, slipped off and fell into the river and was carried off by the current. The other two boys, when they saw Duggott disappear, became alarmed and ran off home, leaving Duggott still struggling in the river.

Mr. A. B. Whitaker of Boston, closed the afternoon with a paper on "Woman's Interest in Journalism."

During the afternoon the ladies were invited to visit the Board of Education on the St. Paul & Duluth road in time to witness a special regatta arranged for their benefit and to attend the reception given by the city of Omaha at the rooms of the St. Paul Press club. The ladies were met by a committee of reception by the Minnesota Press association. During the reception the president announced that the following gentlemen would be the world's fair commissioners and confer with them regarding the newspaper exhibit: Major Kinney of Chicago, R. W. Woods of Indiana, and J. A. Steicher of New York.

Royal Labor Commission.

LONDON, July 16.—At the session today of committee "A" of the royal labor commission, Mr. Hubbard, chairman of the committee governing five of the largest docks and employing nearly 10,000 persons was examined. Mr. Hubbard, during the course of his testimony, said that 50 per cent of the work done on the docks is done by women and that the average weekly wages paid was 95s. 9d. The remaining 44 per cent, Mr. Hubbard said, was done by days work for which the average wages paid was 25s. 6d.

Prof. Marshall, a member of the royal commission, asked a series of questions, the object of which, he explained, was to ascertain what value there was in the so-called "labor" of the dockers. He asked a good deal of impertinent questions, to several of which Mr. Hubbard was unable to answer. He could not grasp the scope of the argument.

Brilliant Banquet of Authors.

LONDON, July 16.—[New York Herald Cable—Special to THE BEE.]—Moses P. Handy and the rest of the world's fair commission reached London today. They are preparing to spend the night in London. Among the passengers who sailed for New York on the Teutonic are C. B. Alexander, Mrs. John A. Logan and family, Mr. and Mrs. Ogden Mills, Colonel and Mrs. Howard Vincent.

The great authors' banquet at the Hotel Metropole tonight in honor of the passage of the copyright law was brilliant beyond words to express. The appearance and dress of so many women, distinguished in literature and society, made the occasion unique. Minister Lincoln was the lion of the evening. It was the most brilliant and successful of the kind ever held in England as a work of American conscience.

In the Chamber of Deputies.

PARIS, July 16.—In the chamber of deputies, today, M. Lator, a Bulgarian deputy, revived the question of the Alsace Lorraine passport regulations by interposing the government as to the manner in which the passport regulations were enforced.

M. Ribot, the minister of foreign affairs, while he did not deny the fact that nothing had occurred toward an explanation, saying that as the matter stood he was unable to give any explanation, he, however, resented with a violent attack upon the German regulations, declaring that they were vexatious restrictions placed upon French commercial travelers in Germany while German commercial travelers in France were in no way restricted. There being no objection, the vote was taken and was announced and declared to be in favor of discussing the interpellation by 280 to 203. This result was due to a coalition of the Right and the radicals against the cabinet.

Fixing American Park.

PARIS, July 16.—The chamber of deputies has passed the final clause of the tariff bill and has approved the government bill modifying the tariff of May 1881, and fixing at 20 francs per 100 kilos the duties of American salt, pork, hams and bacon.

Potato Blight in Ireland.

DUBLIN, July 16.—The blight has played great havoc with the potato crops in the Sillibree district.

Parnell Pays the Costs.

DUBLIN, July 16.—Parnell has paid the costs in the O'Shea case to the amount of \$5,000.

WEATHER FORECAST.

For Omaha and vicinity—Showers; stationary temperature.

For Minnesota and South Dakota—Fair Friday; slightly cooler, except stationary temperature in western portion of South Dakota; north winds.

For North Dakota—Warmer; fair; warmer Friday night, becoming southwest.

For Iowa and Nebraska—Showers; slightly cooler; stationary temperature at Des Moines; northwest winds.

For Missouri—Fair, except light showers in western portion; slightly warmer; south winds.

For Kansas—Showers; slightly cooler; except stationary temperature in southeast portion; stationary temperature at St. Louis; north winds.

For Colorado—Fair Friday; slightly cooler; north winds.

Blames the Freight Crew.

CLEVELAND, O., July 16.—M. J. McInerney, state inspector of railroads, has submitted his report in the Erie wreck at Ravenna to his superior, while the rules of the company provide for the running of trains not nearer than five minutes apart. Another rule of the company permits passenger trains to remain at the station for ten minutes before sending back a flagman. This gave the flagman but one minute to go back and he was unable to do so in time, according to the report, guilty of a little negligence in not placing a lighted fuse on the track. The freight crew are held to be guilty of gross negligence.

Not Settled for Willard.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., July 16.—William Webb, president of the National Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers, has arrived here and today made an effort to compromise the trouble at the Neidreidhaus mill, but the attempt was a failure. The strikers and Mr. Webb were in conference all the morning, but the terms of a compromise were refused by the strikers called on Mr. Neidreidhaus to arrange the settlement, but the latter refused to do so. The company several bargons would come to the mill and apply for work he would be glad to put them to work and furthermore that he would never sign another note of their kind. The 350 men are determined to stay out.

The Ministerial Law Suit.

PH