CANYON CUT CUSTER

[CONTINUED FROM TENTH PAGE.]

ter, the first county seat of Custer county, sixteen miles southwest of Broken Bow, and seven miles east of Callaway. I have 1,000 acres of land and have been an active farmer and stock grower all these years. I had thirty acres of wheat last year that averaged thirty bushels per acre, 200 acres of corn, average forty bushels. I have 250 head of cattle, seventy-five head of horses. There is $5,000 worth of improvements on the homestead. The house cost $3,000, barn 100 feet long, three sheds each eighty feet long, 200 apple trees not bearing yet, but healthy. I am now farming on a large scale and make one man farm 200 acres. The way I manage it is thus: I give each man two good teams, gang plows and double harrows, plant the ground in corn one year and sow it to small grain the next, thus only plowing it once in two years. I claim there is no other country where one man can farm 200 acres in one year and do it well. I have 300 acres of corn planted this year and have been over it six times with the harrow already. I always keep the harrows going all the time until the corn is up so big that my neighbors say I am a d—d fool and then I harrow it once more. I have broke out 300 acres this season. I have had blue grass and timothy and clover for ten years. It cuts about one and a half tons per acre on an average.

J. L. Oxford.

J. L. Oxford, whose postoffice is Gates, twenty miles north of Broken Bow, settled in Custer county eighteen years ago, being one of the few early settlers. He first settled at Oak Grove, but afterwards sold his claim there and removed to his present location. He has a section in the home place, a quarter section one mile from there and an eighty near Broken Bow. Mr. Oxford says: I was here early enough to get the benefit of grasshopper year, and that and 1890 are the only failures of crops since I have been here. Last year I had ninety-five acres of corn, average forty-five bushels, twenty-five acres of wheat, average twenty-five bushels, seventy acres oats, average forty bushels per acre. I came here from northern Missouri and can raise more grain here with same labor than in any country I ever saw. I started in Custer county with $1,300. I have my land, 130 head of cattle, fourteen horses, sixty hogs and am free from debt. I would not take less than $12,000 for the home section, and the balance is worth about as much. Mr. Oxford is worth about $30,000.

Father of Broken Bow.

Jesse Gandy laid out the town site of Broken Bow, July 1882. He bought the land of a homesteader. He was afterwards mayor of the town and lives there now, although he is a farmer and stockman. He farms 160 acres six miles west of the city, has fifteen head of trotting bred horses, runs a training barn, and has a fine one-half mile track on his farm.

John O. Taylor is another who has made himself independent on the farm. He came twelve years ago, penniless, worked by the day for a living a long time, but is now an extensive farmer, and is worth at least $18,000.

The Place to Get a Home.

A. H. Ford near West Union, settled there five years ago. He came from eastern Nebraska with only one horse and nothing else. He went in debt for another horse, rented twenty acres of land, farmed it, took a homestead, broke it out as best he could, and has since bought another quarter-section adjoining. It is a good farm, well improved. Mr. Ford says he thinks this is a splendid farming country, extra good for wheat, and the best for vegetables he ever saw. Said he: I think that anyone who wants a farm should come here to get it. His farm is on the table, twelve miles northwest of West Union.

A Large Farm.

The firm of Wescott & Gibbons, W. S. Wescott and E. C. Gibbons, own 3,500 acres of land around the town of Wescott, in the Middle Loup valley. They settled there twelve years ago. It is as beautiful a spot as the world affords, and their lands are as fertile as can be found in this or any other state. Their land is apparently as level as a floor, though draining itself perfectly, and is so easy farmed that last year they cultivated 1,200 acres with twelve men. They had 200 acres of wheat last year that averaged about thirty bushels per acre; 500 acres of corn, average, forty-five bushels; 150 acres of oats that averaged fifty bushels per acre. The firm has 1,000 head of cattle, and fed 500 this this season. They keep Clydesdale horses and have fifty head of standard-bred trotters.

Happy is the Miller.

R. R. Carr was the pioneer settler at West Union, coming fifteen years ago. He owns 1,600 acres of valley land in the Middle Loup, and has never failed to raise good crops. Corn averages forty bushels per acre, one year with another; wheat, eighteen; oats, forty five. Have known corn to make seventy-five or eighty bushels per acre. Mr. Carr is now operating a flouring mill, which he built four years ago; capacity, 100 barrels per day, water power, and is doing a big business. He says the wheat makes as good flour as the famous Minnesota wheat, and his brands are sought all over the country.

W. J. Wallace.

Mr. Wallace has a fine farm two and one-half miles northwest of West Union where he has resided for the past eleven years. He came there from Appanoose county, Iowa, and says he considers this much the best farming country for many reasons. Said he: I have had splendid crops every year but one, 1890. Last year I had 120 acres of corn, twenty acres of wheat, averaging thirty bushels, and fifty acres of oats that averaged sixty bushels. I have twenty-eight head of Clydesdale horses and some running stock. Mr. Wallace has a section of land.

Prefers Nebraska to Iowa.

John Orvis owns two sections of land near West Union. He came from Fayette county, Iowa, fourteen years ago and has raised good crops every year except in 1890, and last year his corn was hurt with hail. Mr. Orvis says his wheat averaged thirty bushels last year and his oats fifty bushels. He lives in a fine frame residence, has a large barn and a small orchard, fine groves, and small fruit in abundance. "I prefer this to Iowa because it is a better climate, land easier worked, more sure of a crop, and can raise more grain with the same labor, and better grain too. All we lack here is a railroad."

A. J. Roath.

A. J. Roath settled near Taylor postoffice thirteen years ago. He has 320 acres of land, and says he has had two partial failures of crops in the thirteen years. He had 100 acres last year, averaged forty bushels, thirty acres of oats that went thirty-five bushels, and one piece that averaged sixty-five bushels. His farm is well improved and he says he has done well.

Twice Burned Out.

T. W. Dean says: I came here to West Union thirteen years ago and now have 880 acres of valley land all in use. I had only a team when I came and it was afterwards burned up in a prairie fire. When that happened I had a cow and colt left, but I did not get discouraged. I have been burned out twice since I came here, but have only missed one crop. Last year I had seventy-five acres of corn, average thirty-five bushels, twenty acres of wheat, average twenty-eight bushels, ten acres of oats, average fifty bushels. I have a frame house and barn and a young orchard. Have forty head of cattle, thirty-six horses, principally Norman stock, and keep from fifty to 100 hogs. In addition I have a store and other property in town and $2,000 worth of California property. I formerly farmed in Illinois, but I can raise more grain here with the same labor.

Never Failed to Raise a Crop.

O. S. Pulham settled at West Union thirteen years ago with a team and $10 in money. Said he: I have 680 acres of land and have never failed to raise a crop. Had plenty of wheat and oats the dry year. Some few farmers, perhaps, needed aid that year, but they could have got it at home. This country never fails to produce enough for everybody. I came from Appanoose county, Iowa, to this place, and can say this is a much better country to farm in than that. For the first two years had to haul everything to Grand Island. I have twenty-five head of horses, twenty cattle, and never lost any hogs but once. My land is worth $20 an acre.

Judge C. Mathews.

Judge Mathews settled at New Helena, six and a half miles east of Anselmo, eighteen years ago, on a quarter section of land, which he still owns and has improved until it is now one of the most beautiful spots in all that pretty country. Nature had done much for it before Judge Mathews took possession. Victoria creek runs through it, one of the clearest, prettiest streams meandering through the finest valley in Custer county. The real attraction, however, is the existence on Judge Mathews' farm of eight mineral springs gushing out of the banks of Victoria creek. One of the springs flows sixty-five gallons per minute and another seventy-five of the purest, clearest, sparkling water containing medicinal properties. Judge Mathews has erected bottling works with a capacity of 1,000 bottles per day and a building 30x80 feet and is now actively engaged in preparing the water for shipment. Ginger ale and all the sodas are being made. Judge Mathews was the first judge of Custer county, is a bachelor and almost a helpless cripple, but has always been an active man. When he first went to New Helena his nearest neighbors were sixty miles away and his supply point Grand Island. He has planted groves and orchard and takes pride and pleasure in raising fruit and vegetables. He says he has raised potatoes that weighed four pounds each, of excellent quality, dry and mealy and not hollow. One year he bought one bushel of potatoes for seed, planted them and used all he wanted during the summer and fall and then dug fifty-five bushels for winter use. The judge lives in a venerable double hewed log house surrounded by his fruit and forest trees, vegetable garden and mineral springs, and is as happy as any bachelor can be.

C. D. Pelham.

C. D. Pelham, now a leading business man of Anselmo, landed in Custer county in 1880 with a team of ponies and $5.65 in money. Said he: I pre-empted 160 acres, but could not pay out, and changed it to a homestead and took a tree claim on the side. I have since disposed of it all and bought 320 acres two miles northwest of Anselmo. I teamed at first, to and from Kearney, 100 miles, and with the money I earned hired breaking done. I put in a crop and got a good price for what I raised. I have farmed every year since and never had even a partial failure except in 1890, and I had a fair crop then. I have eighty-five acres in corn now and 165 in wheat. Last year I had 120 acres of corn that averaged forty bushels per acre. It takes only about half the labor to raise a crop here that it does in many places where land sells for more than double what it will bring here. I have a store and livery stable and other property in Anselmo worth at least $10,000.

William Reeder.

William Reeder secured a homestead near Merna ten years ago, and lived very poor at first, as he had no money to begin with. He has since purchased another 160 acres for $2,000 and now has a splendid farm of 320 acres, a large frame house and barn and a good orchard, thirty head of cattle, six head of horses, and recently marketed a load of fat cattle that finished paying his debts. His land is all fenced and makes a lovely valley farm. Mr. Reeder is proud of his success and stated that he would not take less than $25 an acre for his farm. He says his wheat has averaged 20 bushels per acre for a series of ten years; lowest yield, 13 bushels; highest, 30 bushels; corn and oats have averaged for ten years 40 bushels on his place. This statement was afterwards confirmed by his neighbors.

A Big Yield of Oats.

R. J. Kelly, a well known grain dealer of Merna, harvested 933 bushels of oats from nine acres of ground last year. If any one doubts this statement address him at Merna and get the proofs. He also spoke of a number of farmers who raised from forty to ninety bushels of wheat per acre last year, among them George E. Steele of New Helena.

Ahead of Indiana and Illinois.

S. M. Luce lives on his beautiful valley farm one half mile west of Merna, which he acquired nine years ago. He says: I have always had good crops, and have kept an account of the average yield of wheat on my place for nine years and I don't believe any country can beat it for an average. Wheat on my place has averaged twenty bushels per acre every year for nine years, had sixteen bushels per acre in 1890 and never less. I only have one hands as you see, and I have had more than my share of losses. I lost one team worth $300. I have farmed in Indiana and Illinois, and I can raise more grain with less labor here, and can raise a better average yield here than in older states. I never saw the equal of this country for vegetables. Plant and only half tend and get more than you want. A quarter of an acre of potatoes last year made me 115 bushels. I have a good orchard and a large frame barn and plenty of stock. I am satisfied.

W. C. Bedwell.

W. C. Bedwell resides on and farms his place of 320 acres two miles west of Merna. He has served his county twice as treasurer, but has returned to his farm. He states his case thus: When I came here thirteen years ago I had a team and wagon and $10 in cash. I lived low at first, but as soon as I got to raising crops I got ahead. Last year my grain averaged per acre as follows: Wheat, 30 bushels; oats, 55; corn, 45. I had sixty acres of corn, sixty of wheat and twenty of oats. I fed two carloads of cattle this year and have sixty-five head left. I have three mule teams. The two loads of cattle and one of hogs, which I marketed in February, brought $1,850. I can easily make $1,000 a year clear on the farm. It is the best country on earth for a poor man to start farming. This county cannot be beaten anywhere, and we have the records to prove it.

I. A. Coleman.

Mr. Coleman secured 160 acres of land three and a half miles west of Merna ten years ago, and has made it a pleasant and profitable home. He was worth about $1,000 when he came. His little farm was raw land and he hauled lumber from Plum Creek, sixty-five miles, and paid $24 a thousand for the cheapest of it, to build a house. He has done nothing but farm, but is worth at least $10,000. He has twenty head of cattle on hand, fourteen horses, has money in the bank at Merna and at Broken Bow, and his lands cheap at $20 per acre. Mr. Coleman says: This is the easiest and best country to farm in I saw. Wheat has averaged me twenty-four bushels per acre for ten years, except in 1890, when it averaged twelve bushels. My corn, last year, averaged forty-eight bushels, and wheat, twenty-eight bushels, one piece going thirty-five bushels per acre.

Callaway.

Callaway, in point of business, ranks next to Broken Bow. Locally it is described poetically as the "Queen city of the seven valleys," being located at the confluence of seven broad and fertile valleys, formed by the convergence of the north branch of Wood river, the South Loup, Cottonwood, Sand creek, Spring creek and James valley in the southwestern portion of the county. Callaway was platted in the spring of 1886, but in reality is only two years old, its prosperity dating from the advent of the railroad, being the present terminus of the Kearney & Black Hills railroad, which was completed to that point only two years ago. The railroad company has built a fine depot, a roundhouse and stock yards, and also a first-class hotel costing $12,000. The intention of the company is to extend the road to the Black Hills, but it is probable that Callaway will continue to be the terminus for some years to come. The young city has a population of 600, with all lines of mercantile and professional business well represented. Callaway has two banks—Bank of Callaway, capital $30,000, president, S. H. Burnham, cashier, H. H. Andrews; deposits, $20,000, one-fourth farmers' money; loans and discounts $42,500; surplus fund, $3,500. The Seven Valleys Bank, capital, $22,300; president, A. L. Mathews, cashier, Frank L. Haycock; deposits, $17,000, 35 per cent farmers' money; loans and discounts, $34,000. The capital stock has recently been reduced $10,000. Two weekly newspapers, Callaway Courier, republican, George B. Mair editor and proprietor, Custer County Independent, only a few weeks old, edited by E. M. Webb. One splendid water power mill, improved roller process, capacity 75 barrels per day. One steam elevator, operated by the alliance; three churches and a brick High school building, three teachers and 102 pupils. There were shipped from the stations on the Black Hills line, sixty-five miles in length, reaching from Kearney to Callaway, in 1891, 218 cars of live stock, 798 cars of wheat, 176 cars of corn, 130 cars of oats and 256 cars miscellaneous. The bulk of the above was loaded out of Callaway. The assessed valuation of the village for '91 was $66,556; real valuation, $226,848. There is no better water power in the state than that afforded by the Loup river. The town has three daily mails, George B. Mair, postmaster. Two large public halls, a Masonic lodge, Grand Army of the Republic post, Knights of Pythias and Knights of Labor assembly; a public park of ten acres within the city limits and a half mile driving park. The distance by rail is sixty-five miles from Omaha. Choice A 1 improved valley land around Callaway can be bought at present for $10 to $20 per acre, but is increasing in value very fast. When Custer county is divided Callaway will undoubtedly be a county seat.

Left It to the Boys.

Colonel E. P. Savage of Omaha was one of the pioneer settlers of Custer county, taking his choice of the whole country thirteen years ago. He went in there with considerable money, and after looking it all over, bought 2,300 acres in the Middle Loup valley. The town of Sargent has since been built on his farm. It was Colonel Savage's intention to live and die on his farm, but the death of his wife left the care of a family of small children on his hands, and he moved to Omaha to educate them. Four years ago his oldest son, Harry, returned to the farm, and later was joined by his younger brother, Howard. The boys are farming and raising stock on a large scale on as fine land as ever was made. They are raising white-faced cattle, and have on hand fifty head of yearlings that cannot be beaten in any country or state. They get big crops and are making money rapidly. The only thing they complain of is the distance to market, Arcadia being the nearest point, twenty-five miles east. They say it is not a question of how much can we raise, but how much can we get to market. On the land the boys are now farming Colonel Savage, in 1890, raised sixty acres of oats, that if sold would have paid $38.50 per acre. The yield was fifty-five bushels per acre, machine measure, and the market price 70 cents per bushel. A portion of the crop was sold and shipped west. The land that it was raised on was worth about $5 per acre. He also had twenty acres of wheat across the road from the oats that made forty-two and one-half bushels per acre, machine measure. The land yields as well today as it did then, and has never failed to produce a crop, except in 1890, when the whole country was cut short.

Prospered in Spite of Losses.

C. A. Austin was one of the first men to settle in the Middle Loup valley, taking a half section adjoining the town of Sargent thirteen years ago. He has improved it in many ways until it is now one of the finest farms and best homes in the valley. He has built a good frame house and has plenty of fruit of all kinds, his trees showing extra good care. Mr. Austin has gained a little every year, and would have been a wealthy man now if he had not met with losses. As it is, he is out of debt, has 320 acres of land, a fine home and an interesting family, and in the way of stock has fifty-nine head of horses, fifty head of cattle and 100 head of hogs. He began with a team and wagon and a few head of cattle. He lost $2,000 in cash feeding cattle for other parties in one year, besides other heavy losses.

"Pure Blood, Perfect Health."

Eczema.

Symptoms.—An eruption of minute round pimples about the size of a pin head, filled with a colorless fluid, and terminating in scurf.

This is a skin disease caused by impure blood and a generally deranged condition of the system. It yields quickly to the cleansing, purifying, and regulating effect of

Kickapoo Indian Sagwa

the greatest known blood purifier and alterative. A simple remedy of Nature, prepared from roots, herbs, and barks.

$1.00 a bottle. All druggists.

Kickapoo Indian Salve

the greatest healer known. 25 cents.

Outfit that very properly contains a supply of

Hires' Root Beer

which adds to the enjoyment of all the other dainties, and makes a picnic a picnic indeed.

A 25 cent package makes 5 gallons of this very popular beverage.

Don't be deceived if a dealer, for the sake of larger profit, tells you some other kind is "just as good"—'tis false. No imitation is as good as the genuine Hires'.

Tooth-Food.

This medicine for babies prevents and cures pains of teething and resulting diseases, not by putting children to sleep with an opiate, for it contains no harmful drugs, but by supplying the teeth-forming ingredients which are lacking in most mothers' milk and all artificial foods. It is sweet and babies like it. $1.00 a bottle, at all druggists. Send for pamphlet, "Teething Made Easy."

THE REYNOLDS MFG. CO., CINCINNATI, O.

How Many

people know that the products of THE YALE & TOWNE MANUFACTURING COMPANY include, not only the celebrated YALE LOCK, in over three hundred different styles, but the "STANDARD" Door Locks, Padlocks, Cabinet Locks, Art Hardware (in brass, bronze and iron) and every variety of artistic metal work? Ask for YALE.

A torpid liver is the source of dyspepsia, sick headache, constipation, piles, bilious fever, chills and jaundice.

Tutt's Tiny Pills

have a specific effect on the liver, restoring it to healthy action. 25cts.

TRADE MARK.

—THERE ARE—

Old Soldiers in Poor-Houses

—AND—

Pension Agents in Palaces

That is the sort of thing **The Bee Bureau of Claims** was organized to correct. The Bureau believes in giving the veterans the benefit of the laws that were passed to help them. It wages war on the sharks—consequently the sharks don't like it. But as long as the soldiers are grateful it is satisfied. If you are a veteran, or the widow, child or dependant parent of a veteran, write to **The Bee Bureau of Claims** and find out how much the government is willing to do for you.

—THE—

Bee Bureau of Claims

Omaha, Neb.

TRADE MARK

BIG

CURE YOURSELF!

Ask your Druggist for a bottle of Big G. The only non-poisonous remedy for all the unnatural discharges and private diseases of men and the debilitating weakness peculiar to women. It cures in a few days without the aid or publicity of a doctor. *The Universal American Cure.* Manufactured by The Evans Chemical Co. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

PRICE $1.00

NOTICE OF THE ADJOURNED SITTING OF THE CITY COUNCIL AS A BOARD OF EQUALIZATION.

To the owners of the lots, parts of lots and real estate abutting on or adjacent to the streets, alleys or avenues herein named or situated in whole or part within any of the districts herein specified:

You and each of you are hereby notified that the City Council of the City of Omaha, will hold its final adjourned meeting as a Board of Equalization, at the office of the City Clerk in the City Hall, Omaha, Neb., on Tuesday the 28th day of June, 1892, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of considering and equalizing the proposed levy of special taxes and assessments as shown by "Proposed Plans of Assessment" now on file in the office of said City Clerk, and correcting any errors therein, and of hearing all complaints that the owners of property so to be assessed and taxed may make; and taking final action with reference to such complaints and objections already made; said special taxes and assessments proposed to be levied being necessary to cover the cost of the several improvements duly authorized to be made and now completed as follows:

Damages for changing the grade of Arbor street, 11th street and 12th street, amounting to the sum of $227.00, which said sum is proposed by a report duly adopted by the city council to assess on the lots and real estate to the depth of center of block on both sides of 11th street from 175 feet south of Arbor street to Castellar street.

12th street from Vinton street to Castellar street.

Judgment in favor of Michael Donnelly for damages for change of grade of Davenport street from 9th to 10th street, amounting to the sum of $803.93, which sum it is proposed by a report duly adopted by the city council to assess on the lots and real estate to the depth of one lot on both sides of said alley in block 8, Kountze & Ruth's addition.

Changing the grade of Douglas street from 16th to 20th street and certain intersecting streets, amounting to the sum of $2,757, which said sum it is proposed by a report duly adopted by the city council to assess on the lots and real estate to the depth of 132 feet on both sides of said Douglas street from 9th street to 24th street, as follows:

From 9th to 10th st., 75 cts. per foot frontage.
From 10th to 11th st., $1.00 per foot frontage.
From 11th to 12th st., $1.35 per foot frontage.
From 12th to 13th st., $1.75 per foot frontage.
From 13th to 14th st., $2.00 per foot frontage.
From 14th to 15th st., $2.50 per foot frontage.
From 15th to 16th st., $3.00 per foot frontage.
From 22nd street on north side to west line, lot 2, Housel's sub., from 20th street on south side to west line, sub. 18, lot 2, Capitol add., at $3.4013 per foot frontage.

On north side from west line lot 2, Housel's sub. to west line sub. 8, lot 2, Capitol add. On south side from west line sub. 18, lot 2, Capitol add., to west line lot 6, Housel's sub. at $3.00 per foot frontage.

On north side from west line sub. 8, lot 2, Capitol add. to west line sub. 3, lot 3, Capitol add. On south side from west line lot 6, Housel's sub. to west line sub. 12, lot 3, Capitol add., at $2.00 per foot frontage.

On north side from west line sub. 3, lot 3, Capitol add. to 24th street. On south side from west line sub. 12, lot 3, Capitol add. to 24th street, at $2.00 per foot frontage.

24th street on west side from north line of lot D to south line lot H, in Kellom's 1st add. at $1.85 per foot frontage.

Douglas street from 16th to 20th at $3.70 per foot frontage.

17th street from alley north of Farnam street to Dodge street at $3.70 per foot frontage.

18th street from Farnam to Dodge street at $3.70 per foot frontage.

19th street from Farnam to Dodge streets at $3.70 per foot frontage.

For the cost of grading 4th avenue from Grandview to Bancroft street, amounting to $6,178.36, which said sum it is proposed by a report duly adopted by the city council to assess on the lots and real estate to the depth of alley on both sides of 4th avenue from Grandview to Bancroft street. Rate per front footage, $2.42476.

Changing the grade of 24th street from Leavenworth street to Woolworth avenue, amounting to the sum of $1,311.00, which said sum it is proposed to assess on the lots and real estate to the depth of the center of block not exceeding 150 feet on both sides of said 24th street from Leavenworth to Hickory street. Rate per foot frontage, $0.2.995.

Damages for grading certain streets and alleys in Marsh's addition, amounting to the sum of $834.00, which said sum it is proposed by a report duly adopted by the city council to assess on the lots adjoining the streets and alleys, to-wit:

Marcy street from 25th to 27th streets.

Mason street from 25th to 27th streets.

25th avenue from Leavenworth street to Hickory place.

25th street from Leavenworth street to Hickory place, and the alleys in Marsh's addition, equally on the several lots in blocks 1 to 9 inclusive, in Marsh's addition, on each lot $7.7222.

Damages for grading Castellar street from 15th to 24th streets amounting to the sum of $263.00, which said sum it is proposed by a report duly adopted by the city council to assess on the lots and real estate to the depth of the alley or the depth of three (3) lots and in tax lot to the depth of 150 feet, on both sides of Castellar street from 15th to 24th streets. Rate per foot frontage, $.051803.

Damages for grading Pacific street from 24th to 27th streets, amounting to the sum of $618.00, which said sum it is proposed by a report duly adopted by the city council to assess on the lots and real estate to the depth of the center of block, and the depth only of lots 4, 37 and 46 in Hickory place, on both sides of Pacific street from 24th to 27th streets. Rate per foot frontage, $0.2369.

Damages for grading Dupont street and Rice street in Dupont place, amounting to the sum of $485.00, which said sum it is proposed by a report duly adopted by the city council, to assess on the lots and real estate to the depth of 125 feet on both sides of said streets as follows:

Dupont street from east line to west line of Dupont place. Rice street from east line to west line of Dupont place, at rate of $0.135 per foot frontage.

Damages for change of grade of 42nd street, Lafayette, and other streets in Walnut Hill addition, amounting to the sum of $277.00, which said sum it is proposed by a report duly adopted by the city council to assess on the lots and real estate to the depth of 150 feet on both sides of 42nd street from Hamilton to Nicholas street; Lafayette avenue from 150 feet west of 42nd street to 41st street. Rate per foot frontage $0.1198.

Damages for grading 38th street from Farnam to Burt street, amounting to the sum of $399.00, which said sum it is proposed by a report duly adopted by the city council to assess on the lots and real estate to the depth of first alley or 150 feet on both sides of 38th street from Farnam street to Burt street. Rate per foot frontage $.0332.

Changing the grade of Hamilton street from 24th street to 40th street and certain intersecting streets, amounting to the sum of $41,250.00, which said sum it is proposed by a report duly adopted by the city council to assess on the lots and real estate to the depth of center of block or the first alley, and property not sub-divided 150 feet on both sides of the following streets:

Hamilton street from 24th to 40th street.
25th street from Charles to Caldwell street.
27th street from alley south of Hamilton to Charles street.
28th street from Hamilton to Charles street.
29th street from Indiana to Charles street.
31st street from Hamilton to Charles street.
33rd street from Myrtle avenue to Charles street.
35th street from Lafayette avenue to Charles street.
36th street from Lafayette avenue to Charles street.

Rate per foot frontage, $2.032,745.

Filling certain lots amounting to the sum of $65.10, which said sum it is proposed by a report duly adopted by the city council to assess on the lots and real estate as follows:

Lot 11, block 4, Drake's addition, $65.10.

To cover the cost of sloping certain lots, amounting to the sum of $103.40 which said sum it is proposed by a report duly adopted by the city council to assess on the lots and real estate as follows:

Lot 18, block 10, Ambler place, $1.63.
Lot 19, block 10, Ambler place, $4.27.
Lot 20, block 10, Ambler place, $28.98.
West 150 feet of se ¼ of nw ¼ section 29-15-13, $65.52.

Damages for grading 26th street from Farnam street to Harney street, and alley from 26th street to 27th avenue, amounting to the sum of $1,569.00, which said sum it is proposed by a report duly adopted by the city council to assess on the lots and real estate to the depth of 132 feet on east side and 130 feet on west side of said 26th street from Farnam to Harney streets. Rate per foot frontage, $2.8153.

Damages for changing the grade of Dodge street from Lowe avenue to Belt railway, amounting to the sum of $346.00, which said sum it is proposed by a report duly adopted by the city council to assess on the lots and real estate to the depth of three lots, or the first alley, on both sides of said street from Lowe avenue to Belt railway. Rate per foot frontage, $.08697.

By reason of opening 27th street from Bristol street to Redick park, amounting to the sum of $1,890.00, which said sum it is proposed by a report duly adopted by the city council to assess on the lots and real estate on both sides of said 27th street from Bristol street to Paxton street, as follows:

To be assessed on the balance of lot 19, Hawes' addition, $500.00.

To be assessed on the east 64 feet of sublot 11, tax lot No. 5, $390.00.

From the south line of Redick park to Pratt street at the rate of $0.275 per foot frontage in depth to center of block.

From Pratt street to Paxton street at the rate of $0.137 per foot frontage in depth to center of block.

You are further notified that said "Proposed Plans of Assessment" are now subject to the inspection and examination of any of the owners of said lots, parts of lots or places of real estate, or the inspection or examination of any other person interested in said proposed assessments, at the office of said city clerk, and that by a report of a committee of said council duly adopted, it is proposed that unless for good and sufficient cause it may be otherwise ordered and determined, that the cost of said improvements respectively be assessed on the several lots, parts of lots and pieces of real estate as shown by said proposed plans of assessment.

You and each of you are hereby notified to appear before said Board of Equalization, at the time and place above specified, to make any complaint, statement or objection, either addition or original, you desire concerning any of said proposed levies and assessments of special taxes.

JOHN GROVES, City Clerk.

Omaha, Neb., June 21, 1892. J21d6t

PERMANENT SIDEWALK RESOLUTION.

Council Chamber, Omaha, Neb., May 19, 1892.

Be it resolved by the city council of the city of Omaha, the mayor concurring:

That permanent sidewalks be constructed in the city of Omaha as designated below, within five days after the publication of this resolution or the personal service thereof, as by ordinance is authorized and required; such sidewalks to be laid to the permanent grade as established on the paved streets specified herein and to be constructed of stone, artificial stone, brick or tiling, according to specifications on file in the office of the Board of Public Works and under its supervision, to wit:

North side of Cuming st., lots 14 to 18 inclusive, block 1, Armstrong's 1st addition, 6 feet wide, permanent grade.

East side of 32nd avenue, lots 15, 17 to 22 inclusive, block 5, West End, 6 feet wide, permanent grade.

East side of 32nd avenue, lot 14, block 3, Summit Place, 6 feet wide, permanent grade.

South side of Leavenworth st., lots 1, 2, 3, 4 block 19, Cherry Garden, 6 feet wide, permanent grade.

North side of Dodge st., lot 5, block 84, city, 6 feet wide, permanent grade.

East side of 10th st., lot 5, block 84, city, 6 feet wide, permanent grade.

And be it further resolved:

That the Board of Public Works be and hereby is authorized and directed to cause a copy of this resolution to be published in the official paper of the city for one week, or be served on the owners of said lots, and unless such owners shall within five days after the publication or service of such copy construct said sidewalks as herein required, that the Board of Public Works cause the same to be done, the cost of constructing said sidewalks respectively to be assessed against the real estate, lot or part of lot in front of and abutting such sidewalks.

Passed May 19, 1892.

E. P. DAVIS, President of the Council.

Attest: JOHN GROVES, City Clerk.

Approved: GEO. P. BEMIS, Mayor.

NOTICE TO CONSTRUCT SIDEWALKS.

To the owners of the lots, parts of lots and real estate described in the above resolution:

You and each of you are hereby notified to construct permanent sidewalks as required by a resolution of the city council and mayor of the city of Omaha, of which the above is a copy.

P. W. BIRKHAUSER, Chairman Board of Public Works.

Omaha, Neb., June 20, 1892. J20d7t

PERMANENT SIDEWALK RESOLUTION.

Council Chamber, Omaha, Neb., June 7, 1892.

Be it resolved by the city council of the city of Omaha, the mayor concurring:

That permanent sidewalks be constructed in the city of Omaha as designated below, within five days after the publication of this resolution, or the personal service thereof, as by ordinance is authorized and required; such sidewalks to be laid to the present grade on the streets specified herein, and to be constructed of pine plank of such width and thickness and be laid upon joists of such dimensions and in such manner as is prescribed by the specifications on file in the office of the Board of Public Works and under its supervision, to wit:

West side of 4th street, lots 1 and 20, block 458, Grand View addition, 4 feet wide.

South side of Mason street, lots 27 and 28, block 8, Kountze's & Ruth's addition, 6 feet wide.

North side of Maple street, lots 8, 9, 10, 11 and 14, Remington's sub lots 92, 93 and 94, Gise's addition, 6 feet wide.

East side of 37th street, lot 2, block 2, West Omaha addition, 6 feet wide.

And be it further resolved:

That the Board of Public Works be, and is hereby, authorized and directed to cause a copy of this resolution to be published in the official paper of the city for one week, or be served on the owners of said lots, and unless such owners shall within five days after the publication or service of such copy construct such sidewalks as herein required, that the Board of Public Works cause the same to be done, the cost of constructing said sidewalks respectively to be assessed against the real estate, lot or part of lot in front of and abutting such sidewalks.

Passed June 7, 1892.

E. P. DAVIS, President of the Council.

Attest: JOHN GROVES, City Clerk.

Approved: GEO. P. BEMIS, Mayor.

NOTICE TO CONSTRUCT SIDEWALKS.

To the owners of lots, parts of lots and real estate described in the above resolution:

You and each of you are hereby notified to construct wooden sidewalks as required by a resolution of the city council and mayor of the city of Omaha, of which the above is a copy.

P. W. BIRKHAUSER, Chairman Board of Public Works.

Omaha, Neb., June 20, 1892. J20 d 7t

PERMANENT SIDEWALK RESOLUTION.

Council Chamber, Omaha Neb., June 7, 1892.

Be it resolved by the City Council of the City of Omaha, the Mayor concurring:

That permanent sidewalks be constructed in the city of Omaha as designated below, within five days after the publication of this resolution, or the personal service thereof, as by ordinance is authorized and required, such sidewalks to be laid to the permanent grade as established on the paved streets specified herein and to be constructed of stone or artificial stone according to specifications on file in the office of the Board of Public Works, and under its supervision, to-wit:

West side of 16th st., south 80 feet, more or less, lot 8 block 204½, city, 20 feet wide, permanent grade.

West side of 16th st., north 66 feet, more or less, lot 1 block 198½ city, 23 feet wide, permanent grade.

North side of Harney street, lots 5 and 6, block 149, city, 12 feet wide, permanent grade.

West side of 12th st., lot 1 block 190, city, 20 feet wide, permanent grade.

And be it further resolved.

That the Board of Public Works be, and is hereby authorized and directed to cause a copy of this resolution to be published in the official paper of the city for one week, or be served on the owners of said lots, and that unless such owners shall within five days after the publication or service of such copy construct said sidewalks as herein required, that the Board of Public Works cause the same to be done, the cost of constructing said sidewalks respectively to be assessed against the real estate, lot or part of lot in front of and abutting such sidewalk.

Passed June 7th, 1892.

E. P. DAVIS, President of the Council

Attest— JOHN GROVES, City Clerk.

Approved— GEO. P. BEMIS, Mayor.

NOTICE TO CONSTRUCT SIDEWALKS.

To the owners of the lots, parts of lots and real estate described in the above resolution:

You and each of you are hereby notified to construct permanent sidewalks as required by a resolution of the City Council and mayor of the City of Omaha, of which the above is a copy.

P. W. BIRKHAUSER, Chairman Board of Public Works.

Omaha, Neb., June 20th, 1892. J20d7t

We send the marvelous French Remedy **CALTHOS free**, and a legal guarantee that CALTHOS will **STOP Discharges & Emissions, CURE Spermatorrhœa, Varicocele and RESTORE Lost Vigor.** *Use it and pay if satisfied.* Address, **VON MOHL CO.,** Sole American Agents, Cincinnati, Ohio.

NOTICE OF ASSESSMENT OF DAMAGES FOR GRADING MILITARY AVENUE.

To the owners of all lots, parts of lots and real estate along Military avenue from Hamilton street to Grant street, and necessary approaches.

You are hereby notified that the undersigned, three disinterested freeholders of the city of Omaha, have been duly appointed by the mayor, with the approval of the city council of said city, to assess the damages to the owners respectively, of the property affected by change of grade of Twenty-ninth street from Hickory to Martha streets and intersecting streets, declared necessary by ordinance No. 185, passed May 3, 1892, and approved June 2, 1892.

You are further notified that having accepted said appointment and duly qualified as required by law, we will, on the 30th day of June A. D. 1892, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the office of Shriver & O'Donahoe 1409 Farnam street, within the corporate limits of said city, meet for the purpose of considering and making the assessment of damages to the owners respectively of said property, affected by said change of grade, taking into consideration special benefits if any.

You are notified to be present at the time and place aforesaid and make any objections to or statements concerning said assessment of damages as you may consider proper.

W. G. SHRIVER, GEORGE G. SEAY, JNO. F. FLACK, Commissioners.

Omaha, Neb., June 18th, 1892. J2 d 10t

PERMANENT SIDEWALK RESOLUTION.

Council Chamber, Omaha, Neb., June 7, 1892.

Be it resolved by the city council of the city of Omaha, the mayor concurring:

That permanent sidewalks be constructed in the city of Omaha as designated below, within five days after the publication of this resolution, or the personal service thereof, as by ordinance is authorized and required; such sidewalks to be laid to the permanent grade on the streets specified herein, and to be constructed of stone, artificial stone, brick or tiling, according to specifications on file in the office of the Board of Public Works and under its supervision, to wit:

West side of 24th street, lots 1 and 2, block 13, Shinn's addition, 8 feet wide.

East side of 10th street, south 225 feet more or less of tax lot 7, section 26-15-13, 6 feet wide.

East side of 10th street, lots 5, 6, 7 and 8, block 1, South Omaha addition, 6 feet wide.

East side 10th street, undivided south 86.5 feet of block 1, South Omaha addition, 6 feet wide.

East side of 10th street, 66 feet in block C, South Omaha addition, being the n.