

ARE WORKING THEIR PULLS

President Cleveland Boastied by Friends of Office Seekers.

CONGRESSMEN AND SENATORS IN FORCE

They Press the Claims of Partisan Friends - Roles Which Will Be Adhered to by the President in Making Future Appointments.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 23.-The rush for office continues, the number of callers on the president today showed no falling off as compared with previous days. Senators and representatives formed the bulk of the visitors, but their missions were mostly in connection with local office. But little was said to the president concerning his noted roles. They have come to be so well understood that few points in regard to them remain to be cleared up. The so-called "re-appointment rule" is, of course, the principle one, and it is the greatest interest manifested. From what Mr. Cleveland has said, it is understood not to apply in certain cases, as follows:

First - To those who have no opposition for reappointment.

Second - To those candidates for postmaster-general, who have been endorsed almost unanimously by their constituents.

Third - To those who were removed by the Harrison administration without having served out their terms.

Fourth - To those who were nominated to office by Mr. Cleveland just prior to Mr. Harrison's inauguration, but who failed of confirmation by the senate.

Persistent Ex-Office Holders.

Since the exceptions to this rule have become more familiar to office seekers, there has been a rush of the "exes" to the white house. They have received little satisfaction from the president, however, unless they enjoy his personal acquaintance, or were known to him by reputation. They have received some comfort from another exception to the rule, which is reported to provide that an applicant for appointment to the office formerly held by himself, may apply for another position with the same chance for selection as any other candidate. The exception has not yet been clearly defined, but it is, perhaps, not so broad in its provision as some candidates are hoping.

Mr. Hinerichsen, the secretary of state of Illinois, has spoken to the president about it, and his understanding was that appointment to a position other than that formerly held by the applicant was open to the latter through the usual channels of influence and fitness.

To a gentleman who saw him today with reference to the reappointment of two former office holders, who are endorsed almost unanimously by their constituents, delegates and by a large number of prominent people, Mr. Cleveland intimated that if he made the appointments desired he would do so with the understanding that the people of the community would assume the responsibility for his action.

Senator Camden and Representatives Alderman Pondleton and Representative of West Virginia saw Mr. Cleveland in reference to the nomination of Mrs. Kenna, widow of Senator Kenna, to be postmaster at Charleston, W. Va.

Postmaster General Bissell stated today that no editor was placed under an ironclad rule. "If a postmaster chooses to sit up until late in the night writing editorial," he said, "we certainly will not object, nor will we if a postmaster writes anything after office hours for a weekly paper."

Carlisle and Applicants for Office.

Secretary Carlisle evidently intends to support Mr. Cleveland's civil service policy as strongly as possible. This was shown by his emphatic refusal to appoint a special agent for the department at 40 a day until the applicant had received a satisfactory showing his fitness for the position. He took this action in spite of the fact that an influential senator earnestly requested that examination be required for the people of the country.

Mr. Carlisle said today that no pressure could be brought to bear on him which would induce him to abolish a good rule, but if it had been made under a republican administration.

MORTON TO DODGE.

In a Pleasant Letter He Accepts the Statistician's Resignation.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 23.-Prof. Dodge said today that statements have been made relative to his official retirement as statistician in the department of agriculture, unjust alike to himself and to Secretary Morton. He says it has been well known to his friends for a long time that he intended to retire as early as practicable. Under date of March 30 this intention was communicated as follows: "In accordance with a cherished desire to terminate my long and exacting service as statistician and carry out my plans for more agreeable work in agricultural literature, I hereby tender my resignation, to take effect on the appointment of my successor. Washington, D. C., March 23, 1893. With the greatest respect and appreciation for the conduct of a department which has a constituency and interests second to those of no other in the government."

To this Secretary Morton replied as follows: "I am in receipt of your communication tendering your resignation of the position of chief of the department of agriculture, and note with satisfaction your intention as expressed therein of entering upon more agreeable work in agricultural literature. I have received your resignation with pleasure, and I am glad to see you embrace all the relations of capital to labor and touches every economic question, you have wide fields of exploration before you and after your long service in a position so intimately connected with the farming interests of this country, you must be peculiarly well equipped for the work. Certainly no man in the United States will be better able to demonstrate the economic truth. The relation of supply to demand is a solid restriction of value, whether the commodity be soap, salt or silver."

"With the highest regard for your personal character and best wishes for your success in the promotion of agriculture, I accept your resignation."

SENATE PROCEEDINGS.

Mr. Allen of Washington Anxious Concerning the Legality of His Appointment.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 23.-There was a small attendance of senators at the senate at the time of opening today, but the number of people in the corridors was about as large as usual.

Mr. Allen, ex-senator from Washington, and now awaiting the decision of the senate upon the questions growing out of his appointment by the governor of that state, was upon the floor conferring with members relative to his case.

Mr. Call offered a resolution in regard to the commission to inquire into the several executive departments of the government which had been the subject of discussion in yesterday's session. The resolution declares that the provision of the appropriation act providing for the appointment of three senators and three representatives of the fifty-third congress by the presiding officers in the two houses in the fifty-second congress as such commissioners to investigate the constitutional rights, privileges and prerogatives of each house, and otherwise violative of the constitution, is absolutely null and void.

Mr. Gorman suggested the reference of the resolution to the committee on privileges and elections.

Mr. Call said that he preferred to have the resolution printed and laid on the table, as he wished to make some observations upon it which might then be referred to the committee on privileges and elections. The committee was made, and then the senate proceeded to executive business.

After spending about three-quarters of an hour in executive session the senate adjourned until Monday.

Confirmed by the Senate.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 24.-Senate has confirmed the following nominations: Theodore Wilson of New Jersey, minister to Germany; W. D. Danby of Virginia, solicitor of the Department of State; Edward Whitney of New York, assistant attorney

general; J. C. Jenkins of Wisconsin, United States circuit judge for the Seventh judicial circuit; C. B. Stewart of Texas, judge of the United States court for the Indian Territory; C. L. Jackson, United States attorney for Indian Territory; E. P. Baldwin of Maryland, first assistant to the treasury.

Thomas Holcomb, Delaware, first auditor of the treasury; W. L. Berry, Madison, Neb., postmaster.

TARIFF MATTERS.

Secretary Carlisle Will Devote Himself to the Subject.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 23.-Secretary Carlisle, it is stated on good authority, intends to give much of his time this summer to the consideration of the tariff, with a view to so thoroughly familiarizing himself with the subject, as much as to indicate in a general way the outlines for the formation of a tariff bill by the next democratic house. He has no sense intends to draft a bill in detail to be submitted to the ways and means committee of the next house, but rather to be in a position to give it all the assistance and information that it may need in the preparation of a tariff bill that will carry out the spirit of the tariff plank in the democratic platform. Nearly every mail that reaches the Treasury department contains suggestions from statisticians and others as to the compilation of a tariff bill. Some thirty or forty of these communications have already been received, prominent among them being that from the New York Reform club. The compilation of the New York Reform club tariff proposition corresponds closely to a proposition submitted in 1888 by Edward Atkinson of Boston to President Cleveland and Secretary Manning. That proposition divided the tariff as follows:

(a) Articles of food and animals.

(b) Articles of a crude condition, which enter into the various processes of domestic industry.

(c) Articles wholly or partially manufactured for use, as articles in the manufactures and mechanic arts.

(d) Articles manufactured ready for consumption.

(e) Articles of voluntary use, luxuries, etc.

Since the time the annual report of the bureau of statistics contained a table showing the duty collected on each of these classes of articles. From this report of 1892 it appears that \$13,000,000 duty was collected, of which \$10,000,000 was collected under class "A," \$14,000,000 under class "B," \$2,000,000 under class "C," \$7,800,000 under class "D" and \$49,700,000 under class "E."

Treasury experts assert that the proposition of the New York Reform club places the tariff on a more equitable basis than the free list, while many of the articles in class "C" are also placed on the free list. If this statement is correct, the revenue derived from the tariff would be increased by the addition to the free list of articles now paying duty to the amount of \$24,700,000, but might be increased to some extent by the increased importations of articles under class "C," in which the duty is reduced. They figure, however, that on the present basis of receipts and expenditures the proposed changes would result in an annual deficiency.

MONETARY CONFERENCE.

Policy that President Cleveland Will Pursue in Regard to It.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 23.-All the delegates to the recent international monetary conference have resigned. Among members of congress it is believed that the president will send a commission to Brussels to represent this country when the conference reassembles. It was the United States, they say, which first suggested the conference, and as long as any nation signifies its intention to participate in its second session it will be necessary for this country to have representation. For this reason, alone, it is thought by them that a new commission will shortly be appointed by Mr. Cleveland.

The secretary of state is now endeavoring to ascertain how many countries will be represented at the reassembling of the conference. The adjournment took place on December 10 of last year until May 30 of the present year, subject to the approval of the respective governments, so that it is essential that the president find out how many governments have agreed to send a representative to the conference. It is believed that Mr. Cleveland will not send another delegation to Brussels, but will designate his minister to Belgium to attend the conference as the representative of the United States.

Washington Notes.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 23.-The United States fish commission yesterday shipped six carloads of salt water fish from Moorehead, N. C., for exhibition at the World's fair. The commission has begun the shipment of fresh water fish of all descriptions from various points in the west and in a week the entire force will be engaged in transporting them to Chicago.

Secretary Carlisle today signed vouchers to the amount of \$250,150, in favor of the World's Fair commission, which is payable in sovereign half dollars. The commission, up to this time, has received \$1,020,150 of the \$2,500,000 appropriated by congress, payable in sovereign half dollars. The secretary has reserved \$70,880 of the original appropriation until proper arrangements are made for the collection of the balance.

Application to the great accumulation of applications and other papers bearing upon the appointment of postmasters, the force of clerks attached to the office of Fourth Assistant Postmaster General Maxwell to do the work of briefing and filing has increased and the hours of labor have been increased.

Several foreign ministers called on Secretary Gresham today to talk about World's fair matters.

Republicans Determined.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 23.-By a practically unanimous vote the republican caucus decided to reject all offers of a compromise and to stand by the organization of the senate to-day.

The caucus was largely attended but was of short duration. Naturally there was a division of sentiment as to what was best to be done under the circumstances, but those in favor of contesting the proposed organization were largely in the majority. The vote taken was decisive and it is probable that at the next session the ultimatum of the caucus will be given to the democrats. An effort will then be made to secure the right behind closed doors, and, that failing, the fight will be transferred to open session. The republicans claim they are right, and when one of the leading democrats has admitted that it meant to be repudiated it meant a fight to the finish.

England in the Naval Review.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 23.-The Navy department has received a communication from the British government stating that it will be represented at the naval review by the following vessels, under the command of Vice Admiral J. O. Hopkins, commander-in-chief of the North American station: The Blake will be the flagship of the British fleet, Captain W. D. Hamilton; Magiciere, belonging to the North American squadron, commanded by Captain J. O. Pilon; Tartar, belonging to the North American squadron, commanded by Commander H. C. Field; and the North American, commanded by Commander N. Y. Maclester; Australia, belonging to the British station, commanded by Captain S. F. Holland.

About thirty foreign vessels and fourteen of our own will take part in the review.

After a night with the boys - Bromo-Seltzer

Highest of all in Leavening Power. - Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

After a night with the boys - Bromo-Seltzer

Protect Your Eyes

H. HIRSCHBERG'S NON-CHANGABLE SPECTACLES

and use Hirschberg's non-changable Spectacles. They are made of refined and concentrated botanical extracts. They are different from the ordinary spectacles in that they are as strong as steel, and are as light as feathers. They are made of a special material, and are guaranteed to last for years. They are made in Germany, and are the best in the world. They are made of a special material, and are guaranteed to last for years. They are made in Germany, and are the best in the world.

Max Meyer & Bro. Co. Sole Agents for Omaha

Max Meyer & Bro. Co. ONLY.

ABSOLUTELY PURE

FUSIONISTS CANNOT AGREE

Democrats and Independents of Lincoln Disturbed by Factional Fights.

PROHIBITIONISTS AFTER MAYOR WEIR

They Declare that He Acted in Bad Faith with Them Two Years Ago and Will Now Even the Score.

LINCOLN, Neb., March 23.-[Special to THE BEE.]-The differences existing between the independents and democrats over the matter of complete fusion, which were supposed last night to have been definitely settled, broke out afresh today, and there will probably be a few knives glistening in the air between the factions. The agreement contemplated the withdrawal of G. B. Chapman and Will H. Love, candidates respectively of the independents and democrats, for the excise and the substitution of S. J. Tuttle and F. W. Brown.

Judge Tuttle promptly withdrew his name, and the matter was left just as it was. Up until the close of the city clerk's office today no one had declined any nomination, and hereafter, according to the Australian ballot law, their names cannot be withdrawn. Love's resignation, it appears, was given into the hands of the democratic committee, but it was not filed.

The prohibitionists are after the scalp of Mayor Weir, and declare their intention of doing all they can to defeat him. They assert that he promoted two years ago, when they endorsed him for mayor and withdrew their own candidate, that he would not vote to give any one a license, whereas his record shows that he applied for a license to hold meetings every evening, and wage bitter warfare against him. R. A. Hawley is their candidate. The strength of the party in this city is about 375 votes.

Considerable interest was added to the fight today by the charge that Graham is backed in his fight with the mayors by Judge Field and the other half dozen owners of Lincoln park, who are anxious to unload that park on the city. It is said that as a preliminary to that end Graham introduced a bill, which passed the house yesterday, authorizing the city to issue \$400,000 in bonds for the purchase of public parks, and changing the law so that a bare majority of voters cast at a special election shall be sufficient to carry the bonds. Graham is a partner of E. P. Holmes, one of the park owners, in the artificial sidewalk business, and lives in the same ward with Holmes and Field.

The city council and Board of Public Works met tomorrow night to close up the budget matter. The board will submit a draft of the contract with the electric company, but it is doubtful if it will be accepted by the company, although one member of the board says it will be accepted.

John H. Rippe, independent republican, has been placed in nomination by petition for the office of councilman from the Fifth ward. Twenty-five citizens are demanding the selection of Mr. Rippe.

H. A. Fricke, the Lincoln contractor who figured in a habeas corpus case the other day, in which Deputy Sheriff Doane from Wilber was hauled up, is now in Lincoln. He has settled the little trouble with Dr. Eider of Wilber over the charge of obtaining money on a false pretense, and has been withdrawn. Fricke has been kept hiding here by his friends pending a settlement.

The fruit and confectionery store of J. C. Charles on East O street was entered by burglars last night and about \$5 worth of goods taken. The thief obtained entrance through a rear window.

The February term of district court will open a week from next Saturday. The demurrer in the pleas of abatement in the asylum cases will be argued on that date. The May term begins on the last of that month.

The probabilities are that the tailors' strike will soon be at an end. John McWhinnie, one of the larger employers, signed the scale this morning and the other employers, with the exception of the Columbian tailoring company, are endeavoring to compromise the matter. They have submitted a "bill" with some modifications from the one made up by the men, and it is being considered at the meeting of the strikers tonight. It is probable that it will be accepted. The Columbian company, which makes cheap suits, declares that it will be compelled to go out of business altogether if it is compelled to sign a bill.

Judge Tibbets is engaged today in hearing a contested divorce case in which Ellen Nelson sues her husband, Charles K. Nelson, an Elk Horn engineer. Each charges the other with adultery, and the wife adds that her husband took her back east to her folks on a visit and there committed adultery.

Tomie J. Phelps of Valparaiso was awarded a divorce from her husband, Edward S. Phelps, a hotel man, of that place. The matter of alimony was not passed upon.

Mary Howe, a colored woman, living at Seventh and N streets, had her husband, Joseph, arrested last evening on the charge of beating her. Joseph was taken to jail, but when the case was called in police court she failed to appear. An officer was sent after her and found she had fled to the city. Joseph was released, and is now figuring out how to get a chance to desert him.

Death of a Kearney Lady.

KEARNEY, Neb., March 23.-[Special to THE BEE.]-The wife of Sheriff John Nutter died yesterday morning in the room where she was married twelve years ago. Sheriff Nutter at that time being deputy. She leaves five children, the oldest being ten years old, and the youngest a girl of five. The remains were taken to Gilson today for interment.

Charged with Assaulting a Child.

LINCOLN, Neb., March 23.-[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]-Charles J. Wilson, a youth of 17, was arrested this evening on the charge of criminally assaulting a little 6-year-old daughter of James W. Martin. He will have a trial later. The parties live

on Adams county farm lands has been almost unrepresented in this section of the state. Yesterday Recorder of Deeds C. W. Wilson and THE BEE representatives compiled from the records a statement of the deeds filed during the first eighteen secular days of March; 113 transfers were recorded, an average of \$2,410 for each sale.

The far greater proportion of the sales consummated were of farms, the city realty market being comparatively quiet. But the surrounding farm property increases in value it must inevitably react to raise the price of city real estate. Much of the land is being purchased by eastern capitalists as a speculation, but most of it is sold to settlers from Illinois and Iowa.

The Commercial hotel has been sold by Simon Kelley to W. M. Ayers of Atchison, Kan. But it will be greatly improved by its new owner.

The Hastings Young Men's Christian association building is now in a somewhat chaotic condition, extensive improvements being made.

The winter term of Hastings college closed yesterday for a spring vacation of one week. Arrangements are now being made for the organization of an alumni association.

Yesterday John Saker obtained judgment against the Burger-Alexander Hard-

ware company for \$91,000, suit being brought on a note. The note was in Mr. Saker's name merely for suit, general banks and bankers of Hastings being concerned in the matter.

District court with Judge F. B. Beal presiding has been grinding away on jury cases for a couple of days. Previously, however, a number of divorces were granted in the equity term. Among those was that of Mrs. F. M. Trich against her husband, Francis Trich. The case involved to be somewhat sensational, but a mutual separation prevented the evidence from being made public. For almost two fine cottages on Bellevue street, and when the divorce was granted the defendant turned for the defendant.

How a Nebraska Farmer Will Profit by a Misfortune of Years Ago.

BROOK, Neb., March 23.-[Special to THE BEE.]-A. W. Edwards of Elk Creek is the luckiest man that ever lost his scalp. About thirty years ago he hired out as a teamster in a wagon train going from Nebraska City to Fort Laramie to supply the fort. He was then a youth of 16. When near Fort Laramie the train separated, about twenty wagons going to the fort and the remainder to a rendezvous at other points west of the council. The decision of the city of Brooks, Mich., then sued Weingart for damages, alleging malpractice. Yesterday the case came up for trial, and after being hotly contested was given to the jury. Late in the evening a verdict was returned for the defendant.

PRICE OF A SCALP.

Young Edwards was with those going to the fort and when within less than two miles of their destination they were surprised by the Indians. Wholly unprepared for the attack it was an easy matter for the Indians to kill the men and plunder the train. Edwards was using his revolver to the best advantage when an arrow struck his arm and passing through the flesh stuck fast in his side. At the same time his pony was nearly all shot down, and he was left on his hands and feet. He was surrounded by the Indians, and he was nearly all shot down. He was surrounded by the Indians, and he was nearly all shot down.

He raised his head and pony lying upon him. He had little time to ascertain, for hearing the Indians coming back he resolved to feign death. Burying his face in the dirt he remained motionless. The Indians came up and rolled the pony off of him, and to make sure that he was dead thrust an arrow in each heel. As he remained lying on his back he saw the Indians firing called the attention of the soldiers at the fort and they came to the rescue, but not until every man in the caravan was threatened upon the prairie and the wagons plundered.

Young Edwards was found to be the only survivor. He was taken to the fort and after a severe illness of six months recovered. He is living now on a farm at Elk Creek, Neb., with his wife and five children. He has some money to spare. He is to go to the World's fair to show to the people of the world the only living man that has had his scalp taken by the Indians and for the scalp he received \$10,000. He is now a wealthy man, and he will be able to tell his story well and answer the numerous questions that will be asked him. Ten thousand dollars were given him for a scalp, but there are few who would take the risk or have the nerve to feign death in such a trying ordeal even for \$10,000.

From the March 23 News.

FARMOST, Neb., March 23.-[Special to THE BEE.]-The police made a raid on the place run by Herman Zifras on lower Main street, and captured the proprietor and three others, whom they claim were gambling. In police court today Zifras was released, the evidence not being sufficient to convict him. New papers were issued and he will be free to go on his way.

The little democratic hatchet in Washington has commenced to drop the heads of republicans into the basket in this country. The first to be dropped was that of Charles K. DeLamater. Oliver Smith has received his commission to succeed him and watch the hole where the new government postoffice will stand when completed, for which he will receive \$6 per day.

Miss Elizabeth Wolcott, deputy postmaster, says that she and her father the postmaster, died yesterday morning in the room where she was married twelve years ago. Sheriff Nutter at that time being deputy. She leaves five children, the oldest being ten years old, and the youngest a girl of five. The remains were taken to Gilson today for interment.

DR. C. GEE WO, the famous Chinese physician of Omaha, has over 1,500 patients who have been cured by him.

DR. C. GEE WO, the famous Chinese physician of Omaha, has over 1,500 patients who have been cured by him.

DR. C. GEE WO, the famous Chinese physician of Omaha, has over 1,500 patients who have been cured by him.

DR. C. GEE WO, the famous Chinese physician of Omaha, has over 1,500 patients who have been cured by him.

DR. C. GEE WO, the famous Chinese physician of Omaha, has over 1,500 patients who have been cured by him.

DR. C. GEE WO, the famous Chinese physician of Omaha, has over 1,500 patients who have been cured by him.

DR. C. GEE WO, the famous Chinese physician of Omaha, has over 1,500 patients who have been cured by him.

DR. C. GEE WO, the famous Chinese physician of Omaha, has over 1,500 patients who have been cured by him.

DR. C. GEE WO, the famous Chinese physician of Omaha, has over 1,500 patients who have been cured by him.

DR. C. GEE WO, the famous Chinese physician of Omaha, has over 1,500 patients who have been cured by him.

DR. C. GEE WO, the famous Chinese physician of Omaha, has over 1,500 patients who have been cured by him.

DR. C. GEE WO, the famous Chinese physician of Omaha, has over 1,500 patients who have been cured by him.

DR. C. GEE WO, the famous Chinese physician of Omaha, has over 1,500 patients who have been cured by him.

DR. C. GEE WO, the famous Chinese physician of Omaha, has over 1,500 patients who have been cured by him.

DR. C. GEE WO, the famous Chinese physician of Omaha, has over 1,500 patients who have been cured by him.

DR. C. GEE WO, the famous Chinese physician of Omaha, has over 1,500 patients who have been cured by him.

DR. C. GEE WO, the famous Chinese physician of Omaha, has over 1,500 patients who have been cured by him.

DR. C. GEE WO, the famous Chinese physician of Omaha, has over 1,500 patients who have been cured by him.

DR. C. GEE WO, the famous Chinese physician of Omaha, has over 1,500 patients who have been cured by him.

DR. C. GEE WO, the famous Chinese physician of Omaha, has over 1,500 patients who have been cured by him.

DR. C. GEE WO, the famous Chinese physician of Omaha, has over 1,500 patients who have been cured by him.

DR. C. GEE WO, the famous Chinese physician of Omaha, has over 1,500 patients who have been cured by him.

DR. C. GEE WO, the famous Chinese physician of Omaha, has over 1,500 patients who have been cured by him.

DR. C. GEE WO, the famous Chinese physician of Omaha, has over 1,500 patients who have been cured by him.

DR. C. GEE WO, the famous Chinese physician of Omaha, has over 1,500 patients who have been cured by him.

DR. C. GEE WO, the famous Chinese physician of Omaha, has over 1,500 patients who have been cured by him.

DR. C. GEE WO, the famous Chinese physician of Omaha, has over 1,500 patients who have been cured by him.

DR. C. GEE WO, the famous Chinese physician of Omaha, has over 1,500 patients who have been cured by him.

DR. C. GEE WO, the famous Chinese physician of Omaha, has over 1,500 patients who have been cured by him.

DR. C. GEE WO, the famous Chinese physician of Omaha, has over 1,500 patients who have been cured by him.

DR. C. GEE WO, the famous Chinese physician of Omaha, has over 1,500 patients who have been cured by him.

DR. C. GEE WO, the famous Chinese physician of Omaha, has over 1,500 patients who have been cured by him.

DR. C. GEE WO, the famous Chinese physician of Omaha, has over 1,500 patients who have been cured by him.

DR. C. GEE WO, the famous Chinese physician of Omaha, has over 1,500 patients who have been cured by him.

DR. C. GEE WO, the famous Chinese physician of Omaha, has over 1,500 patients who have been cured by him.

DR. C. GEE WO, the famous Chinese physician of Omaha, has over 1,500 patients who have been cured by him.

&lt;