IS NOW TWELVE HUNDRED

Cash Contributions for Relief of Destitute Came in Rapidly Yesterday.

PLANS ADOPTED BY THE COMMITTEE

It Will Handle All Funds on Orders Endorsed by Associated Charities—What the County Commissioners Are Doing—Much Encouragement.

The charity committee of fifteen appointed at Wednesday night's mass meeting met at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon at the mayor's office and completed its organization, electing John Rush secretary and Alfred Millard treasurer.

Mr. T. L. Kimball explained the working of the Associated Charities. He said that 600 families were now being helped, and that thus far no meritorious applications had been refused. He was quite certain, however, that the resources of the organization would not be equal to the demands that would be made in the next two months. The means used to prevent imposture were detailed, and the system of solicitation for relief funds by the 200 ladies who are looking after that work in as many districts, into which the city had been divided.

Mr. Rush advocated turning over all funds raised to the Associated Charities for distribution, in order to secure a wholly satisfactory and impartial relief on a business system that has already commended itself.

Chairman Yates thought it would be well to issue supplies to the various charitable organizations on request and require from them daily or weekly reports. He had been particularly impressed with the system of charity dispensation conducted under the direction of Dr. Duryea.

W. A. Roberson put in a good word for Rescue hall and thought an immense amount of good could be done by aiding that institution.

H. T. Clarke wanted the assistance that might be given so rendered as to not wound the feelings of unfortunate persons, and that it be not given as charity, as that tended to inculcate a spirit of indolence. He favored the plan pursued by Dr. Duryea.

C. F. Weller was satisfied that the committee would be imposed on if it attempted to look after the disposition of the funds, and thought it better to raise all the money possible and turn it over to the Associated Charities.

Committee Will Handle Funds.

After some discussion, participated in by Thomas Kilpatrick, Dr. Miller, Mr. Yates and Mayor Bemis, it was decided to have the citizens' relief committee handle all funds and to honor all requisitions for help. In order to guard against duplicate cases it was decided to refer all requests to the Associated Charities for endorsement and record. Requests from any charitable organization or relief society will also receive attention. Mayor Bemis urged immediate action and a scarcity of red tape methods. A motion was unanimously carried to donate fifty cords of wood to the Associated Charities and 200 loaves of bread per day to Rescue hall at once. Henry W. Yates, the chairman, was authorized to respond to all requests deserving of attention which may be reported before the committee meets again next Saturday at noon.

After consideration of methods of raising a popular subscription to relieve every deserving case of poverty in the city and raise a fund to alleviate suffering during the entire winter, the following committee was appointed to solicit a charity fund:

Charles F. Weller, John S. Brady, Curtis Turner, Victor B. Caldwell, Judge Davis, W. J. Connell, Dr. Miller, J. A. Creighton, N. A. Kuhn, George W. Kelley and Frank Murphy.

The committee will be divided into pairs and devote the day to a general canvass among business men. The committee will report to the general relief board Saturday.

Cash contributions sent to Henry W. Yates, chairman of the relief committee, will, in the meantime, be thankfully received. Over $1,200 was received yesterday before the soliciting committee was organized, and it is anticipated that $10,000 or more will be raised by Saturday night.

FORTY MEN AT WORK.

Commissioners Give Employment to Workmen on the County Roads.

Forty determined, happy and strong-armed men formed the little procession that wended its way to Coal creek shortly after 7 o'clock yesterday morning, there to earn money to buy bread with which to satisfy the hungry cravings of wives and children.

Coal creek is just west of Benson place and is where the county commissioners have decided to expend several thousand dollars in grading a road during the remainder of the winter months. While the grading of this road, known as the Elkhorn turnpike, is a necessity, the prime object is to furnish employment to the laboring men of the city who are in destitute circumstances and are anxious to turn a penny in an effort to aid themselves and their families.

Several days ago THE BEE outlined the plan of the work and the manner in which the commissioners intended to proceed. This has been carried out to the letter, and yesterday forty men were hard at work, with a strong possibility that the number will be doubled today. At Coal creek, which is just west of the city limits, there are three enormous hills, with deep ravines between. For years this has been the main road leading into the city from the northwest, but on account of the steep hills and the narrow and deep gullies, it has been next to impassable. At different times the commissioners have expended portions of the road fund in this locality, but the amount has never been sufficient to put the highway in a good condition.

Some time ago when the commissioners were casting about and trying to determine how they would assist the unemployed until the coming of warm weather, they hit upon the scheme of grading this road by day's labor and giving the idle men of the community a chance to assist in the support of themselves and their families. The plan took well from the start, and at a subsequent session of the board it was voted to set aside a portion of the road fund for this particular purpose.

This having been done the details were arranged and men were instructed to file their applications for work with the county agent. Up to this date seventy men have enlisted for the work, with more coming in each day. After the enrolling of the names each applicant for work is given a ticket to the foreman signed by some of the commissioners, after which he is instructed to report at the grade. The men are expected to work eight hours per day, and are paid at the rate of 15 cents per hour. If the applicants are receiving assistance from the county the actual cost of the supplies furnished is charged against the labor account and the balance is paid in cash. Each man is permitted to work ten days and at the end of that time his place is to be filled by some other man who is needy and who is out of work. The idea being to furnish employment to as many men as possible, but as only about 100 can be worked to advantage at a time, it is thought advisable to divide them into ten-day shifts of 100 men each.

The work that is to be performed consists of shoveling dirt into wagons and hauling it to the fills, which are but a few rods from the cuts.

So far, the applicants have come from all parts of the city, and as it will be necessary for them to have transportation, the commissioners have interested themselves in this direction, and are fairly satisfied with the results. Erastus Benson, president of the Benson electric car line, has agreed to furnish free transportation from the work to any and all parts of the city, and at this time the commissioners are in consultation with the officers of the Omaha Street Railway company, seeking to induce these gentlemen to furnish free transportation to the work.

In starting the work the greatest difficulty with which the commissioners have had to contend has been the question of teams, the desire being to find unemployed men who are the owners of horses. So far they have been able to get the necessary number, but with the increase of the force they anticipate that they will have to hire teams from other parties. The price of teams has been agreed upon at the rate of 15 cents per hour, with the same wages for the drivers.

Yesterday in speaking about the county appropriating money to buy coal, the commissioners stated that they were not allowing any person to suffer for want of fuel, as every individual who was found to be in needy circumstances was being supplied.

Chairman Stenberg stated that the coal bill during the past two weeks had run from $150 to $200 per day and would be increased if the urgency of the case demanded. All of the fuel, he said, was weighed on the county scales and delivered in 1,000-pound lots.

At the county store all needy residents, Agent Burr said, were being supplied with flour, bacon, beans, oat meal and hominy in abundance. The list, he said, was growing at a rapid rate, forty new applications having been filed Wednesday.

Hood's and Only Hood's.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is carefully prepared from Sarsaparilla, Dandelion, Mandrake, Dock, Pipsissewa, Juniper berries and other well known remedies, by a peculiar combination, proportion and process, giving to Hood's Sarsaparilla curative powers not possessed by other medicines. It effects remarkable cures when other preparations fail.

Hood's Pills cure biliousness.

Cloaks, furs, bargains, Scofield's.

For all kinds of fish go to Hayden's.

World's fair souvenir coins of 1893 for sale at Chase & Eddy's, 1518 Farnam st., Omaha.

The P. S. S. C. will give their next ball at Leiderkranz hall January 27. Tickets, 50c. Ladies free.

A Chicago jobbing house wishes to open a wholesale and retail branch in Omaha; they want an energetic, bright man with from $5,000.00 to $10,000.00 capital to join them and manage the business. Address B 43, Omaha Bee.

"Sunshine, Fruit and Flowers."

The Midwinter International exposition will be held in San Francisco beginning on January 1, 1894, and continuing six months.

The climatic feature, the commercial situation of San Francisco, the fact that the city is the natural distributor of the products of the greatest agricultural state in the union, the character of its surrounding population, engaged in pursuits more diversified than those of any other section of the United States or the world, embracing mining, cattle raising, fancy stock breeding, wool growing, manufacturing, agriculture in all its branches and fishing, ought to insure a great success for this enterprise.

Greatly reduced rates to all California points and to Portland, Ore., via the Union Pacific. For full particulars address any ticket agent, or E. L. Lomax, general passenger and ticket agent, Omaha, Neb.

IRRIGATION FOR NORTHERN NEBRASKA

O'NEILL, Neb., Jan. 22.—To the Editor of THE BEE: Anent the subject of irrigation for certain parts of northern Nebraska, which is now being agitated and which agitation has been followed by the calling of a convention at this place on the 30th and 31st insts., kindly grant me a little space in your columns to say a few words. The importance of a full attendance from surrounding counties can hardly be overestimated, and it is to be hoped that the people can only be made to realize this fact. That more water for our crops than they now get in the regular way is necessary, is a fact that will admit no longer of dispute. For years we have tried to deceive ourselves with the idea that Jupiter Pluvius was liberal enough in his supply of moisture; but alas! to our sorrow we are finally compelled to admit the error of our premises. After years of struggle to maintain our position against great odds, an unreasoning and merciless condition confronts us, and drives us grudgingly to an admission that the science and ingenuity of man must supplement the work of creation ere the desired results can be obtained from the unceasing toil of our industrious husbandmen. That we are favored by munificent Providence with a fertile soil, a happy sunshine and a favorable and healthful climate admits of no contradiction. That our rainfall during the spring of the year is sufficient for all purposes is another undisputed fact. I offer the assertion without fear of dispute that no country on the broad round world can show a better crop prospect than this in the early part of the growing season. It simply challenges the admiration of mankind, and paints green with envy the citizen of any other section. But for a few weeks in July and August, when Old Sol sends forth his warmest rays, shooting the mercury up against the top of the thermometer, rolling back the leaden clouds and spiking the guns of heaven's artillery, our country is the peer of any part of the universe. It is then, however, when the farmer's unrequited toil for the summer is rewarded with disappointment; it is then when the promising fields of waving grain, thirsting for drink, wither and blast, and it is then when the ingenuity of man should come to the rescue and with the means at ready command apply the remedy and save the day. Strange it is that this was not done years ago. Had it been millions of dollars could have been saved to our people, and where indigency and dissatisfaction now exist plenty and contentment would prevail. But it is not too late yet, and with the co-operation of one and all our country may retrieve itself and plant the banner of progress on its outer wall.

I would not have your readers believe that all crops are failures in this locality, for such is not the case. Some seasons the rainfall is adequate for all purposes, and seldom a year that a half or partial yield is not secured. It is when we take one year with another and average results that we are disappointed and harassed with doubts as to our permanency.

But the means for salvation are within our reach, if only we apply them. Water in great sufficiency is beneath us at a depth of a few feet, and on all sides of us in inexhaustible supply. If it cannot be gotten from the clouds it can be taken from our rivers and creeks and subterranean flow. It is to organize and bring to bear our united efforts upon the accomplishment of this result that the convention above mentioned is called. The success of the movement is fraught with as much importance to Omaha as it is to our people here. It means to the metropolis the maintenance of much of its present commerce, as also the enlarging of the same. It means more grain and hogs for Omaha's markets, more buyers for Omaha jobbers and more general prosperity on every hand. No gain can come to this locality without Omaha reaping a comparative reward. It therefore behooves Omaha merchants to lend encouragement to our plan and assist us with their presence and means and in any way that they can. Let the Board of Trade and Commercial club send a large and earnest delegation to our meeting and show by their presence their interest in our cause. Yours very truly, CLARENCE SELAH.

Asthma Sufferers

Who have in vain tried every other means of relief, should try Schiffmann's German Asthma Cure. No waiting for results. Its action is immediate, direct and certain, as a single trial will prove. Send for a trial package to Dr. R. Schiffmann, St. Paul, Minn., but ask your druggist first.

For all kinds of fish go to Hayden's.

Hot Springs, Ark., Without Change.

On and after January 20 the Missouri Pacific railway will run a through sleeping car from Omaha to Hot Springs, Ark., without change via Kansas City, Fort Smith and Little Rock, leaving Omaha daily at 10 p. m. For further information, rates, etc., call at depot, 15th and Webster streets, or city ticket office, N. E. corner 13th and Farnam.

THOMAS F. GODFREY,
J. O. PHILLIPPI, P. & T. A.
A. G. F. & P. A.

Buy cloaks now Scofield's, Paxton blk.

SCOTIA'S BELOVED BARD

Gathering of the Clans to Honor the Memory of Robert Burns.

HIS COUNTRY MADE THE WORLD A DEBTOR

Omaha Scotch Recall Fondly the Land They Left, While Loving the Land They Live In—Addresses, Song and Recitations.

Wild heather bells and Robert Burns,
The moorland flower and peasant,
How at their mention memory turns
Her pages old and pleasant.

To commemorate the event which gave to Scotland a Robert Burns and the world a poet, Scottish clans gathered at Washington hall last night. Only standing room was to be had, when Chief J. C. Buchanan commenced his short address of welcome to the large audience, and invited all members to a full participation in the enjoyments of the occasion of the fourth annual concert, in celebration of the 135th anniversary of the illustrious poet. None failed, seemingly, to enter into this spirit, and with song, instrumental music and native dances, the hours were spent with the patron saint of Scottish song, whose picture adorned the title page of the program.

Without exception every number was well received and generously applauded. Mr. Jules Lombard sang, "O, Are Ye Sleeping, Maggie," and was followed by Miss Georgia M. DeCon in "My Heart is Sair for Somebody."

Dr. Patterson's Address.

"The Memory of Burns" was the subject of an address by Rev. J. M. Patterson, who said substantially:

"Sometimes Americans object to the immigrant, but never to the Scotchman. Foreigners may gather to plot against the stars and stripes, the Scotchman never. We see in him a man after our own heart and our gates are, therefore, always open to him. Any American might be glad to be called a Scotchman. Why does this nationality bear such an affectionate remembrance of Robert Burns? Because he was the true poet of their native country. Poetry is the incarnation of truth. It is necessary for him to enter into keenest sympathy with his theme, and Burns did this. He sang the hopes and fears, the joys and sorrows of his people as an intense Scotchman only can. The commonest laborer is proud of his handiwork after a perusal of Burns. There was a time when to be a Scotchman was not a thing to be proud of. Wars, removals of national emblems and disloyalty of the men of letters put the spirit of patriotism at low ebb. Burns succeeded in reviving it. He sang the nation's heroic history and her beautiful scenery, and thereby became the true patron saint of patriotism.

"But he was more than a Scotchman. He was the mouthpiece for all humanity. Hence it follows that we Scotch-Irish-Americans take such a keen interest in him and revere his memory by a celebration of the event of his birth."

Scotch Songs and Highland Fling.

The solo, "Here's a Health, Bonnie Scotland, to Thee," was sung by Mrs. Fitt, and a Scotch reel, in which the participants were clad in highland costume, was given by Messrs. Gray, Cruickshank, Ross, McDougall and the Misses Goodlett, J. McKenzie, Cruickshank and R. McKenzie.

The first number in part second of the program consisted of a highly appreciated address by Mr. Thomas Kilpatrick, who, in the course of his remarks, recited a poem by America's own Quaker poet with Burns in memory. Of him the speaker said that there could be no greater boon to a people than a genuine poet. The theme "The Land We Left and the Land We Live In" was to describe the Scotch in their native land, their struggles for existence which made their men somewhat prudent and cautious, and which had earned for them the title of "Canny Scotch." A short description of the country was given, and the frugal habits of its people dwelt upon. Scotland, the speaker said, had produced men who made the entire world a debtor to that country. Scotchmen had always received a hearty welcome here and were received in a friendly spirit. They readily adapted themselves to prevailing conditions and customs, and while truly loyal to their new country, they always would cherish the memory of their native land.

Other Features of the Evening.

Mr. Kilpatrick was followed by Robert Diffin, whose song, "The Battle of Sterling Bridge," elicited no little applause.

"The Border Rifleman's Song," by J. Lorin Gibson, was heard with delight.

That the audience was in entire accord with the well rendered patriotic songs, the recitations, dances and burlesque sketches was evidenced by frequent encores. Robert Burns' spirit had fully entered into the gathering, which missed no opportunity to show its approval of all that was said and done.

At 12 o'clock supper was served in the large dining hall down stairs.

The members of the different committees were distinguished by badges of different colors. The committee on arrangements wore a pink badge and consisted of W. B. Rutherford, Thomas Falconer, A. Patullo, J. C. Buchanan, Alex Gavin, Frank Malcolm, William Ross, Thomas Meldrum and George D. Shand. Members of the reception committee were distinguished by a blue badge and the following were the gentlemen composing it: A. C. Troup, George McKenzie, John Trench, William Liddell, J. W. McDonald. A white badge was the sign of the floor committee, composed of: Sam D. Murray, Thomas Meldrum, F. H. Cantlie, Thomas Falconer, jr., A. M. Henderson. The door committee was composed of Messrs. Frank Malcolm, A. B. Rutherford, W. W. Milne, D. H. Brotchie and wore a yellow badge.

The full programme as given was:

PART I.

Gathering of the Clans.
(Pipers, D. McKenzie, J. C. Buchanan and G. W. McDougall.)
Address of Welcome.....J. C. Buchanan, Chief
Music—There Was a Lad Was Born in Kyle.
.....Band
Solo—O, Are Ye Sleepin', Maggie?.....
.....Jules Lombard
Solo—My Heart is Sair for Somebody.....
.....Miss Georgia M. De Con
Address—The Memory of Burns.....
.....Rev. J. M. Patterson
Trio—Corn Rigs.....
.....Messrs. Findlay, Diffin and Gardner.
Song and Dance.....The Misses Bell
Burlesque Sketch—The Forty Two's (Black Watch).....Kenneth Fraser
Solo—Here's a Health, Bonnie Scotland, to Thee.....Mrs. Fitt
Scotch Reel (in Costume)
Messrs. Ross, Cruickshank, Gray and McDougall.
Misses Goodlett, J. McKenzie, Cruickshank and R. McKenzie.
Instrumental Music.....The Tyroleans

PART II.

Address—The Land We Left and the Land We Live In.....Thomas Kilpatrick
Solo—The Battle of Sterling Bridge.....Robert Diffin
Solo—The Border Rifleman's Song.....I. Lorine Gibson
Recitation—The Tay Bridge.....Miss Jessie Bowie
Sword Dance (in Costume).....Joe Gray
Solo—Ca' the Ewes tae the Knowes.....Miss McKenzie
Solo—Scotland Yet.....Alex H. Findlay
Recitation—Edinburgh After Flodden.....A. MacLarty
Solo—Robin Adair.....Miss Fanny Arnold
Highland Fling (in Costume).....William Ross
Quartet—Scots Wha Hae.....Messrs. Lombard, Findlay, Diffin and Cole.
Scotch Selection by the Band.
Supper in the Dining Hall.

TO WELCOME PRINCE BISMARCK.

Preparations for the Reception and Entertainment of the Man of Blood and Iron.

BERLIN, Jan. 25.—The general public will not be admitted to the Hanoverian railway station upon the arrival there at noon tomorrow of Prince Bismarck. The governor of Berlin and the commander of the garrison will be upon the platform with their private staffs, in order to welcome the ex-chancellor, and it is understood that Prince Henry of Prussia, Emperor William's brother, will be present, in order to welcome Prince Bismarck on behalf of the emperor.

The National Liberal Correspondenz and the Cologne Gazette assert that Prince Bismarck, at his own request, will return to Friedericsruhe the same evening. Upon the arrival of Prince Bismarck at the railroad station he will be escorted to the castle by a detachment of the cuirassiers of the guard. At the castle lunch will be served. Only the imperial family and Prince Bismarck will be present at the repast.

The decoration of the route from the railroad station to the castle is actively progressing, and nearly every window which can be hired has been engaged at a fabulous price.

The streets of Berlin and the different secretaries alone can be counted upon to give the man of blood and iron a welcome which even an emperor might be proud to receive.

For all kinds of fish go to Hayden's.

IN THE UNTER HOUSE.

Proposal to Reduce Corn Duties Involves International Currency Question.

BERLIN, Jan. 25.—In the Unter house today the conservatives and free conservatives moved the Prussian government take steps in the Bundesrath to prevent the conclusion of fresh commercial treaties providing for a reduction of duties without allowance being made for the difference between the monetary systems of Germany and the countries concerned.

Baron von Berlespich, minister of commerce industry, declared the government regarded the fulfillment of such a request impossible, as no state would consent to fetter its liberty by international treaties. Currency on a sliding scale would have, in the opinion of the minister of commerce, serious consequences for German husbandry and the government would prefer not to conclude treaties rather than introduce such novel features.

In the discussion which followed, Herr Friedorf, national liberal, advocated international settlement of the currency question.

A motion to meet earlier tomorrow, in view of Prince Bismarck's arrival, was rejected.

Closing cloaks, Scofield's Paxton block.

Mexico's Postal Code.

CITY OF MEXICO, Jan. 25.—The postal code of Mexico is to be materially reformed and generally improved. A commission for this purpose has been named by the government. The proposed improvements are the reduction of the tariff on printed matter and also domestic rates of letter postage, which at present is 10 cents to all Mexican points. Adoption will also be made according to present plans of the facilities of the prompt and safe handling of foreign mails.

Cloak bargains, Scofield's, 16th Farnam]

Scared the Lawyers.

TOPEKA, Jan. 25.—At today's meeting of the State Bar association a crank named J. Burton Jones from near Junction City, Kan., hanging around the corridors, created a sensation by threatening the lives of all the lawyers and trying to get into assembly. He said they had taken all his property and he "had no use for them." Adjutant General Arts fired him bodily from the building and he did not return.

For all kinds of fish go to Hayden's.

Kansas State Bar Association.

TOPEKA, Jan. 25.—The State Bar association elected the following officers today: President, J. D. Millikon, McPherson; vice president, F. L. Martin, Hutchinson; secretary, C. J. Brown, Topeka; executive committee, Sam Kimball, Manhattan; H. L. Allen, Kansas City, Kan.; T. L. Bond, Salina; J. W. Green, Lawrence; and E. W. Moore, Wichita, Kan.

Sioux Falls' Postoffice.

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., Jan. 25.—[Special to THE BEE.]—The commission of Colonel B. F. Campbell as postmaster of Sioux Falls expired yesterday. The seven or eight candidates for his job are getting out of patience. It was promised that the appointment would be made before Christmas and the "would-be" letter slingers have been on the gridiron ever since.

Closed on Three Days.

COLORADO CITY, Colo., Jan. 25.—An order has been posted in the Midland shop at this place which orders the shops closed on Tuesdays, Fridays and Saturdays until further notice. The men are complaining against the cut at this time of the year.

A. O. U. W. Attention.

Attention, members of Omaha lodge No. 18, Ancient Order of United Workmen. You are requested to attend the funeral of our deceased brother, W. J. Ward, from his late residence, 2507 Patrick avenue, Saturday, at 1:30 p. m. R. E. Yocum, M. W.

Killed in the Storm.

QUEENSTOWN, Jan. 25.—The two seamen killed during the storm which compelled the ship Willie Rosenfeld, from San Francisco for Liverpool, to put into this port, were a Russian named John Isaacson and a Frenchman named Raymond Jerome.

Entered Timbuctoo Without Fighting.

PARIS, Jan. 25.—Journal Des Debats' dispatch from St. Louis, Senegal, says the French expedition column entered Timbuctoo without fighting.

WEATHER FORECASTS.

Generally Fair, Warmer Weather Assigned Nebraskans Today.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.—Forecasts for Friday: For Nebraska and Iowa—Generally fair; south winds and warmer.

For South Dakota—Fair; variable winds; warmer.

Local Record.

OFFICE OF THE WEATHER BUREAU, OMAHA, Jan. 25.—Omaha record of temperature and rainfall compared with corresponding day of past four years:

	1894.	1893.	1892.	1891.
Maximum temperature	13°	23°	44°	54°
Minimum temperature	*14°	16°	31°	30°
Average temperature	0	20°	38°	42°
Precipitation	.00	T	.00	.00

Statement showing the condition of temperature and precipitation at Omaha for the day and since March 1, 1893:

Normal temperature	17°
Deficiency for the day	17°
Deficiency since March 1	16°
Normal precipitation	.02 inch
Deficiency for the day	.02 inch
Deficiency since March 1	6.38 inches

*Below zero.

Reports from Other Stations at 8 P. M.

STATIONS	Temperature at 8 p. m.	Max. Temperature of day.	Precipitation.	State of weather.
Omaha	10	13	.00	Clear.
Kearney	20	22	.00	Clear.
North Platte	18	28	.00	Clear.
Valentine	14	29	.00	Clear.
Chicago	8	8	.00	Cloudy.
St. Louis	6	12	.00	Clear.
St. Paul	2*	4	.00	Cloudy.
Davenport	4	4	.00	Cloudy.
Kansas City	8	20	.01	Clear.
Denver	34	38	.00	Clear.
Salt Lake City	34	40	.02	Part cloudy.
Rapid City	14	28	.00	Part cloudy.
Helena	24	28	.00	Cloudy.
Bismarck	*8	0	.00	Clear.
St. Vincent	*14	*8	.00	Clear.
Cheyenne	20	34	.00	Clear.
Miles City	8	8	.00	Clear.
Galveston	38	40	.00	Cloudy.

"T" indicates trace. *Below zero.
GEORGE E. HUNT, Local Forecast Official.

BETWEEN TWO MONEY SHARKS

How They Were Bleeding the Wife of an Invalid Soldier.

MRS. ALEXANDER'S CHATTEL MORTGAGE

Paid Nearly Thirty Dollars Interest on a Loan of $10 and Still Owed the Original Amount—Colonel John Jeffcoat's Discovery.

According to the books of a chattel mortgage agent in Omaha Mrs. Maggie Alexander, the wife of an invalid Grand Army man living near Sixteenth and Corby streets, has a mortgage on her meager household goods and furnishings to the amount of $8.50, but if any effort is ever made to foreclose on that mortgage or to collect the notes for which it is security there will be a lively time of it and the law may be invoked to prevent a further bleeding of the woman by the chattel Shylocks.

Mrs. Alexander has had a remarkable experience with the mortgage men. She has in the last two years paid $27 interest on an original loan of $10 and still has a claim of $8.50 of the principal against her and has her furniture mortgaged as security for the payment of the amount.

Oppression Discovered.

The Alexanders live on the alley between Sixteenth and Seventeenth and Ohio and Corby streets. The family consists of an aged husband and wife and several children. Two years ago, in November, 1891, Mrs. Alexander was driven, by reason of continued sickness in her family, to mortgage her scanty stock of furniture and household effects for $10. In securing this she went to the office of Fred Terry in the Ramge block, and gave a note for $10 payable to a man named Burroughs at Bellevue, and as security gave the usual mortgage on her property. The note was an innocent affair, simply calling for interest at the rate of 10 per cent per annum. But there were incidental features that cut quite a figure in the payment of the claims. Mrs. Alexander has had a very serious time of it for the past two years. Her husband has become a confirmed invalid and it is all that the woman can possibly do to keep herself and family from absolute want. Even this she has not been able to do lately and it was through the people to whom she applied for aid, the Grand Army of the Republic people and the Woman's Relief corps, that the extortion practiced upon her by the money sharks was discovered. By them it was found that the woman had paid $27 interest on the original loan and was still in the debt of the money lenders the original amount.

Some Protests Made.

Mrs. T. C. Cramblett, wife of the pastor of the First Christian church, had her interest enlisted in December last in Mrs. Alexander's case, and went with her to Terry's office, where she protested against any further robbing of Mrs. Alexander. Terry did not make any fight whatever for additional interest on his $10. He magnanimously agreed to draw up other notes, payable weekly, for the original amount, $10, and not charge Mrs. Alexander any interest on them. The notes were accordingly drawn, four for $1.50 each and two for $2 each, payable weekly, the first payment to be made on Tuesday, January 2. This obligation was met, and before the second payment was due the matter came to the attention of Mr. John Jeffcoat, the well known Grand Army man, who was doing some relief work when his attention was called to Mrs. Alexander's case. With her he visited Terry's office and there found several new features of the case that somewhat surprised him and gave him an insight into the manner of the money lenders in bleeding victims and still keeping within the limit of the law. He found that while Mrs. Alexander had never received but $10 from Terry, two notes had been secured from her, one for $5, dated November 12, 1891, and another for $12.50, dated in May, 1892. On these Mrs. Alexander had paid interest amounting to $27 and had never been given credit for a cent. Terry denied any recollection of ever having been given any money on the claim, and could not be induced to admit that he had received any interest on his original loan, although Mrs. Alexander, her son, daughter and son-in-law were all willing to make affidavits to the effect that all of the payments, aggregating $27, had been paid.

Jeffcoat's War Blood Up.

Mr. Jeffcoat also found that while the original note had been made payable to the man Burroughs at Bellevue, the second installment of notes, aggregating $10, had been made payable to Terry and had been transferred by him to J. B. Haddock, another loan agent in the same building. Of course Mr. Haddock said he knew nothing about the matter. He claimed to be an innocent purchaser and only wanted what was due him.

Colonel Jeffcoat's war blood was up to fever heat by this time, and he decided to take the matter in his own hands. He told Mrs. Alexander to pay no more attention to the claims of the money lenders, and assured her that if any attempt was made to collect any more money from her he would see what could be done with the men in the way of a law suit, which would at least bring their methods into court for inspection by the authorities. Mrs. Alexander has not been bothered by the money sharks lately.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

Selections from the famous comic opera, "Wang," will be rendered by the orchestra at Boyd's between acts of "McFee of Dublin." The opera itself will open its three nights engagement on next Sunday.

The Pacific coast has never had the pleasure of being visited by the merry Siamese opera "Wang," and it has now commenced its third season with no likelihood of going that far west. The limited territory in which it has played for two successive years demands a third hearing of it, and in consequence but few cities will be fortunate enough to be visited. The demand from San Francisco and the coast has been so great that numerous flattering offers were made the owners of the opera to organize a second company for the far west. These offers were refused. The company appearing this season in this city will be the only one in the world producing "Wang." The engagement here opens next Sunday night.

For all kinds of fish go to Hayden's.

Beg Pardon

For interrupting you, but you may possibly be going east. If so, there are a couple of trains you should really bear in mind. These are "Northwestern Line" Nos. 6 and 2, leaving union depot daily at 4:05 and 6:30 p. m., respectively, arriving in Chicago at 8:15 and 9:30 next morning.

City ticket office, No. 1401 Farnam st.

DIED.

Notices of five lines or less under this head, fifty cents; each additional line, ten cents.

JARVIS—Charles A., a prominent resident of South Dakota, died at the home of his daughter, in Muscatine, Ia., January 14, of heart disease and lung trouble; age 53 years.

Awarded Highest Honors World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard

The Best Thing in Milk Pails

is Pearline. That's the solid truth. You get them cleaner, and with less work and fuss, than with anything else you can use. It saves you so much that it's cheaper than the commonest stuff can be. Proof—the largest dairies and dealers use Pearline.

Some women are afraid of Pearline. They think that where cleaning is made so easy, there must be some harm to the thing washed. But Pearline can't hurt milk pails, anyway. And it can't hurt the finest lace or the softest hands any more than it hurts milk pails.

Not So with the imitations—the fact that they are imitators or followers proves a lack of something. 389

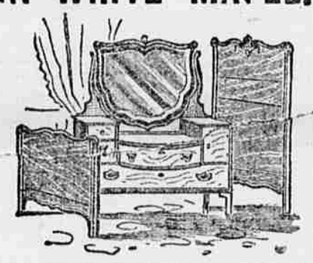
QUEEN CLAM DIGGER.

When her late majesty, Queen Lill (you know her other name), loafed around the throne she had no use for rubber goods. Since she is compelled to dig clams for a living she should know the price of rubber boots and where the best be found. We modestly recommend the MEYER EXTRA QUALITY as being good enough for any one. This not only refers to boots, but arctics, sandals, excluders, lumberman overs, etc. For those who are not purse proud and want more than the worth of their money, the reliable New Jerseys will fit their case. Meyer 20, New Jerseys 20 and 12, Amazons 20, 12 and 12, Excelsiors 45 straight, Stars too cheap to mention. Notice we have the nerve to publish our prices. Send for lists on German sox, felt boots, mackintoshes, rubber clothing, leather clothing, slickers, canvas leggings, etc.

Zachary T. Lindsey,
OMAHA, NEBRASKA.

"DON'T BORROW TROUBLE." BUY
SAPOLIO
'TIS CHEAPER IN THE END.

IN WHITE MAPLE.



It needs no interior decorator to make one realize that the true effect in a bed chamber should be synonymous with its character as an apartment for REST. The color scheme, the hangings, the furniture, and the light should all be studied with this end in view.

For a light, dainty, neat set, there is no wood that has the call over White Maple. It is hard and close-fibred, very free from color contrasts in its grain and takes a lustrous polish.

We show here a most inexpensive study in White Maple. The head board is high and has a neatly carved frieze at the top. The bureau has a fine toilet glass. The entire set is finished with a care and exactness rarely seen except in expensive furniture.

This month we have inaugurated our midwinter price list to continue for the next six weeks. It is the best season of the year for making purchases.

Chas. Shiverick & Co.,
1206--1208 Douglas Street,
MILLARD HOTEL BLOCK.

REMOVED.

THE ALOE & PENFOLD CO. are now located at 1408 Farnam St., opposite Paxton Hotel. Prescription Druggists, Surgical Instruments, Optical Goods, Mathematical Instruments, Physicians' and Hospital Supplies, Rubber Goods. Large stock. Low prices.

THE ALOE & PENFOLD CO.

BIRNEY'S Catarrh Powder cures catarrh. All druggists. 50 cents.

NEBRASKA
NATIONAL BANK.
U. S. Depository, Omaha, Neb.

CAPITAL, - - - $400,000
SURPLUS, - - - $65,000

Officers and Directors—Henry W. Yates, president, R. C. Cushing, vice president, G. S. Marshall, W. V. Morse, John S. Collins, J. N. H. Patrick, Lewis S. Reed, cashier.

THE IRON BANK.

RARE DRUGS

We desire to announce to the public that with the recent enlargement of our pharmacy, we have also added materially to the stock, making our assortment as we believe unequalled in these parts. We have an especially complete line of

English and French

Pharmaceutical and toilet articles which we obtain direct from the importers thus insuring genuineness. We have in stock many rare drugs for prescription use, which enable us to fill promptly the most difficult prescriptions.

Sherman & McConnell,
Family Chemists,
1513 DODGE STREET.
2nd door west of Post Office.

You certainly would not be satisfied to give an inferior likeness of yourself to a friend. You can always avoid this by having your photos made by

Heyn

HIGH-CLASS PHOTOGRAPHY.
313, 315, 317 S. 15th St., Omaha.
Take Elevator.
Between Farnam and Harney.

BAILEY, LEADING DENTIST MAKES

Beautiful Teeth

A FULL SET ON RUBBER $5.00

Teeth extracted painlessly in morning. NEW TEETH SAME DAY.
Painless Filling——New Process.
Bridge and Crown work, finest and best at lowest prices. All work warranted.
Paxton Blk., 16th and Farnam Sts.
Entrance on 16th St. Telephone 1053

Proposals for Blackboards.

Proposals will be received until 4 p. m., February 12th, 1894, by the secretary of the Board of Education of Omaha, Nebraska, for putting in about 16,000 feet of artificial or natural blackboards.

A statement containing all necessary information will be mailed to the prospective bidders upon application to the secretary, city hall.

The board reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

J. M. GILLAN,
Secretary Board of Education.
J241-27M