

ATTRACTION AT THE RACES

Members of Congress Watch the Horses Go at the Benning Track.

PUBLIC BUSINESS GIVEN UP FOR SPORT

Efforts of the Sergeant-at-Arms of the House to Get a Quorum—The Plate Statistician, Keystone Bank Inquiries—Washington Gossip.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 28.—After routine business the house went into committee of the whole on the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill.

The pending question was on Mr. Hill's amendment restoring to \$7,500 the salary of the minister to Venezuela. No quorum voting a call was ordered. Although 192 members responded to their names, the quorum vanished on the vote on the amendment and another call showed that 170 members were present.

These constituting a quorum, the tellers resumed the roll call, and again the tellers retired and another roll call was insisted on. This time 160 responded, but when business was resumed the number of customers had increased to 170.

The speaker refused to patronize and allowed the trading to be done exclusively by democrats, and agreed to suspend the committee on motion of Mr. Blount, rose.

Mr. Blount then moved that the house adjourn on motion of Mr. Blount, rose.

Then Mr. Blount moved that the sergeant-at-arms be directed to bring in the absentees. This was carried and the sergeant-at-arms procured several backs and his deputies proceeded with the roll call.

But the return from the races was not as speedy as the trip thereto, and as it was evident that no business could be transacted, the house adjourned.

IN THE SENATE

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 28.—The resolution of Jones of Arkansas for the payment to the Choctaw and Chickasaw nations for their interest in the Choctaw and Arapahoe reservations, was laid before the senate.

Alison spoke against it. Mr. Allison said if the senate were to pass the bill, it would be a precedent for the payment of a further \$7,000,000. What he thought, therefore, ought to be done, was to recommit the whole subject to the committee on Indian affairs, and he would make such a motion at the close of the debate.

Mr. Allison then read an extract from a letter he had written to the secretary of the bank after witnesses assumed office was in the examiner's report made November 10, 1890, calling attention to three items in the loans—one to John W. Wamamaker for \$25,000, one to H. R. Jones for \$50,000 and one to the third to Greenville Hayes, president of the bank for \$50,000, and making the objection that at that time the bank had no reserve was \$5,000 below the legal requirements. There was nothing objectionable about this criticism, and the suggestion of a bank developing something for criticism. It was not until about July, 1890, that witness' attention was called to anything exceptional in the management of the bank, and to the fact that the bank was in an unhealthy condition.

TIN PLATE STATISTICS

Report of a Special Treasury Agent on the Industry—Washington Notes.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 28.—Special Treasury Agent Ayer has submitted a report on the growth of the tin plate industry. It shows that for the quarter ending September 30, 1891, five manufacturers made 827,000 pounds, for the quarter ended December 31, eleven manufacturers reported 1,410,000 pounds; for the quarter ended March 31, 1892, nineteen manufacturers reported 3,049,000 pounds.

Ayer says that to maintain the tin industry after 1897 the manufacturers must be able to turn out 30,000,000 pounds of tin plate, that they will be able to turn out 300,000,000 pounds.

KEYSTONE BANK INVESTIGATION

The Keystone National bank investigation was resumed today in the committee on banking and currency and Controller Lacy was examined. The first criticism of the management of the bank after witnesses assumed office was in the examiner's report made November 10, 1890, calling attention to three items in the loans—one to John W. Wamamaker for \$25,000, one to H. R. Jones for \$50,000 and one to the third to Greenville Hayes, president of the bank for \$50,000, and making the objection that at that time the bank had no reserve was \$5,000 below the legal requirements. There was nothing objectionable about this criticism, and the suggestion of a bank developing something for criticism. It was not until about July, 1890, that witness' attention was called to anything exceptional in the management of the bank, and to the fact that the bank was in an unhealthy condition.

Mr. Lacy rose and in reply to the question of the management of the bank, and to the fact that the bank was in an unhealthy condition, he said that the bank was in an unhealthy condition, and that the bank was in an unhealthy condition.

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EMPIRE STATE REPUBLICANS

They Will Present a Solid Front to the Enemy in the Coming Election.

REID'S TRIBUTE TO REPUBLICANISM

Adoption of a Platform in Which Can Be Found No Equivocation—Ohio Republicans in Harmony—Harrison's Strength Increasing.

ALBANY, N. Y., April 28.—It was said this morning that the sentiment among the delegates to the republican convention was so generally for Harrison that it would not be necessary to instruct the national delegates for him.

Chairman Brookfield of the state committee called the convention to order at noon. Southern Ohio Temporary Chairman.

William A. Sutherland was chosen temporary chairman. On taking the chair he delivered an address upon the absolute necessity of carrying New York to elect the next president. Victory so far had been evenly divided, and it was now the democrats' turn. The republicans have a hard fight before them, with only 1 per cent in their favor.

The speaker warned that the pluralists of 1856 would not be sufficient to give him the electoral vote in 1892, owing to the colerity with which false returns were manufactured and returned in 1856.

Arrangements to rush through fraudulent returns and issue certificates under them had been perfected by Tammany hall, and closed by the republican party in every precinct throughout the state as the only means of acquiring victory.

Chairman Brookfield's speech the usual committees were appointed. The convention adjourned at 3:30. The committee on credentials reported that there were but one or two irregularities.

Mr. Reid thanked the convention for the honor of being made chairman. Since his connection with the republican party, which extended over thirty-six years, he had never seen a time when the duty of republicans was so clearly defined as now.

Mr. Reid then read a list of names of those who had been elected to the republican party, and said that the republican party was the only party that had a platform.

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LITTLE HOPE FOR PALACIO

Venezuela's Victorious Insurgents Preparing for the Final Struggle.

THEIR RANKS ARE DAILY STRENGTHENED

Prisoners of the Capital Overhauling with Victims of the Dictator—Supreme Court Judges Still Occupy Their Cells at Caracas.

[Copyrighted 1892 by James Gordon Bennett.] L. A. GUAYAN, Venezuela (via Galveston, Tex.), April 28.—[By Mexican Cable to the New York Herald—Special to THE BEEL.]—President Palacios maintains a strict censorship over all telegrams sent from the territory over which he still has control. The object is plain. He does not want any impartial statement of the situation to reach the outside world. This effectually disposes of his claim that he has triumphed over General Crespo and that the rebellion is at an end. The fact of the matter is Caracas hears little of what is taking place in the interior. Such dispatches as do reach the capital are very disheartening to the government. Couriers kept arriving at Caracas with word that public sentiment against Palacios is increasing. Especially in the interior of the country is opposition to his acts most strongly demonstrated.

On the other hand the revolutionists are reported to be active in the interior. A small party which continue to be landed along the coast of the coast west of Puerto Cabello, which is held by the troops under command of General Crespo. The revolutionists are constantly supplied to Crespo, who is thus enabled to give his men good food and clothing.

Preparations for the Final Battle. If advices received here today may be relied upon, Crespo has at last begun to move for his headquarters at the southern end of Lake Valencia. It is believed that simultaneously with the advance toward Valencia, the plan appears to be to attack Valencia, Victoria and Puerto Cabello before moving on to the capital. The recent victories of his forces at various points have encouraged hundreds of peasants and mountaineers who have hitherto been wavering between the contestants to join his ranks. The situation at Caracas is unchanged except that the feeling of alarm is becoming greater.

There seems no likelihood of their being released so long as Palacios remains in power. He is so suspicious of everybody. Arrests are startlingly frequent. The prison is overcrowded. To make room for new political prisoners the government has ordered the release of a number of their political prisoners.

Palacios is very much afraid of assassination. He keeps himself within the yellow lines of his territory, and guards the front of the buildings by day as well as by night.

England is Assisting Palacios. A quantity of arms from Trinidad, intended for General Crespo, was seized at Trinidad, Bolivia on the night of April 18. The government has captured a son of the revolutionist leader and the young man, it declares, will be executed on the day his mother is killed. The league of Caracas, President Palacios also announced that he will subject young Crespo to torture unless Mrs. Crespo divulges her husband's plans.

Mr. Crespo is expected to return soon after this threat was made known to him. "They dare not do it," she said. At the same time she said that she had never before had any communication with her husband, and that she had never before had any communication with her husband.

Yello fever is raging at Tucuo and is spreading to the west and north, playing havoc among the shops at Maracibo. Palacios has purchased a large quantity of muskets and ammunition in Trinidad and they are being landed at the fort along the Orinoco river. The government has secured the active support of Great Britain in consideration of conceding to that country the disputed territory between Venezuela and British Guiana.

The federalist general, Mora, received a quantity of arms from Caracas on April 28 and marched to join Crespo. On the day following the government troops occupied the towns of Maracibo and Palto.

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OHIO FACTIONS HARMONIZED

Everything Now Peaceful Between Sherman and Foraker About the Delegation.

THEY WILL PRESENT A SOLID FRONT

They Will Present a Solid Front to the Enemy in the Coming Election.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 28.—At the last moment before reassembling of the national state convention, the Sherman and Foraker over the delegates-at-large to the national convention was settled by an arrangement to nominate Sherman.

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PROVED TO BE A HOLOCAUST

Six Actors and Actresses Lose Their Lives in the Philadelphia Fire.

THOMAS LORELLA'S HEROIC DEVOTION

Three Score of Men and Boys in Hospital Suffering from Burns and Seven Will Probably Die—Other Work of the Flames.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., April 28.—In all probability a seventh victim must be added to the list of those who perished in the Central theater fire last evening.

The parents of Samuel Wallace, a boy of 15, today reported to the police that their son had been taken to attend the performance which left home so disastrously and up to this time has failed to return. Diligent search has been made at all the hospitals, but no trace of the lad can be found, and it is believed his body lies buried beneath the ruins of the theater.

As soon as it became known about this morning that a number of persons were buried under the walls of the theater, the crowd surged forward, against the police lines in an effort to get more closely to the scene.

Cut Off from Escape. Mr. Yale, manager of the "David's Auction," said that at the time the fire broke out there were about seventy people in all on the left staircase. The dressing rooms were in the rear of the staircase, one on the right and one on the left of the basement, led directly to doors that admitted to alleysways in the rear of the theater. All the members of the company were in the dressing rooms when the alarm of fire sounded throughout the house.

All those who sought safety by the left staircase reached the street unharmed. At this time the left side of the stage was still untouched by the fire, but the right was already a mass of flames. The canvases and paint of the scenery was like so much oil before the advancing flames, and great volumes of heavy, stifling smoke were rolled over and underneath the stage.

Mr. Yale's belief that the unfortunate men and women who are supposed to be beneath the ruins ran to the stairs that led to the fire. Finding their escape cut off they probably became confused and blinded and choked by the smoke, falling on the stairs or in the passage-way beneath the stage. Their fate then can only too well be surmised, as it was but a few minutes after that the whole stage was a blaze. The names of the theatrical people who perished are as follows:

THOMAS LORELLA, dancer and grotesque artist. ELOHA LORELLA, his wife, soprano. VINCENZO GILBERTI, premier danseuse, one of the Chatter sisters, Italian dancers. FANCHON CONYERS, juvenile character, of Chicago. SARAH GOLDMAN, soprano, Chicago. WILLIAM L. BROOKS, leading man, Philadelphia. Thomas Lorella, the dead gymnast, met his death in a heroic attempt to save the life of his wife. When the fire broke out he easily made his escape from the dressing room and reached the street in safety. He supposed that his wife had preceded him and was safe. Not finding her in the street he returned to the alleyway leading into the rear of the theater. It was filled with smoke and the flames were beginning to break out of the roof of the theater. Turning to a friend he said, "I will see if she is safe if it costs me my life."

Met Death with His Wife. Without heeding the remonstrances of those standing about him he plunged into the dark, smoke-filled alley and disappeared from view. He was true to his word about seeing his wife, though he met death on the way and lies buried beneath the ruins with her.

No Attempt at Rescuing the Bodies has been permitted as yet, owing to the dangerous condition of the ruins. Men are at work on the debris and the dangerous walls will be pulled down. Then the work of saving the bodies will begin.

None of the injured have died and all are reported tonight as doing well. The Times tonight will be printed on the blacked-up paper. The whole issue is found to be much smaller than was at first anticipated, owing to the construction of the annex building, which was designed to save the valuable presses in the basement in case of fire. Double arches were built about the machinery and it was found this morning that they had sustained the weight of the floors of tons of debris, and the presses and other machinery, valued at \$20,000, had escaped with comparatively little damage. The building, valued at \$150,000, is a total wreck, with fixtures, worth \$100,000. It will be at once rebuilt. The Times was insured for \$100,000 in a large number of companies.

Two People Killed and Three Badly Injured in a