

HARRISON FLAGS OUTLOOK

Friends of the President First in the Field at Minneapolis.

STOLE A MARCH ON THE BLAINE BOOMERS

Harrison Headquarters Opened at the West—Manned by the Men of '88—Cabinetists More Disconcerted Than They Care to Confess—Indianians Enthusiastic.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., June 1.—The advance guard of the convention hustlers has been here for some days and today the first of the actual workers came in on an afternoon train.

This afternoon the Harrison parties were opened at the West hotel. The present headquarters are in the 428 and 430 and are out temporary. Permanent headquarters will be opened on the lower floor later in the week.

Those who arrived this afternoon are all Harrison men, of the most enthusiastic kind, and are here to work for the nomination of Harrison.

STOLE A MARCH ON THE BLAINE BOOMERS.

The early opening of the Harrison headquarters in an upper part of the West hotel is expected to be first when they come in with the national committee tomorrow.

The president's friends have stolen a march on the Blaine boomers and their sudden arrival means fight from start to finish.

The chief speaker of the party this afternoon was Mr. Shiel of Indianapolis, and he struck out right from the shoulder. Said he: "It is certainly in very bad taste for Mr. Quay, who for years has been a Republican of Pennsylvania for governor and for Fordster, who for years has been a Republican of Ohio, to be nominated as the Republican party."

Continuing, he said: "The Blaine sentiment in this country is not as strong as people have seen in the newspapers. It could be more properly called an anti-Harrison sentiment. We from Indiana are here to fight long and hard for the nomination of Harrison."

"But we won't assume it even for argument's sake," interrupted Mr. Shiel. "We won't assume it under any consideration. Blaine will be nominated, and we will have no formidable nor united opposition, will have no opposition of any kind before the first Friday."

"The Indians are the most enthusiastic of men. They talk Harrison everywhere and all the time, and if the favorite does not win it will not be because they are not doing all they can for him."

PROHIBITIONIST PREFERENCES.

Wisconsin Convention Receives a Democratic Platform—Divided on the Governor.

MADISON, Wis., June 1.—Captain Clegghorn, permanent chairman of the prohibition state convention, today opened the convention this morning. Milwaukee was chosen as the place for holding the next convention.

The platform adopted declares in favor of a law prohibiting the liquor traffic forever and the issue of money to be given up to the needs of the people; education in the English language under the supervision of the government; government ownership of railroads, telegraphs and telephones; educational qualifications for voters; improved system of highways; no revenue to be raised by taxation on nation's wealth rather than on its labor, and instead of the present tariff, a tariff on the basis of the value of the masses are taxed to support the federal government, raising of revenues and protection of industries should be forever deferred; and that the duties of government, and protection, when needed, should be secured by other and proper legislative or constitutional means.

The committee on nominations reported as follows: For governor, T. C. Richmond of Madison; lieutenant governor, G. A. Shepherd of Madison; secretary, W. H. W. W. Barnes of Columbia; state treasurer, A. D. Russell of Marinette; attorney general, F. D. Wastley of Douglas; superintendent of public instruction, C. W. Underwood of Outagamie; railroad commissioner, J. E. Clayton of Milwaukee; insurance commissioner, J. B. Mitchell of Madison.

The minority of the committee reported against the nomination of Richmond for governor. Nominated in Illinois.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., June 1.—The prohibition state convention nominated the following ticket: Governor, R. L. Lina of Franklin county; lieutenant governor, J. C. Lamont of Rockford; secretary of state, John P. Kilian of Shelby; auditor, S. N. Noy of Vermilion; treasurer, T. J. Marshall of Jackson; attorney general, A. T. Wright of La Salle; trustees of the state university, Prof. Albert G. Green of Lebanon, Prof. Carl Johnson of Eureka, Prof. L. S. Hogan of Chicago; congressmen-at-large, James Pelter of Springfield and F. E. Andrews of Sterling.

COLORED MEN FOR HARRISON.

A Representative Negro Delegate Talks on the Political Situation.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 1.—[Special Telegram to The Herald.]—Mr. W. Calvin Chase, prominent colored man of this city and a delegate to the Minneapolis convention from the District of Columbia, said last evening in an interview: "I have no outgivements, I

will say, though, that Harrison has endeavored himself to the hearts of the colored people of this country and will receive their unanimous support. He won us by his ringing declaration of the federal election bill and by his courageous utterances whenever our rights were being discussed. Then he has given us more official recognition than any other candidate. He has given us the right to be heard in the administration of the colored man has received a share of material interest in the machinery of the government. At all times has he been in the front of the struggle. He has shown us the way. He has shown us the way to show our gratitude.

"Blaine cannot get one-half of the colored vote. Of course you understand that I am for the nominee, whoever it may be, but I don't mind stating it to be my firm conviction that the colored vote will go to Harrison if he is chosen. He is held responsible for republican defeat in the last congressional elections. He opposed the McKinley bill and his comments were used with telling effect by the democratic orators."

D. G. Holden has been appointed postmaster at the new post office at St. Joseph, Mo. A favorable report has been made by the voters commission upon the granting of the vote to the Watwau, Sioux City & Duluth road through the Wahpeton and Sisseton Indian reservation. The voters commission has also reported in favor of the Midland Pacific road through the Crow Creek reservation in South Dakota.

Senator Pettigrew introduced a bill to reassign the assignment of Sioux half-breed scrip. S. H. Sawyer of Edon, Ia., is at the St. James.

ANYTHING TO BEAT REPUBLICANS.

Democrats and Independents Make a Combination in Kansas.

KANSAS CITY, Kan., June 1.—A joint meeting of the democratic and people's parties of Kansas was held here today, which was ultimately resulted in not only defeating the republicans again at the coming state election but also in transferring Kansas from the list of republican states to at least the doubtful column. The meeting decided that it would be well for democrats and people's party to form a coalition against the republicans in the coming elections.

Among those representing the democratic state committee were: W. C. Jones, chairman of the committee; W. H. Peppeler, ex-governor Charles Robinson, Hon. C. W. Blair, S. F. Neesley, J. B. Chapman, John S. Richardson, W. C. Perry, Frank Bacon, Sam Riggs, B. J. Sheridan. Those representing the people's party were: R. A. Chennault, H. H. Brown, W. C. Jones, J. W. Eureka, Levi Dumbauld, Judge Raney, J. W. Bell, L. Van Voorhies, W. H. Wakefield, J. H. True and J. H. Latimer. Besides these leaders, there were a large attendance of private citizens of both parties.

Will Keep it a Secret. The meeting went into secret session at 11 o'clock and did not adjourn until 5 in the afternoon. During the intervening hours the matter of fusion was discussed and a resolution was adopted giving the sense of the meeting as in favor of fusion. The resolution provided that for some secretaries unknown until next Saturday, when the secretaries will be nominated at separate conventions, the democrats on a democratic platform and the people's party men on a reform platform, the object being to avoid endorsement by either party of the other's principles.

The matter of presidential electors was discussed and the resolution was adopted that a coalition should be formed also in that direction. The details of the fusion in that quarter, however, were not definitely decided upon, the matter being left to a meeting to be held later.

Greed of the Alliance. The reason for postponing action on the fusion on presidential electors was the desire of the alliance to get the nomination. They want all the presidential electors while the democrats think they are entitled to half of them, considering the concessions they have made to the alliance. It is believed that the differences between the two parties on this question will be amicably settled. The general feeling is that the alliance is "nothing to be beat the republicans." The representatives of both parties were willing to make almost any concession to attain that end.

The man most prominently mentioned in connection with the nomination by the democrats for the candidate is chief justice of the supreme court, Judge Oliver A. Roy, a life long democrat. Judge Overmyer of Topeka seemed to be the favorite for the nomination by the alliance. Roy and Overmyer's party men wanted Attorney General Ives for governor, but the democrats did not think he was strong enough. That opinion, however, is given only in an advisory way and the nomination being left wholly with the people's party.

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Fixing the Blaine-Alger Ticket. CHICAGO, Ill., June 1.—Among the many people who are recommending the ticket yesterday was Frank Hatch of Washington. John M. Thurston of Nebraska, ex-congressman Allen of Michigan, Commissioner of Navigation Oberne, delegate to Minneapolis from New York; ex-Senators Spooner and D. M. Sabin, Thomas Lowry and Colonel John A. G. of Iowa. The republican party arrived at 9:30 and took quarters at the Grand Pacific. In one of the rooms a conference was held for the purpose of selecting himself and the following committee: Hyde of Massachusetts, Conger of Ohio, Paine of Massachusetts and Sanborn of Ohio. The conference was held in the presence of Mr. Allen at the conference gave rise to the rumor that final arrangements were being made for the bringing of the Blaine-Alger ticket. Mr. Clark arranged that there would be an official conference of any nature till after the arrival at the convention.

On to the Floor City. WASHINGTON, D. C., June 1.—From present indications it appears that there is likely to be a practical suspension of public business in congress next week owing to the numerous absentees. Many republican senators have been detained and have arranged to be absent from the city for a number of days. Senators Hiseock and McClintock intend to go west tonight and tomorrow Senators Teller, Wolcott, Dabbs, Shop and Higgins will follow. Senators Davis and Pettigrew will wait until the end of the week before they begin the pilgrimage, when they may be in company with ex-speaker Reed, who is bound to be in Chicago and says he will be a regular road man until he reaches Minneapolis, where he will develop into a politician.

Depew's Great Transformation Act. NEW YORK, June 1.—Chauncey M. Depew and party left New York last evening for Chicago enroute to Minneapolis. Mr. Depew has to attend an important railroad meeting in Chicago and says he will be a regular road man until he reaches Minneapolis, where he will develop into a politician.

Tammany Hall at Chicago. NEW YORK, June 1.—A committee on organization of Tammany Hall was held at the wigwag in East Fourteenth street last night. Commissioner of Public Works Gilroy presided and the committee was organized.

Washington, D. C., June 1.—The house committee on public lands today ordered a favorable report on the senate bill to change the boundaries of the Yellowstone park. This bill reduces the present size of the park on the north and increases it on other directions.

UNTIL AFTER THE BATTLE

Free Silver Bill Not to Be Voted on Till the Ideas of June Be Passed.

HILL VOTES WITH THE FREE SILVERITES

New Senator from Virginia Sits in Mills' Chair and Meets with the Free Coinage Men—Tells Day at the Capital.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 1.—There is to be no vote on the free silver coinage bill or on any amendment to it until after the Minneapolis convention shall have closed, and in all probability, there will be none until after the Chicago convention shall have also come to an end, the senate having voted today, on the suggestion of Mr. Aldrich and without a single dissent from either side of the chamber, that no vote should be taken on that bill until after the 14th of June.

This agreement was arrived at after Mr. Sherman had closed his two days' argument against the bill, which his last words characterized as "a frightful deed to be resisted and opposed."

Mr. Sherman spoke for an hour today with the same force and earnestness he displayed yesterday, but without having so large an attentive audience, although Mr. Hill did him the honor of being a close listener. He was followed by Mr. Stewart, who had not had a dozen listeners on his own side of the chamber and who therefore addressed himself almost exclusively to an audience of democratic senators.

Nothing Done in the House. WASHINGTON, D. C., June 1.—Strangers desiring an insight to the peculiar rules which govern the house in its deliberations might have been interested in the proceedings of that body today, but few others would have been able to do so, as the house adjourned the whole day in order to discuss points of order.

A call was made for the yeas and nays and one page of the measure was disposed of in committee of the whole on the bill Mr. Caldwell of Ohio moved that the appropriation for the purchase of the land in the 1000. Lost. Without disposing of the bill the house adjourned.

Washington Notes. WASHINGTON, D. C., June 1.—Secretary Elkins issued a general order to the army today announcing the retirement of Brigadier General D. S. Stanley and paying him tribute to his military services. The commissioner of internal revenue reports the payment of 2,816 claims on sugar, amounting to \$2,107,000, leaving unsettled 615 claims, involving \$34,000.

General Columbus Holiday. WASHINGTON, D. C., June 1.—In the senate today a joint resolution passed authorizing and directing the president to proclaim a national holiday on the 10th of October, the 40th anniversary of the discovery of America on the 12th of October, 1892.

Public Treasury Statement. Present Condition of the Liabilities and Assets of Your Uncle Samuel. WASHINGTON, D. C., June 1.—Public debt statement:

Table with columns: Description, Amount, and Date. Includes Treasury notes, bonds, and other financial data.

CASH IN THE TREASURY. Gold coin, \$1,212,731,583; Silver coin, \$1,212,731,583; Treasury notes, \$1,212,731,583; Bonds, \$1,212,731,583; Other, \$1,212,731,583.

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IF THERE SHOULD BE WAR

M. Jules Simon is Confident That France Would Vanquish Germany.

HIS REASONS FOR THINKING THUS

Various Phases of a Delicate and Difficult Situation Carefully Reviewed by the Old French Statesman—Strength of the Countries Compared.

PARIS, June 1.—[New York Herald.]—M. Jules Simon, former premier of France, today reviewed the various phases of a delicate and difficult situation carefully, and compared the strength of the countries.

"If there is war between France and Germany, it is my firm conviction that France will be victorious in the fight." There are in or out of France few men who can read the signs of the times more shrewdly than the eminent statesman, or who are more dispassionate or unbiased in their judgments.

"What is it you want to see me about?" M. Simon asked. I told him how the public had been impressed by the timely and wise observations he made last week respecting President Carnot's forthcoming visit to Nancy and which had been quoted in the official columns of the Paris Herald.

Changes in the Times. "Certainly the situation is very serious," M. Simon said. "Some observers of the signs of the times are of the opinion that it somewhat resembles that of 1870. To a certain extent that may be right, but there are several points of difference."

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STORMS ARE STILL RAGING

Great Damage Done in a Large Section of the Mississippi Valley.

RAIN, HAIL, WINDS AND FLOODS

They All Contribute Their Share in Devastating Fields and Destroying Crops—A Number of Lives Lost by Lightning—Fatal Electricity.

CHICAGO, Ill., June 1.—Advices to the Associated Press received from many points along the Mississippi valley, showing that heavy rain storms prevailed yesterday and last night throughout a large section of the Mississippi valley, adding to the soggy condition of the already rain-soaked ground, further delaying planting and drowning out grain already in the ground.

At New Hope, Ky., the downpour was accompanied by a destructive hail storm, doing great damage to grain, fruit and vegetables. Fields are under water and the situation is so alarming that the price of wheat has advanced in that market. An electrical storm killed several hundred acres of grass and cotton, giving them the appearance of being burned.

At Greenfield, Mo., a heavy rain storm accompanied by a wind storm, which did considerable damage to buildings. An electrical storm killed several hundred acres of grass and cotton, giving them the appearance of being burned.

At Wellington, Kan., Appeals to the Charity of the United States. WELLINGTON, Kan., June 1.—The committee appointed to procure relief for the sufferers by the recent cyclone today issued an appeal to the people of the United States. The appeal recites the details of the cyclone, given in the dispatches heretofore, and adds that an almost total crop failure has been caused by the heavy rain storm which has prevailed for the past three days, which has not only caused much money loss, but threatens to breed sickness and disease.

At Kansas City, High Water at Kansas City. Water from the Kaw and Missouri Again Doing Damage. KANSAS CITY, Mo., June 1.—The Missouri and the Kaw rivers are again rising at this place. The rise is due to local rains and is not the annual June flood, which is anticipated with apprehension. It has been raining continuously for two days here and a great quantity of water has fallen. Harmon, the little village across the Missouri river from here, is again flooded, but not so great a quantity of water has fallen there. The east bottoms on this side are also covered with water, but no damage has been done.

At Cedar Rapids, Ia., Much Damage in Indiana. INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., June 1.—Floods continue in this vicinity. The White river and Fall creek are overflowing all contiguous territory. Many bridges have been washed away. The city is threatened with the worst flood in its history. Reports from other points entering the Missouri valley in and west of the Missouri valley the weather is fair and growing warmer, which is a relief from the prevailing gloom of Missouri; west of the river the winds are southerly. Temperature has risen decidedly in the upper mountain regions and the rise is drifting eastward.

At St. Louis, Mo., Weather Forecast. OFFICE OF WEATHER BUREAU, ST. LOUIS, Mo., June 1.—The storm is east of the Mississippi river and cool, rainy weather prevails in the upper Mississippi valley. A high pressure area overlies the western sections from Minnesota to Texas, and separates the eastern front from another entering the Missouri valley. In and west of the Missouri valley the weather is fair and growing warmer, which is a relief from the prevailing gloom of Missouri; west of the river the winds are southerly. Temperature has risen decidedly in the upper mountain regions and the rise is drifting eastward.

At New York, N. Y., Steamship Arrivals. At New York, June 1.—The new steamer Columbia of the Pacific mail line is a flyer. She arrived here last Monday night from Colon. It was her maiden trip, but she made the journey in five days and twenty-three hours, running at but three-quarters speed. "Harris accounts require him to remain in Paris at that particular moment."

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